



DATA FOR EQUALITY | EVIDENCE FOR EMPOWERMENT

- 01 POPULATION
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- 03 HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY STRUCTURE
- 04 HEALTH
- 05 FAMILY PLANNING
- 06 EDUCATION
- 07 LABOUR MANPOWER AND EMPLOYMENT TREND
- 08 WOMEN ROLE IN PUBLIC LIFE
- 09 MISCELLANEOUS



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FOREWORD

Gender perspective is vital to formulating and enforcing a comprehensive and non-discriminatory regime of policies. As an indispensable introduction to this end, the “Compendium on Gender Statistics - 2026” provides valuable insights into six thematic areas such as population, education, health, family planning, employment, and leadership representation to formulate inclusive policies. This report serves as a foundation for evidence-based policymaking, enabling government, businesses, and civil society to develop targeted strategies that promote gender equality.

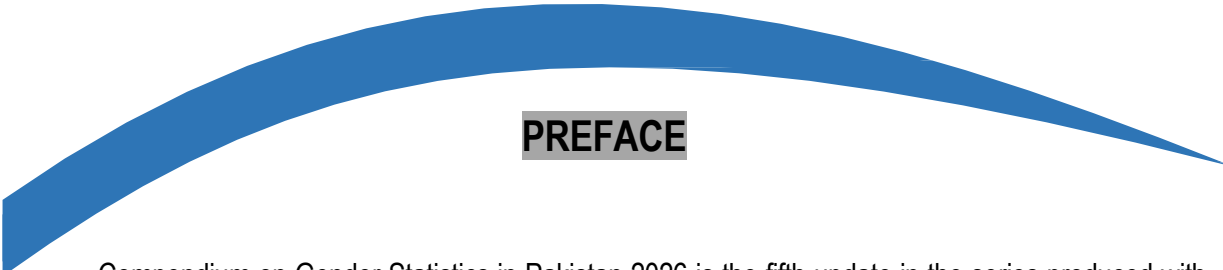


The initial compendium was prepared with the help of Asian Development Bank in 1998 in accordance with UN standards and international practices as observed in Pakistan. The current one is the 5th in series, carried out in the same format with a slightly expanded canvas. Notwithstanding almost exclusive reliance on mail enquiry, all possible efforts have been made to include the latest data available with the sources.

I would like to commend the tireless efforts of Social Statistics Section team comprising of Mrs. Shazia Begum, Director, Mrs. Aisha Khaliq, CSO & Mr. Munir Ahmad, SO. I am also extremely thankful to source agencies as well as the contribution of the field services section of PBS for the supply of requisite data to produce this valuable document, and hope that this publication would be useful for the researchers, policy makers and students to help underpin an analytical framework in the pursuit of an all-inclusive and non-discriminatory polity and economy of Pakistan. Additionally, it provides a baseline for future assessments, helping stakeholders to track their progress and measure the impact of their interventions. Comments and suggestions for improvement would be welcome and highly appreciated. The report is also available on the PBS website i.e. www.pbs.gov.pk.

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PREFACE

Compendium on Gender Statistics in Pakistan 2026 is the fifth update in the series produced with quinquennial periodicity. The purpose of compiling gender statistics is to provide prelude to establishing an equitable paradigm of socio-economic Development. Additionally, the report will lay the groundwork for informed decision-making and impactful policy Development of gender perspective and mainstreaming. Since all of the data is secondary sourced, utmost efforts on an expansive scale have been carried out to knock all available resources in the pursuit of requisite data

It is pertinent to Mention here that a significant part of the core gender statistics is sourced from the 7th population & housing census 2023, which was completed successfully. Additionally, projected NIPS figures for certain age groups are reported in the tables and are based on the Census 2023.

I also extend my gratitude to the relevant stakeholders from both the public and private sectors who collaborated in the preparation of this report, and I acknowledge that their contributions are invaluable in the pursuit of a more inclusive and equitable society. I would specially thanks to Ms. Rabia Awan, DDG (PSLM/CPU), Mr. Shaukat Ali Khan, DDG (LFS) and Ihsan ul Haque for giving their valuable comments for improvement of the report. I would also like to appreciate the staff of Social Statistics Section for their determined efforts towards compiling this document in accordance with the stipulated periodicity. I do hope that the planners, researchers and other users at large will find this document useful for their varied inquests towards establishing an inclusive society.

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GENESIS OF THE REPORT

The compilation of Compendium on Gender Statistics of Pakistan owes to the untiring efforts of the following officers/officials of the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

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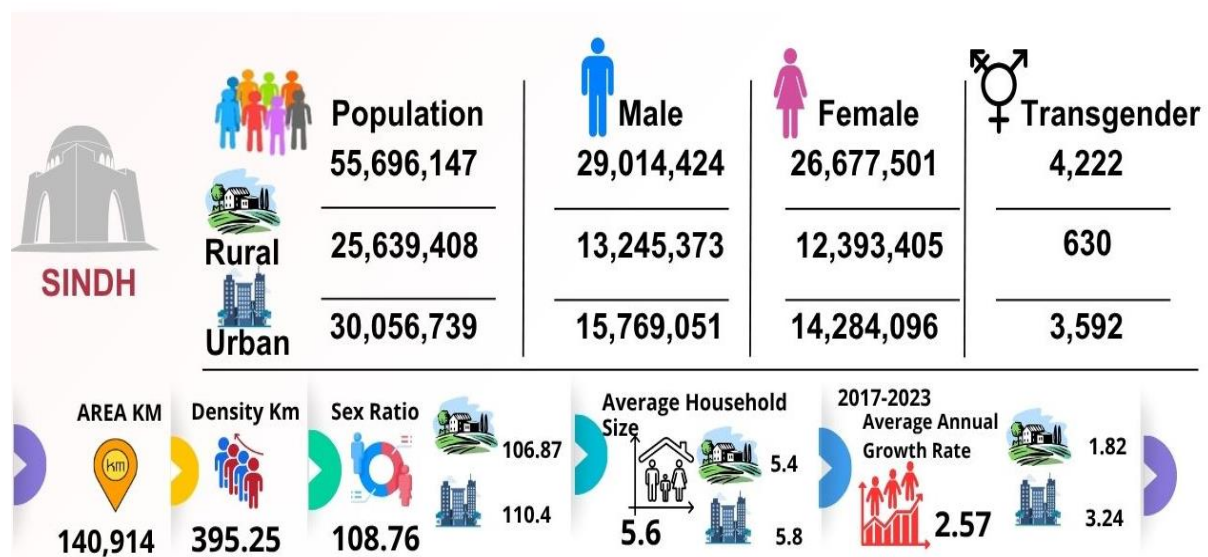
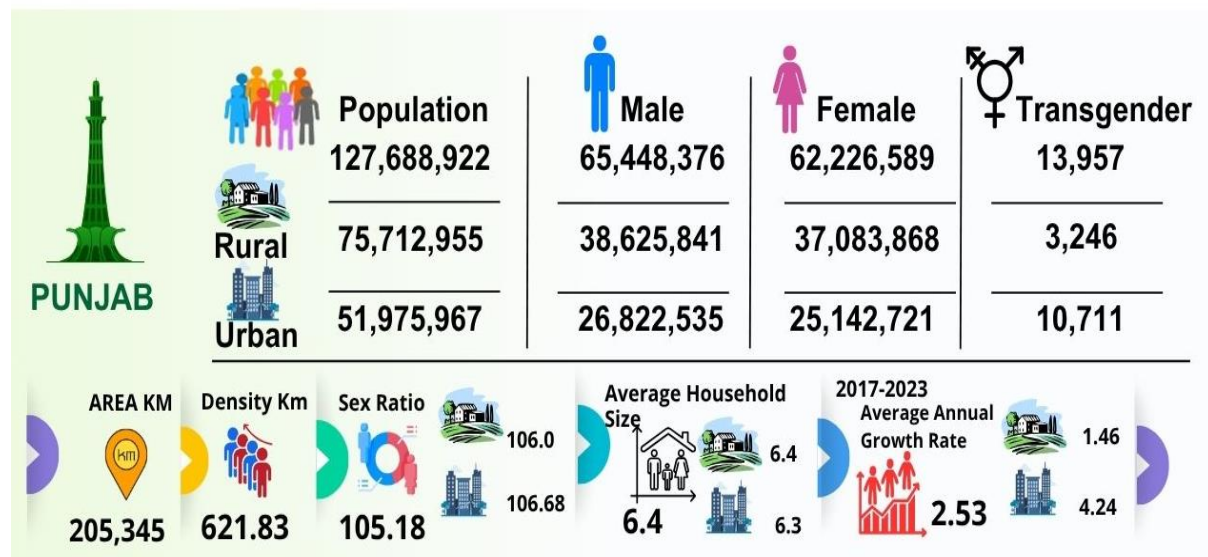
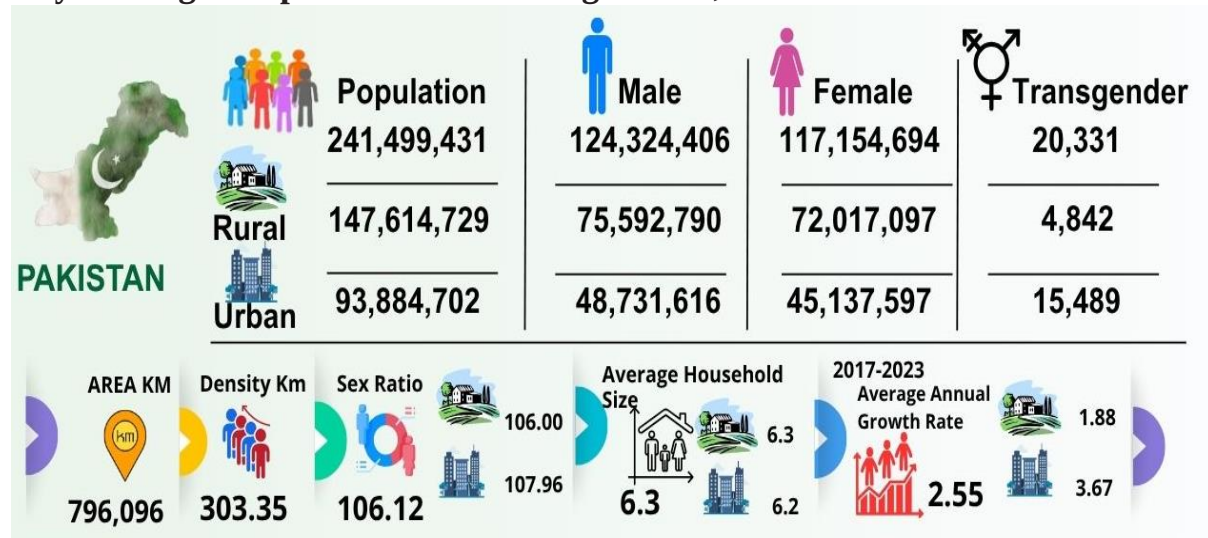
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POPULATION



Key Finding of Population and Housing Census, 2023



 KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA		Population	Male	Female	Transgender
		40,856,097	20,845,747	20,009,233	1,117
		Rural	17,685,692	17,038,648	461
		Urban	3,160,055	2,970,585	656

AREA KM	Density Km	Sex Ratio	Average Household Size	2017-2023 Average Annual Growth Rate
101,741	401.57	104.18	6.9	2.38
			6.9	0.72

 BALUCHISTAN		Population	Male	Female	Transgender
		14,894,402	7,768,166	7,125,471	765
		Rural	5,379,780	4,902,339	455
		Urban	2,388,386	2,223,132	310

AREA KM	Density Km	Sex Ratio	Average Household Size	2017-2023 Average Annual Growth Rate
347,190	42.9	109.02	6.4	3.2
			6.1	5.19

 ISLAMABAD		Population	Male	Female	Transgender
		2,363,863	1,247,693	1,115,900	270
		Rural	656,104	598,837	50
		Urban	591,589	517,063	220

AREA KM	Density Km	Sex Ratio	Average Household Size	2017-2023 Average Annual Growth Rate
906	2609.12	111.81	5.7	2.8
			5.5	1.59

CHAPTER - 1

Population

This chapter presents population trends in the country during the previous Census 1972 to 2023 and projection figures for the year 2024 to 2026, its distribution by sex, pattern of its growth, percentage changes down the time lane, urbanization, sex ratios and age composition.



1.1 Population Size and Trends

According to last population census held in 2023, Pakistan was peopled with 241,499 thousand persons which was reported as 207,685 thousand persons in 2017. Thus, Pakistan ranks the fifth most populous country of the world. The table and figure 1.1 present the population of Pakistan in chronological perspective.

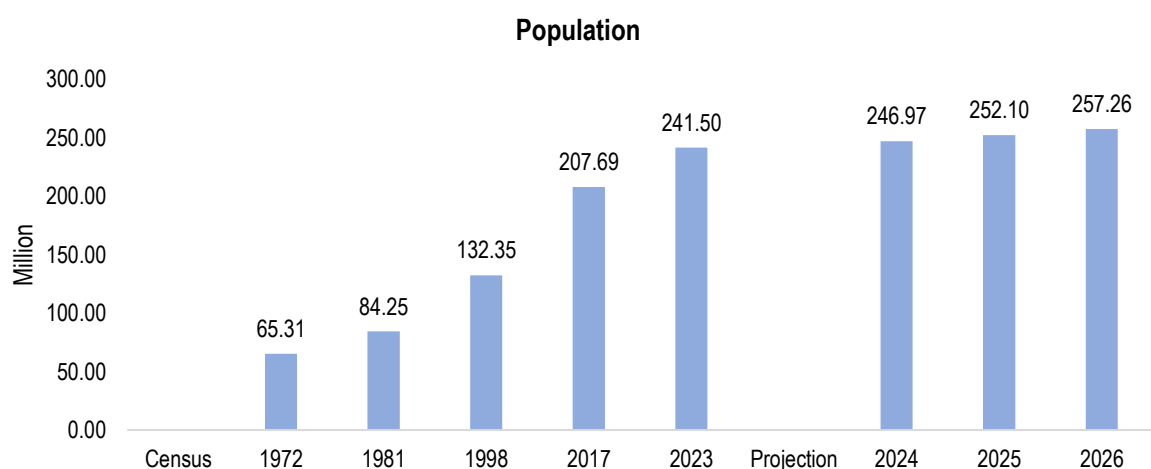
Table 1.1 Population Size and Trends 1972 to 2026

(Million)

Years	Population
* Census	
1972 *	65.31
1981 *	84.25
1998 *	132.35
2017 *	207.69
2023 *	241.50
**Projection	
2024 **	246.97
2025 **	252.10
2026 **	257.26

Source: * Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.
 ** National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population (base on 2023 census).

Figure 1.1: Population of Pakistan 1972 to 2026



1.2 Region wise population

Region wise population is given in table 1.2 which indicates 16.3% total population increase observe between the two census period. Punjab shows the most populous province of Pakistan as per current census. In Census 2023, the overall sex Ratio of Pakistan is reported as 106. Highest sex ratio is observed in Islamabad (112) and the lowest sex ratio is 104 reported in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. The comparison of sex ratios indicates a movement toward the expected biological pattern.

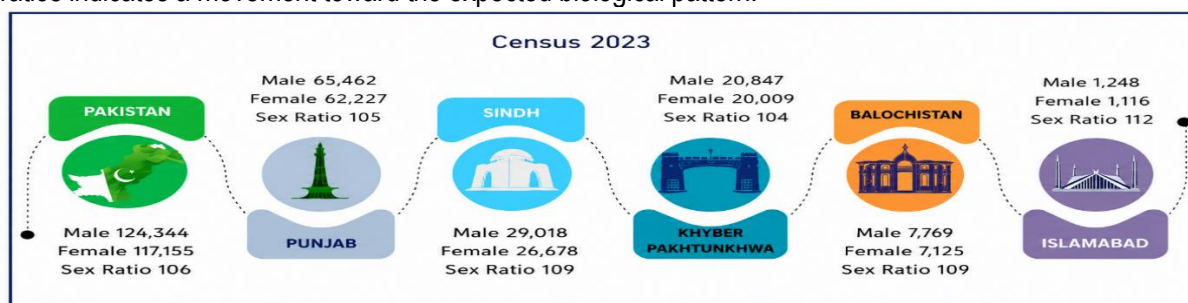


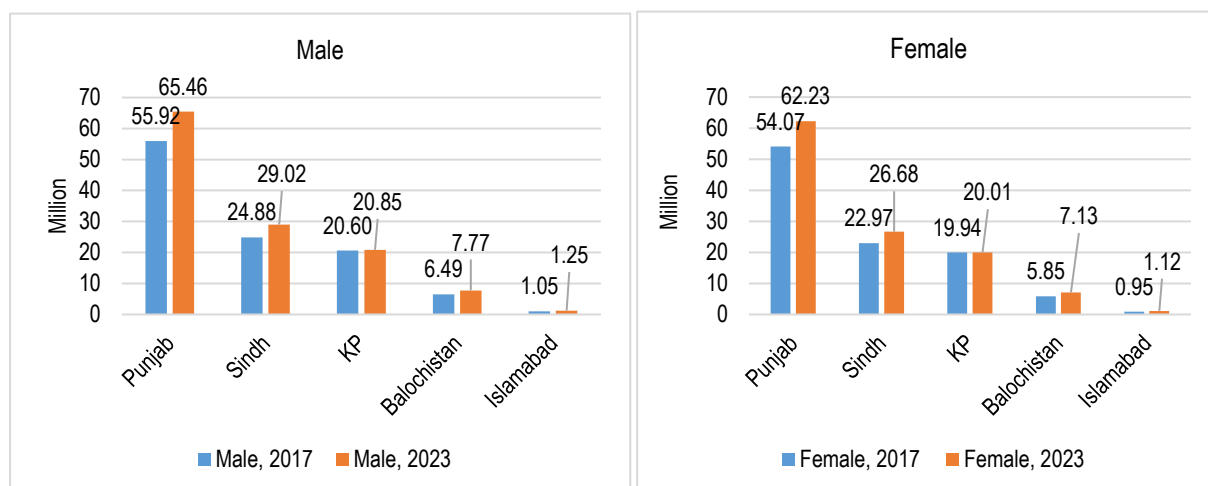
Table 1.2 Population Distribution of Pakistan – Census 2017 & 2023

(Million)

Region	Female	Male	All sexes	Sex Ratio (Female Per 100 Male)
2017				
Pakistan	101.35	106.34	207.69	105
Punjab	54.07	55.92	109.99	103
Sindh	22.97	24.88	47.86	108
KP	19.94	20.60	35.50	103
Balochistan	5.85	6.49	12.34	111
Islamabad	0.95	1.05	2.00	111
2023				
Pakistan	117.16	124.34	241.50	106
Punjab	62.23	65.46	127.69	105
Sindh	26.68	29.02	55.70	109
KP	20.01	20.85	40.86	104
Balochistan	7.13	7.77	14.89	109
Islamabad	1.12	1.25	2.36	112

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

Table1.2. Population distribution of Pakistan by Gender, Census 2017 & 2023



1.3 Percentage Distribution of Population by Gender

Relative distribution of population shows slight variations during the comparative periods. Punjab and Islamabad share remain same while in KP and Balochistan indicate fractional gains. Gender wise configuration indicates similar trend in both censuses. The relevant information is depicted in table 1.3.

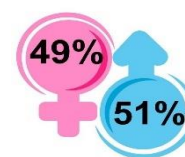
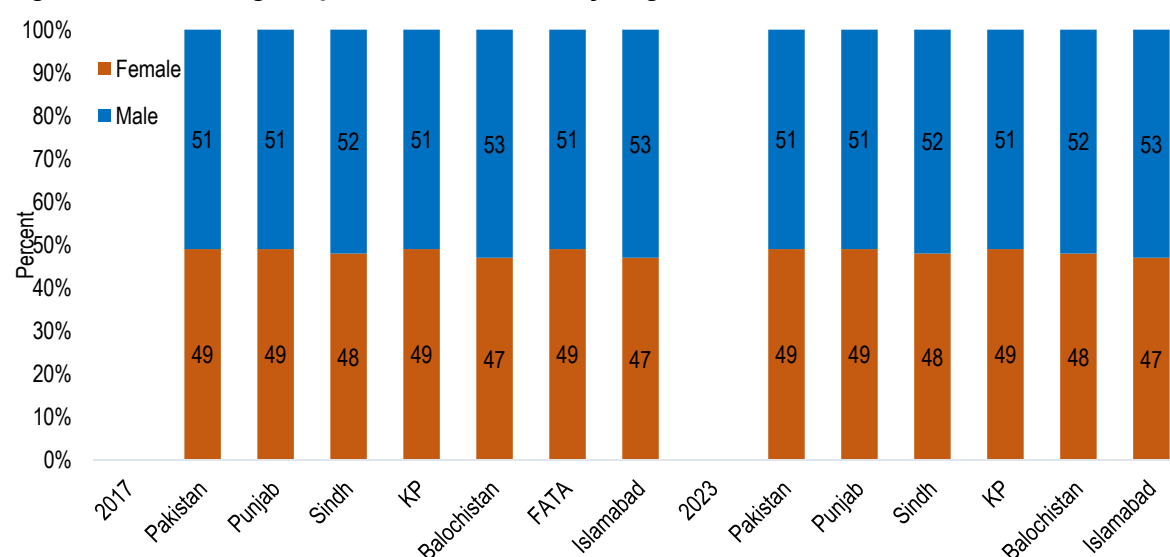


Table 1.3 Percentage Population Distribution by Region & Gender- Census 2017 & 2023

Area	Population Share in Percent		
	Both Sexes	Female	Male
2017			
Pakistan	100	49	51
Punjab	100	49	51
Sindh	100	48	52
KP	100	49	51
Balochistan	100	47	53
FATA	100	49	51
Islamabad	100	47	53
Area	Population Share in Percent		
	Both Sexes	Female	Male
2023			
Pakistan	100	49	51
Punjab	100	49	51
Sindh	100	48	52
KP	100	49	51
Balochistan	100	48	52
Islamabad	100	47	53

Source: Pakistan Bureau of statistics.

Figure 1.3: Percentage Population Distribution by Region & Gender- Census 2017 & 2023



1.4 Sex – Disaggregated Population

Slightly decline has been observed in the proportion of female population 48.5% in Census 2023 as compared to 48.8% in Census 2017. The female population is reported as 117,155 thousand in Census 2023 which shows the lower trend as compared to male which are reported as 124,344 thousand in Census 2023. Detail of male and female population by Census as well as the projection figures are given below table.

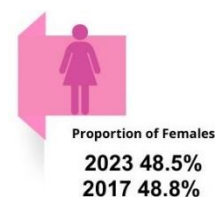


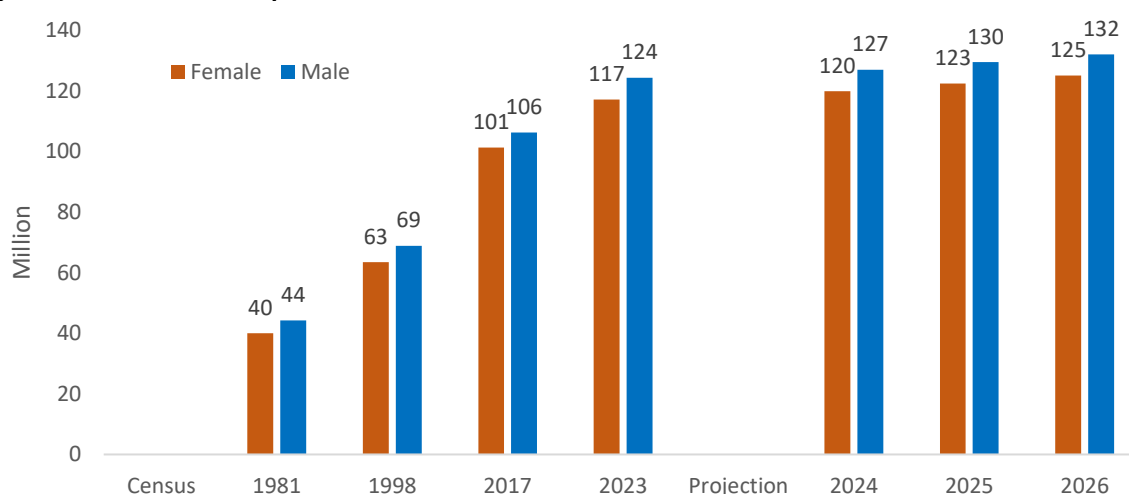
Table 1.4 Gender-wise Population, 1981 to 2026

(Million)

Year	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Proportion of Females
Census				
1981 *	40.02	44.23	84.25	47.5
1998 *	63.48	68.87	132.35	48.0
2017 *	101.35	106.34	207.69	48.8
2023 *	117.16	124.34	241.50	48.5
Projection				
2024 **	119.91	127.07	246.97	48.6
2025 **	122.52	129.58	252.10	48.6
2026 **	125.15	132.11	257.26	48.6

Source: * Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.
** National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population (base on 2023 census).

Figure 1.4: Gender-wise Population of Pakistan 1981 to 2026



1.5 Sex Composition and Sex Ratio

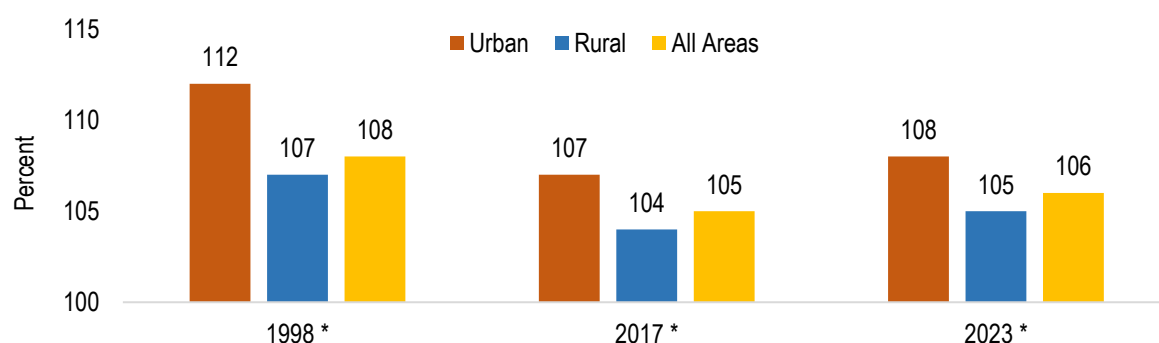
The table and figure 1.5 below shows gender composition (number of females per hundred males) and sex ratio by area. Female to per hundred male ratio has been observed in incline direction in rural areas due to socio economic condition. In Census 2023 sex ratio has been observed higher in urban area (108) as compared to rural area (105). The time series of sex composition and sex ratio seem to be getting even with the expected pattern down the time lane.



Table-1.5 Sex Composition and Sex Ratio of Pakistan by Urban/Rural, Census 1998 to 2023

Year	Female per Hundred Male			Sex Ratio		
	Urban	Rural	All Areas	Urban	Rural	All Areas
Census						
1998	89.2	93.7	92.2	112	107	108
2017	93.2	96.5	95.3	107	104	105
2023	92.6	95.3	94.2	108	105	106

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

Figure 1.5: Sex Ratio of Pakistan by Urban/Rural, Census 1998 to 2023

1.6 Average Annual Growth Rate

Rapid and sustainable population growth possess significant challenges to the economic progress. A speedy growth has been observed since 1972 then decline has been shown in census 2017. As per census 2023 an average growth rate is 2.5 % for the period 2017-2023, a rate that contrary to expectation is higher than the previous growth rate of 2.4% for the period 1998-2017. The higher average growth rate showing population momentum indicating that the population will over time to grow in current fertility persist. The relevant information is given in table (and figure) 1.6 below.



**AVERAGE ANNUAL
GROWTH RATE
2.55%**

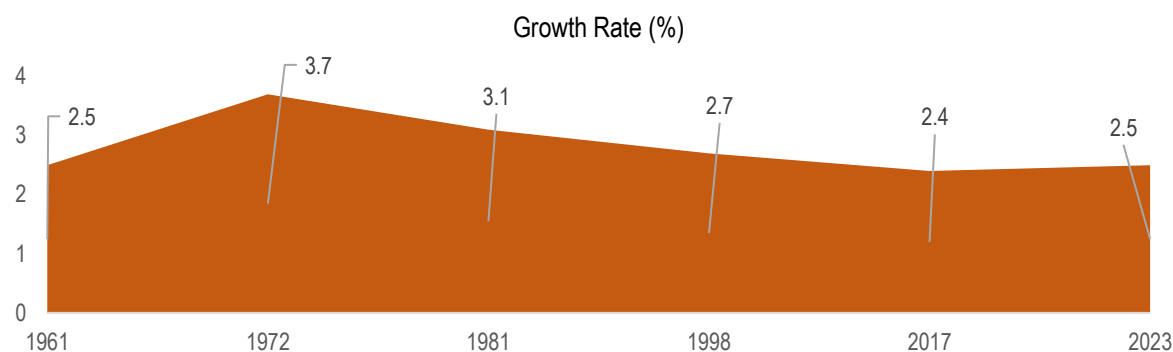
Table-1.6 Average Annual Growth Rate, 1961 to 2026

Year	Growth Rate (%)
Census	
1961*	2.5
1972 *	3.7
1981*	3.1
1998 *	2.7
2017 *	2.4
2023 *	2.5
Projection	
2024 **	2.1
2025 **	2.1
2026 **	2.1

Source: * Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

** National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population (base on 2023 census).

Figure 1.6: Average Growth Rate of Population per Annum, Pakistan Census 1961 to 2026



1.7 Population Percent Change by Gender

The series of percentage changes in the population calculated on the basis of consecutive censuses have been presented in the predecessor of the current compendium. Percentage changes in the population during 2017-2023 census depict that 48.6% in female population and 51.5 % in male population.

Table-1.7 Population Percent Change by Gender of Pakistan 1998 to 2026

Year	Total Population (Million)	Female	Male
Census			
1998 *	132.35	58.6	55.7
2017 *	207.69	59.7	54.4
2023 *	240.46	48.6	51.5
Projection			
2024 **	246.97	2.2	2.0
2025 **	252.10	2.2	2.0
2026 **	257.26	2.2	2.0

Source: * Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

** National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population (base on 2023 census).

1.8 Urbanization by Gender

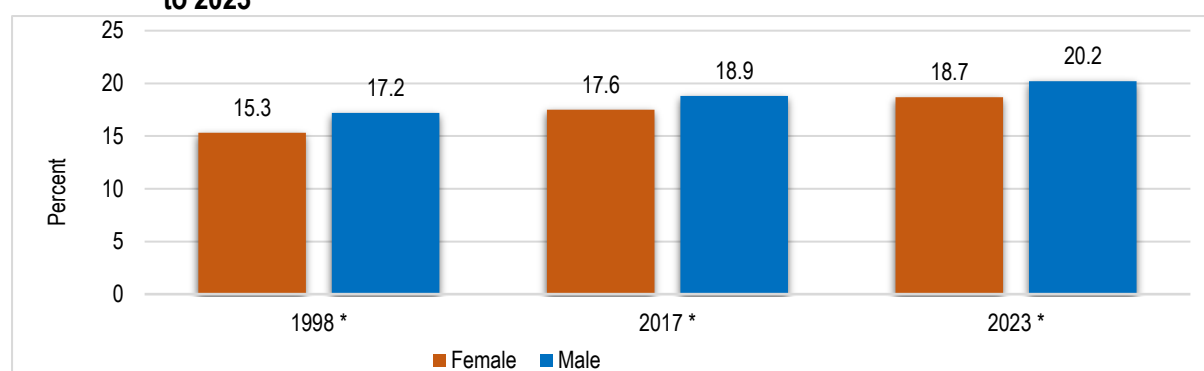
The proportion of urban population from total population rose steadily as 32.5% share of total population in census 1998 as compared to 38.9% reported in census 2023. At the time of independence stood at 15.4% of total population which scaled up to 38.9% in 2023 in the span of seventy years. Gender prism reflects a slightly changes. Gender-wise analysis shows that the proportion of the female urban population increased steadily from 15.3% in 1998 to 17.6% in 2017 and 18.7% in 2023. Similarly, the male urban population rose from 17.2% in 1998 to 18.9% in 2017 and 20.2% in 2023. Throughout the study period, the male urban population remained slightly higher than the female urban population.

Table 1.8: Urban Population as Percent of the Total Population of Pakistan by Gender, 1998 to 2023

Year	Total Population (Million)	Percent of Population (Urban)		
		Female	Male	All Sexes
Census				
1998	132.35	15.3	17.2	32.5
2017	207.69	17.6	18.9	36.4
2023	240.46	18.7	20.2	38.9

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

Figure 1.7: Urban population as percent of the total population of Pakistan by Gender Census 1998 to 2023



1.9 Children (0-14 year aged) by Gender

The share of children below table under 15 years of age during the tabulated period indicate sex symmetrical fall down the time lane. Gender-wise analysis indicates that the female child population accounted for 20.3% of the total population in 1998, declining to 19.3% in 2017, before experiencing a marginal increase to 19.6% in 2023. In comparison, the male child population represented 22.1% of the total population in 1998, which decreasing to 20.9% in 2023. Throughout the study period, the proportion of male children remained slightly higher than that of female children.

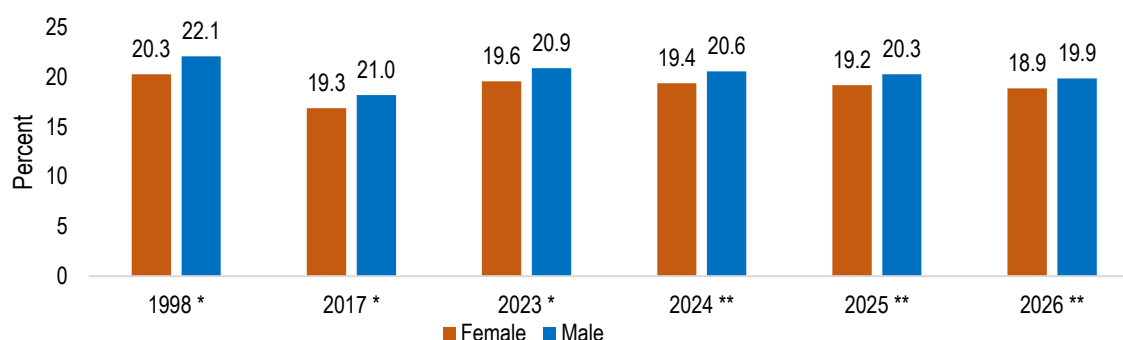
Table- 1.9: Percentage Distribution of Children Population out of total population by Gender for the Period 1998 to 2023

Year	Total Population (Million)	Percentage of Children Population Aged 0-14 Years		
		Female	Male	Both Sexes
Census				
1998 *	132.35	20.3	22.1	42.4
2017 *	207.69	19.3	21.0	40.1
2023 *	240.46	19.6	20.9	40.6
Projection				
2024 **	246.97	19.4	20.6	40.0
2025 **	252.10	19.2	20.3	39.5
2026 **	257.26	18.9	19.9	38.9

Source: * Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

** National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population (base on 2023 census).

Figure 1.8: Percentage of Children Population (0-14 years) of Pakistan by Gender Census 1998 to 2023



1.10 Primary Youth (15 - 29 Years aged) Population by Gender

The time series of primary youth (15-29 years aged) mark a mildly rising plateau during the tabulated period. The same holds true for males and females. The age group 15-29 represent the primary youth population constitute 26% of total population comprise of 13.2% male and 12.8% female in census 2023. It also indicates that 66.6% of population below the age of 29.

Table-1.10: Percentage of Youth Population Aged 15-29 out of Total Population by Gender, Census 1998 to 2023

Year	Total Population (Million)	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Census				
1998 *	132.35	13.1	13.6	26.7
2017 *	207.69	13.5	13.6	27.1
2023 *	240.46	12.8	13.2	26.0
Projection				
2024 **	246.97	12.9	13.4	26.3
2025 **	252.10	13.0	13.6	26.6
2026 **	257.26	13.1	13.8	26.9

Source: * Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

** National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population (base on 2023 census).

1.11 Secondary Youth (30 - 59 Years aged) Population by Gender

Arguably, the trend in the secondary youth population (aged 30–59 years) is similar to that observed for the primary youth population. According to the 2023 Population Census, the share of the youth population was 27.8% out of total population as compared with Census, 2017 when reported as 26.8%, indicating a slight incline over the intercensal period.

Table-1.11: Percentage of Total Youth Population Aged 30-59 out of total Population by Gender, Census 1998 to 2023

Year	Total Population (Million)	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Census				
1998 *	132.35	11.6	12.8	24.4
2017 *	207.69	13.2	13.6	26.8
2023 *	240.46	13.5	14.1	27.8
Projection				
2024 **	246.97	3.7	14.3	28.0
2025 **	252.10	13.8	14.4	28.2
2026 **	257.26	14.0	14.4	28.4

Source: * Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

** National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population (base on 2023 census).

1.12 Population (Aged 15 - 59 Years)

The proportion of the adult population has remained relatively stable while showing a modest increase over the past three population censuses. In the 1998 Census, adults accounted for 51.1% of the total population, comprising of 24.7% females and 26.4% males. In Census 2017 the adult population had increased to 53.9%, with females representing 26.7% and males 27.2% of the total population. In the 2023 Census, the adult population remained largely unchanged at 53.8%, consisting of 26.3% females and 27.5% males.

Table -1.12: Percent of Population Aged 15-59 out of Total Population, Census 1998 to 2023

Year	Total Population (Million)	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Census				
1998 *	132.35	24.7	26.4	51.1
2017 *	207.69	26.7	27.2	53.9
2023 *	240.46	26.3	27.5	53.8
Projection				
2024 **	246.97	26.5	27.7	54.3
2025 **	252.10	26.8	28.0	54.8
2026 **	257.26	27.1	28.2	55.3

Source: * Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

** National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population (base on 2023 census).

1.13 Elderly 60 + Population

The proportion of the older population has remained relatively stable over the past three population censuses. In Census 1998 older persons accounted for 5.5% of the total population, comprising of 2.5% females and 3.0% males. This proportion increased slightly to 5.8% in the Census 2017, with females representing 2.8% and males 3.0% of the total population. In the Census 2023 the share of the older population declined marginally to 5.6%, consisting of 2.5% females and 3.1% males. Overall, the findings indicate that the proportion of older persons has remained broadly stable over the period, with the male share consistently exceeding that of females.

Table -1.13: Percent of Elderly Persons 60+ out of Total Population Census 1998 to 2023

Year	Total Population (Million)	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Census				
1998 *	132.35	2.5	3.0	5.5
2017 *	207.69	2.8	3.0	5.8
2023 *	240.46	2.5	3.1	5.6
Projection				
2024 **	246.97	2.6	3.1	5.7
2025 **	252.10	2.6	3.1	5.8
2026 **	257.26	2.7	3.2	5.8

Source: * Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

** National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population (base on 2023 census).

1.14 Dependency Ratio

The Dependency Ratio of dependent population (0-15 years and 65+) by the population aged 15-64 years. Overall dependency seems to have been on decline due to rising proportion of working age population compared to dependent population. Old age dependency ratio seems to have plateaued during the tabulated period.

Table 1.14: Population of Pakistan by Broad Age Group and Dependency Ratio, 1998 to 2023

(Million)

Year	Population under 15 Years	Population 15-64	Population 65+	Total Population	Overall Dependency Ratio (a)	Old Age Dependency Ratio (b)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Census						
1998 *	56.07	68.59	4.53	132.35	88	7
2017 *	83.72	116.26	7.71	207.69	79	7
2023 *	97.53	134.39	8.53	240.46	79	6
Projection						
2024 **	98.88	139.21	8.88	246.97	77	6
2025 **	99.49	143.40	9.20	252.10	76	6
2026 **	100.00	147.73	9.53	257.26	74	6

Source: * Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

** National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population (base on 2023 census).

Note: (a) = $\text{Col 6} = (\text{Col 2} + \text{Col 4} \times 100) / \text{Col 3}$

(b) = $\text{Col 7} = (\text{Col 4} \times 100) / \text{Col 3}$

1.15 Age-sex Pyramid

Table 1.15 presents the population of Pakistan by broad age group and sex based on the 2023 Population Census. The total population comprises 123.82 million males and 116.61 million females, reflecting a slightly higher male population across the country.

The population is predominantly concentrated in the younger age groups. Children aged 0-4 years constitute the largest age cohort, with 18.74 million males and 17.73 million females, followed by those aged 5-9 years (16.57 million males and 15.71 million females) and 10-14 years (14.97 million males and 13.82 million females). These figures highlight Pakistan's relatively youthful age structure.

The working-age population (15-64 years) represents a substantial share of the total population. While the population gradually declines with increasing age, the decline is more pronounced after age 50. In the younger working-age groups, particularly 25-29 years and 30-34 years, the number of females is slightly higher than that of males, whereas males outnumber females in most other age groups.

The older population (65 years and above) constitutes a comparatively small proportion of the total population. Among persons aged 75 years and above, there are 1.39 million males and 1.11 million females. Overall, the age distribution reflects a broad-based population pyramid characterized by a large youth population, a substantial working-age population, and a relatively smaller elderly population, consistent with the demographic profile of a developing country.

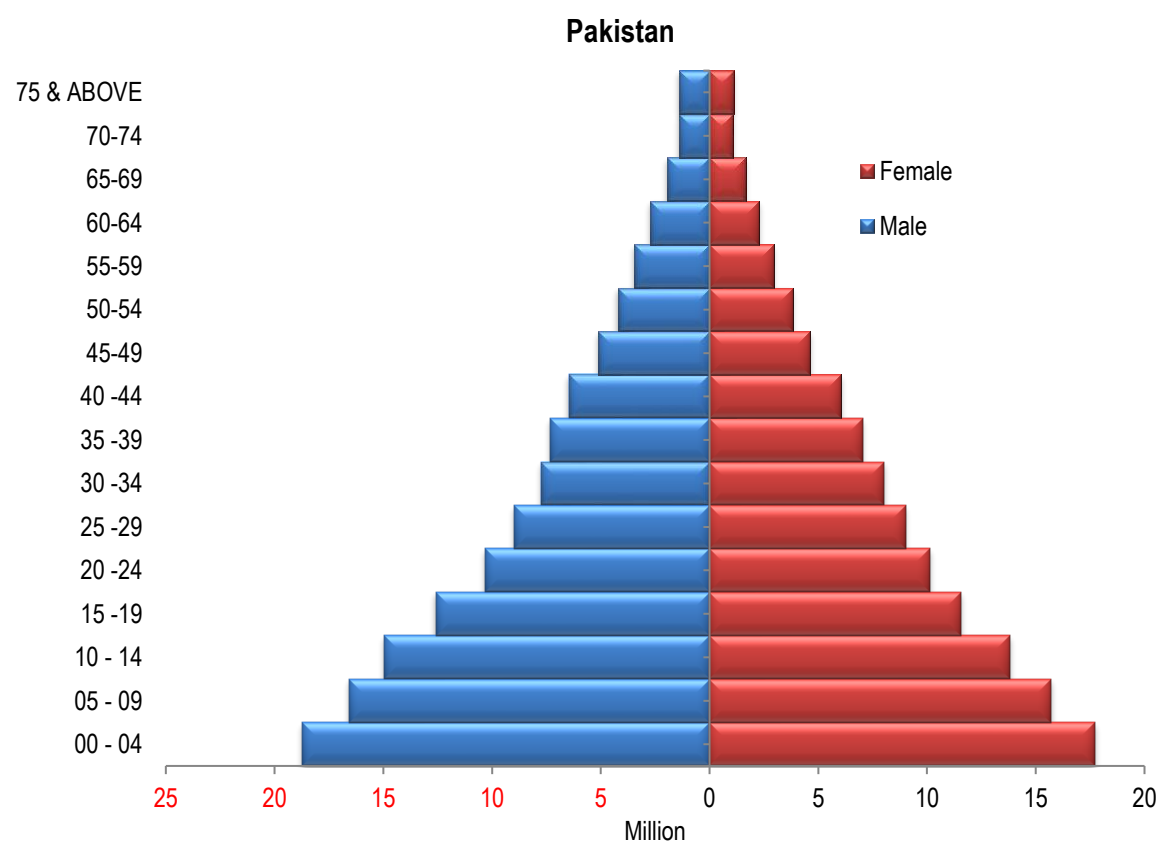
Table 1.15: Population of Pakistan by Broad Age Group, Census 2023

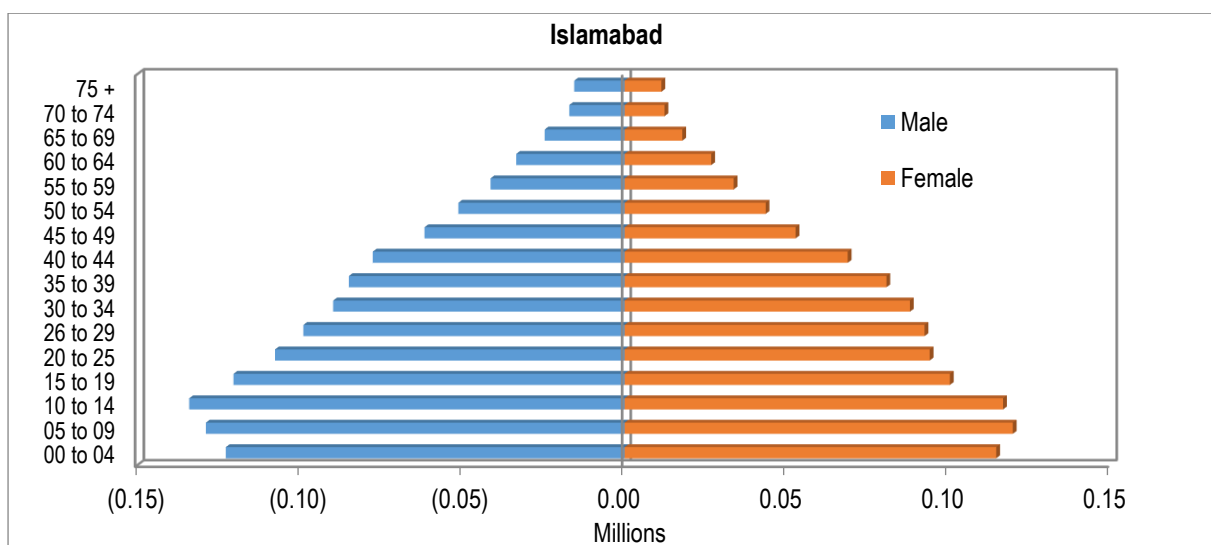
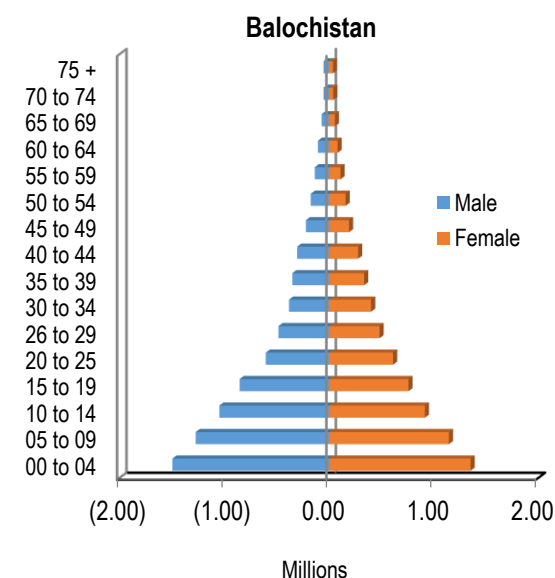
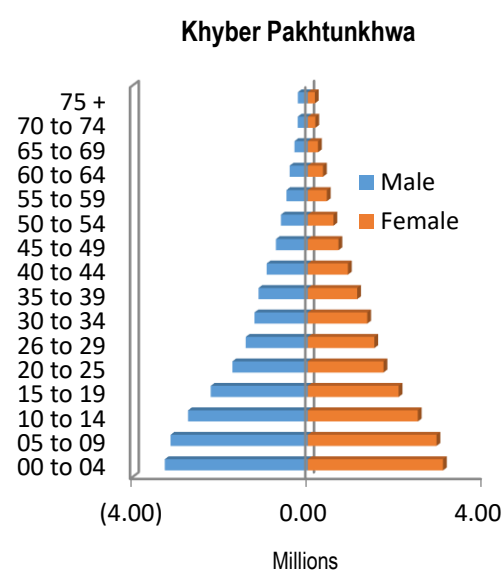
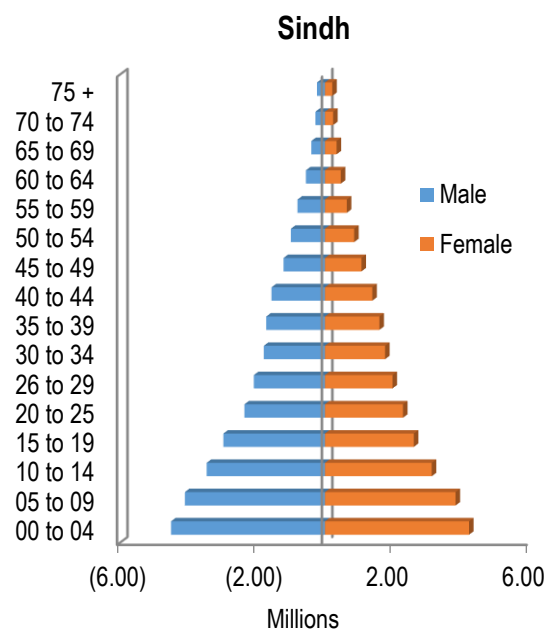
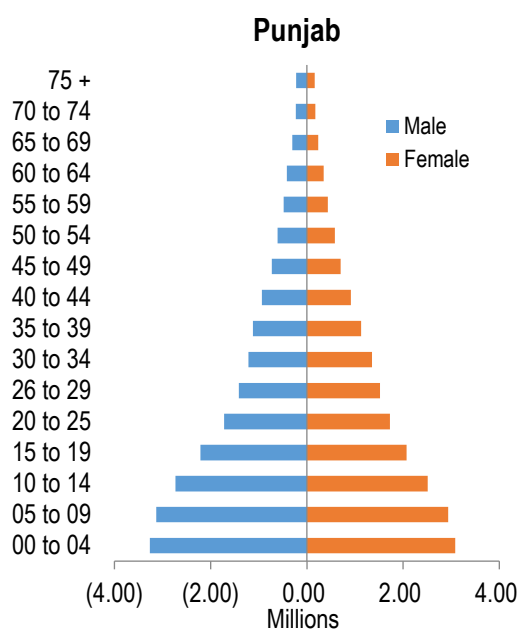
(Million)

Age Groups	Male	Female
All	123.82	116.61
00 - 04	18.74	17.73
05 - 09	16.57	15.71
10 -14	14.97	13.82
15 -19	12.58	11.57
20 -24	10.32	10.14
25 -29	8.95	9.02
30 -34	7.73	8.03
35 -39	7.31	7.05
40 -44	6.47	6.06
45-49	5.10	4.62
50-54	4.22	3.83
55-59	3.46	2.93
60-64	2.71	2.28
65-69	1.92	1.65
70-74	1.39	1.08
75 & above	1.39	1.11

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics

Figure 1.9: Age Sex Pyramid Census 2023 Pakistan and province





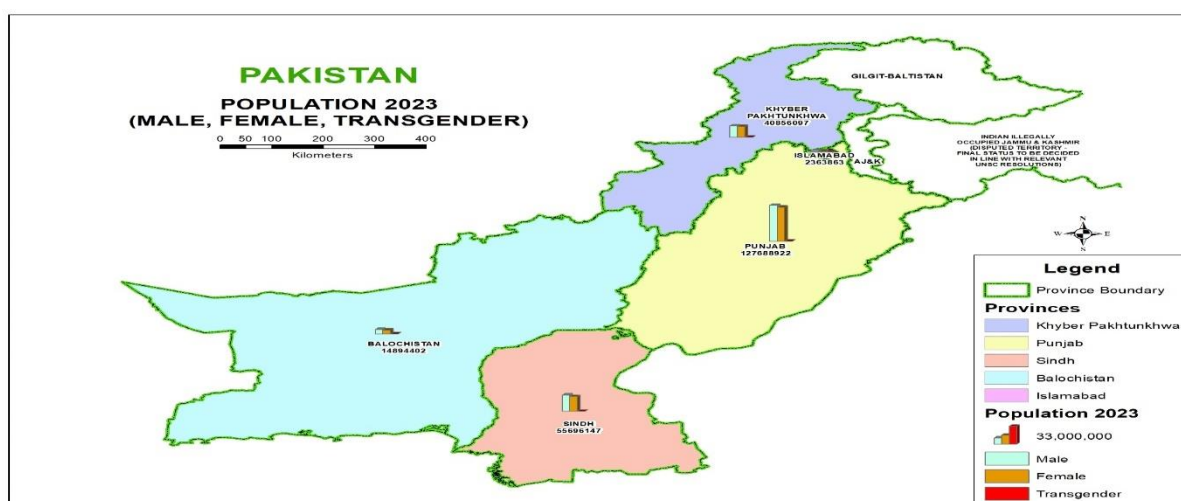
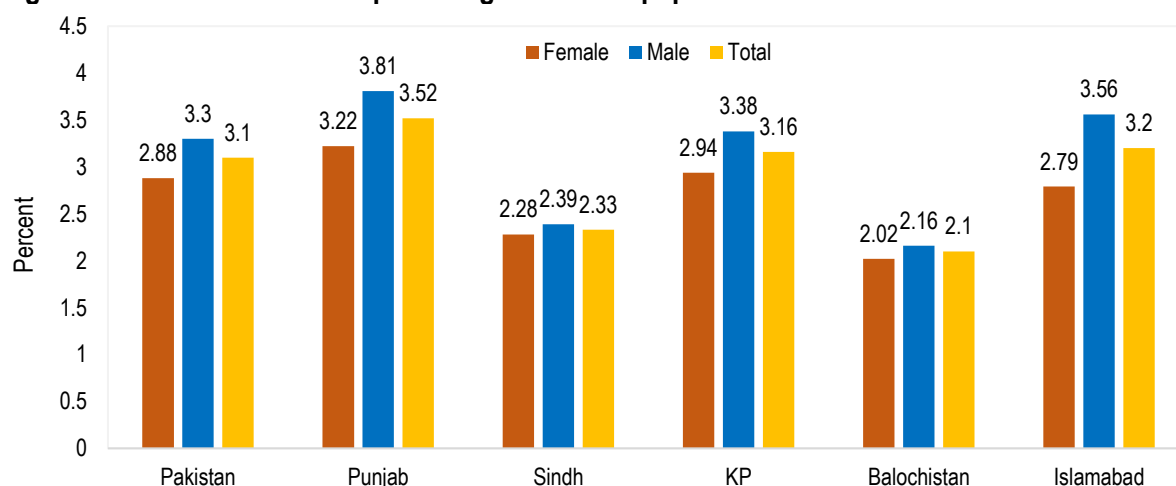
1.16 Population with Disability

Disability statistics are measured through proxy as per guidelines provided by Washington Group of Disability Statistics (WG) by combining two options i.e. a lot of difficulty to perform the activity and cannot perform the activity at all. As per Census 2023, in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Punjab and Islamabad 3% population is disabled while in Sindh and Balochistan, it is only 2%. However, percentage of female population is less disabled as compared to male population in all province along with Federal Capital Islamabad

Table 1.16: Province-wise percentage of disable population

Area/Province	Female	Male	Total
Pakistan	2.88	3.30	3.10
Punjab	3.22	3.81	3.52
Sindh	2.28	2.39	2.33
KP	2.94	3.38	3.16
Balochistan	2.02	2.16	2.10
Islamabad	2.79	3.56	3.20

Figure- 1.10: Province-wise percentage of disable population

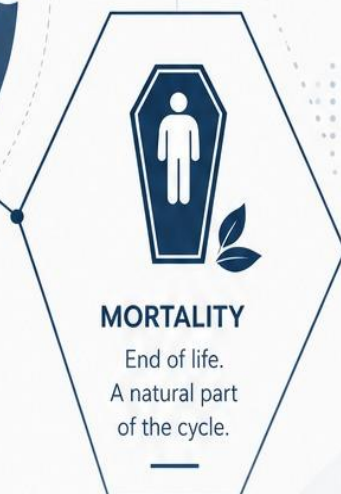
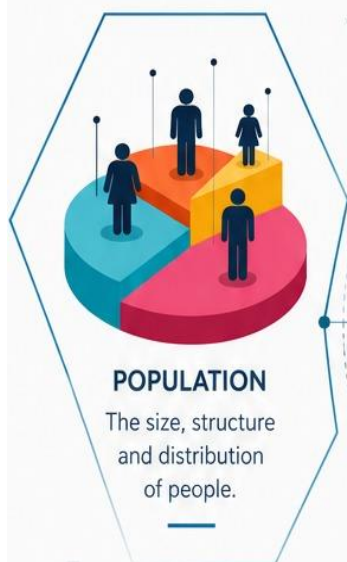




FERTILITY & MORTALITY

— INDICATORS —

Measuring Life. Understanding Change.



CHAPTER - 2

Fertility and Mortality Indicators

This chapter highlights some of the important demographic indicators such as, fertility and mortality rates, marital status, age at marriage and life expectancy.

2.1 Marital Status

The following tables depict the marital status of 15 plus aged population on the basis of Census 2023 indicates that unmarried constitute about (25.09%) percent of females and about (34.15%) percent of males while (68.51%) percent of females and (63.58%) percent of males are currently married. Bulk of unmarried is in their early twenties and below while most of the people in their latter twenties and above are married. The female widows (5.76%) percent three times more as likely as male widowers (1.91%) percent as per census 2023. The former status is more likely to happen than latter one, after the onset of middle age.



Table 2.1(a) Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan Census 2023

Age Group	Marital status					
	Total	Unmarried	Married	Widow	Divorced	Seperated
Pakistan						
Female						
All Ages	100.00	25.09	68.51	5.76	0.48	0.16
15-19	100.00	84.97	14.92	0.03	0.06	0.03
20-24	100.00	44.24	55.23	0.16	0.27	0.09
25-29	100.00	18.63	80.34	0.40	0.49	0.14
30-34	100.00	8.00	90.27	0.89	0.65	0.18
35-39	100.00	4.08	93.17	1.80	0.73	0.21
40-44	100.00	2.75	92.53	3.72	0.76	0.24
45-49	100.00	2.22	90.20	6.58	0.73	0.27
50-54	100.00	1.85	85.59	11.62	0.67	0.27
55-59	100.00	1.71	80.73	16.70	0.60	0.26
60-64	100.00	1.63	72.39	25.20	0.53	0.25
65-69	100.00	1.46	64.51	33.36	0.44	0.22
70-74	100.00	1.28	52.64	45.56	0.33	0.19
75 & Above	100.00	1.12	38.86	59.62	0.26	0.14
Male						
All Ages	100.00	34.15	63.58	1.91	0.23	0.13
15-19	100.00	94.29	5.65	0.02	0.01	0.02
20-24	100.00	71.16	28.60	0.10	0.09	0.06
25-29	100.00	38.29	61.13	0.24	0.23	0.12
30-34	100.00	15.54	83.57	0.40	0.34	0.16
35-39	100.00	7.85	90.98	0.60	0.37	0.19
40-44	100.00	4.37	94.16	0.92	0.37	0.19
45-49	100.00	3.24	94.73	1.45	0.36	0.21
50-54	100.00	2.21	94.73	2.53	0.32	0.20
55-59	100.00	1.84	93.64	4.01	0.30	0.20
60-64	100.00	1.54	91.43	6.58	0.27	0.19
65-69	100.00	1.33	88.30	9.97	0.23	0.18
70-74	100.00	1.12	83.72	14.78	0.20	0.17
75 & Above	100.00	1.06	73.79	24.81	0.16	0.18

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Census).

Figure 2.1(a): Marital Status of Population Pakistan, Census 2023

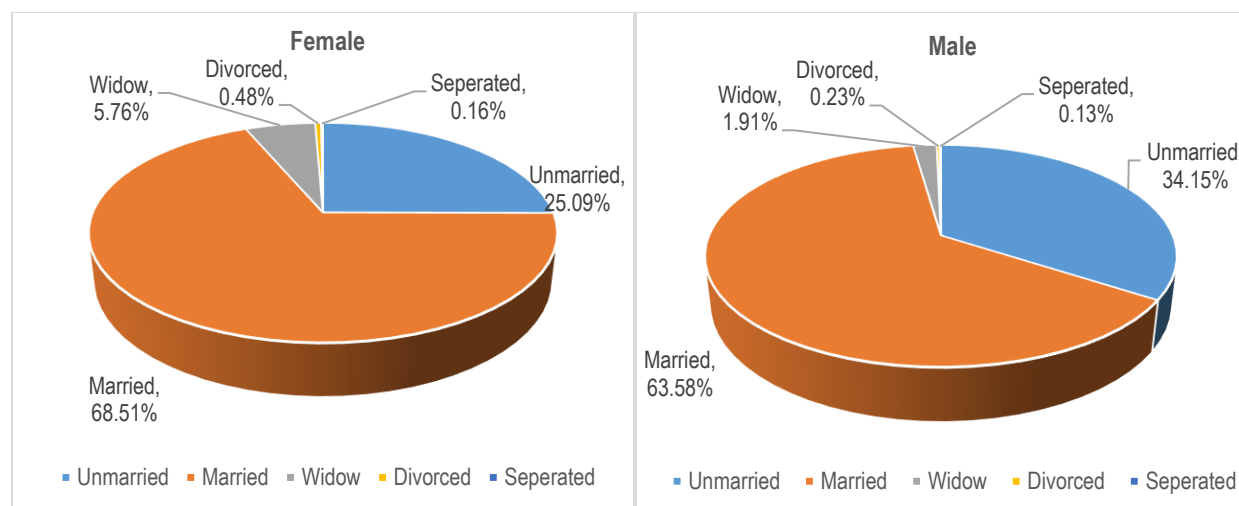
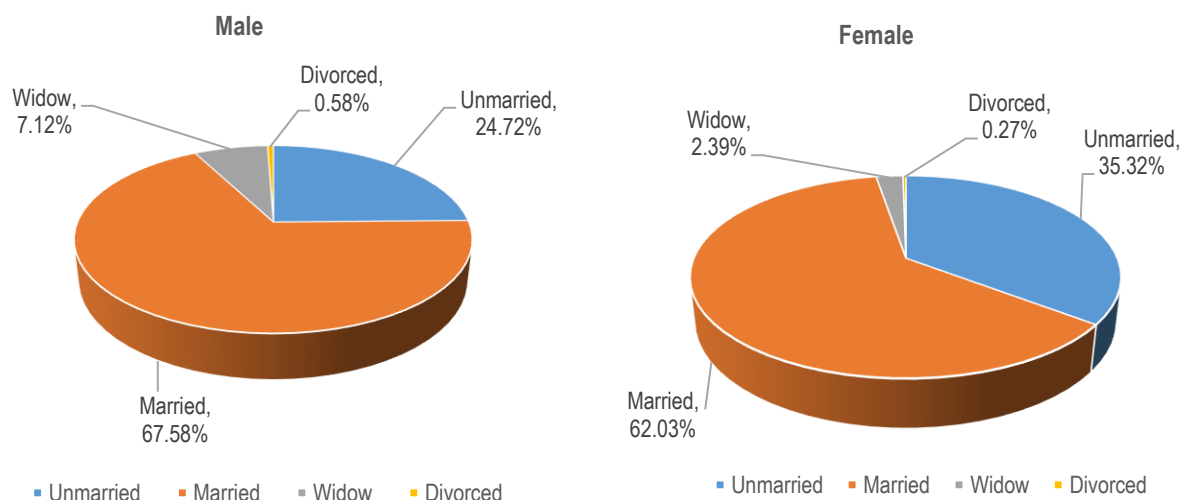


Table 2.1(b) Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan Census 2017

Age Group	Marital status				
	Total	Unmarried	Married	Widow	Divorced
Pakistan					
Female					
All ages	100.00	24.72	67.58	7.12	0.58
15-19	100.00	82.26	17.52	0.10	0.11
20-24	100.00	43.42	55.94	0.27	0.38
25-29	100.00	18.14	80.65	0.60	0.61
30-34	100.00	7.38	90.64	1.21	0.78
35-39	100.00	3.76	92.86	2.53	0.85
40-44	100.00	2.66	91.71	4.74	0.89
45-49	100.00	1.93	88.76	8.46	0.86
50-54	100.00	1.85	83.58	13.71	0.86
55-59	100.00	1.68	77.29	20.29	0.74
60+	100.00	1.74	53.51	44.26	0.49
Male					
All ages	100.00	35.32	62.03	2.39	0.27
15-19	100.00	94.42	5.49	0.06	0.04
20-24	100.00	71.60	28.10	0.17	0.13
25-29	100.00	38.70	60.68	0.36	0.26
30-34	100.00	16.10	82.97	0.56	0.37
35-39	100.00	6.91	91.87	0.82	0.41
40-44	100.00	3.98	94.34	1.24	0.44
45-49	100.00	2.48	95.24	1.87	0.41
50-54	100.00	1.97	94.54	3.09	0.41
55-59	100.00	1.68	93.00	4.95	0.37
60+	100.00	1.85	82.29	15.58	0.29

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Census).

Figure 2.1(b): Marital Status of Population Pakistan, Census 2017



2.2 Age Specific Fertility Rates (ASFR)

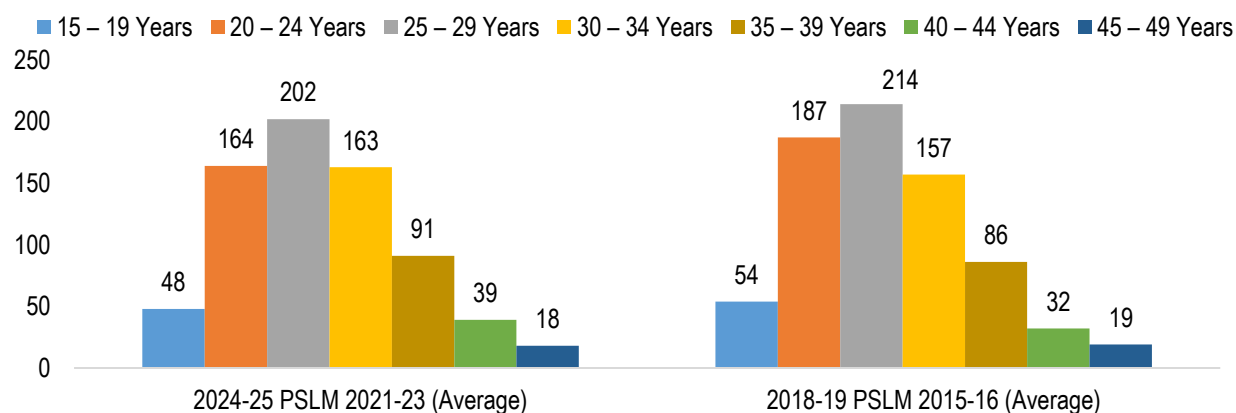
The total fertility rate (TFR) is a common measure of current fertility and is defined as the average number of children a Female would have if she went through her entire reproductive period (15-49 years) reproducing at the prevailing Age Specific Fertility Rate. TFR has been calculated considering an average of the three years preceding the survey. Age specific fertility rates make a wavering trajectory down the tabulated period total fertility rate seems to be on average 3.6 children per Female, as per 2024-25 survey.

Table 2.2 Age Specific and Total Fertility Rates - Female Aged 15-49 by Age-Category Pakistan, 2018-19 & 2024-25

Ages	2024-25 PSLM 2021-23 (Average)			2018-19 PSLM 2015-16 (Average)		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
15-19	38	54	48	38	65	54
20-24	134	184	164	153	208	187
25-29	181	218	202	184	233	214
30-34	145	176	163	130	174	157
35-39	72	105	91	66	99	86
40-44	24	49	39	19	40	32
45-49	8	26	18	11	23	19
Total Fertility Rate	3.0	4.1	3.6	3.0	4.2	3.7

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES).

Figure 2.2: Age Specific Fertility Rates (ASFR) per 1000 Female 2018-19 & 2024-25



2.3 Infant Mortality Rates (IMR)

Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) is decreased in 2024-25 as compared to 2018-19 survey in all areas. Same decline has been observed in gender/ area wise.

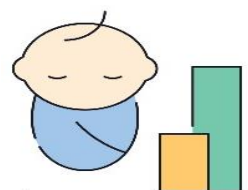


Table 2.3 Infant Mortality Rates Sex, Area, Pakistan, 2018-19 & 2024-25

Year	Infant Mortality Rates Per 1000 Live Birth		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
All Areas			
2018-19	58	62	60
2024-25	40	54	47
Urban			
2018-19	47	49	48
2024-25	38	45	42
Rural			
2018-19	62	67	65
2024-25	41	59	50

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES Survey).

2.4 Life Expectancy

From the gender perspective, life expectancy at birth follows the expected biological pattern. The females are markedly more survivable as compared to males. Longitudinally, life expectancy seems to be scaling up during the tabulated period.



Table 2.4 Life Expectancy at Birth by Sex

Life Expectancy at Birth	PDS-2020
Male	64.5
Female	65.5
Total	65.0

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PDS Survey).

Household and Family Structure



CHAPTER - 3

Household and Family Structure

Household and family structure provides important insights into the composition and living arrangements of the population. The analysis covers key characteristics such as household size, gender of household head, and differences between urban and rural households. The findings indicate changes in household composition over time, including a general decline in average household size and variations in the prevalence of female- and male-headed households across provinces. These patterns reflect evolving demographic, social, and economic conditions and highlight notable differences in household structures between regions and areas of residence.

3.1 Head of Households by Gender

As the table 3.1 reflects, Pakistan is predominantly a male dominated society. However, female headship has also acquired some visibility, apparently, as a residual category. This may be more due to migration of male than any significant socio-cultural/attitudinal shift. At the national level, female-headed households accounted for 11.94% of all households in Census 2017 as compared with only 5.86% percent in Census 2023. Conversely, the proportion of male-headed households increased from 88.06% to 94.14% over the same period. The decline in female household headship was observed in both urban and rural areas. In urban areas, the share of female-headed households decreased from 12.32% in Census 2017 to 6.32% in Census 2023, while in rural areas it declined substantially from 11.70% to 0.59%.



Overall, the census results show that male-headed households constituted the overwhelming majority of households in Census, 2023 across Pakistan and all provinces. The most notable change was the substantial reduction in the reported share of female-headed households between the two census rounds. While Punjab and KP recorded comparatively higher proportions of female-headed households in Census, 2023, Balochistan recorded the lowest share. The urban–rural patterns also varied considerably across provinces, highlighting differences in household structure and demographic characteristics.

Table 3.1 Percentage Distribution of Households by Gender Headship, Pakistan and Provinces Census 2017 & 2023

All Area	2017			2023		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Pakistan	100.00	11.94	88.06	100.00	5.86	94.14
Urban	100.00	12.32	87.68	100.00	6.32	93.68
Rural	100.00	11.70	88.30	100.00	0.59	99.41
Punjab	100.00	13.49	86.51	100.00	6.43	93.57
Urban	100.00	14.29	85.71	100.00	6.98	93.02
Rural	100.00	13.01	86.99	100.00	6.05	93.95
Sindh	100.00	9.61	90.39	100.00	4.67	95.33
Urban	100.00	10.39	89.61	100.00	5.76	94.24
Rural	100.00	8.79	91.21	100.00	3.47	96.53
KP	100.00	13.47	86.53	100.00	7.09	92.91
Urban	100.00	10.81	89.19	100.00	6.15	93.85
Rural	100.00	14.13	85.87	100.00	7.26	92.74
Balochistan	100.00	5.92	94.08	100.00	2.88	97.12
Urban	100.00	6.48	93.52	100.00	2.77	97.23
Rural	100.00	5.68	94.32	100.00	2.92	97.08
Urban	100.00	13.04	86.96	100.00	5.82	94.18
Rural	100.00	13.47	86.53	100.00	5.80	94.20

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Census 2017 & 2023).

3.2 Age Structure of Gender Headship

Age structure of gender headship bears out this status as a masculine prerogative. Significant start to take up this responsibility takes place in early twenties to spike in early forties and curve mildly down to the minimum in early sixties. An apparent scaling up beyond that can be attributed to open ended-ness of the age interval. Female follow the same pattern, though; fare enormously lesser than their male compatriots in sync with patriarchal composition of Pakistani society, characterized with a raft of socio-cultural inhibitions on the mobility and initiative of womenfolk.



Table 3.2 Percentage Distribution of Gender Headship by Age, Pakistan Census 2017 & 2023

2017				2023			
Age group	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Age group	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan				Pakistan			
All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00
15-19	0.46	0.80	0.76	15-19	0.57	1.52	1.46
20-24	2.63	4.56	4.33	20-24	2.73	4.92	4.79
25-29	6.81	8.74	8.51	25-29	5.31	8.44	8.25
30-34	10.00	11.85	11.63	30-34	8.69	11.02	10.89
35-39	12.73	13.72	13.60	35-39	11.05	13.16	13.04
40-44	12.11	12.50	12.46	40-44	12.66	13.74	13.68
45-49	11.74	11.68	11.69	45-49	11.07	11.61	11.58
50-54	11.14	10.81	10.85	50-54	11.40	10.23	10.30
55-59	8.66	7.98	8.06	55-59	9.76	8.47	8.55
60 +	23.74	17.36	18.12	60+	26.76	16.88	17.46

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Census 2017 & 2023).

3.3 Region-wise Composition of Households

Table 3.3 presents the average household size in Pakistan and its provinces, disaggregated by urban and rural areas for 2018-19 and 2024-25. Overall, the average household size in Pakistan declined from 6.2 persons in 2018-19 to 5.98 persons in 2024-25, indicating a modest reduction in household size over the period. The decline was observed in both urban areas, where the average household size decreased from 6.0 to 5.69 persons, and rural areas, where it fell from 6.4 to 6.17 persons.



Overall, the data indicate a general downward trend in household size across Pakistan between 2018-19 and 2024-25. The reduction was most pronounced in Balochistan and KP, while Punjab showed only a marginal change. The persistent difference between urban and rural household sizes at the national level also suggests continuing variation in household composition and living arrangements across areas.

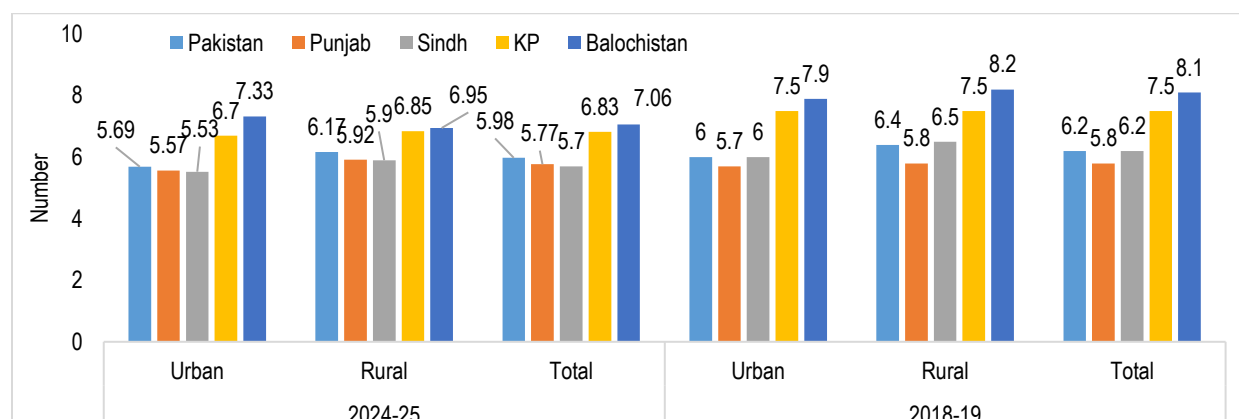
Table 3.3 Average Household Size by Region, 2018-19 & 2024-25

Areas/ Province	2024-25			2018-19		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
Pakistan	5.69	6.17	5.98	6.0	6.4	6.2
Punjab	5.57	5.92	5.77	5.7	5.8	5.8
Sindh	5.53	5.90	5.70	6.0	6.5	6.2
KP	6.70	6.85	6.83	7.5	7.5	7.5
Balochistan	7.33	6.95	7.06	7.9	8.2	8.1

Notes: Only those individuals who were classified as household members have been included in the above.

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES Survey).

Figure 3.1: Average Household Size by Gender, place of Residence, Urban, Rural and Pakistan 2018-19 & 2024-25



3.4 Household by Number of Rooms

The distribution of households by number of rooms in Pakistan for 2024-25, with a comparison to 2018-19, disaggregated by urban and rural areas. The findings indicate that households with 2-4 rooms continue to constitute the predominant housing category across the country. In 2024-25, 68 percent of households occupied dwellings with 2-4 rooms, comprising 73 percent of urban households and 65 percent of rural households. This represents a modest increase from 65 percent in 2018-19, reflecting a gradual improvement in housing conditions.



Table 3.4 Percentage of Region-wise Households by Number of Rooms

Province/ Region	2024-25			2018-19		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
Pakistan						
One Room	20	28	25	24	31	28
2-4 Room	73	65	68	69	63	65
5 & More rooms	7	7	7	7	6	6
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES Survey).



CHAPTER - 4

Health Profile

The Health Profile provides an overview of the population's health status and access to healthcare services, highlighting key health-related indicators across regions and population groups. It covers important aspects such as healthcare utilization, maternal and child health, morbidity, disability, and access to health facilities and services.

Overall, the health profile helps identify regional and urban–rural disparities in health outcomes and healthcare access. Differences in socioeconomic conditions, availability of health facilities, and access to qualified healthcare providers contribute to variations in health status across provinces. The analysis provides an evidence base for identifying priority areas and supporting effective health planning, resource allocation, and policy interventions aimed at improving the overall health and well-being of the population.

4.1 Health Delivery Facilities

Pakistan inherited very poor health infrastructure at the time of independence. Notwithstanding steady expansion of health facilities in the post-independence period, the goal of universal access still eludes the general populace. Table 4.1 provides temporal scenario of the expansion of health facilities in public sector. The data do indicate a sort of increase down the time lane in all categories except Sub Health Clinics. Numbers accrue to Dispensaries, MCH Centers, Hospitals, BHUs, RHCs and T,B Centers in the same order however, the change is far from paradigmatic.

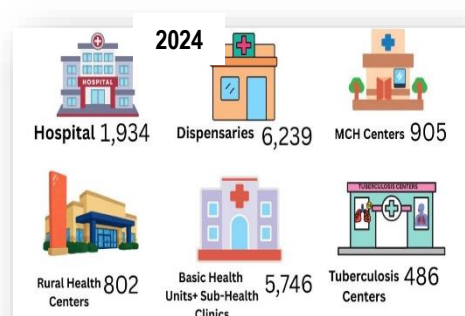


Table 4.1 Health Delivery Facilities by Type in Public Sector Pakistan 2018 to 2024

(Numbers)

Year	Hospital	Dispensaries	MCH Centers	Tuberculosis Centers	Rural Health Centers	Basic Health Units+ Sub-Health Clinics
2018	1,279	5,671	747	441	686	5,527
2019	1,282	5,743	752	412	686	5,527
2020	1,289	5,849	752	410	719	5,561
2021	1,276	5,832	781	416	736	5,559
2022	1,284	5,584	798	417	697	5,520
2023	1,696	5,627	822	482	783	5,434
2024	1,934	6,239	905	486	802	5,746

Source: Provincial Health Directorates.

4.2 Health facilities by Areas

Total number of health facilities in urban and rural areas is 4726 and 11386 respectively in 2024. On the average, one facility is available for 14341 people and one bed is available for 1328 persons. Area wise, the top curative facilities (hospitals) and reproductive health centers (MCH Centers) are concentrated in urban localities whereas primary health care centers (RHC/BHU) are located in rural areas. As a result, the distribution of beds is also skewed in favour of urban areas, the relevant data is provided in the below table.



Table-4.2 Number of Health Facilities by Type and Beds in Urban and Rural Areas, Pakistan 2024

Type of Facilities	Urban		Rural		All Areas	
	No. of Facilities	No. of Beds	No. of Facilities	No. of Beds	No. of Facilities	No. of Beds
Hospital	1712	141,954	222	12,264	1,934	154,218
Dispensaries	1,730	673	4,509	89	6,239	762
T.B. Centers	326	145	160	12	486	157
MCH Centers	450	382	455	95	905	477
RH Centers	174	2,538	628	9,220	802	11,758
Basic Health Units	310	70	5,131	6,529	5,441	6,599
SHCs	24	0	281	0	305	0
Total	4,726	145,762	11,386	28,209	16,112	173,971

Source: Provincial Health Directorates.

Note: Basic Health Units include Sub-Health Centers

4.3 Health Manpower Turnover Trends

A comparison of service providers by gender indicates that females as Doctors, LHVs, Nurses, Midwives and Lady Health Visitors have more than been catching up with number of male personnel of comparative status deployed in the health sector. Development of Lady Health Visitors will certainly lead to better state of females health especially in rural areas. This spectacle underscores our preference for medical practice and teaching as the most suited professions for females in consonance with our socio-cultural ethos.

4.4 Medical and Dental Doctors

In 2024, there are 20,459 medical doctors and 3,056 dentists registered with Pakistan Medical and Dental Council (Table 4.3). Evidently, number of female professionals have been curving up with faster pace as compared to male's to make a higher trend line after the turn of century. This scenario is more obvious in the case of dentists than doctors since the year 2018. There are 2062 registered female dentists (67.47%) as compared to 994 (32.53%) male dentists across the country in the year 2024.



Medical Doctors
20,459

2024



Dentists
3,056

Table 4.3 Yearly Registered Medical and Dental Doctors by Gender, Pakistan, 2018 to 2024

(Number)

Years	Doctors			Dentists		
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total
2018	7,538	5,284	12,822	1,600	532	2,132
2019	6,856	5,676	12,532	1,730	605	2,335
2020	7,186	5,540	12,726	1,728	702	2,430
2021	9,950	10,493	20,443	2,217	924	3,141
2022	8,308	7,645	15,953	1,861	794	2,655
2023	8,029	8,701	16,730	1,908	968	2,876
2024	10,544	9,915	20,459	2,062	994	3,056

Source: Pakistan Medical & Dental Council, Islamabad.

Figure 4.1 (a): Yearly Registered Medical Doctors by Gender, Pakistan, 2018 to 2024

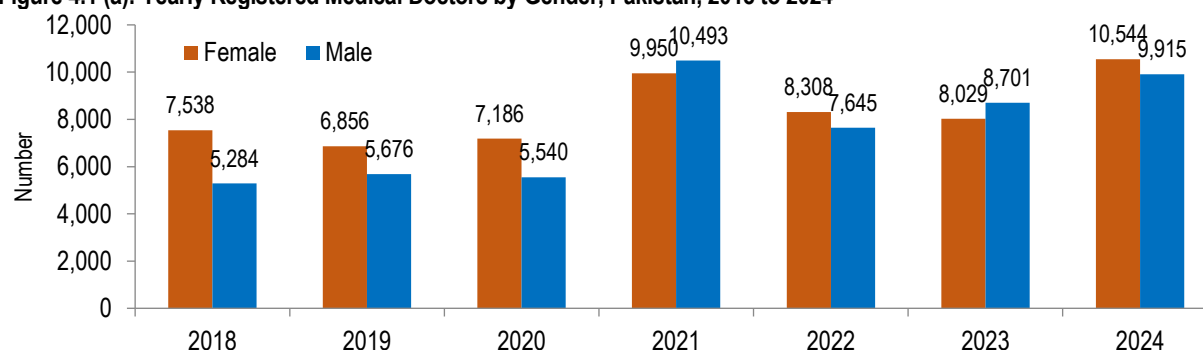
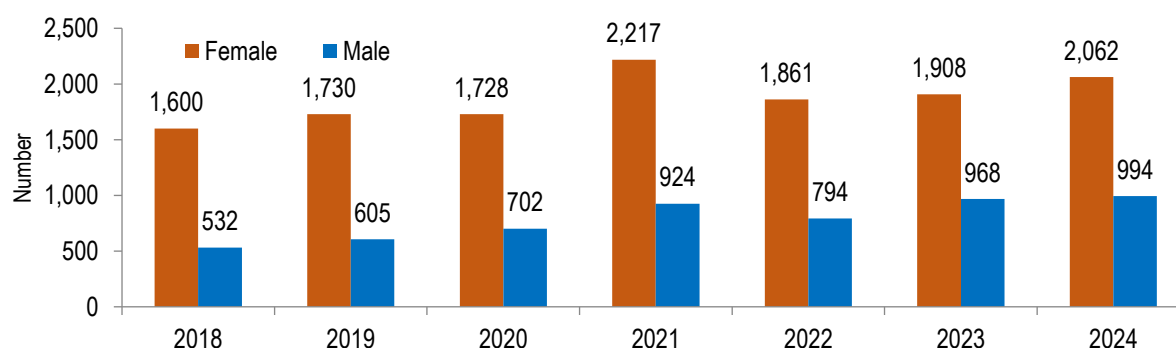


Figure 4.1 (b): Yearly Registered Dental Doctors by Gender, Pakistan, 2018 to 2024



4.5 Paramedics and Auxiliary Health Workers

Lady Health Visitors (LHVs) are the next important health service providers after doctors. They are posted in MCHs, RHVs, BHUs, etc. In the foremost case, they head the facility. Nurses and Midwives as auxiliary of the former, constitute indispensable rank and file of the health facilities.



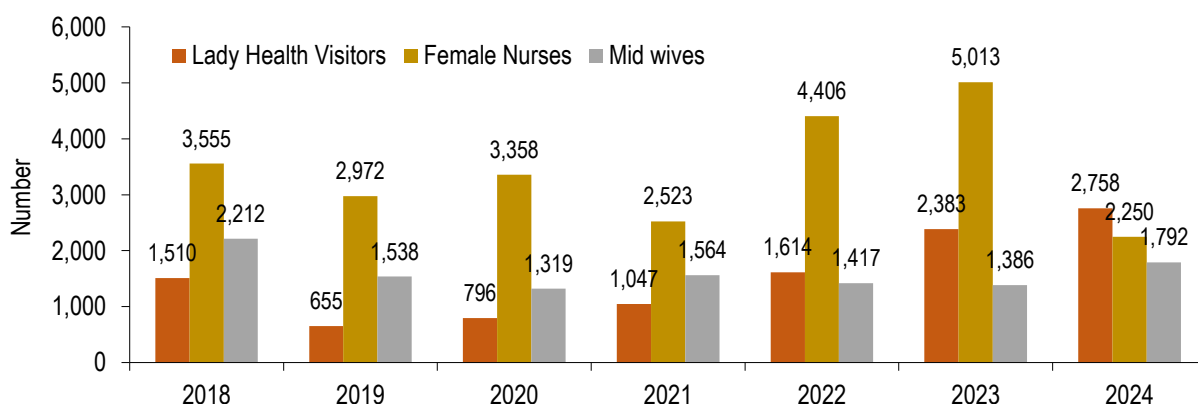
Table-4.4 Yearly Registered Lady Health Visitors, Nurses and Mid Wives Pakistan 2018 to 2024

(Number)

Years	Lady Health Visitors	Female Nurses	Mid wives
2018	1,510	3,555	2,212
2019	655	2,972	1,538
2020	796	3,358	1,319
2021	1,047	2,523	1,564
2022	1,614	4,406	1,417
2023	2,383	5,013	1,386
2024	2,758	2,250	1,792

Source: Pakistan Nursing Council.

Figure 4.2 Number of Lady Health Visitors, Nurses and Mid Wives, Pakistan 2018 to 2024



4.6 Medical Colleges

Table 4.5 presents the distribution of medical colleges by gender across Pakistan and its administrative regions for 2023-24 (provisional). The country had a total of 120 medical colleges, of which 115 were male colleges and only 5 were female colleges, indicating a substantial gender imbalance in the availability of medical institutions.

Punjab accounted for the largest share, with 95 medical colleges, including 91 male and 4 female colleges. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP) had 12 colleges, comprising 11 male and 1 female institution. Sindh had

7 medical colleges, while Balochistan had 5 and Islamabad had 1; all institutions in these areas were classified as male colleges.

Overall, the distribution shows a strong concentration of medical colleges in Punjab and a limited number of institutions specifically designated for female students. The figures highlight the need for continued expansion and diversification of medical education infrastructure, particularly to improve access and opportunities for female students across provinces.



Table-4.5 Number of Medical Colleges by Gender and Area 2023-24 (P)

Region	Medical		
	Total	Female	Male
Pakistan	120	5	115
Punjab	95	4	91
Sindh	7	0	7
KP	12	1	11
Balochistan	5	0	5
Islamabad	1	0	1

Source: Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Note: Public Sector

Table-4.6 Enrolment of Medical Colleges by Gender and Area 2023-24 (P)

Region	Medical		
	Total	Female	Male
Pakistan	71,162	36,743	34,419
Punjab	55,876	29,176	26,700
Sindh	6,272	3,710	2,562
KP	7,099	2,984	4,115
Balochistan	1,382	539	843
Islamabad	533	334	199

Source: Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Note: Public Sector

4.7 Teaching Staff in Medical Colleges

Table 4.7 presents the distribution of teaching staff in medical colleges by gender across Pakistan and its administrative regions for 2023-24 (provisional). A total of 10,664 teaching staff were reported across the country, comprising 4,946 female and 5,718 male teachers. Thus, female teachers accounted for approximately 46.4% of the total teaching workforce, while males represented 53.6%, indicating a relatively balanced gender composition at the national level.



Overall, the data indicate considerable regional variation in the gender composition of medical college teaching staff, with female representation particularly strong in Punjab and Islamabad, while male teachers remained predominant in Sindh, KP, and Balochistan.

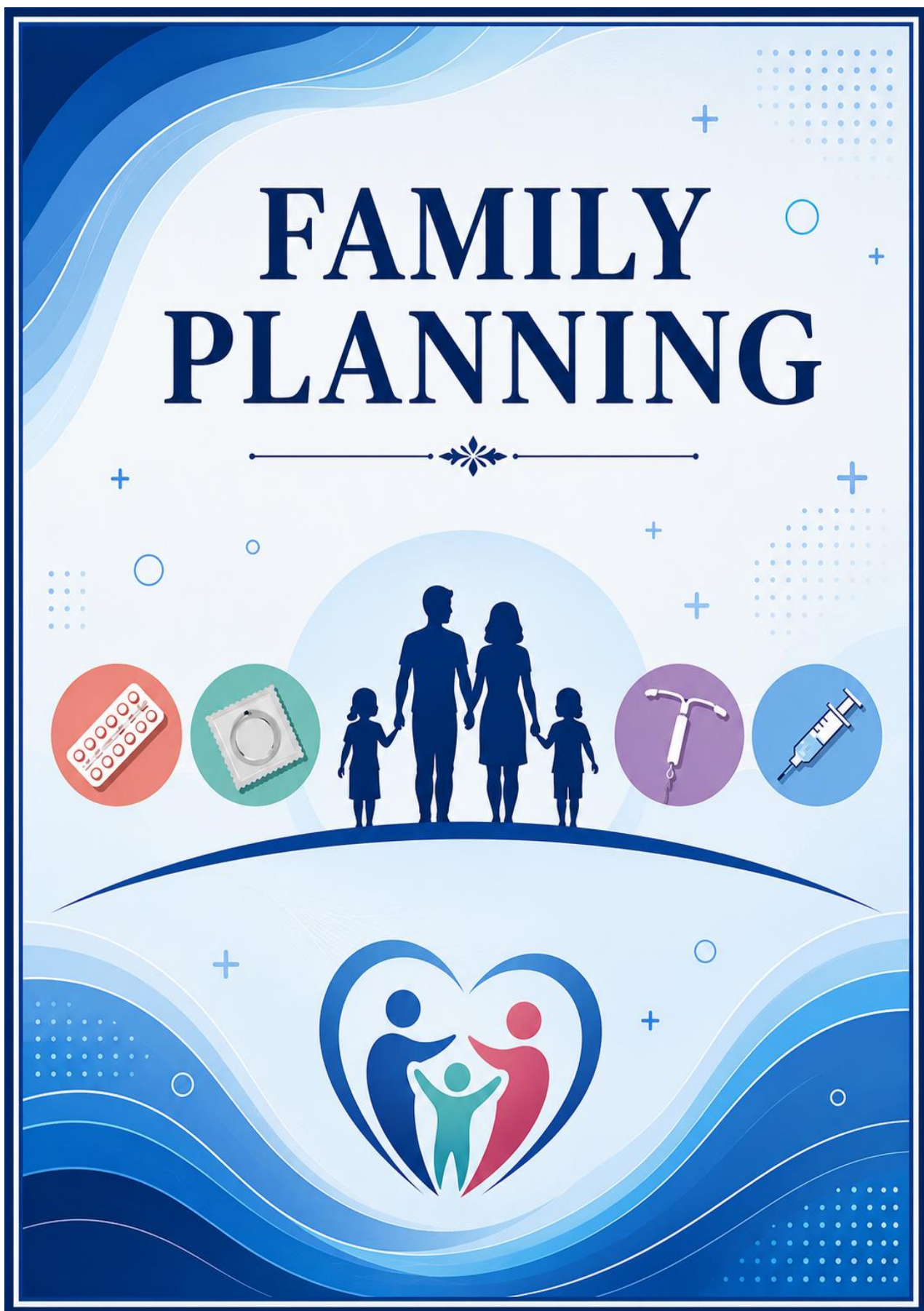
Table-4.7 Teaching Staff of Medical Colleges by Gender and Area 2023-24 (P)

Region	Medical		
	Total	Female	Male
Pakistan	10,664	4,946	5,718
Punjab	6,784	3,429	3,355
Sindh	1,084	481	603
KP	1,595	597	998
Balochistan	1,156	406	750
Islamabad	45	33	12

Source: Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Note: Public Sector

FAMILY PLANNING



CHAPTER - 5

Family Planning

This chapter presents some synopses on Family Planning e.g. delivery facilities, Manpower and gender based level of knowledge, attitude, ever and current use of contraceptives.

5.1 Knowledge of Contraceptive Methods

Information detail on Female's knowledge, ever use, and current use of contraceptive methods are given below. Overall picture seems to be nearly exhaustive as 99 percent of Pakistani female currently married aged between 15 and 49 years know at least one method of contraception. Level of awareness across the areas makes comparable configuration.



Table-5.1 Percentage of Currently Married Female Who Reported Knowledge of Contraceptives Methods, Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2018-19 & 2024-25

Region/Province	2018-19			2024-25		
	Know About	Ever Used	Currently Using	Know About	Ever Used	Currently Using
Overall						
Pakistan	99	43	34	99	45	38
Punjab	100	47	39	99	48	43
Sindh	99	36	30	100	38	31
KP	99	47	31	99	49	36
Balochistan	94	17	14	96	30	22
Urban Area						
Pakistan	100	49	41	100	51	44
Punjab	100	53	46	100	53	47
Sindh	100	43	36	100	49	40
KP	100	55	42	100	55	43
Balochistan	97	24	20	97	37	28
Rural Area						
Pakistan	99	39	30	99	41	34
Punjab	100	43	35	98	45	40
Sindh	99	28	22	100	25	20
KP	99	45	28	99	48	35
Balochistan	92	14	11	96	28	19

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES Survey).

5.2 Type of Family Planning Method

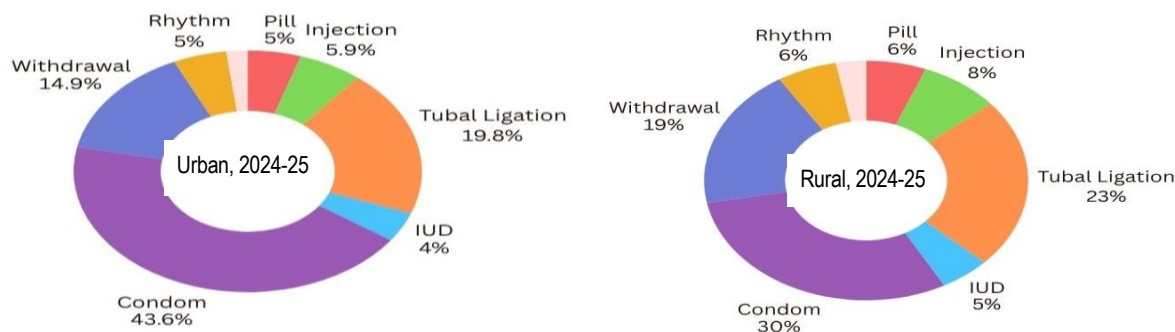
All Female who said that they had heard of a method of family planning were asked whether they had ever used that method in order to delay or avoid getting pregnant. In 2024-25 Pakistan the main methods currently used by currently married female are "Condom" 36 percent, "Withdrawal" 17 percent and "Tubal ligation" 22 percent. In Punjab Condom is followed by Tubal Ligation and Withdrawal. In Sindh, Balochistan and KP condom is used at top. Generally, level of use of contraceptive method is higher in urban areas than rural areas.

Table 5.2: Type of Family Planning Method Currently Being Used-by Province and Family Planning Method for the year 2018-19 & 2024-25

(Percent)

Region and Family Planning Method	2018-19			2024-25		
	Urban	Rural	Overall	Urban	Rural	Overall
Overall Pakistan						
Pill	4	6	5	5	6	6
Injection	6	12	10	6	8	7
Tubal Ligation	21	24	23	20	23	22
IUD	5	5	5	4	5	5
Condom	31	22	26	44	30	36
Withdrawal	28	26	27	15	19	17
Rhythm	2	2	2	5	6	5
Others	2	3	2	2	3	2
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Punjab						
Pill	3	4	4	3	4	4
Injection	2	6	4	4	4	4
Tubal Ligation	24	29	26	23	28	26
IUD	6	6	6	4	7	5
Condom	28	24	26	42	30	35
Withdrawal	34	26	30	17	17	17
Rhythm	2	2	2	6	8	8
Others	1	2	2	1	2	2
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Sindh						
Pill	6	9	7	6	11	8
Injection	11	20	15	10	18	12
Tubal Ligation	20	39	27	18	38	25
IUD	3	3	3	3	4	3
Condom	37	13	28	49	16	39
Withdrawal	15	8	12	9	5	8
Rhythm	2	1	1	2	2	2
Others	5	7	6	3	6	4
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
KP						
Pill	8	8	8	7	10	9
Injection	16	25	23	10	14	14
Tubal Ligation	6	5	5	8	6	6
IUD	3	3	3	2	2	2
Condom	27	20	21	38	37	37
Withdrawal	37	35	36	33	30	31
Rhythm	2	3	3	0	0	0
Others	1	0	0	1	2	1
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Balochistan						
Pill	17	20	19	19	12	15
Injection	20	8	13	10	8	9
Tubal Ligation	11	14	13	8	5	6
IUD	3	6	5	19	11	14
Condom	27	23	25	36	30	33
Withdrawal	20	28	25	6	28	19
Rhythm	1	0	1	0	5	3
Others	0	1	1	1	1	1
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES Survey).



5.3 Attitudes towards Family Planning Methods

All Female who said that they had ever used any contraceptive method were asked attitudinal questions about family planning methods. More than nine-tenth of Female who are using contraception found the method satisfactory. Table 5.3 indicates the rate of satisfaction is lower in the rural as compared to urban areas.

Table 5.3: Attitudes towards Family Planning Methods- by Province for the year 2018-19 & 2024-25

(Percentage of cases)

Province	2018-19			2024-25		
	Urban	Rural	Overall	Urban	Rural	Overall
Pakistan	99	98	98	98	97	97
Punjab	99	98	99	98	97	97
Sindh	99	97	98	98	96	98
KP	100	98	99	97	97	97
Balochistan	98	97	98	96	97	97

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES Survey).

5.4 Current Fertility Rate

Table 5.4 shows a TFR of 3.6 children per Female in 2024-25. Fertility is considerably higher in rural areas (4.1 births per Female) than in urban areas (3.0 births per Female) as per 2024-25, a pattern that is evident at every age. The persistence of a disparity in fertility between urban and rural Female is most probably due to factors associated with urbanization, such as better education, higher status of Female, better access to health and family planning information and services, and later marriage. On the whole, peak fertility occurs at age 25-29, a pattern evident in rural areas as well as urban areas. Fertility falls sharply after age 30-34.

Table 5.4 Current Fertility (Age-specific and total fertility rates and the general fertility rate for the three years preceding the survey, by residence, Pakistan for the year 2018-19 & 2024-25

Age Group	2024-25			2018-19		
	2021-23 (Average)			2015-17 (Average)		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
15-19	38	54	48	38	65	54
20-24	134	184	164	153	208	187
25-29	181	218	202	184	233	214
30-34	145	176	163	130	174	157
35-39	72	105	91	66	99	86
40-44	24	49	39	19	40	32
45-49	8	26	18	11	23	19
TFR(15-49)	3.0	4.1	3.6	3.0	4.2	3.7

Note: Note: Age-specific fertility rates are per 1000 Female. Estimates in brackets are truncated. Rates are for the period 1-36 months prior to the interview. Rates for the 10-14 age group are based on retrospective data from Female age 15-17. As the survey was based on an ever-married sample, the number of Female listed in the household who had never been married. The "all Female" factors were based on age in the household and background information available at the household level. Female who have never been married are presumed not to have given birth. Table excludes Azad Jammu & Kashmir and Gilgit-Baltistan

TFR: Total Fertility Rate expressed per Female. GFR: General Fertility Rate Expressed per 1,000 Female age 15-44.

CBR: Crude birth rate, expressed per population

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES Survey).

KEY FINDINGS OF EDUCATION



LITERACY LEVEL



**EDUCATIONAL
INFRASTRUCTURE**
PUBLIC SCHOOLS

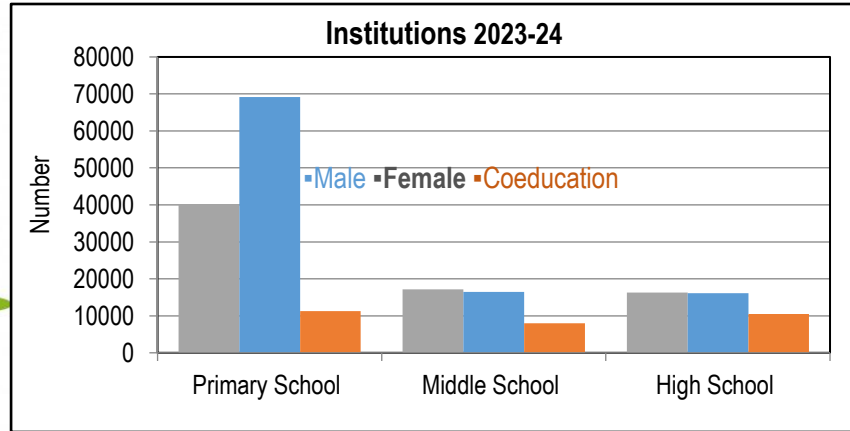


TEACHING STAFF
PUBLIC SCHOOLS

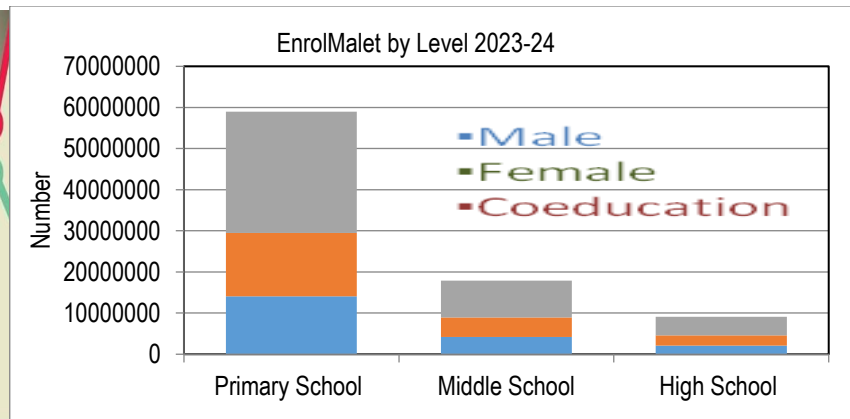


KEY FINDINGS OF EDUCATION

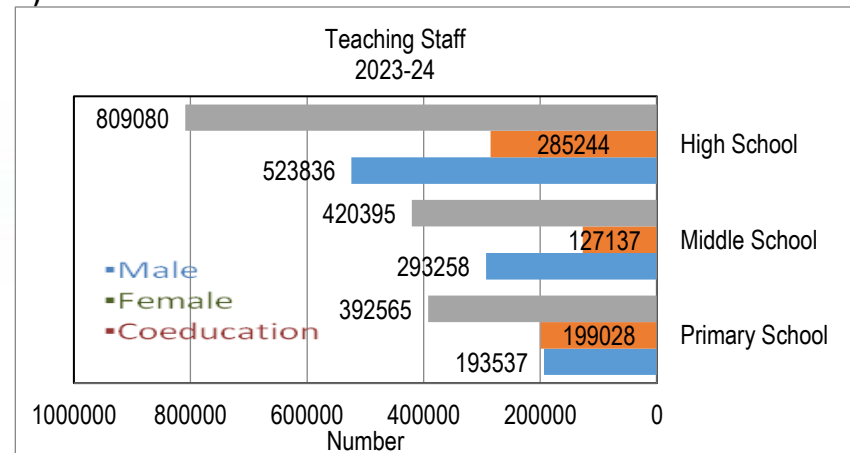
Institutions by Level (2023-24)



Enrolment by Level (2023-24)



Teaching Staff by Level (2023-24)



CHAPTER - 6

Education in Pakistan

This chapter mainly focuses on education and related issues such as literacy, Enrolment, educational attainment growth of educational institutions and teachers etc.

6.1 Literacy level

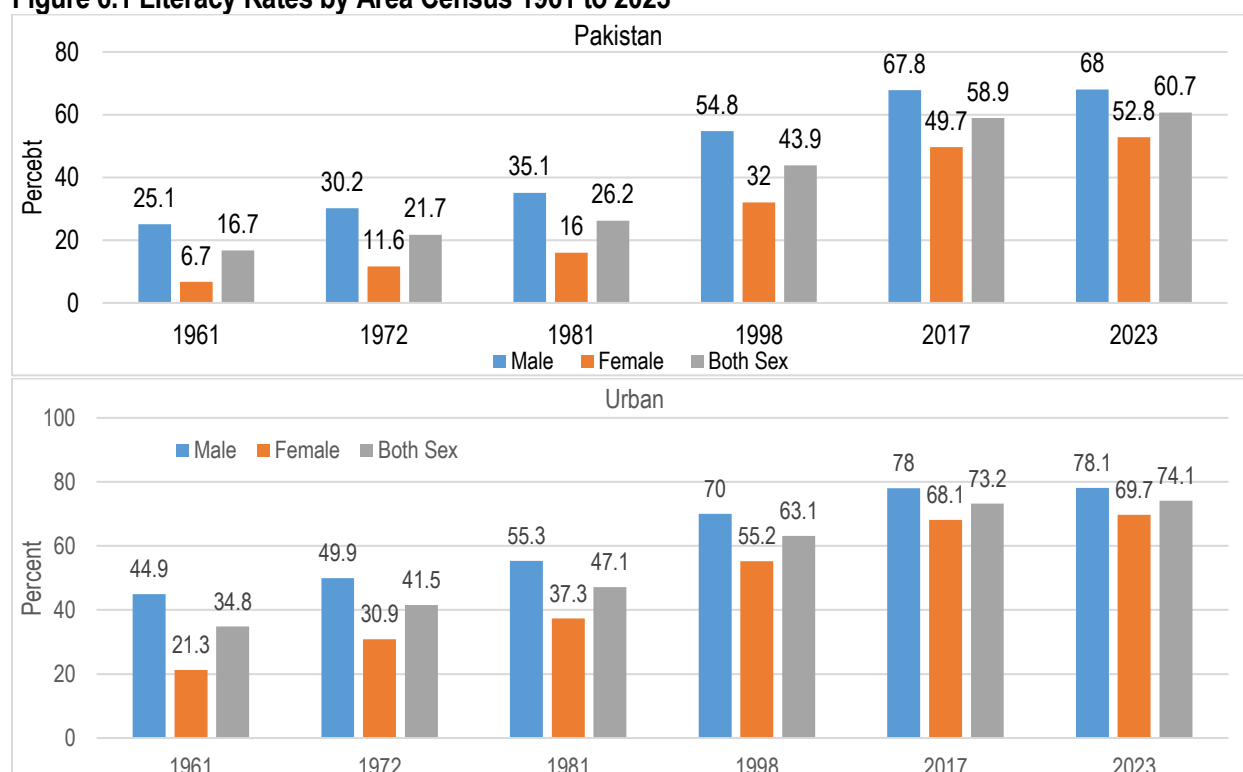
The consecutive censuses find the overall literacy rate for the population 10 years and above as an increasing function of time. However, considerable part of population is still illiterate as the literacy rate of the last census 2023 (60.7%) bears out. In this context, females are proceeding fast as males down the time lane. In so far as this contrast is sharper in urban than rural areas, it appears that the socio-cultural constraints lurking behind rural-urban divide are fast relenting with the passage of time, particularly, from the perspective of gender equality.

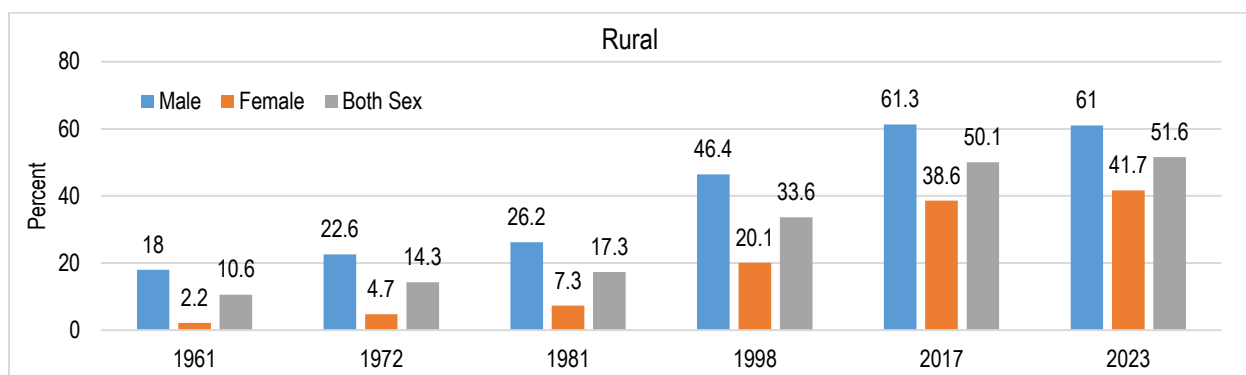
Table-6.1 Literacy Rates of Population (10 years and above) by Gender and Urban - Rural Areas, Pakistan Census 1961 to 2023

Years	Urban			Rural			Total		
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female
1961	34.8	44.9	21.3	10.6	18.0	2.2	16.7	25.1	6.7
1972	41.5	49.9	30.9	14.3	22.6	4.7	21.7	30.2	11.6
1981	47.1	55.3	37.3	17.3	26.2	7.3	26.2	35.1	16.0
1998	63.1	70.0	55.2	33.6	46.4	20.1	43.9	54.8	32.0
2017	73.2	78.0	68.1	50.1	61.3	38.6	58.9	67.8	49.7
2023	74.1	78.1	69.7	51.6	61.0	41.7	60.7	68.0	52.8

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Censuses).

Figure 6.1 Literacy Rates by Area Census 1961 to 2023





For the most recent and widely accepted measure of literacy level, Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement (PSLM) Survey is referred. The survey's historical data reflects consistent ascent in the level of literacy, more for females than males.

Table 6.2 Literacy (10 Years and above) Rates for the year 2018-19 & 2024-25 (%)

Area/Sex	2018-19	2024-25
Pakistan		
Total	60	63
Male	71	73
Female	49	54
Rural		
Total	51	55
Male	65	67
Female	38	44
Urban		
Total	74	74
Male	80	81
Female	67	68

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES)

Educational Infrastructure - Public Schools

		 Women	 Men	 Both Sexes
	Primary Schools	40,154	69,184	11,269
	Middle Schools	17,185	16,453	7,979
	High Schools	16,325	16,116	10,477
	Arts and Science Colleges	1,205	1,338	2,543
	Number of Professional Colleges	78	588	666

6.2 Primary Schools

Universal access to primary schools is the main determinant of literacy level as well as a great social equalizer. The gender symmetrical expansion in their numbers provides for diffusion of technology and rise of social capital. Generally, the number of schools makes an ascending time series.

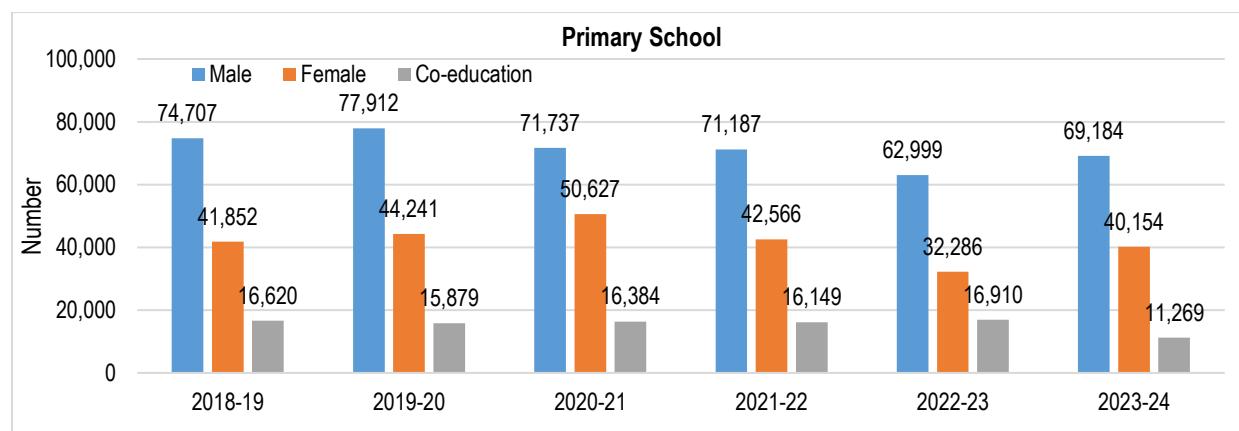
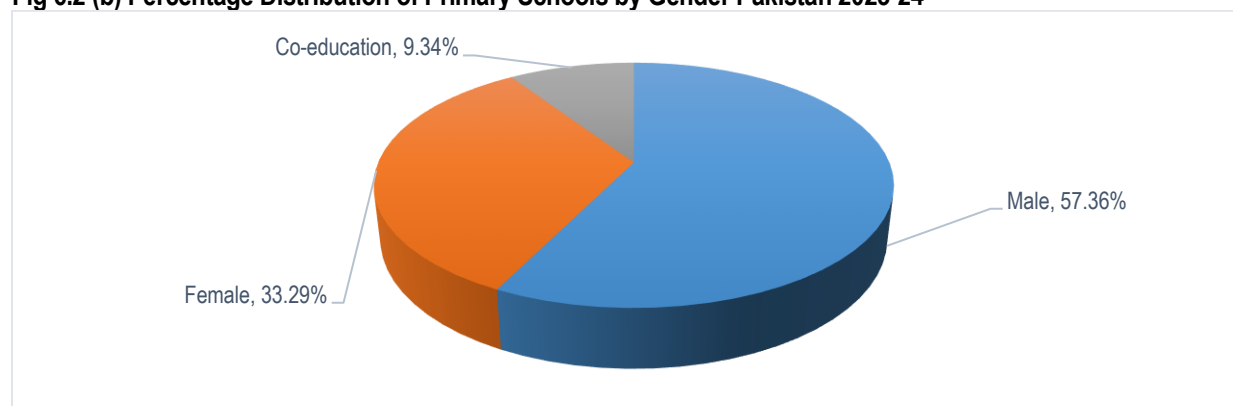
Table 6.3 Number of Educational Institutions (Primary School) for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

Year	Number of Primary School			
	Female	Male	Co-education	Both Sexes
2018-19	41,852	74,707	16,620	133,179
2019-20	44,241	77,912	15,879	138,032
2020-21	50,627	71,737	16,384	138,748
2021-22	42,566	71,187	16,149	129,902
2022-23	32,286	62,999	16,910	112,195
2023-24	40,154	69,184	11,269	120,607

Source: - Academy of educational Planning & Management, Islamabad

Note: Data do not tally with other publications as data of Gilgit Baltistan & AJK is excluded.

P = Provisional

Fig 6.2 (a) Number of Primary Schools by Gender Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24**Fig 6.2 (b) Percentage Distribution of Primary Schools by Gender Pakistan 2023-24**

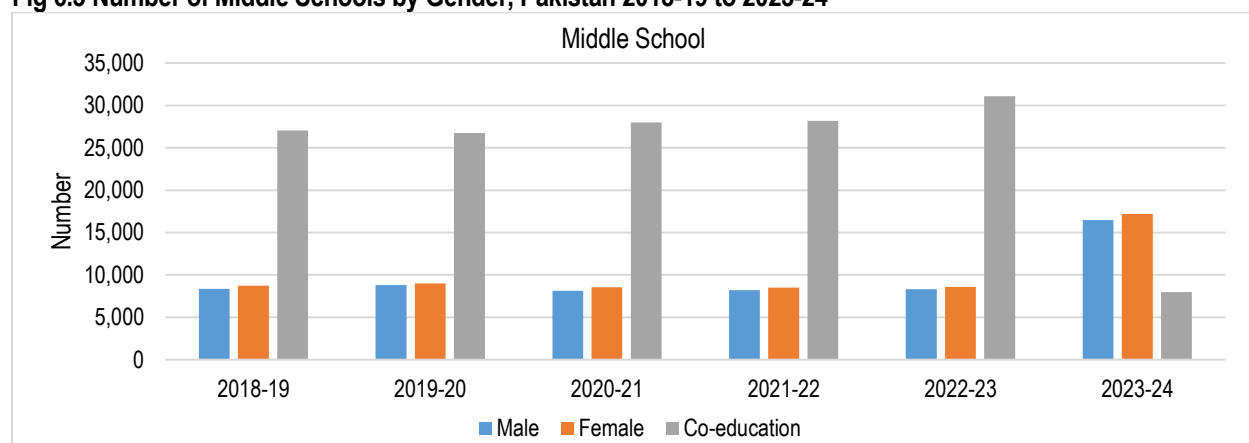
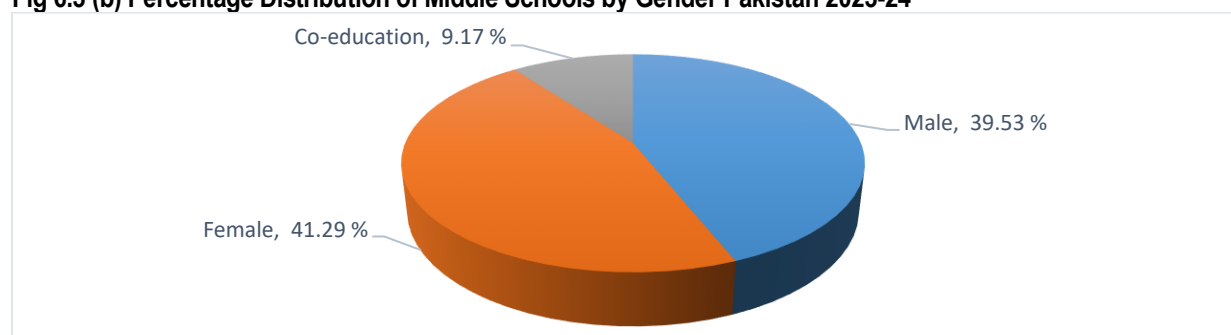
6.3 Middle Schools

At the outset, the time series of middle school is, more or less, akin to that of primary schools. However, the number has been rising more consistently. Similarly obtains the series of mixed schools through the tabular period. The number of middle schools speaks of gravitation towards gender equality with the passage of time.

Table 6.4 Number of Educational Institutions (Middle School) for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

Year	Number of Middle School			
	Female	Male	Co-education	Both Sexes
2018-19	8,723	8,345	27,040	44,108
2019-20	8,983	8,817	26,748	44,548
2020-21	8,558	8,140	27,987	44,685
2021-22	8,509	8,201	28,189	44,899
2022-23	8,586	8,315	31,078	47,979
2023-24	17,185	16,453	7,979	41,617

Source: - Academy of Educational Planning & Management, Islamabad

Fig 6.3 Number of Middle Schools by Gender, Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24**Fig 6.3 (b) Percentage Distribution of Middle Schools by Gender Pakistan 2023-24**

6.4 High Schools

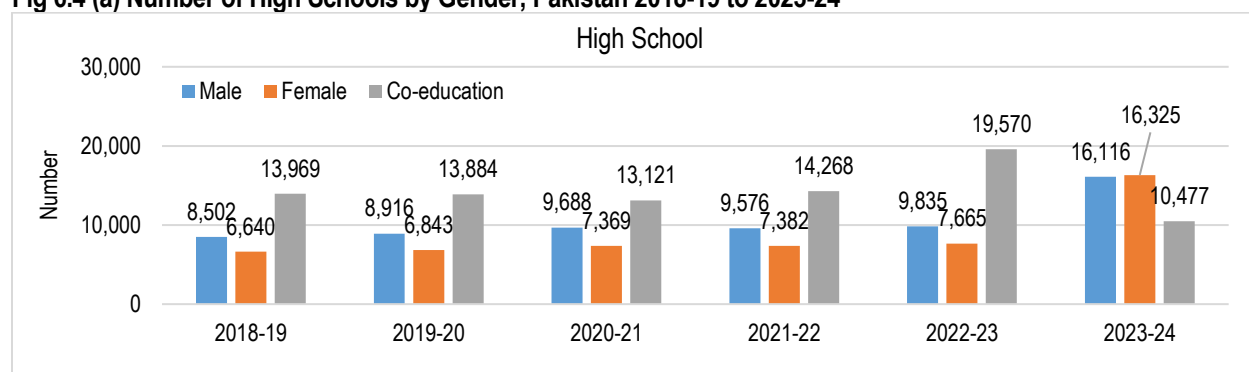
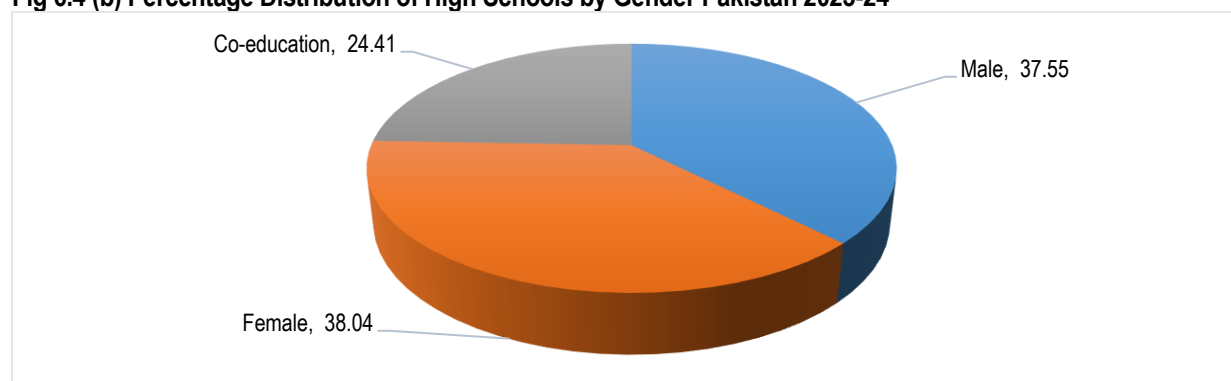
Longitudinally, number of high schools follows the overall pattern of primary and secondary schools. Both boys and girls school have, more or less, been increasing during the tabular period.

Table 6.5 Number of Educational Institutions (High School) for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

Year	Number of High School			
	Female	Male	Co-education	Both Sexes
2018-19	6,640	8,502	13,969	29,111
2019-20	6,843	8,916	13,884	29,643
2020-21	7,369	9,688	13,121	30,178
2021-22	7,382	9,576	14,268	31,226
2022-23	7,665	9,835	19,570	37,070
2023-24	16,325	16,116	10,477	42,918

Source: Academy of Educational Planning & Management, Islamabad.

P = Provisional

Fig 6.4 (a) Number of High Schools by Gender, Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24**Fig 6.4 (b) Percentage Distribution of High Schools by Gender Pakistan 2023-24**

6.5 Arts and Science Colleges

Number of arts and science colleges constitute ascending time series. However, number of girls colleges on smaller side of the boys colleges at any point of time. However, the gender disparity decreases by time as the growth of female colleges are at higher side. It indicates the system's amenability to embrace gender equality in the domain of tertiary education.

Table 6.6 Number of Arts and Science Colleges for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

Year	No. of Arts and Science Colleges		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
2018-19	1,068	1,198	2,266
2019-20	1,124	1,268	2,392
2020-21	1,105	1,282	2,387
2021-22	1,146	1,301	2,447
2022-23	1,137	1,311	2,448
2023-24	1,205	1,338	2,543

Source: - Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Note: Public sector data only. P = Provisional

6.6 Number of Professional Colleges

Professional colleges means as educational institution that provide specialized education like Engineering, Law, Business etc. Professional colleges (table 6.7) depict an entirely male-led growth over time. Female colleges constitute a wavering curve down the time lane with a small gradient. This scenario owes to a number of socio-cultural and economic factors which translate into weak clientele/demand for female colleges. These factors include primacy of nuptial bond as the foremost concern of Female, culturally reinforced preoccupation with traditional role as housewives and, of course, an attitudinal aversion to savior Female's economic independence. Time series on the number of universities (table-6.8) reflect the same pattern with more intensity.

Table 6.7 Number of Professional Colleges for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

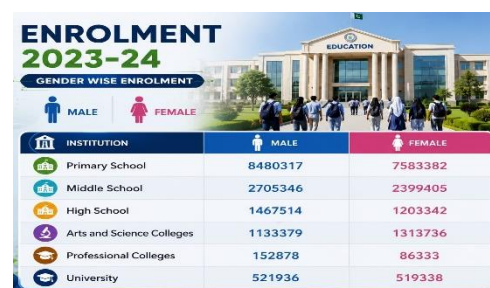
Year	No. of Professional Colleges		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
2018-19	62	606	668
2019-20	54	608	662
2020-21	68	622	690
2021-22	50	653	703
2022-23	56	682	738
2023-24	78	588	666

Source: - Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Note: Public sector data only. P = Provisional

6.7 Enrolment Status- Public Schools

Enrolment starts from class I at primary school, to continue up the ladder to higher level. For Enrolment in a primary school, 5-year age is fixed both for girls and boys.



6.8 Primary School Enrolment

Primary School Enrolment (table 6.8 and figure 6.5) has generally been an increasing function of time. However, rate of acceleration does not betoken universal access. Girls' Enrolment makes a slimmer time series, while boys Enrolment showing slightly decreasing in 2023-24.

Table 6.8 Primary School Enrolments for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

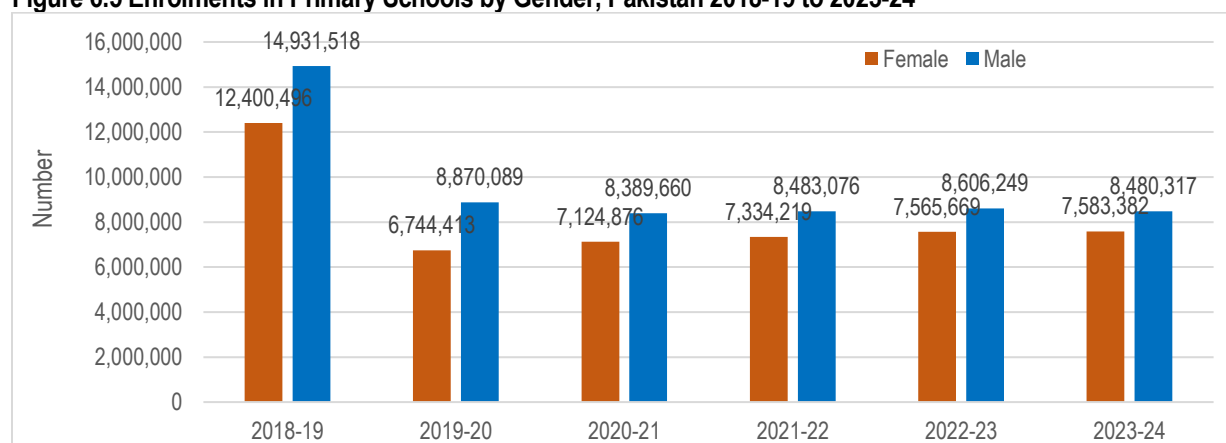
(Number)

Year	Primary School Enrolment		
	Female	Male	Both Sex
2018-19	12,400,496	14,931,518	27,332,014
2019-20	6,744,413	8,870,089	15,614,502
2020-21	7,124,876	8,389,660	15,514,536
2021-22	7,334,219	8,483,076	15,817,295
2022-23	7,565,669	8,606,249	16,171,918
2023-24	7,583,382	8,480,317	16,063,699

Source: - Academy of Educational Planning & Management, Islamabad

P = Provisional

Figure 6.5 Enrolments in Primary Schools by Gender, Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24



6.9 Middle and High School Enrolments

Middle school Enrolment figure 6.6 and table 6.9 reflect that slightly increase observed in boys and girls Enrolment . Further gender differentials have begun to narrow down steadily down the time lane. As middle school Enrolment later on constitutes almost all of high school Enrolment, the latter's profile both in total and by gender is akin to that of the former's.

Table 6.9 Middle School Enrolments for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

(Number)

Year	Middle School Enrolment		
	Female	Male	Both Sex
2018-19	2,853,232	3,532,296	6,385,528
2019-20	1,998,649	2,446,219	4,444,868
2020-21	2,063,861	2,529,311	4,593,172
2021-22	2,239,479	2,635,944	4,875,423
2022-23	2,317,755	2,628,418	4,946,173
2023-24	2,399,405	2,705,346	5,104,751

Source: - Academy of Educational Planning & Management, Islamabad

P = Provisional

Figure 6.6 Enrolments in Middle School by Gender, Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24

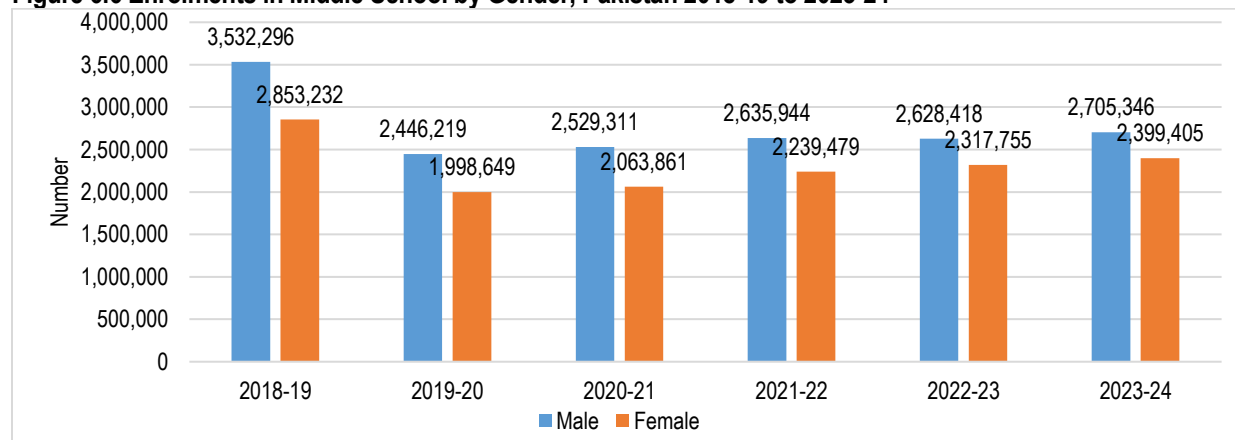


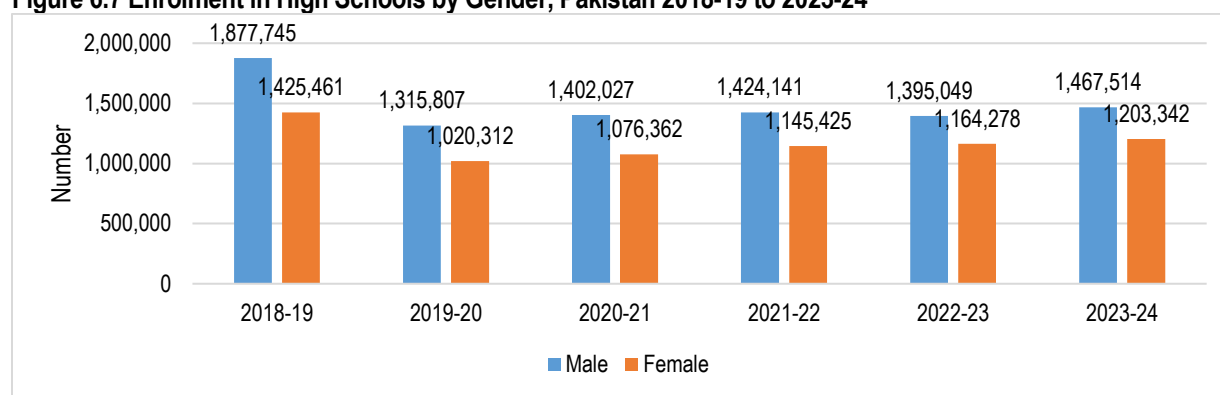
Table 6.10 High School Enrolments for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

(Number)

Year	High School Enrolment		
	Female	Male	Both Sex
2018-19	1,425,461	1,877,745	3,303,206
2019-20	1,020,312	1,315,807	2,336,119
2020-21	1,076,362	1,402,027	2,478,389
2021-22	1,145,425	1,424,141	2,569,566
2022-23	1,164,278	1,395,049	2,559,327
2023-24	1,203,342	1,467,514	2,670,856

Source: - Academy of Educational Planning & Management, Islamabad

P = Provisional

Figure 6.7 Enrolment in High Schools by Gender, Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24**6.10 Arts and Science College Enrolments**

Art and Science College Enrolment, both in total and by gender, exhibit a plateaued trajectory during most of the tabulated period with mildly rising gradient. However, girls-Enrolment has been pacing ahead with higher acceleration to more than catch up with boys Enrolment at the biennial end of the tabulated period.

Table 6.11 Enrolment in Arts and Science Colleges for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

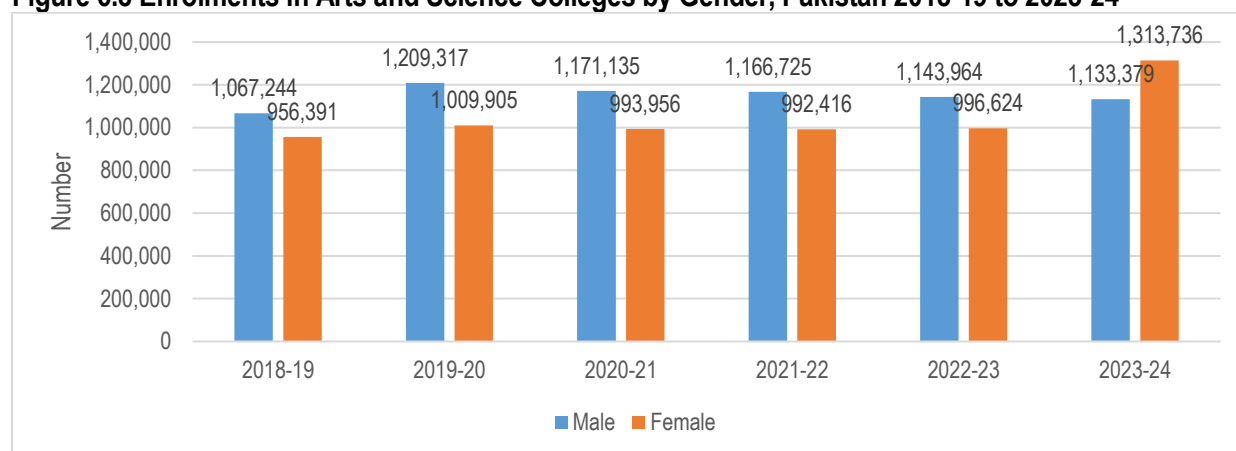
(Number)

Year	Arts and Science College Enrolment		
	Female	Male	Both Sex
2018-19	956,391	1,067,244	2,023,635
2019-20	1,009,905	1,209,317	2,219,222
2020-21	993,956	1,171,135	2,165,091
2021-22	992,416	1,166,725	2,159,141
2022-23	996,624	1,143,964	2,140,588
2023-24	1,313,736	1,133,379	2,447,115

Source: - Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Note: Public sector data only. P = Provisional

Figure 6.8 Enrolments in Arts and Science Colleges by Gender, Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24



6.11 Professional Colleges Enrolments

Enrolment in professional colleges, after rising steadily during later nineties experienced enervation during the biennial period marking the turn of the century to recoup thereafter. Historically, the size of boys' Enrolment in the professional colleges has been about twice of that of girls. This may, inter-alia, be due to shortage of Female colleges, socio cultural inhibition to get enrolled in mixed colleges, low supply of female candidates due to high incidence of nuptiality.

Table 6.12 Enrolment in Professional Colleges for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

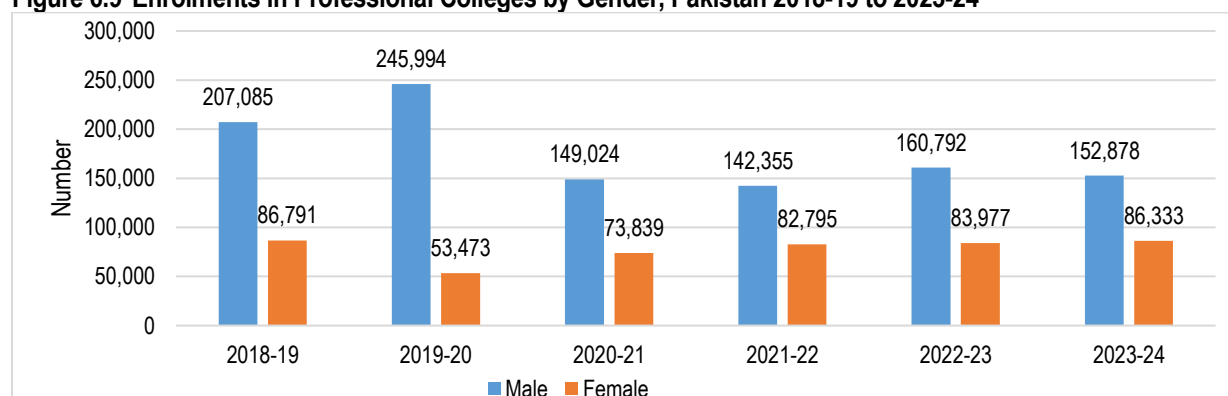
(Number)

Year	Professional College Enrolment		
	Female	Male	Both Sex
2018-19	86,791	207,085	293,876
2019-20	53,473	245,994	299,467
2020-21	73,839	149,024	222,863
2021-22	82,795	142,355	225,150
2022-23	83,977	160,792	244,769
2023-24	86,333	152,878	239,211

Source: - Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Note: Public sector data only. P = Provisional

Figure 6.9 Enrolments in Professional Colleges by Gender, Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24



6.12 Universities Enrolment

University Enrolment follows the dynamics of college Enrolment. In a couple of years both preceding and proceeding the biennial period marking the turn of century. Female Enrolment fares increase and reached almost near to male participation.

Table 6.13 Enrolment in Universities for the year 2022-23 to 2024-25

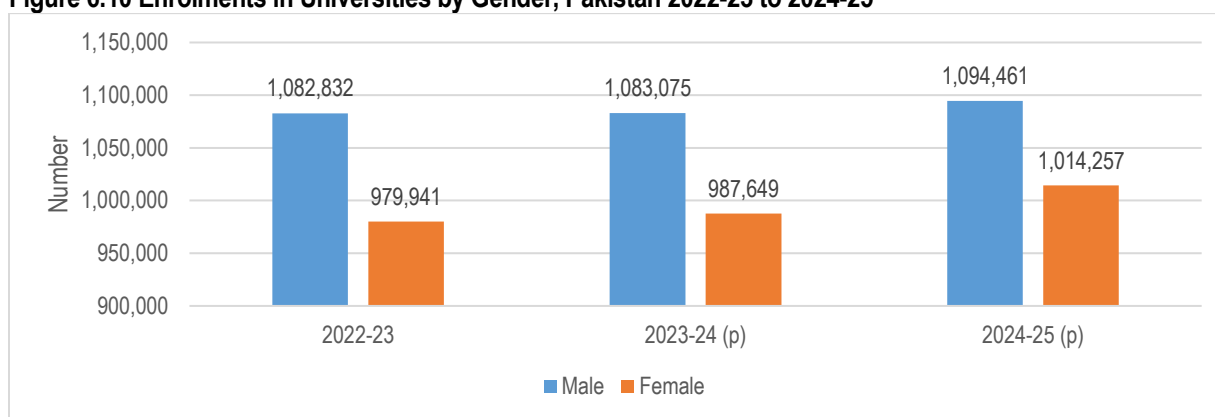
(Numbers)

Year	Number of Students Enrolled in Universities		
	Female	Male	Both Sex
Pakistan			
2022-23	979,941	1,082,832	2,062,773
2023-24 (p)	987,649	1,083,075	2,070,724
2024-25 (p)	1,014,257	1,094,461	2,108,718

Source: - Higher Education Commission, HEC, Ibd.

P = Provisional

Figure 6.10 Enrolments in Universities by Gender, Pakistan 2022-23 to 2024-25



Teaching Staff-Public Schools

	Primary Schools Teachers	 132,022	 184,349
	Middle School Teachers	 61,922	 57,084
	High School Teachers	 111,356	 131,693
	Arts and Science College Teachers	 31,942	 38,626
	Professional College Teachers	 8,517	 13,431
	Universities Teachers	 23,152	 35,106

6.13 Primary Schools Teachers

Number of teachers has been waving ahead though with insignificant gradient and minor amplitude. The numbers constituting female series have consistently been faring less than of male's however the both series have been proceeding with same pace throughout the tabulated period.

Table 6.14 Number of Primary School Teachers for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

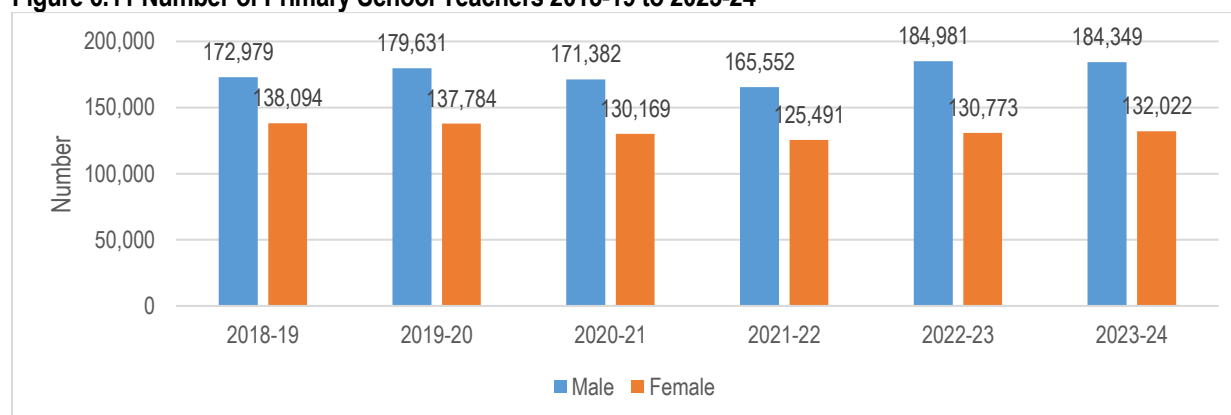
Year	Number of Primary School Teachers		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
2018-19	138,094	172,979	311,073
2019-20	137,784	179,631	317,415
2020-21	130,169	171,382	303,337
2021-22	125,491	165,552	291,043
2022-23	130,773	184,981	317,693
2023-24	132,022	184,349	316,371

Source: - Academy of educational Planning & Management, Islamabad

Note:- Data of Gilgit Baltistan and AJK is excluded.

P = Provisional

Figure 6.11 Number of Primary School Teachers 2018-19 to 2023-24



6.14 Middle School Teachers

The number of middle school teachers has generally been increasing during the period. As for trajectory across the years, male teachers form a more consistent series as compared to female ones. Gender differentials down the time lane do not seem to be gravitating towards either of the series. It seems that availability of qualified female teachers is getting as numerous as that of male ones.

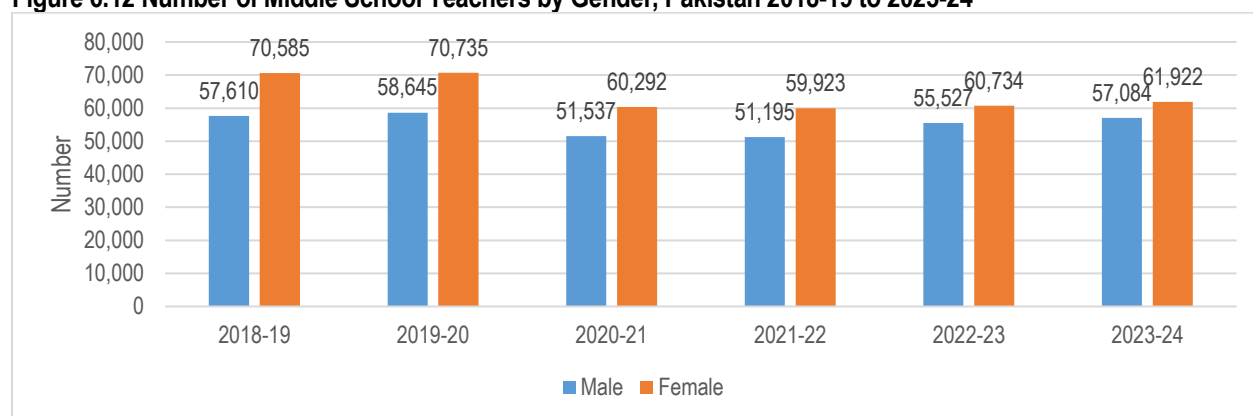
Table 6.15 Number of Middle School Teachers for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

Year	Number of Middle School Teachers		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
2018-19	70,585	57,610	128,195
2019-20	70,735	58,645	129,380
2020-21	60,292	51,537	112,386
2021-22	59,923	51,195	111,118
2022-23	60,734	55,527	116,937
2023-24	61,922	57,084	119,006

Source:- Academy of Educational Planning & Management, Islamabad

P = Provisional

Figure 6.12 Number of Middle School Teachers by Gender, Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24



6.15 High School Teachers

Like middle school teachers, the time series of high school teachers, both in total and gender wise, forms a trajectory with small wavering gradient. However, gender differentials are relatively higher in favour of males, though; do not betray gravitation to either male or female series.

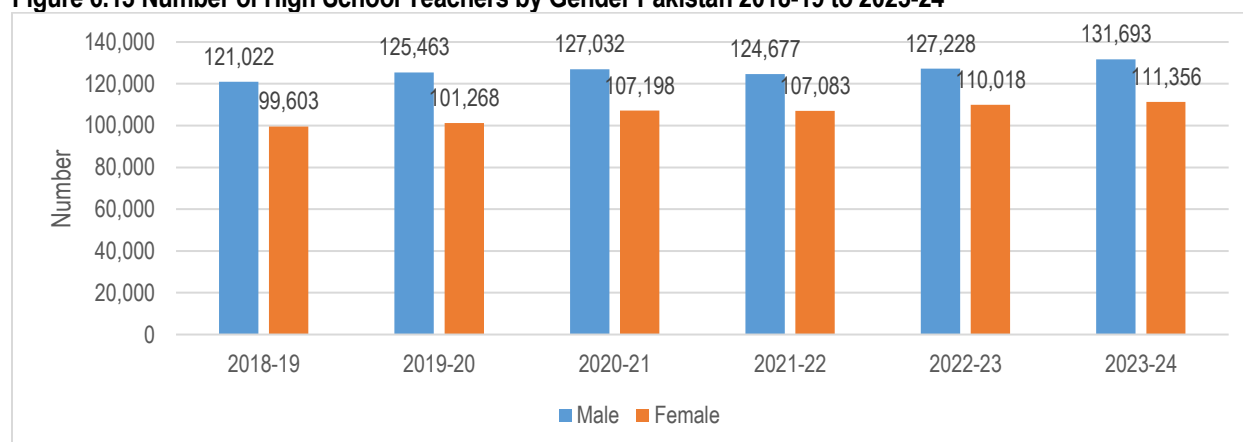
Table 6.16 Number of High School Teachers for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

Year	Number of High School Teachers		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
2018-19	99,603	121,022	220,625
2019-20	101,268	125,463	226,731
2020-21	107,198	127,032	235,901
2021-22	107,083	124,677	231,760
2022-23	110,018	127,228	238,969
2023-24	111,356	131,693	243,049

Source: - Academy of Educational Planning & Management, Islamabad.

P = Provisional

Figure 6.13 Number of High School Teachers by Gender Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24



6.16 Arts and Science College Teachers

Number of college teachers seems to be slowly rising during the tabulated period. As for series of male and female teachers, the former seems to be more in tune with the overall pattern as compared to the latter one.

Again, the gender differentials down the chronological lane do not appear to be tilted to either of series. It can be argued that number and growth of teachers in public sector school are influenced more by intended (planned) than actual requirements.

Table 6.17 Number of Teachers in Colleges for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

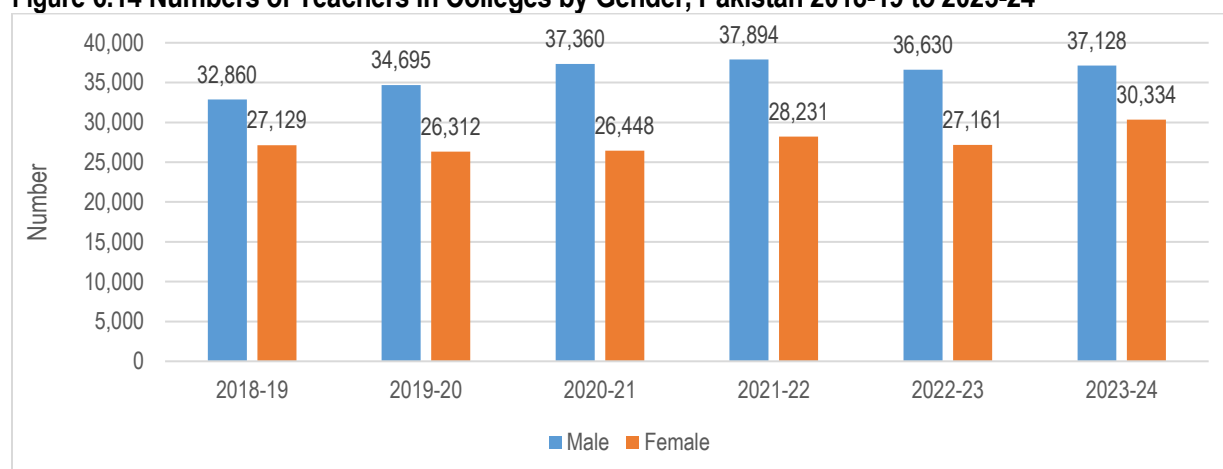
Year	Number of Arts and Science College Teachers		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
2018-19	27,129	32,860	59,989
2019-20	26,312	34,695	61,007
2020-21	26,448	37,360	63,808
2021-22	28,231	37,894	66,125
2022-23	27,161	36,630	63,791
2023-24	30,334	37,128	67,095

Source: Provincial Bureaus of Statistics.

Note: Data of Public Sector Only.

P = Provisional

Figure 6.14 Numbers of Teachers in Colleges by Gender, Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24



6.17 Professional College Teachers

Setting up of professional colleges is highly demanding in term of infrastructure and educational profile of teaching staff. The numbers of professional colleges constitute a moderately ascending time series.

Table 6.18 Number of Teachers in Professional Colleges for the year 2018-19 to 2023-24

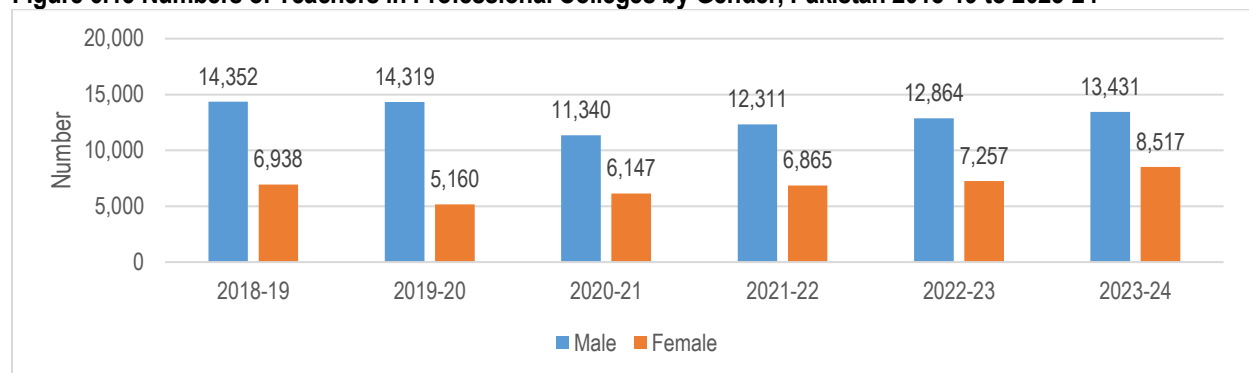
Year	Number of Professional Colleges Teachers		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
2018-19	6,938	14,352	21,290
2019-20	5,160	14,319	19,479
2020-21	6,147	11,340	17,487
2021-22	6,865	12,311	19,176
2022-23	7,257	12,864	20,121
2023-24	8,517	13,431	21,948

Source:- Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Note: Data of Public Sector Only. P = Provisional

* Decrease is due to closing of some institutions in Punjab and excluding of private sector institutions in KP.

Figure 6.15 Numbers of Teachers in Professional Colleges by Gender, Pakistan 2018-19 to 2023-24



6.18 University Teachers

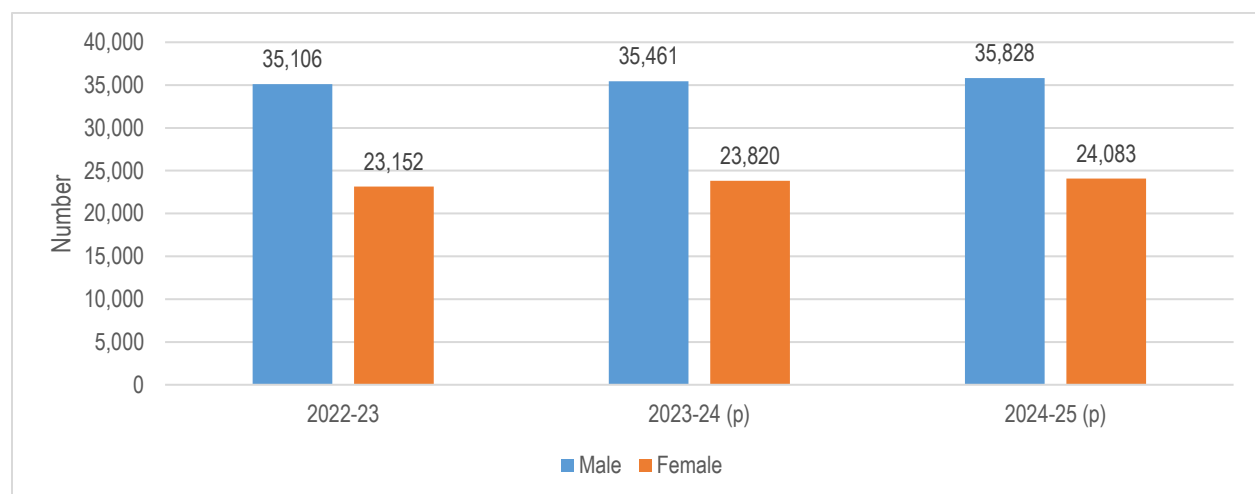
University teachers constitute curvaceous, secularly ascending series. This might be due to the fact that, by virtue of their lofty educational caliber, they are prone to high occupational mobility. Male teachers also traverse the similar trajectory. Female teacher, which fare at one-fourth of the Male's count, form a relatively consistent series, tending to catch up with that of Male's in post nineties.

Table 6.19 Number of Teachers in Universities for the year 2022-23 to 2024-25

Year	Number of University Teachers		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan			
2022-23	23,152	35,106	58,258
2023-24 (p)	23,820	35,461	59,281
2024-25 (p)	24,083	35,828	59,911

Source: Higher Education Commission (HEC), Ibid.
Provisional (P)

Figure 6.16 Numbers of Teachers in University by Gender, Pakistan 2022-23 to 2024-25



Results Statistics

6.19 Matriculation Examination – Arts Groups

Arts group attracts more female than male students. This may be innate to female psyche or due to social conditioning. Arguably, the percentage of males and females 'appeared' in 2024 (40%, 60%) and 2023 (40%, 60%) in comparison with the respective percentage of 'passed' in 2024 (36%, 64%) and 2023 (35%, 65%) indicates female edge over males in arts studies.



Table 6.20: Result of Matric Examination 2023

Gender	Arts Subject			Science Subject		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan						
Female	278,476	195,751	70.29	853,088	755,107	88.51
Male	187,078	105,990	56.66	1,273,999	1,046,154	82.12
Both Sexes	465,554	301,741	64.81	2,127,087	1,801,261	84.68
Punjab						
Female	159,071	106,530	66.97	473,716	415,631	87.74
Male	70,950	29,886	42.12	527,494	403,337	76.46
Both Sexes	230,021	136,416	59.31	1,001,210	818,968	81.80
Sindh						
Female	12,167	7,731	63.54	135,284	122,717	90.71
Male	11,163	8,057	72.18	209,419	190,832	91.12
Both Sexes	23,330	15,788	67.67	344,703	313,549	90.96
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa						
Female	92,550	68,854	74.40	171,727	148,615	86.54
Male	86,245	53,648	62.20	431,586	358,533	83.07
Both Sexes	178,795	122,502	68.52	603,313	507,148	84.06
Balochistan						
Female	2,886	2,586	89.60	21,965	21,216	96.59
Male	13,617	11,190	82.18	41,020	38,926	94.90
Both Sexes	16,503	13,776	83.48	62,985	60,142	95.49
Islamabad						
Female	11,802	10,050	85.16	50,396	46,928	93.12
Male	5,103	3,209	62.88	64,480	54,526	84.56
Both Sexes	16,905	13,259	78.43	114,876	101,454	88.32

Source: Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education

Table 6.21: Result of Matric Examination 2024 (Arts Subject)

	2023			2024		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
Appeared	278,476	187,078	465,554	297,377	198,890	496,267
Passed	195,751	105,990	301,741	208,995	116,433	325,428
Punjab						
Appeared	159,071	70,950	230,021	175,827	76,602	252,429
Passed	106,530	29,886	136,416	116,920	32,487	149,407
Sindh						
Appeared	12,167	11,163	23,330	13,873	15,825	29,698
Passed	7,731	8,057	15,788	9,334	11,985	21,319
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa						
Appeared	92,550	86,245	178,795	91,978	87,733	179,711
Passed	68,854	53,648	122,502	69,367	57,505	126,872
Balochistan						
Appeared	2,886	13,617	16,503	2,921	12,904	15,825
Passed	2,586	11,190	13,776	2,646	10,692	13,338
Islamabad						
Appeared	11,802	5,103	16,905	12,778	5,826	18,604
Passed	10,050	3,209	13,259	10,728	3,764	14,492

Source: Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education.

P = Provisional

6.20 Matriculation Examination-Science Group

Science group attracts more male than female students. Again, inherent mental disposition or social conditioning may be cited to explain this scenario. Empirically, the percentage of males and females appeared in 2024 (59 %, 41%) and 2023 (60%, 40%) in comparison with the respective percentage of “passed” in 2024 (58%, 42%) and 2023 (58%, 42%) speak of male primacy in science studies.

Table 6.22 Science group Summary Result Statistics of Matric 2023 & 2024

	2023			2024		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
Appeared	853,088	1,273,999	2,127,087	917,970	1,331,106	2,249,076
Passed	755,107	1,046,154	1,801,261	777,679	1,056,322	1,834,001
Punjab						
Appeared	473,716	527,494	1,001,210	490,498	546,295	1,036,793
Passed	415,631	403,337	818,968	401,805	371,792	773,597
Sindh						
Appeared	135,284	209,419	344,703	146,391	225,484	371,875
Passed	122,717	190,832	313,549	133,741	199,486	333,227
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa						
Appeared	171,727	431,586	603,313	183,670	445,683	629,353
Passed	148,615	358,533	507,148	168,863	386,061	554,924
Balochistan						
Appeared	21,965	41,020	62,985	41,601	41,900	83,501
Passed	21,216	38,926	60,142	22,441	39,232	61,673
Islamabad						
Appeared	50,396	64,480	114,876	55,810	71,744	127,554
Passed	46,928	54,526	101,454	50,829	59,751	110,580

Source: Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education.

P = Provisional

6.21 Intermediate Examination-Arts Group

As has been observed in case of matriculation examination, arts studies seem to be favorite learning pursuit of female students as compared to male students. This may be due to putative reasons viz inherent faculties of minds, social conditioning, better access to arts than science colleges in terms of proximity, number of seats, short working hours etc. That is why the percentage of males and females 'appeared' in 2024 (51.6%, 48.4%) and 2023 (51.5%, 48.5%) in comparison with the respective percentage of 'passed' in 2024 (48.4%, 51.6%) and 2023 (47.2%, 52.8%) place female students ahead of male students.

Table 6.23 Summary Result Statistics of Intermediate (Arts group) 2023 & 2024

Province	Appeared			Passed		
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female
2023						
Islamabad	57,140	33,150	23,990	41,279	21,699	19,580
Punjab	494,557	239,359	255,198	219,174	86,731	132,443
Sindh	32,385	12,245	20,140	20,963	8,432	12,531
KP	121,472	75,864	45,608	96,692	58,297	38,395
Balochistan	17,249	11,930	5,319	15,545	10,558	4,987
Pakistan	722,803	372,548	350,255	393,653	185,717	207,936
2024						
Islamabad	65,811	37,966	27,645	47,212	24,682	22,530
Punjab	570,743	278,989	291,754	260,046	110,219	149,827
Sindh	22,998	9,367	13,631	13,648	6,475	7,173
KP	123,279	73,985	49,294	101,360	59,030	42,330
Balochistan	19,634	13,802	5,832	17,695	12,393	5,502
Pakistan	802,465	414,109	388,156	439,961	212,799	227,362

Source: Concerned Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education.

P = Provisional

6.22 Intermediate Examination-Pre-Engineering

Male students preponderate in the pursuit of pre-engineering. Respective male, female percentages of 'appeared' in 2023 (76%, 24%) and 2024 (76%, 24%) viz a viz that of 'passed' in 2023 (75%, 25%) and 2024 (76%, 24%) point up pre-engineering as the preserve of male students. Familiar reasons; social conditioning, natural forte, degree of access, may be cited in this regard.

Table 6.24 Summary Result Statistics of Intermediate (Pre-Engineering group) 2023 & 2024

Province	Appeared			Passed		
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female
2023						
Islamabad	16,475	11,641	4,834	14,820	10,330	4,490
Punjab	81,397	51,921	29,476	54,331	33,325	21,006
Sindh	70,404	58,738	11,666	51,104	43,495	7,609
KP	42,388	36,633	5,755	35,407	29,511	5,896
Balochistan	5,131	4,446	685	4,893	4,237	656
Pakistan	215,795	163,379	52,416	160,555	120,898	39,657
2024						
Islamabad	15,429	10,579	4,850	13,296	8,916	4,380
41907Punjab	66,342	41,907	24,435	45,614	27,309	18,305
Sindh	70,251	57,720	12,531	49,088	41,296	7,792
KP	39,199	34,149	5,050	34,392	29,858	4,534
Balochistan	4,822	4,219	603	4,586	4,010	576
Pakistan	196,043	148,574	47,469	146,976	111,389	35,587

Source: Concerned Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education.

P = Provisional

6.23 Intermediate Examination-Pre-Medical Group

Pre-medical is opted more by females than male students. Thus it is the turn of female students to dominate in both appeared and passed. This observation is pointed up by the size and equivalence of respective males females percentages of “appeared” in 2024 (47.7%, 52.3%) and 2023 (48.2%, 51.8%) as well that of ‘passed’ in 2024 (48%, 52%) and 2023 (48.5%, 51.5%).

Table 6.25 Summary Result Statistics of Intermediate (Pre-Medical Group) 2023 & 2024

Province	Appeared			Passed		
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female
2023						
Islamabad	31,134	10,021	21,113	29,917	9,365	20,552
Punjab	279,661	92,347	187,314	206,978	65,348	141,630
Sindh	119,062	58,628	60,434	97,056	49,397	47,659
KP	233,924	154,602	79,322	199,785	130,871	68,914
Balochistan	32,372	19,857	12,515	30,836	18,697	12,139
Pakistan	696,153	335,455	360,698	564,572	273,678	290,894
2024						
Islamabad	38,202	11,839	26,363	36,021	10,745	25,276
Punjab	284,338	91,145	193,193	216,180	64,802	151,378
Sindh	152,768	79,026	73,742	123,917	66,673	57,244
KP	243,874	157,562	86,312	223,368	141,980	81,388
Balochistan	33,574	19,866	13,708	32,135	18,781	13,354
Pakistan	752,756	359,438	393,318	631,621	302,981	328,640

Source: Concerned Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education.

P = Provisional

LABOUR, MANPOWER AND EMPLOYMENT TRENDS



CHAPTER - 7

Labour, Manpower and Employment Trends

The most common indicators of population in economic activities are participation (activity) rates. These are three types of rates viz Crude Activity Rates (CAR) is the percentage of labour force in the total population, Refined Activity Rates (RAR) is the percentage of labour force to 10+ aged population and Activity Specific Rates (ASR) is the percentage of labour force defined with reference to some specific characteristic like age, level of education and marital status etc.

7.1 Crude Labour Force Participation Rates (%)

Crude Labour force participation rate (32.1%) in LFS 2018-19 while (32.3%) in LFS 2020-21. In Pakistan Rate for males (48.1%, 48.4%) follow suit while that of females (15.5%, 15.5%) from 2018-19 to 2020-21. Participation rate in rural (33.9%, 36.6%) inclines significantly while goes up almost the same points in the urban areas (28.9%, 28.9%) from 2018-19 to 2020-21 according to ICLS 13th. In table 7.1 (b) crude participation rate gender/area was given according to 19th ICLS.



Table 7.1(a) Crude Labour Force Participation Rates (%) 13th ICLS Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2018-19, 2020-21

Province/ Area	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan	32.1	48.1	15.5	32.3	48.4	15.5
Rural	33.9	47.4	20.1	34.1	48.0	19.9
Urban	28.9	49.5	7.4	28.9	49.0	7.5
Punjab	34.9	50.3	19.6	34.9	50.1	19.5
Rural	37.5	49.9	25.4	37.8	50.3	25.3
Urban	30.4	50.9	9.4	29.9	49.8	9.3
Sindh	30.5	48.5	10.5	30.9	49.1	10.8
Rural	33.3	47.8	16.8	33.3	48.4	16.7
Urban	27.9	49.1	4.9	28.5	49.7	5.1
KP	26.4	42.4	10.6	27.6	43.8	11.1
Rural	26.6	41.9	11.7	27.9	43.6	12.0
Urban	25.1	44.7	5.6	26.4	44.7	6.6
Balochistan	26.8	42.1	8.2	27.2	43.6	8.0
Rural	27.7	42.3	9.9	28.1	44.1	9.8
Urban	24.5	41.6	3.5	24.8	42.2	3.2

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: For comparability with LFS 2020-21, own-use producers (2.48 million people, categorized under codes 3 and 4 in Q5.10 of LFS 2024-25 Questionnaire) are included in the labour force; therefore, the Crude Participation Rate-2024-25 for the 19th ICLS

Crude LFPR is defined as the number of persons in the labour force (employed + unemployed) expressed as a percentage of the total population.

Table 7.1 (b) Crude Labour Force Participation Rates (%) 19th ICLS Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2024-25

Province/ Area	2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan	33.2	49.2	16.3
Rural	35.2	49.2	20.6
Urban	30.0	49.2	9.6
Punjab	35.7	50.4	20.5
Rural	39.3	51.7	26.8
Urban	30.4	48.6	11.3
Sindh	31.7	50.2	11.5
Rural	34.0	49.3	17.2
Urban	29.5	51.0	6.4
KP	29.2	45.6	12.0
Rural	29.0	45.2	12.0
Urban	30.5	48.0	11.6
Balochistan	27.9	44.5	8.4
Rural	28.0	43.8	9.5
Urban	27.5	46.1	5.7

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Figure 7.1 (a) Crude Labour Force Participation Rates Pakistan & Provinces, 2018-19 & 2020-21 13th ICLS

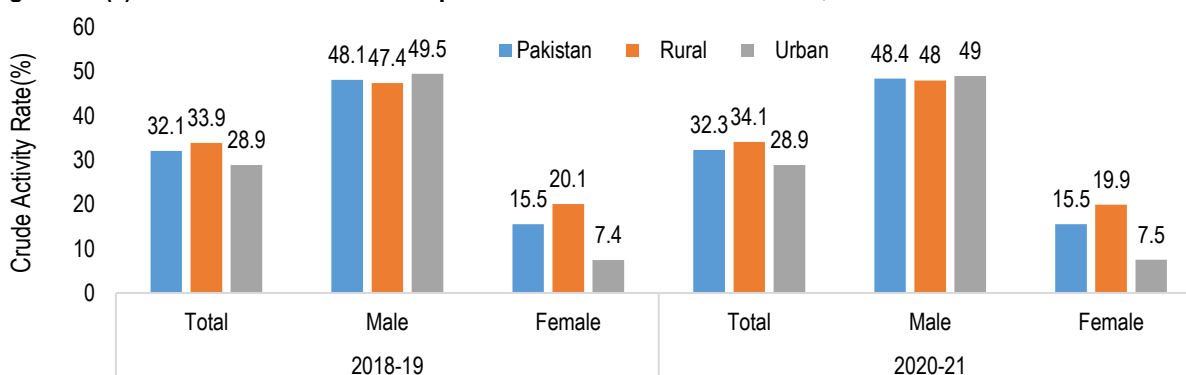
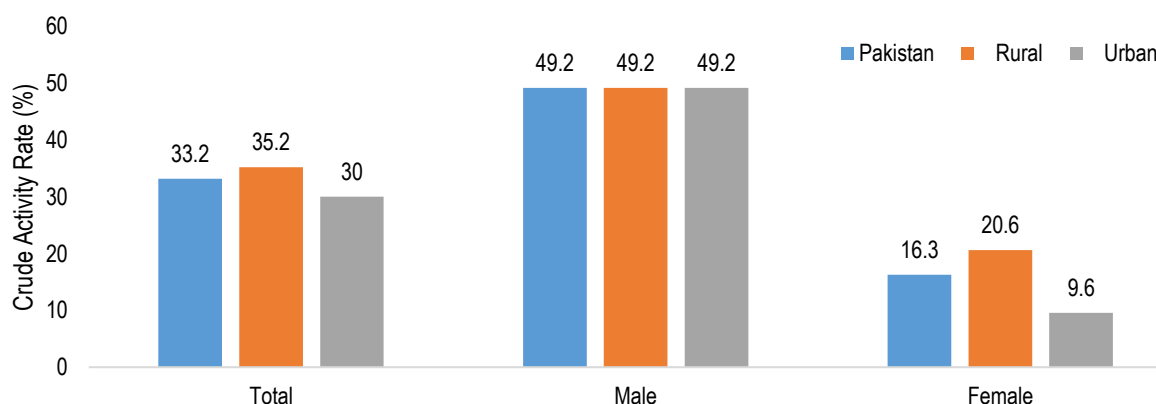


Figure 7.1(b) Crude Labour Force Participation Rates Pakistan & Provinces, 2024-25 19th ICLS



7.2 Refined Labour Force Participation Rates

According to 13th ICLS refined Labour Force Participation rates follow the pattern of crude participation rates. The refined activity rate (44.8%, 44.9%) inclines marginally during the comparative period. Sex disaggregated rates suggest increase in the case of males (67.7%, 67.9%) and females (21.5%, 21.4%). Similar scenario of change obtains in urban (38.6%, 38.8%) and rural areas (48.7%, 48.6%). Rates in Punjab (47.4%, 47.4%), Sindh (43.3%, 43.8%), KP (38.5%, 39.5%) and Balochistan (40.8%, 40.4%) incline from 2018-19 to 2020-21. See table-7.2 (a). Moreover 7.2(b) indicate the refined labour force participation rate according to 19th ICLS. Refined Labour Force Participation rates at national level is reporting as 46.3 % and for female 22.7%.

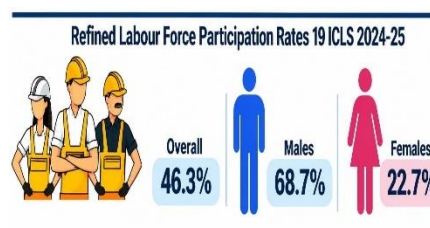


Table 7.2(a) Refined Activity Participation Rates 13th ICLS (%) Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2018-19 & 2020-21

Province/ Area	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan	44.8	67.7	21.5	44.9	67.9	21.4
Rural	48.7	68.9	28.6	48.6	69.1	28.0
Urban	38.6	65.8	9.8	38.8	65.9	10.0
Punjab	47.4	69.1	26.3	47.4	68.6	26.3
Rural	52.1	7.1	34.7	52.3	70.4	34.6
Urban	39.9	66.9	12.3	39.4	65.8	12.3
Sindh	43.3	68.5	15.0	43.8	70.2	15.2
Rural	50.4	72.1	25.6	49.7	73.0	24.7
Urban	37.5	65.5	6.6	38.7	67.8	6.8
KP	38.5	63.0	15.3	39.5	63.2	15.8
Rural	39.3	63.0	16.9	40.1	63.4	17.0
Urban	35.1	62.7	7.7	36.7	62.3	9.1
Balochistan	40.8	62.8	12.8	40.4	64.3	11.9
Rural	43.0	64.5	15.7	42.7	66.2	15.0
Urban	35.1	58.6	5.2	34.7	59.7	4.4

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Table 7.2(b) Refined Activity Participation Rates 19th ICLS (%) Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2024-25

Province/ Area	2024-25 19 th ICLS (%)		
	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan	46.3	68.7	22.7
Rural	50.3	70.6	29.3
Urban	40.2	65.9	12.8
Punjab	49.0	69.4	28.1
Rural	54.8	72.4	37.2
Urban	40.8	65.3	15.3
Sindh	44.7	70.9	16.2
Rural	51.7	74.9	26.2
Urban	39.3	67.7	8.5
KP	41.2	64.5	16.8
Rural	41.2	64.5	17.0
Urban	40.8	64.4	15.5
Balochistan	41.7	65.6	12.8
Rural	43.0	66.5	14.8
Urban	38.6	63.7	8.1

Source: - Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey)

Figure 7.2 (a) Refined Activity (Participation) Rates - Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2018-19 & 2020-21 13th ICLS

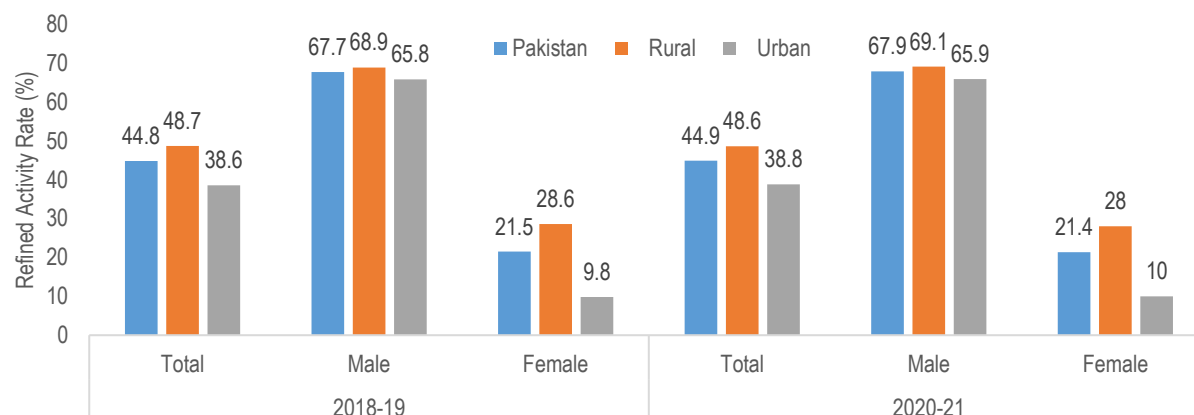
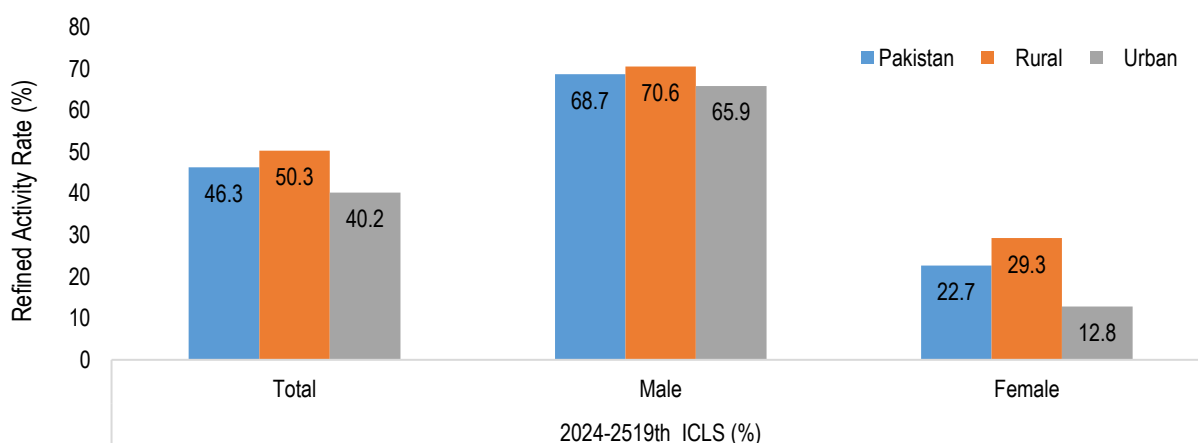


Figure 7.2 (a) Refined Activity (Participation) Rates - Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2024-25 19th ICLS



7.3 Age Specific Labour Force Participation Rates by sex

Below table-7.3(a) and (Figure-7.3) presents comparative picture of age specific Age Specific Labour Force Participation Rates according to the 13th ICLS. As expected, the age intervals between twenties and fifties (20-59) mark the most productive period of life. The comparative size of gender disparity, though, considerable in all age intervals, has generally been shrinking. Generally, rates in the case of females and male trend up. Moreover 7.3(b) reflect the age specific labour force participation rate according to 19th ICLS, age specific Labour Force Participation rates, female participation rate is marginally lower than male at every age group.

Table 7.3(a) Age Specific Labour Force Participation Rates by sex 13th ICLS (%) Pakistan for the year 2020-21

Age Groups	2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female
10 Year & Over	44.9	67.9	21.4
15 Years & Over	52.8	80.8	24.6
15-24 Years	43.8	64.7	21.9
15-29 Years	48.6	73.3	24.2
15-64 Years	54.7	84	25.6

Source: - Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey)

Table 7.3(b) Age Specific Activity Participation Rates 19th ICLS (%) by Sex for Pakistan for the year 2024-25

Age Group	Total	Male	Female
10 Year & Over	46.3	68.7	22.7
15 Years & Over	53.9	80.4	26.3
15-24 Years	44.4	64.7	22.1
15-29 Years	49.5	72.3	25.3
15-64 Years	56.0	83.9	27.5

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Figure 7.3 (a) Age Specific Activity Participation Rates 13th ICLS (%) by Sex for Pakistan for the year 2020-21

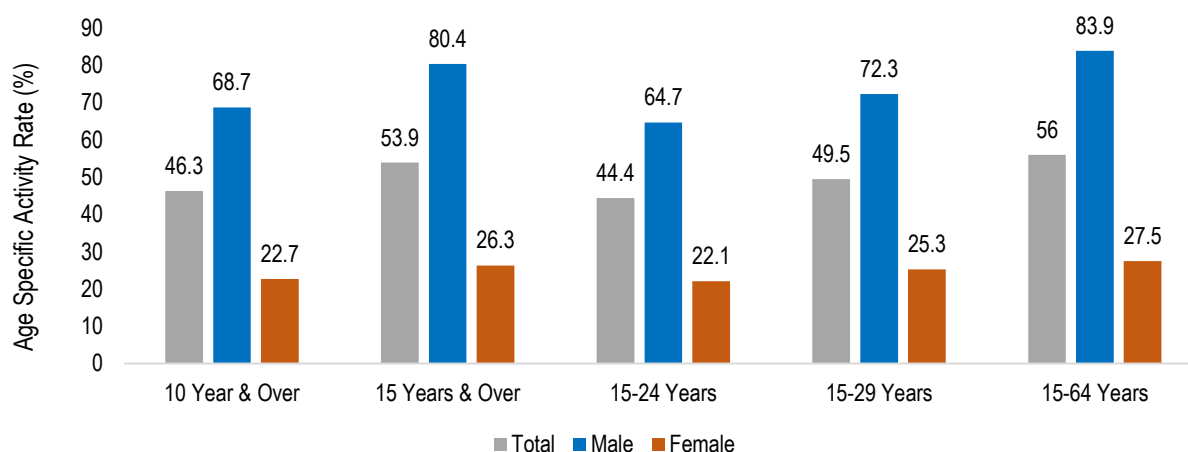
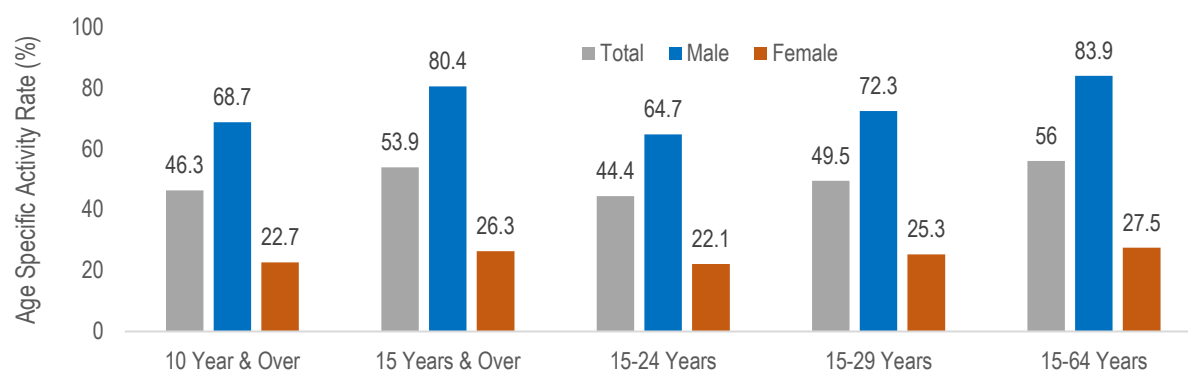


Figure 7.3 (b) Age Specific Activity Participation Rates 19th ICLS (%) by Sex for Pakistan for the year 2024-25



7.4 Labour Force: Absolute Number

The absolute number of Labour Force are the multiple of crude participation rate with mid-reference year estimate of the population. The numbers of employed and unemployed persons are the “labour force multiplied with their percentages” in table 7.4(a) according to 13th ICLS, the labour force increases from 68.75 million in 2018-19 to 71.76 million in 2020-21. The share of civilian labour force is higher in rural as compare to urban from 2018-19 to 2020-21.



Further, the change is more pronounce in males than females. Moreover 7.4(b) reflects the picture of civilian labour force according to the 19th ICLS. The distribution of labor force for rural is 54.11 million than urban 29.02 million as well as gender Female's civilian labour force 19.92 million as compared to Male 63.21 million which reflects that female participation is lower than male.

Table 7.4 (a) Civilian Labour Force - Pakistan for the year 2018-19 2020-21 13th ICLS

(Million)

Area	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	68.75	52.41	16.34	71.76	54.92	16.84
Rural	45.86	32.36	13.5	48.5	34.57	13.93
Urban	22.89	20.05	2.84	23.26	20.34	2.91

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: For comparability with LFS 2020-21, own-use producers (2.48 million people, categorized under codes 3 and 4 in Q5.10 of LFS 2024-25 Questionnaire) are included in the labour force; therefore, the LFS figure for the 19th ICLS will not be matched.

Table 7.4(b) Civilian Labour Force - Pakistan for the year 2024-25 19th ICLS

(Million)

Area	2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female
Total	83.13	63.21	19.92
Rural	54.11	38.67	15.44
Urban	29.02	24.54	4.48

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

7.5 Employed: Absolute Numbers

The absolute numbers of labour force employed according to 13th ICLS the volume of employed persons increases 64.03 million in 2018-19 to 67.3 million in 2020-21. The change is more prominence in rural areas (45.7 million) than urban areas (21.0 million). Increase is observed in all provinces in 2020-21 as compared to 2018-19 as per 13th ICLS percentage change observed during the 2018-19 to 2020-21 in the descending order of Punjab (.89 million), KP (.69 million), Sindh (.53 million) and Balochistan (0.14 million). Detail of employed by province and gender is given below in table 7.5 (a). Moreover table 7.5(b) shows that according to 19th ICLS framework, total employed population in Pakistan during 2024-25 is 77.2 million comprising of 59.4 million for male and 17.8 million for female. Employed is prominent in rural area with 50.5 million employed person as compared to rural area 26.7 million.

Employee Absolute Number 19th ICLS, 2024-25



Table 7.5 (a) Employed - Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2018-19 & 2020-21 13th ICLS

(Million)

Province/Area	Employed					
	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan						
Total	64.03	49.3	14.7	67.3	51.9	15.34
Rural	42.93	30.6	12.34	45.7	32.8	12.9
Urban	21.10	18.7	2.36	21.6	19.1	2.44
Punjab						
Total	38.21	27.7	10.50	39.1	28.4	10.66
Rural	26.09	17.3	8.80	26.8	17.9	8.93
Urban	12.12	10.4	1.70	12.2	10.5	1.73
Sindh						
Total	14.77	12.4	2.33	15.3	12.8	2.48
Rural	7.83	5.99	1.84	8.26	6.29	1.97
Urban	6.94	6.45	0.49	7.05	6.54	0.51
KP						
Total	7.72	6.3	1.42	9.41	7.68	1.73
Rural	6.46	5.16	1.3	7.98	6.4	1.58
Urban	1.26	1.14	0.12	1.43	1.28	0.15
Balochistan						
Total	3.32	2.88	0.44	3.46	3.0	0.46
Rural	2.55	2.15	0.40	2.63	2.2	0.43
Urban	0.77	0.73	0.04	0.83	0.8	0.03

Source: - Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey)

Table 7.5 (b) Employed - Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2024-25 19th ICLS

(Million)

Province/Area	2024-25 19 th ICLS (%)		
	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan			
Total	77.2	59.4	17.8
Rural	50.5	36.4	14.1
Urban	26.7	23.0	3.7
Punjab			
Total	44.7	32.3	12.4
Rural	29.3	19.5	9.8
Urban	15.4	12.8	2.6
Sindh			
Total	17.5	14.6	2.9
Rural	9.0	6.8	2.2
Urban	8.5	7.8	0.7
KP			
Total	11.3	9.2	2.1
Rural	9.6	7.8	1.8
Urban	1.7	1.5	0.3
Balochistan			
Total	3.8	3.3	0.5
Rural	2.7	2.3	0.4
Urban	1.1	1.0	0.1

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

7.6 Unemployed: Absolute Number

According to 13th ICLS the volume of unemployed persons are decline from 4.71 million in 2018-19 to 4.51 million in 2020-21. Area and sex wise configuration suggest that changes are more significant in rural areas and, for males. Volume of unemployed increases in provinces KP (0.03 million). Further, the change is more visible in urban than rural areas in all provinces as given below in table 7.6(a). Moreover, volume of unemployed persons according to the 19th ICLS is 5.9 million for Pakistan the share of male unemployed person is 3.8 million as compare to female 2.1 million. Detail comparison is given below in table 7.6(b).

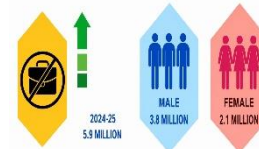


Table 7.6(a): Unemployed: Pakistan and Provinces 15 plus 13th ICLS 2018-19 & 2020-21

(Million)

Area	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan						
Total	4.71	3.08	1.64	4.51	3.01	1.50
Rural	2.92	1.77	1.15	2.81	1.78	1.03
Urban	1.80	1.31	0.49	1.71	1.23	0.48
Punjab						
Total	3.05	1.96	1.09	2.83	1.85	0.98
Rural	1.90	1.12	0.78	1.78	1.10	0.68
Urban	1.15	0.84	0.31	1.05	0.75	0.30
Sindh						
Total	0.62	0.43	0.19	0.61	0.44	0.17
Rural	0.18	0.12	0.06	0.17	0.12	0.05
Urban	0.43	0.30	0.13	0.44	0.31	0.13
KP						
Total	0.88	0.56	0.32	0.91	0.59	0.32
Rural	0.74	0.46	0.29	0.77	0.48	0.29
Urban	0.14	0.11	0.03	0.14	0.11	0.03
Balochistan						
Total	0.16	0.13	0.04	0.16	0.13	0.02
Rural	0.09	0.07	0.02	0.09	0.08	0.01
Urban	0.07	0.06	0.01	0.07	0.06	0.01

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (LFS).

Table 7.6(a): Unemployed: Pakistan and Provinces 15 plus 19th ICLS 2024-25

(Million)

Area	2024-25 (19th ICLS)		
	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan			
Total	5.9	3.8	2.1
Rural	3.5	2.3	1.3
Urban	2.4	1.6	0.8
Punjab			
Total	3.5	2.2	1.3
Rural	2.1	1.2	0.8
Urban	1.4	0.9	0.5
Sindh			
Total	1.0	0.7	0.3
Rural	0.3	0.3	0.1
Urban	0.6	0.4	0.2
KP			
Total	1.2	0.8	0.5
Rural	1.0	0.6	0.4
Urban	0.2	0.1	0.1
Balochistan			
Total	0.2	0.2	0.0
Rural	0.1	0.1	0.0
Urban	0.1	0.1	0.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

7.7 Distribution of employed by Major Industry Divisions

Table 7.7(a) shows the distribution of employed by major industry division under 13th ICLS for 2018-19 to 2020-21. The comparative below table indicates the changes in the employment shares. Increase is observed in Manufacturing (15.0%, 14.9%), wholesale & retail trade (14.5%, 14.5%), and transport/storage & communication (6.2%, 6.2%) while decrease is noticed in the case of agriculture/forestry/hunting & fishing (39.2%, 37.4%) and other (2.2 %,1.5%) from 2018-19 to 2020-21. Moreover table 7.7(b) indicates the distribution of employed by major industry division under the 19th ICLS for 2024-25. Overall, 33.1% employed in agriculture followed by community social and personal services 17.9%, wholesale and retail trade 16.0% & manufacturing 14.8% etc.

Distribution of Employed by Major Industries		
(2024-25 Percentage Distribution)		
INDUSTRY	PERCENTAGE (%)	
 Agriculture, forestry, hunting & fishing	33.1	
 Manufacturing	14.8	
 Construction	9.9	
 Wholesale and retail trade	16.0	
 Transport, storage and communication	6.6	
 Community, social and personal services	17.9	

Table 7.7 (a) Distribution of employed by Major Industry Divisions for the year 2018-19 & 2020-21 13th ICLS
(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Agriculture, forestry, hunting & fishing	39.2	30.8	69.8	37.4	28.4	67.9
Manufacturing	15.0	15.5	13.4	14.9	15.1	14.2
Construction	8.0	10.3	0.3	9.5	12.2	0.4
Wholesale and retail trade	14.5	18.5	1.2	14.5	18.3	1.2
Transport, storage and communication	6.2	8.0	0.1	6.2	8.0	0.2
Community, social and personal services	14.9	14.2	14.9	16.0	16.1	15.8
Others	2.2	2.7	0.3	1.5	1.9	0.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: Under the 13th ICLS, the LFS 2024-25 counts 2.48 million own-use producers as part of agricultural employment for comparability with LFS 2020-21. However, under the 19th ICLS, these are excluded from agricultural, forestry & fisher, leading to changes in the employment shares of other sectors.

Table 7.7 (b) Distribution of employed by Major Industry Divisions for the year 2024-25 19th ICLS
(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female
Agriculture, forestry, hunting & fishing	33.1	24.5	61.4
Manufacturing	14.8	14.8	14.3
Construction	9.9	12.9	0.1
Wholesale and retail trade	16.0	20.1	2.3
Transport, storage and communication	6.6	8.5	0.6
Community, social and personal services	17.9	17.2	20.3
* Others	1.6	1.9	0.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

* Other (includes mining & quarrying, electricity, gas & water & financial and Insurance activities).

Figure 7.4 (a): Distribution of employed by Major Industry Divisions for the year 2018-19 & 2020-21 13th ICLS

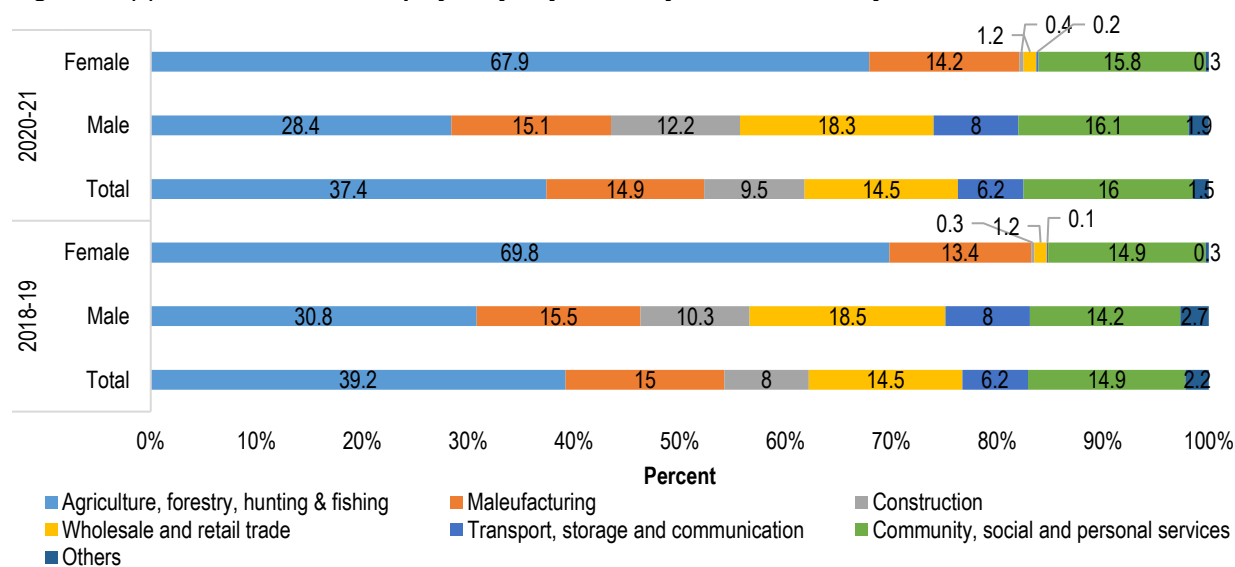
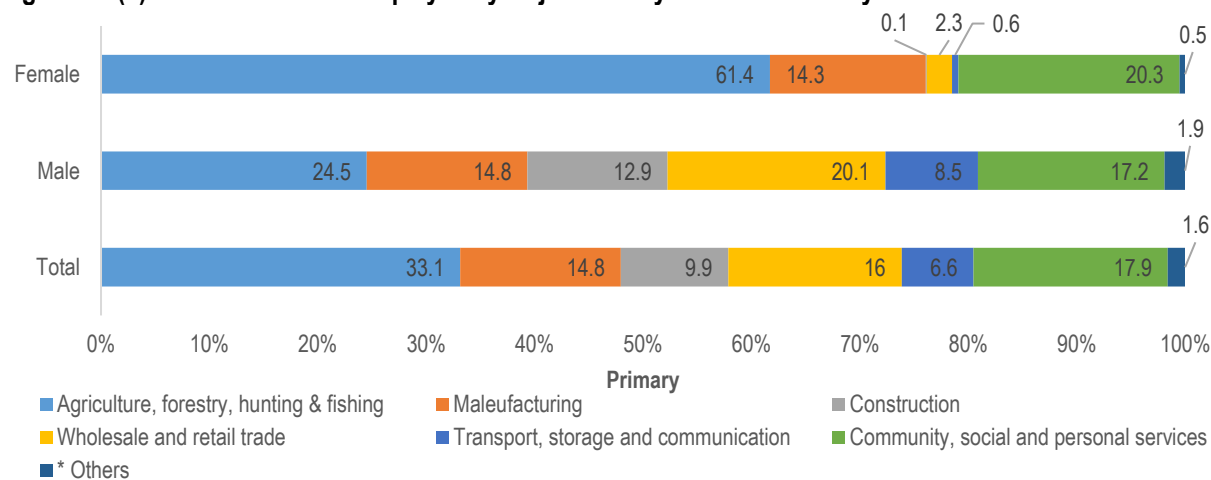


Figure 7.4 (b): Distribution of employed by Major Industry Divisions for the year 2024-25 19th ICLS



7.8 Employed Population: Major Occupational Groups

The overall employment is also distributed among major occupational groups. As per the Pakistan Standard Classification of Occupations (PSCO-2015). Table 7.8(a) shows the distribution of employed by major occupational group for 2018-19 to 2020-21. Skilled agricultural, forestry & fishery workers constitute the largest group (33.2%) of the total employed in 2020-21 followed by elementary occupations (17.4%), service workers and shop & market sales workers (15.6%), craft & related trades workers (13.7%), plant/machine operators & assemblers (7.4%), professionals (5.0%), technicians & associate professionals (4.3%), managers (2.2%), and clerical support workers (1.7%).



(3.8%), managers (2.5%) and clerical support workers (1.4%). In the LFS 2020-21 about (60.5%) of the female workers engage in farming and agriculture activities, craft & related trade workers (12.3%) and elementary occupations (13.6%) while males seem to be distributed a sort of proportionately in all activities. Moreover table 7.8(b) indicates the distribution of employed by major occupational group under the 19th ICLS for 2024-25. Overall 28.0% employed in skilled agriculture and fishery worker followed by Elementary (unskilled) occupations 17.3, Service workers and shop & market sales workers 17.2% & Craft and related trades workers 13.7% etc.

Table 7.8 (a) Distribution of Employed: Major Occupational Groups, 2018-19 & 2020-21 13th ICLS

(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Legislators, senior officials and Managers	2.6	3.2	0.5	2.5	3.0	0.6
Professionals	5.1	4.4	7.5	5.0	4.0	8.5
Technicians and associate professionals	3.8	4.4	1.6	3.8	4.4	1.7
Clerks	1.4	1.7	0.2	1.4	1.8	0.3
Service workers and shop & market sales workers	16.0	20.1	2.1	15.6	19.6	2.1
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	33.5	25.4	60.8	33.2	25.2	60.5
Craft and related trades workers	13.5	13.9	11.9	13.7	14.1	12.3
Plant and machine operators & assemblers	6.9	8.9	0.2	7.4	9.5	0.4
Elementary (unskilled) occupations	17.2	17.9	15.2	17.4	18.4	13.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: Under the 13th ICLS, the LFS 2024-25 includes 2.48 million own-use producers in Skilled agricultural, forestry & fishery workers to maintain comparability with LFS 2020-21. However, under the 19th ICLS, these are excluded from Skilled agricultural, forestry & fishery workers, leading to changes in the employment shares of major occupational groups.

Table 7.8(b) Distribution of Employed: Major Occupational Groups, 2024-25 19th ICLS

(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female
Legislators, senior officials and Managers	2.3	2.8	0.6
Professionals	6.2	4.7	11.2
Technicians and associate professionals	4.3	4.7	2.8
Clerks	1.8	2.1	0.6
Service workers and shop & market sales workers	17.2	21.4	3.4
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	28.0	19.9	54.7
Craft and related trades workers	13.7	13.6	14.0
Plant and machine operators & assemblers	8.3	10.7	0.6
Elementary (unskilled) occupations	17.3	20.1	12.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Total may not tally due to rounding effects.

Figure 7.5 (a) Distribution of Employed: Major Occupational Groups, 2018-19 & 2020-21 13th ICLS

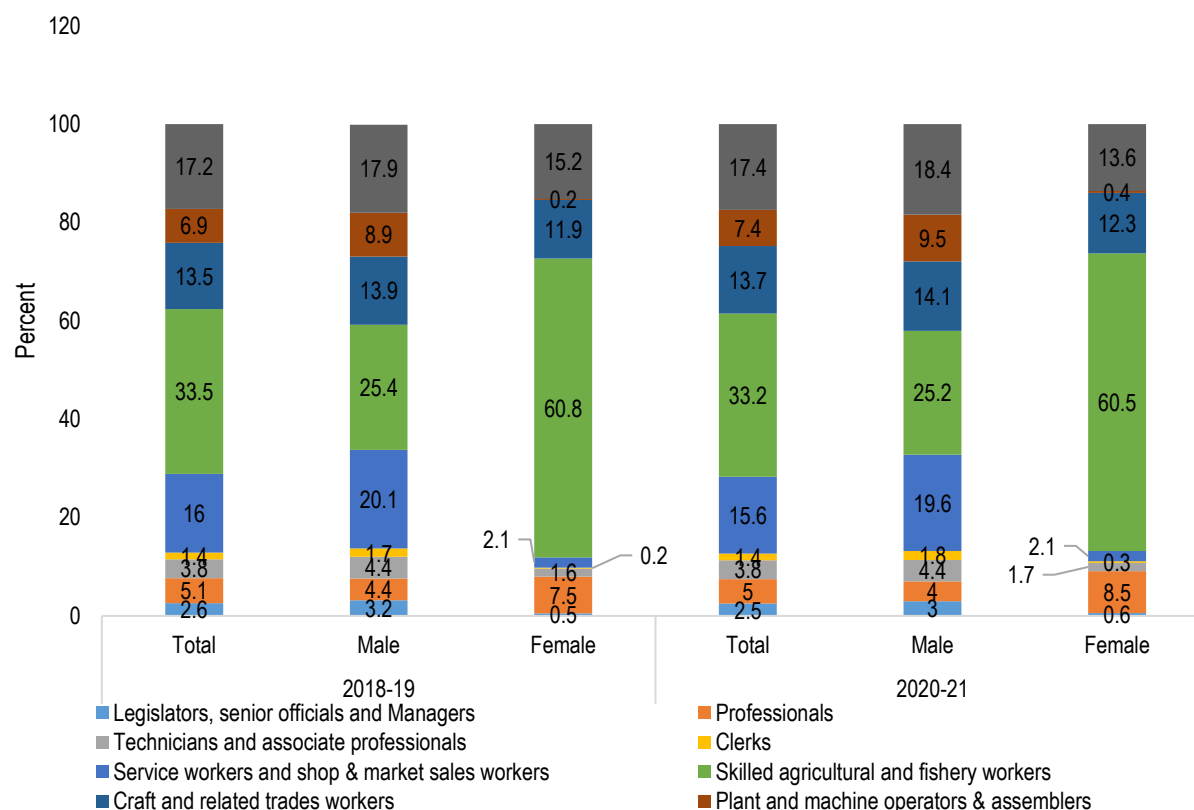
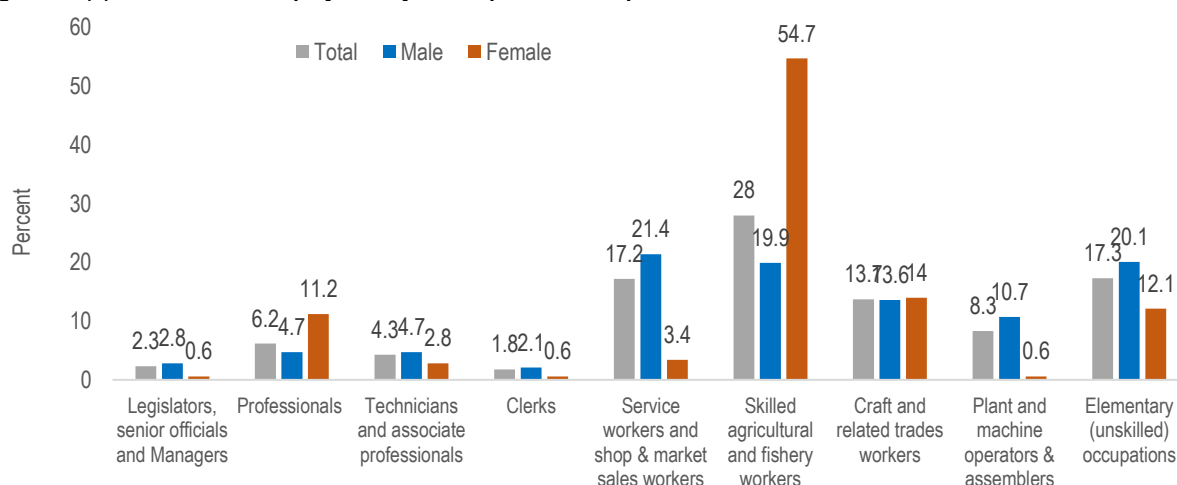


Figure 7.5 (b) Distribution of Employed: Major Occupational Groups, 2024-25 19th ICLS



7.9 Employed Population: Employment Status

According to the 13th ICLS, in 2024-25 employees constitute the largest group (43.5%) followed by own account workers (36.1%), contributing family workers (19.1%) and employers (1.3%). More than one-half female workers toil as contributing unpaid family workers (49.7%) while about 39.4% of males are Own account worker and male employees are contributing as 49% in 2024-25. As for change during the comparative periods from 2018-19 to 2024-25 overall employees (39.8%, 43.5%) trend up while own account workers (35.8%, 36.1%), contributing family workers (22.9%, 19.1%) trending down and employers (1.5%, 1.3%) level same.

Table 7.9 Employed Population - Distribution by Employment Status and Sex, 2018-19 & 2020-21

(Percent)

Employment Status	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Employers	1.5	1.9	0.1	1.4	1.8	0.1	1.3	1.7	0.1
Own account worker	35.8	40.2	21.2	35.5	40.4	19	36.1	39.4	25.2
Unpaid family helpers	22.9	12.8	56.9	21.1	10.8	55.9	19.1	9.9	49.7
Employees	39.8	45.1	21.8	42.0	47.0	25.0	43.5	49.0	25.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: In the LFS 2024-25 figures, the category of "own account workers" is a combination of independent workers without employees and dependent contractors, while the category of "employees" comprised of paid employees and paid apprentices

7.10 Distribution of Employed: Hours Worked (Absolute)

According to the 19th ICLS table 7.10 reflects the picture of distribution of employed engage in work as per hours. Considerable proportion (26.8%) worked 56 hours or more a week. While 87.5% more than "35 hours a week" the duration representing full (time related) employment. As for provinces, the proportion of "Less than 5 Hours worked" ranges from insignificant to quite significant in Punjab. Relevant information is given in table-7.10.



Table 7.10 Distribution of Employed: Hours Worked (Absolute) 19th ICLS, 2024-25

(Percent)

Area/ Province	Total Employed	Not worked	Less than 5 hours	5-9 Hours	10-14 Hours	14-24 Hours	25-34 Hours	35-39 Hours	40-41 Hours	42-48 Hours	49-55 Hours	56 Hours & above
Pakistan												
Total	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.1	5.5	5.4	12.2	8.0	28.0	12.5	26.8
Rural	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.0	6.3	6.2	14.8	8.6	27.5	11.1	24.0
Urban	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.5	1.2	4.0	4.0	7.3	6.7	29.0	15.1	32.1
Punjab												
Total	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.9	6.2	6.3	11.0	7.4	26.6	11.9	29.4
Rural	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.0	7.2	7.5	13.2	7.8	26	10.9	25.9
Urban	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.8	4.1	4.2	6.6	6.6	27.7	13.7	36.0
Sindh												
Total	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.8	1.8	3.7	4.4	16.6	8.8	27.4	15.7	20.7
Rural	100.0	0.0	0.2	0.6	1.4	4.1	4.9	24.3	10.8	24.9	13.1	15.8
Urban	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.9	2.3	3.4	3.9	8.3	6.7	29.9	18.4	26.0
K.P												
Total	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.6	5.7	4.4	11.7	8.7	34.1	8.9	25.7
Rural	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.6	5.7	4.5	12.4	8.8	33.8	8.6	25.4
Urban	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	6.1	3.8	8.3	8	35.3	10.7	27.3
Balochistan												
Total	100.0	0.0	0.2	0.5	1.3	5.1	2.7	8.1	8.9	29.7	15.7	27.5
Rural	100.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	1.4	5.5	2.6	8.7	9.7	29.5	15.8	26.0
Urban	100.0	0.0	0.2	1.0	1.0	4.0	3.0	6.5	6.7	30.0	15.6	31.7

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note:- LFS 2020-21 and earlier surveys (including 2018-19) were conducted on the basis of 13th ICLS standards. it is not possible to provide LFS (2020-21 & 2018-19) data on a 19th ICLS basis.

7.11 Employed Population: Informal Sector

As shown in the below table share of informal sector in the non-agriculture sector decreased from (72.4% to 72.1%) with significant decline in rural area (76.2% to 75.5%) than in urban areas (68.5%, 68.3%) from 2018-19 to 2024-25. On the other hand, it has been observed in 2024-25 the formal sector activities are more concentrated more in urban areas (31.7%) than in rural areas (24.5%). Share of females in comparison with respective share of males is more evident in urban formal (41.5%) and rural informal (70.9%) while, share of males are more prominent in rural informal (76.3%) and urban informal (69.4%). Shares of males and females trend up in the formal and decline in the informal sector.



Table 7.11: Distribution of Non-Agriculture Workers for the year 2018-19, 2020-21 & 2024-25

(Percent)

Sector	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Formal	27.6	27.3	29.5	27.5	26.6	34.5	27.9	27.0	33.7
Informal	72.4	72.7	70.5	72.5	73.4	65.5	72.1	73.0	66.3
Rural	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Formal	23.3	23.6	21.4	23.8	23	28.9	24.5	23.7	29.1
Informal	76.7	76.4	78.6	76.2	77	71.1	75.5	76.3	70.9
Urban	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Formal	31.9	31.0	39.5	31.5	30.3	42.1	31.7	30.6	41.5
Informal	68.1	69.0	60.5	68.5	69.7	57.9	68.3	69.4	58.5

Source: - Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

7.12 Major Industry Divisions: Informal Sector

In 2024-25 according to size of respective shares, the industry groupings form a descending sequence of wholesale and retail trade (31.1%), Manufacturing (19.3%), construction (19.3%), community, social & personal services (18.4%) and transport (11.7%). The other category (comprising of mining & quarrying, electricity, gas & water and finance, insurance, real estate & business services) accounts for about less than one percent. Manufacturing accounts for near three out of five (52.2%) of females as compared to about one out of five (14.7%) of males, wholesale & retail trade employed about two out of five (34.2%) of males compared to about one in sixteen (8.1%) of females while community/social & personal services embrace more than three in ten (37.4%) of females compared to about one in seventh (15.7%) of males. Distribution of workers by industries makes two distinct groups. Manufacturing, construction, wholesale & retail trade seems to be trending down while transport, storage & communication, community, social & personal services and others trend up during the comparative period.



Table 7.12: Distribution of Informal Sectors Employment by Major Industry Divisions for the year 2018-19, 2020-21 & 2024-25

(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Manufacturing	20.9	16.3	57.5	20.2	15.7	58.6	19.3	14.7	52.2
Construction	17.4	19.4	1.1	19.6	21.8	1.3	19.3	21.9	0.4
Wholesale and retail trade	32.1	35.4	5.5	30.5	33.6	5.4	31	34.2	8.1
Transport, storage and communication	12	13.5	0.1	11.7	13	0.2	11.7	13.1	1.8
Community, social and personal services	15.5	13.0	35.5	17.5	15.4	34.5	18.4	15.7	37.4
Others (includes mining & quarrying; electricity, gas & water and finance, insurance, real estate & business services *)	2.1	2.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	-	0.3	0.4	0.1

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

*Others (includes mining & quarrying; electricity, gas & water and finance, insurance, real estate & business services)

7.13 Major Occupational Groups: Informal Sector

In 2024-25, craft & related trades workers (25.3%) and Elementary occupations (21.2%). The remaining groups make a descending sequence of plant/machine operators & assemblers (11.8%), technicians & associate professionals (4.1%), professionals (4.5%), Managers (2.3%) and skilled agricultural, forestry & fisheries (0.2%). About three-fifth (51.6%) of females compared to one-fourth (21.5%) of males are engaged in craft & related trade activities. Comparative share of females (14%) is also obvious versus males (3.2%) in the case of professionals. Share of males are higher in the rest of the occupational groups. As far change during the comparative periods, Managers, professional, technicians & associate professionals, craft & related trades workers. Plant/machine operators & assemblers trend up, while the respective shares of the rest of the tabulated grouping are in proximity with each other.

Table 7.13: Distribution of Informal Sectors Employment by Major Occupational Groups for the year 2018-19, 2020-21 & 2024-25

(Percent)

Major Occupational Divisions	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Legislators, senior officials & Managers	2.8	3.1	0.4	2.2	2.4	0.5	2.3	2.6	0.5
Professionals	3.4	2.7	9.4	3.3	2.5	9.8	4.5	3.2	14
Technicians and associate professionals	3.7	4.0	1.2	3.9	4.2	1.4	4.1	4.4	2.4
Clerks	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.3
Services workers and shop & market sales workers	31.7	34.5	8.9	30.1	32.6	8.5	30.2	32.8	11.2
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	0.1	0.1		0.1	0.1	-	0.2	0.3	-
Craft and related trade workers	27.5	24.0	55.4	26.5	23.0	56.2	25.3	21.5	51.6
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	11.5	12.8	0.8	11.9	13.2	1.1	11.8	13.2	1.7
Elementary (unskilled) occupations	19.1	18.5	24.0	21.6	21.5	22.4	21.2	21.6	18.3

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: Total may tally due to rounding effects

7.14 Employment Status: Informal Sector

The employment status mainly consists in the categories of employees (44.7%) and Own account worker workers (46.0%). About one in ten (7.4%) is reported as contributing un-paid family worker and near one in thirty-three (1.9%) comprises employers. The male contributing un-paid family workers (6.6%) are about one half of females (12.9%) while employers are predominantly male intensive. As for change during the comparative periods, employers (2.8%, 1.9%) and contributing un-paid family workers (8.6%, 7.4%) level same. Own account worker workers (43.7%, 46%) lose stream while employees (44.9%, 44.7%) gain stream during the comparative periods.

Table 7.14: Informal Sectors Workers – Distribution by Employment Status for the year 2018-19, 2020-21 & 2024-25

(Percent)

Employment Status	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employer	2.8	3.2	0.2	2.6	2.8	0.3	1.9	2.2	0.2
Own account worker	43.7	43.7	43.3	40.6	41.2	35.3	46	44.4	57.4
Contributing family workers	8.6	7.7	16.2	7.8	7.0	15	7.4	6.6	12.9
Employees	44.9	45.4	40.3	49	49	49.4	44.7	46.8	29.5

Source: - Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

7.15 Employed: Occupational Safety and Health

In 2024-25, about (2.7%) employed persons report some sort of occupational injury/disease in the last 12 months preceding the date of enumeration that resulted into the loss of working time or the consultation with a practitioner. The percentage suffered finds male workers more vulnerable (3.2%) relative to female workers (1.2%). Similarly, urban workers (2.9%) are more vulnerable than rural workers (2.6%). Vulnerability seems to be receding during the comparative period across the area and gender.

Table 7.15: Occupational Injuries/Diseases-Employed Persons 10 + Years of Age by Status for the year 2018-19, 2020-21 & 2024-25

(Percent)

Status of Injuries/Diseases	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Suffered	3.3	3.9	1.2	2.7	3.2	1.0	2.7	3.2	1.2
Not suffered	96.7	96.1	98.8	97.3	96.8	99	97.3	96.8	98.8
Rural	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Suffered	3.7	4.6	1.3	2.7	3.5	0.9	2.6	3.2	1.1
Not suffered	96.3	95.4	98.7	97.3	96.5	99.1	97.4	96.8	98.9
Urban	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Suffered	2.6	2.8	0.5	2.6	2.8	1.1	2.9	3.1	1.6
Not suffered	97.4	97.2	99.5	97.4	97.2	98.9	97.1	96.9	98.4

Source: - Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

7.16 Major Industry Divisions: Occupational Safety and Health

Mainly, the sufferers belong to agriculture (23.9%), construction (17.5%), Manufacturing (17.4%), wholesale & retail trade (17%) and transport/storage & communication (11.1%). Females are about twice

(44.2%) as exposed to risk as males (21.6%) in agriculture. Contrarily, males are more vulnerable in the remaining groups. Comparative risk profile except of agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing (38.6%, 23.9%) deteriorates for all of sizeable groupings.

Table 7.16: Occupational Injuries/Diseases by Major Industry Divisions by sex for the year 2018-19, 2020-21 & 2024-25

(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing	38.6	34.5	83.7	29.3	26.3	61.7	23.9	21.6	44.2
Mining & quarrying	0.2	0.3	-	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.7	0
Manufacturing	16.2	17.1	6.4	19.1	18.6	24.8	17.4	17.6	15.4
Electricity, gas and water	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.8	0.8	-	0.7	0.7	0
Construction	21.5	23.0	4.8	19.7	21.2	3	17.5	19.5	0.7
Wholesale & retail trade and restaurants & hotels	9.2	10.0	-	13.7	14.9	1.2	17	18.3	4.9
Transport, storage and communication	8.8	9.6	-	10.2	11.1	-	11.1	12.3	0
Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	-	0.5	0.6	0
Community, social and personal services	5.1	5.1	5.1	6.6	6.5	8.9	11.3	8.7	34.8

Note: - (-) Stands for no information

Source: - Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

7.17 Major Occupational Groups: Occupational Safety and Health

In 2024-25 the major groupings of the sufferers comprise skilled agriculture & fishery activities (19.5%), Elementary occupations (22.7%), craft & related trades workers (18.5%), plant and machinery operator (14.6%) and service & sales workers (14.6%). Risk profile of skilled agriculture, forestry & fishery workers and services & sales workers improves while rest of the sizeable grouping indicate deterioration down the time lane.

Table 7.17: Occupational Injuries/Diseases by Major Occupational Groups by sex for the year 2018-19, 2020-21 & 2024-25

(Percent)

Major Occupational Groups	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Legislators, senior officials & Managers	0.6	0.6	-	1.2	1.3	0.3	1.4	1.5	0.3
Professionals	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.8	4.2	2.3	21.0
Technicians and associate professionals	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	0.9	3.4	3.1	6.2
Clerks	0.2	0.2	-	0.6	0.7	-	1.0	1.1	-
Service workers and shop & market sales workers	7.2	7.8	0.6	11.0	11.8	2.1	14.6	15.4	7.3
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	30.9	28.5	57.7	26.1	23.1	58.6	19.5	17.3	39.3
Craft and related trade workers	23.4	25.0	5.8	23.6	23.7	23	18.5	19.1	13.6
Plant and machine operators and assembles	8.7	9.5	-	10.8	11.7	0.2	14.6	16.1	0.8
Elementary (unskilled) occupations	27.1	26.5	33.3	24.0	25.0	13.1	22.7	24.0	11.6

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note:- Totals may not tally due to rounding effect

- Stands for insignificant or no information.

7.18 Employment Status: Occupational Safety and Health

In 2024-25 according to the relative size of the risk profile, employees (51.2%), own account workers (38.1%), and un-paid family workers (9.6%) take exhaustive account of the sufferers in the same order. The employee's category seems to be getting more while own account worker and contributing family worker seems to be less during the comparative period.

Table 7.18: Occupational Injuries/Diseases by Employment Sector for the year 2018-19, 2020-21 & 2024-25
(Percent)

Employment Status	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employers	0.7	0.7	-	1.4	1.5	0.3	1.1	1.3	-
Own account worker	38.0	40.6	8.6	39.6	40.5	29.5	38.1	39.3	26
Contributing family workers	14.2	9.9	62.2	10.9	7.1	53.5	9.6	6.3	39.6
Employees	47.1	48.7	29.3	48.1	50.9	16.7	51.2	53.1	34.4

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note:- - Stands for no information.

7.19 Types of Treatment Received: Occupational Safety and Health

In 2024-25 about one half (45.7%) of the sufferers is reported to have consulted a doctor or other medical professionals, (27%) get hospitalized and about one-fourth (25.7%) took time off work. Vulnerability decrease in the 1st group while increase in the middle and lattermost. The change is gender-even in the foremost and the lattermost, while affects both males and females in the second category. The remaining one-seven (1.6%) did not avail themselves of any of the aforementioned options, waxes over time, alluding to a sort of increasing marginalization at the workplace.

Table 7.19: Occupational Injuries/Diseases by Types of Treatment Received for the year 2018-19, 2020-21 & 2024-25
(Percent)

Types of Treatment received	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Hospitalized	11.8	12.0	8.6	16.2	16.7	10.6	27.0	27.8	20.0
Consulted a Doctor or other Medical Professional	43.4	45.2	23.5	40.5	41.9	25.2	45.7	45.3	48.2
Took time off work	30.7	29.3	45.9	31.6	29.5	55	25.7	25.4	28.8
None	14.1	13.4	22.0	11.7	11.9	9.2	1.6	1.5	3.0

Source: - Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

7.20 Labour Force Participation

Table-7.20 below charts out the time series of the last eleven (11) years (2007-08 to 2024-25) on the main variables characterizing the labour force viz labour force participation rate, unemployment rate, shares in employment by industry, employment status etc. A sort of descriptive comment follows the tabulated data.

Table 7.20: Selected key indicators of the labour market-Pakistan (Percent) 2007-08 to 2024-25

Indicators	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
Labour force participation rate											
Both sex	52.5	53.1	53.5	53.4	53.1	53.1	53.3	51.9	52.7	52.8	53.9
Male	82.4	82.0	81.7	81.9	81.1	81.0	81.4	81.1	80.9	80.7	80.4
Female	21.8	23.1	24.1	24.4	24.3	25.0	25.0	22.8	24.6	24.6	26.3
Employment-to-population ratio											
Both sex	49.9	50.3	50.7	50.4	49.9	50.1	50.2	48.9	49.1	49.4	50.0
Male	79.1	78.5	78.3	78.0	77.0	77.3	77.5	77.2	76.3	76.3	75.6
Female	19.9	21.0	21.9	22.2	22.1	22.8	22.7	20.9	22.1	22.3	23.5
Unemployment rate											
Both sex	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.7	6.0	5.6	5.8	5.7	6.7	6.3	7.2
Male	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.8	5.1	4.6	4.7	4.9	5.7	5.5	6.0
Female	8.7	9.0	9.2	9.0	9.1	8.9	9.2	8.5	10.3	9.2	10.7
Share of industry in total EMP											
Both sexes	20.6	21.0	21.4	21.8	22.8	22.9	23.2	24.0	23.3	25.4	25.9
Male	22.7	23.1	24.1	24.6	26.2	25.8	25.7	26.0	26.0	28.6	29.2
Female	12.2	12.7	11.6	11.5	11.3	13.1	14.6	16.6	13.8	14.6	14.9
Share of agriculture in total EMP											
Both sexes	42.8	43.3	43.4	43.5	42.2	42.2	41.0	37.4	38.3	37.1	32.5
Male	35.2	35.7	35.2	34.9	33.1	33.2	32.0	29.6	29.3	28.3	24.0
Female	73.8	72.7	73.9	74.2	74.9	72.9	71.8	66.1	69.1	67.6	60.9
Share of services in total EMP											
Both sexes	36.6	35.7	35.2	34.7	35.0	34.9	35.8	38.6	38.1	37.5	41.6
Male	42.2	41.2	40.7	40.5	40.7	41.0	42.3	44.4	44.7	43.2	46.8
Female	13.9	14.6	14.5	14.2	13.8	14.0	13.6	17.3	17.0	17.8	24.2
Share of wage and salaried workers in total EMP											
Both sexes	37.1	36.8	36.5	36.9	39.7	39.8	39.4	42.9	40.3	42.2	43.7
Male	40.6	40.5	40.7	41.2	43.8	43.5	43.5	46.8	42.5	47.1	49.2
Female	22.9	22.6	20.8	21.6	24.9	27.0	25.3	29.0	22.3	25.4	25.4
Share of own account workers in total EMP											
Both sexes	35.9	34.8	35.6	36.3	34.9	36.6	37.2	35.7	36.6	36.0	36.6
Male	41.2	40.1	41.3	41.8	40.1	41.6	41.8	39.9	40.9	40.8	39.9
Female	13.9	14.0	14.5	16.6	15.9	19.6	21.5	20.6	22.0	19.5	25.7
Share of EMP in the informal economy											
Both sexes	72.4	73.0	72.9	73.5	73.3	73.3	72.3	71.4	72.1	72.2	80.4
Male	72.4	73.1	73.0	73.9	73.6	73.4	72.2	71.5	72.4	73.2	78.7
Female	71.7	71.6	72.7	70.6	70.9	72.5	72.9	70.7	69.9	64.9	86.1
Share of EMP working 50 hours or more											
Both sexes	39.3	38.0	39.5	38.5	36.3	39.3	39.1	37.8	37.9	39.7	39.8
Male	47.0	46.3	48.0	46.9	44.4	48.4	48.1	46.0	47.2	49.0	49.0
Female	7.6	6.0	7.8	8.4	7.3	8.7	8.1	7.4	5.9	7.3	9.0
Share of EMP in agriculture working 50 hours or more*											
Both sexes	28.5	26.6	28.7	28.6	24.3	29.4	26.5	23.7	23.3	26.7	23.4
Male	40.0	38.5	41.3	41.0	36.0	43.5	40.0	34.3	36.0	41.2	37.1
Female	6.1	4.0	6.4	7.7	5.9	7.5	5.9	6.3	4.8	6.0	5.2
Share of EMP in trade working 50 hours or more*											
Both sexes	69.5	68.8	70.1	67.7	67.1	69.2	69.8	68.0	74.3	68.7	67.8
Male	70.5	69.5	71.1	68.4	67.8	69.7	70.5	68.7	75.6	69.2	68.8
Female	32.6	32.9	35.7	35.3	38.2	39.6	39.2	37.9	45.5	39.7	38.3

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: * Share has been calculated from respective sector

Labour Force Participation Rate marginally increases from 52.5% at the beginning of the series in 2007-08 and hovers around in its proximity till the end of the period (53.9% in 2024-25). Likewise Participation rates of males remains in the close vicinity of 80.4% during the period with higher start in 2007-08 (82.4%). Female participation Rates remains steady of one-fourth (21.8%) of male participation rates in 2007-08 till the end of the series (26.3%) in 2024-25.

Employment to Population ratio declines a bit from 49.9% in 2007-08 to 50.0% in 2024-25 and remains in the proximity of 50% during the rest of the period. The size of the employment ratio for males scales down from 79.1% in 2007-08 to 75.6% in 2024-25. Ratio of female employment ratio signify increasing trend during the period 2007-08 to 2024-25.

Unemployment rate constitutes rising curve from (5.0%) in 2007-08 to (7.2%) in 2024-25. Males and female unemployment rates make the similar pattern, however the latter's are higher than formers. The distance between males and female unemployment rates does not seem to be shrinking during the period.

Share of industry in total employment sets out at 20.6% in 2007-08, makes a rising trend to ends up at higher level (25.9%) in 2024-25. Share of males rises from 22.7% to 29.2% while share of female increases from 12.2% in 2007-08 to 14.9% in 2024-25.

Share of agriculture in total employment charts a mildly increasing trend from 42.8% in 2007-08 to peak at 43.5% in 2010-11 and end up at lower level (32.5%) in 2024-25. Male share seems higher at the start (35.5% in 2007-08) and ends up lower (24.0%) at the end (2024-25) of the time series. Females share, faring about two times higher than male's shares, make a rising series from 73.8% in 2007-08 to 74.9% in 2012-13 and follows decline pattern in the rest of the series till 2024-25.

Share of services in total employment make a rising series from 36.6% in 2007-08 to 41.6% in 2024-25 with a sort of sagging curvature in the middle. Share of males rises from 42.2% in 2007-08 to (46.8%) in 2024-25 while approximate at the middle. The corresponding shares of females scale down during periods 2007-08 (13.9%) and 2012-13 (13.8%) while gain steam in 2024-25 (24.2%).

Share of wage and salaried workers in total employment bespeaks of rise from 37.1% in 2007-08 to 43.7% in 2024-25 with fits and start in between. The share of male makes smooth increasing trend and rises from (40.6%) in 2007-08 to 49.2% in 2024-25 while share of female make a mix pattern, high in both ends and lower in the middle.

Share of own-account workers in total employment make a sort of varying series, with fits and starts, between 2007-08 (35.9%) and 2024-25 (36.6%). Similar pattern obtains in the case of males and females shares with formers faring at more than twice of the latter's.

Share of employment in informal sector levels at the ends from 72.4% in 2007-08 to 80.4% in 2024-25 while mixed trend high and low in the middle. The corresponding shares by males (72.4%, 78.7%) level increase during the period 2007-08 to 2024-25 while the share of females (71.7%, 86.1%)) show a marginal variation during the comparative periods 2007-08 vs 2024-25.

Share of employment working fifty (50) or more hour's slightly inclines from 39.3% in 2007-08 to 39.8% in 2024-25 during the period, though, with a bit irregular curvature. Share by males and females point up similar pattern however, the latter's curvature is more consistent relatively. Further, males share is five times more than the corresponding shares of females.

Share of employment in agriculture working fifty (50) or more hours make a sort of declining series between 2007-08 (28.5%) and 2024-25 (23.4%). The corresponding shares by males (40.0%, 37.1%) and females (6.1%, 5.2%) make the end points of the similar curves.

Share of employment in trade working fifty (50) or more hour's falls from 69.5% in 2007-08 to 67.8% 2024-25 with mix pattern in between. Shares by males and females form the similar patterns with slight variations. Males share fare less than twice of the corresponding shares of females.

7.21 Employment-to-Population Ratio

The employment-to-population ratio provides information on the ability of an economy to create jobs; it is often more insightful than the unemployment rate. The employment-to-population ratio is defined as the proportion of the working population that is employed. The paragraphs follow the below table comment on the salient aspects.

Employment to population ratio tends to increase from 49.9% in 2007-08 to 50.2% in 2014-15 and slightly decrease to 50.0% in 2024-25. By gender, a sort of decrease obtains for males from 2007-08 to 2017-18 and a sort of decline is observed in the year 2024-25. However, employment to population ratio of males is about three to four times of that female which is at variance with the cause of gender equity. The Gap is closing with the passage of time.

Youth (15-24 years) employment to population ratio seems to waving down from 40.3% at beginning of the period (2007-08) to a level of 38.7% at the end (2024-25) of the period. Similar curvature is made in the case of males and females Again, figures for males are more than thrice of the corresponding figures for females. However, disparity is shrinking down the time lane.

Table 7.21: Employment-to-population ratios by sex and age-Pakistan (Percent) 2007-08 to 2024-25

Pakistan	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
15 years & above											
Both sexes	49.9	50.3	50.7	50.4	50.0	50.0	50.2	48.9	49.1	49.4	50.0
Male	79.1	78.5	78.3	78.0	77.0	77.3	77.5	77.2	76.3	76.3	75.6
Female	19.9	21.0	21.9	22.2	22.1	22.6	22.7	20.9	22.1	22.3	23.5
15-24 years											
Both sexes	40.3	40.6	41.1	39.6	39.0	41.0	37.6	36.9	36.1	38.9	38.7
Male	62.3	61.4	61.3	59.5	58.2	62.2	56.4	56.3	53.5	58.2	56.7
Female	17.1	18.3	18.8	18.8	18.4	19.3	16.7	17.0	18.2	18.8	19.0
South Asia (15+)	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Both sexes	27.4	26.8	26.3	25.5	25.6	24.8	25.6	26.6	27.3	26.4	26.5
Male	39.9	39.1	38.4	37.5	37.6	36.7	38.0	39.4	39.3	38.5	38.6
Female	13.9	13.5	13.2	12.6	12.6	11.9	12.2	12.7	14.2	13.4	13.4
East Asia (15+)											
Both sexes	46.0	45.6	45.1	45.0	44.2	40.9	42.5	41.3	40.9	40.7	40.6
Male	47.5	47.1	46.6	46.6	45.8	42.5	44.1	42.7	42.2	42.0	41.9
Female	44.4	43.9	43.3	43.2	42.4	39.0	40.7	39.7	39.4	39.3	39.1

Source: PBS, various years, Pakistan Labour Force Survey and ILO Global Employment Trends for Youth 2024

7.22 Vulnerable Employment

Share of vulnerable employment declining trajectory from 87.3% in 2013-14 to 85.3% in 2024-25. Males and females share decline during the comparative periods. Further, females are more prone to land in vulnerable employment as figures for females are higher than corresponding figures for males.

As for sectoral share of vulnerable employment, more than eighty (80) percent of *agricultural employment* is vulnerable, more in the case of females than males.

About three fourth of employment in *wholesale and retail trade* is vulnerable, more in the case of females than males. Vulnerability is receding as a whole, more for males than in the case of females.

About forty five (45) percent of employment in *hotel restaurants* is vulnerable, seems to be on decline though erratically. Similar curvature obtains for males while shares of females seem to be trending up. Further

the shares of males are quite lower than corresponding figures for females.

Similarly, (42.5) percent more than three- fifth of the employment in *real estate and business* is vulnerable with slightly incline in male category during the comparative period. Share by gender form comparable trend down the time lane. However, shares of females shows the incline trend as compared to previous year.

About (33) percent share of vulnerable employment in *other community, social and personal services* sectorial employment during the period 2024-25. It makes an erratic pattern of fall during the tabulated period. Gender-disaggregated shares make comparable curvature. However, shares of males are higher than the corresponding shares of females.

About (43.9) percent of *transport and communication* comprise vulnerable employment during the tabulated period 2024-25. A sort of increase is observed in the year 2018-19 (51.3%) and 2020-21 (50.5) percent. Comparable profile obtains by gender curve down in male category during the comparative periods. However, shares of females are higher than the corresponding shares of males in 2024-25.

Share of vulnerable employment in *Manufacturing* curves rise during the period under consideration. Change down the time lane is wavy. Similar configuration is made in the case of males and a female, though, the shares of latter is higher than the corresponding share of the former.

Vulnerable employment in *health & social work* decrease from (24.2) percent in 2014-15 to (16.2) percent in 2024-25. By gender, variations are more significant in male while female follow suit during the comparative periods.

Vulnerable employment in *fishing* curve down from (35.2%) in 2014-15 and increase to (40.9%) in 2024-25. Similarly configuration obtains in the case of males while significant increase is observed in the female shares. This notwithstanding, shares of females are much higher than the corresponding share of males though the quantum of disparity makes an erratic pattern.

Mining appears to male domain. Vulnerable employment decreases from (16.1%) in 2014-15 to (7.5%) in 2024-25. Males depict the similar trajectory during the tabulated period.

Share of vulnerable employment in *construction* shows a bit variation and fare down from (6.3%) in 2014-15 to (5.9%) in 2024-25. Overall share of females are higher than the corresponding shares of males in 2024-15.

The last significant category is *education*, reflects a sort of increasing share of vulnerable employment. The shares of vulnerable employment around 13% of sector's employment 2024-25. However, females share is more than thrice of the corresponding shares of males.

Table 7.22: Share of Vulnerable Employment by Sector-Pakistan (Percent) 2013-14 to 2024-25

Sectors	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
Agriculture						
Both sexes	87.3	88.3	87.8	90.4	91.6	85.3
Male	88.1	89.4	87.4	88.5	90.1	81.3
Female	86.0	86.6	88.4	93.2	93.7	90.5
Fishing						
Both sexes	27.2	35.2	21.6	29.6	20.8	40.9
Male	27.1	35.2	20.8	29.7	21.0	40.6
Female	49.5	-	100.0	-	0.0	47.8
Mining						
Both sexes	12.1	16.1	2.7	5.4	6.8	7.5
Male	11.8	16.2	2.7	5.4	6.8	7.5
Female	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing						
Both sexes	33.8	37.1	32.9	36.1	34.1	44.2
Male	27.4	28.9	26.6	29.2	28.1	31.7
Female	59.3	68.0	55.9	63.3	56.5	86.2
Electricity, gas and water						
Both sexes	1.1	-	2.0	0.8	9.5	4.5
Male	1.1	-	2.0	0.7	9.7	4.5
Female	-	-	-	2.3	3.7	0.0
Construction						
Both sexes	6.0	6.3	5.1	6.0	6.3	5.9
Male	5.9	6.3	5.1	5.9	5.9	5.9
Female	14.6	3.1	6.3	20.1	41.1	9.3
Wholesale and retail trade						
Both sexes	74.2	73.4	69.6	72.0	69.4	75.5
Male	74.0	73.1	69.2	71.6	69.1	74.9
Female	81.2	88.8	86.9	94.9	88.4	91.9
Hotels and restaurants						
Both sexes	51.2	51.6	48.6	47.5	38.0	45.0
Male	50.6	51.1	48.0	47.0	37.4	43.3
Female	82.4	68.8	69.4	80.4	80.0	84.1
Transport and communication						
Both sexes	49.6	47.0	49.4	51.3	50.5	43.9
Male	49.7	50.2	49.6	51.4	50.8	43.7
Female	43.2	16.5	14.1	12.6	6.2	53.6
Finance						
Both sexes	2.5	2.1	1.5	0.4	1.4	0.4
Male	2.6	2.1	1.6	0.4	1.6	0.5
Female	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.0
Real estate and business activities						
Both sexes	72.0	73.4	63.4	63.4	42.1	42.5
Male	72.6	73.6	63.6	63.8	43.3	43.1
Female	-	59.9	20.3	-	15.0	23.5
Public administration						
Both sexes	0.1	0.1	11.0	-	-	0.2
Male	0.1	0.1	11.0	-	-	0.3
Female	1.9	-	10.6	-	-	0.0
Education						
Both sexes	3.6	4.4	3.3	3.1	5.1	12.4
Male	2.3	3.1	2.5	1.9	3.5	6.2
Female	5.5	6.4	4.6	4.8	6.9	18.7
Health and social work						
Both sexes	23.6	24.2	19.6	17.3	15.8	16.2
Male	27.0	27.7	23.0	21.7	19.7	19.9
Female	12.9	13.4	11.6	6.6	6.0	10.2
Other community, social and personal services activities						
Both sexes	39.8	40.5	53.2	49.4	37.0	33.0
Male	46.3	46.0	52.4	48.6	42.3	38.3
Female	15.3	18.1	59.6	60.6	23.0	21.0

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

7.23 Excessive hours worked

Pakistan Labour Force Survey categorizes working beyond fifty (50) hours a week as excessive hours worked. The quantum of excessive hours worked indicates prevalence of low wages/small scale/informal activities. The paragraphs follow the table-7.23 provide brief comments on the sectoral profile of the excessive hours worked in a descending order of the intensity of their prevalence.

Table 7.23: Percentage distribution of employed working Excessive hours by sector and Sex-Pakistan 2013-14 to 2024-25

Sector	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
Agriculture						
Both sexes	31.0	27.5	23.2	23.0	25.0	18.7
Male	29.4	26.3	21.8	21.7	23.6	17.8
Female	62.3	52.9	55.9	56.8	56.1	34.8
Fishing						
Both sexes	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4
Male	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Female	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.4
Mining						
Both sexes	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4
Male	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4
Female	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing						
Both sexes	15.5	18.6	18.3	16.8	15.9	16.6
Male	15.7	17.2	18.3	16.9	16.0	16.9
Female	12.4	25.4	18.3	13.0	13.7	11.7
Electricity, gas and water						
Both sexes	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Male	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6
Female	0.2	-	-	0.1	0.2	0.0
Construction						
Both sexes	3.7	4.6	5.0	4.5	6.2	8.9
Male	3.9	4.8	5.2	4.6	6.4	9.4
Female	0.5	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.4
Wholesale and retail trade						
Both sexes	26.2	26.7	27.2	29.0	25.0	27.3
Male	27.2	27.7	28.1	29.7	25.8	28.3
Female	7.6	6.9	8.0	9.6	6.4	9.8
Hotels and restaurants						
Both sexes	3.0	3.1	3.8	4.1	3.9	3.3
Male	3.1	3.2	3.9	4.2	4.0	3.4
Female	0.5	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.8	0.5
Transport and communication						
Both sexes	9.5	9.8	11.2	11.3	10.7	10.0
Male	9.9	10.2	11.7	11.7	11.2	10.5
Female	1.2	0.8	1.0	0.2	0.4	2.6
Finance						
Both sexes	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6
Male	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6
Female	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.9
Real estate and business activities						
Both sexes	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	2.3	2.3
Male	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	2.3	2.4
Female	-	0.2	-	-	0.8	0.8
Public administration						
Both sexes	1.5	1.5	2.8	1.5	2.0	2.5
Male	1.6	1.6	2.9	1.5	2.0	2.4
Female	0.1	0.2	0.8	0.2	0.9	4.4
Education						
Both sexes	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	2.0
Male	0.1	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.8	1.3
Female	1.8	2.1	1.7	2.8	2.3	13.8
Health and social work						
Both sexes	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.8
Male	0.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.3
Female	3.0	2.3	4.7	4.4	4.6	10.6
Other community, social and personal services activities						
Both sexes	4.7	4.3	2.9	4.6	3.9	3.3
Male	5.2	5.6	3.0	4.6	4.0	3.4
Female	10.0	9.5	1.9	3.0	1.9	1.2
Activities of private households						
Both sexes	-	-	1.3	1.1	1.5	1.3
Male	-	-	1.2	0.9	1.1	0.9
Female	-	-	5.6	0.8	10.8	8.2

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey)

Agriculture account for about 19% of the excessive hours worked. Agriculture shares at the beginning of the year 2013-14 (31%) with the end (18.7%) in 2024-25. Females are more exposed to excessive hours work than males.

Wholesale retail trade claims more than one-fourth of excessive hours worked. Shares at the beginning of the year (26.2% in 2013-14) with the end (27.3% in 2024-25) of tabulated period. Similar scenario obtains by gender; however shares of males are more than three times of the corresponding shares of females.

Transport & communication share about one-tenth of the excessive hours worked. Shares at the beginning (9.5% in 2013-14) and end (10% in 2024-25) of the tabulated periods suggest rising to end (10%). A sort of similar configuration obtains for males which account most, rather all, of the work force in the sector. Though, shares of females are miniscule, these make mix trend during the comparative periods.

Other community, social & personal services Shares at the beginning (4.7% in 2013-14) and the end (3.3% in 2024-25) of the tabulated period indicate declining trend. Similar configuration is indicated by gender. However, males seem to be more likely to work excessive hours as compared to females.

Hotels & restaurants stake one-thirty three of the work beyond the threshold of excessive hours. Tabulated period betokens showing increasing trend in the case of males. However, males constitute most, rather all, of the sectorial work force.

Public administration constitutes 2.5% of the excessive hours worked in 2024-25. There seems to be increasing trend. Moreover females seem to be double likely worked excessive hours as compared to male in 2024-25.

Real estate & business activities fare about 2.3% of the quantum of excessive hours worked in 2024-25. Moreover, the sectorial work force seems to masculine in composition.

Health and social work also accounts for about 1.2% of the spectrum of excessive hours worked in 2013-14 at the end of the year 1.8% in 2024-25. Females exposed to excessive hours work than males and more rapid change observed in female.

7.24 Wages and salaried employment

The share of wage and salaried employment indicates the extent and prevalence of the stable job opportunities. However, the composition of wage & salaried persons determines the adequacy and reliability of this measure. Follows an account of the share in status groups of wage and salaried persons (Table-7.24)

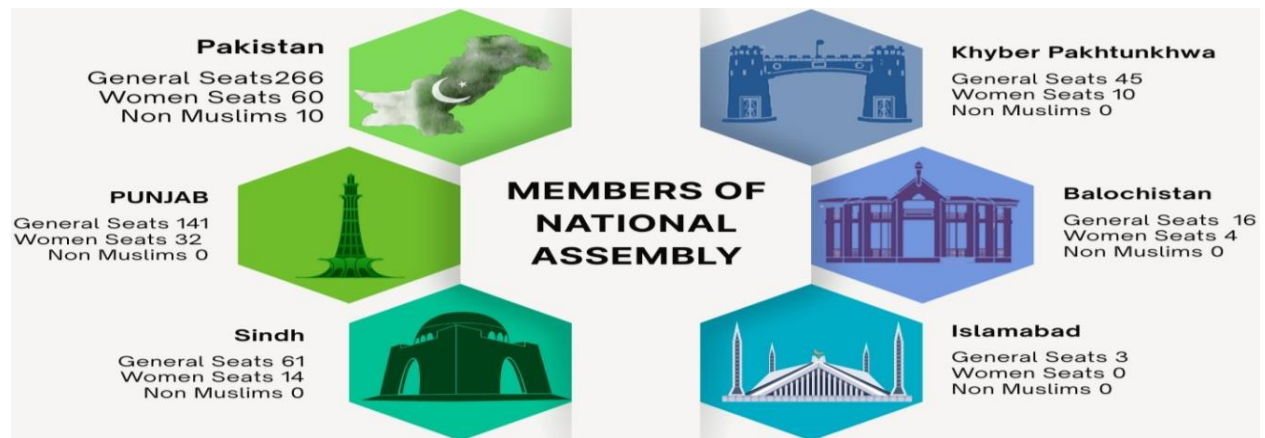
Table 7.24: Share in Status Group of Wage and Salaried Employment 2007-08 to 2024-25 (%)

Employment Status	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
Total wage and salaried employment											
Both sexes	37.1	36.8	36.5	36.9	39.7	39.7	39.4	42.9	40.3	42.2	43.7
Male	40.6	40.5	40.7	41.2	43.8	43.6	43.5	46.8	45.5	47.1	49.2
Female	22.9	22.6	20.8	21.6	24.9	27.1	25.3	29.0	22.3	25.4	25.4
Own account workers employment											
Both sexes	35.9	34.8	35.6	36.3	34.9	36.6	37.2	35.7	36.6	36.0	36.6
Male	41.2	40.1	41.3	41.8	40.1	41.6	41.8	39.9	40.9	40.8	39.9
Female	13.9	14.0	14.5	16.6	15.9	19.6	21.5	20.6	22.0	19.5	25.7

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (LFS)

WOMEN ROLE IN PUBLIC LIFE





CHAPTER - 8

Female Role in Public Life

This chapter briefly describes certain aspects of Female participation in public life such as elected representative in the parliament i.e. National and Provincial Assemblies and Senate, ministerial positions, Female associations and groups working for Female rights, Female in media and Female in Development activities etc.

8.1 General Elections

The General Elections to the National and Provincial Assemblies 2023 are the eighth one in the series of elections held during post-ninth. Election 2023 have the distinction of being the third during the period, conducted after the assemblies had exhausted their constitutionally specified life span.

8.2 Registered Votes/Voters participation

Every Pakistani 18 years and above was eligible as voter to National and Provincial Assemblies. All of 126.07 million voters for both sexes registered in provinces /area in 2023, were declared eligible to cast votes to candidates with free choice. Of these 57.97million (46 percent) were Female and 68.10 million (54 percent) males.

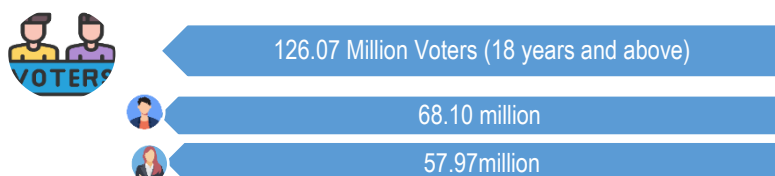
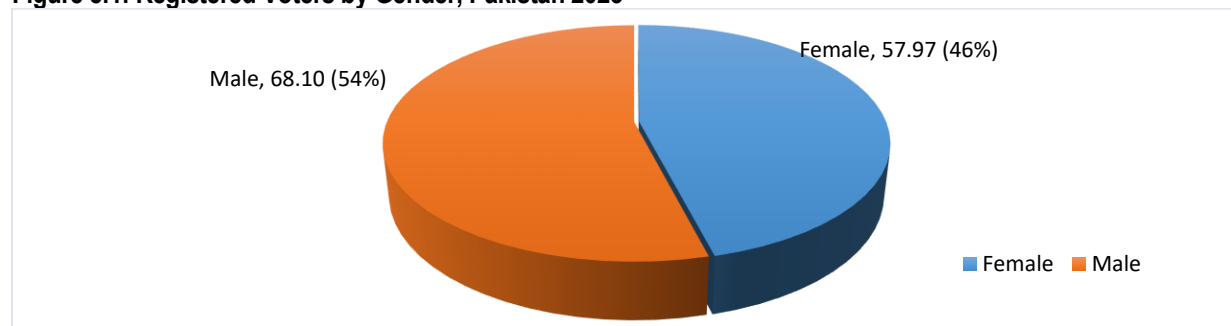


Table-8.1 Registered Voters 2023 (As on 30 June, 2023)

Pakistan/Province	Registered Voters (In million)			Percent	
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Pakistan	57.97	68.10	126.07	46%	54%
Islamabad	0.49	0.54	1.04	47%	53%
Punjab	33.20	38.41	71.61	46%	54%
Sindh	12.14	14.39	26.53	46%	54%
KP	9.82	11.80	21.62	45%	55%
Balochistan	2.31	2.96	5.27	44%	56%

Source: Election Commission of Pakistan, Islamabad.

Figure 8.1: Registered Voters by Gender, Pakistan 2023



The table 8.2 presents registered voters in Pakistan along with turnout during the last ten elections. Down the time lane, number of polled votes seems to be outpaced by the number of registered voters. Time series of 'turnout' indicates a sort of enervation during nineties, the period of mid-term elections. Of late, voters seem to be regaining confidence in the electoral exercise. Figures for Female are markedly lower than that of Male's which indicates they are encountering certain binds in the free exercise of electoral choice.

Table-8.2 Registered Voters, Votes Polled and Turnout of Voters in the National Assembly of Pakistan, 1985 to 2024

Year	Registered Voters (In million)			
	Male	Female	Total	Votes polled
1985	18.99	15.40	34.40	17.89
Percent	55	45	100	52
1988	25.70	22.17	47.87	20.35
Percent	54	46	100	43
1990	26.21	22.44	48.65	21.88
Percent	54	46	100	45
1993	28.51	23.81	52.33	20.76
Percent	54	46	100	40
1997	31.45	25.17	56.62	19.94
Percent	56	44	100	35
2002	38.75	33.16	71.91	29.97
Percent	54	46	100	42
2008	45.39	35.64	81.03	35.64
Percent	56	44	100	44
2013	48.59	37.60	86.19	46.22
Percent	56	44	100	54
2018	59.22	46.73	105.96	54.83
Percent	56	44	100	52
2024	69.26	59.32	128.59	61.28
Percent	54	46	100	48

Source: Election Commission of Pakistan

8.3 Number of Seats in National and Provincial Assemblies and Senate

There are 336 seats in the National Assembly. Out of these 73 are reserved for Female and 263 seats for male. There are 749 seats in four Provincial Assemblies altogether. Out of these 599 are males seats and 147 seats are reserved for female. Female are legally allowed at par with Male to contest election on any seat for the National and Provincial Assemblies. There are 96 seats in the Senate (known as upper house). Out of these 76 seats are reserved for males and 17 are for females. The provinces have equal number of seats (23 seats for each province). In addition, 4 seats for Federal Capital. The elections for Senate are not conducted by direct cast of votes from electoral roll comprising Female and Male voters registered with the Election Commission of Pakistan. Instead, elected members of the provincial assemblies elect senators on provincial basis, whereas, the senators from the Federal Capital are elected by the members of the National Assembly.

8.4 Elected Members by Gender

Among the all Muslim and non-Muslim seats in the National Assembly, Female as elected representatives were negligible in number. There were only 2 Female members in the National Assembly of 1990 (0.9 %) against 215 Male members. The number of Female members improved slightly in the National Assembly. In election 2002 to subsequently increase in the Female representation to the tune of 72 in National Assembly. There are 69 (20.2 %) Female members in National Assembly vis a vis 273 Male members in 2018. There are 73 (22 %) Female members in National Assembly now vis a vis 263 Male members in 2024.

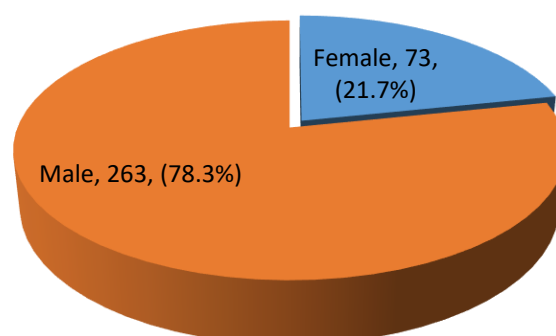


Table-8.3 Elected Members of National Assembly 1990 to 2024

Election Year	Total	Number of Elected Members of National Assembly			
		Female	Percent	Male	Percent
1990	217	2	0.9	215	99.1
1993	217	4	1.8	213	98.2
1997	217	7	3.2	210	96.8
2002	342	72	21.1	270	78.9
2008	342	75	21.9	267	78.1
2013	342	68	19.9	274	80.1
2018	342	69	20.2	273	79.8
2024	336	73	21.7	263	78.3

Source: National Assembly Secretariat, Parliament House, Islamabad.

Figure 8.2: Elected Members to the National Assembly by Gender, Pakistan



Female senator has always been a rare spectacle. There was a single Female in the Senates of 1990 and 1993. Their number rose to 2 in 1997 Senate. As Mentioned earlier, Female seats in representative institution have been increased manifold. As a result, the senate has 17 (18 %) Female members in 2024. This notwithstanding due representation of Female in all walks of the life can only be realized on sustainable basis if their access to the pivotal equalizers i.e. education and health is ensured across the time and space. (Table-9.4).

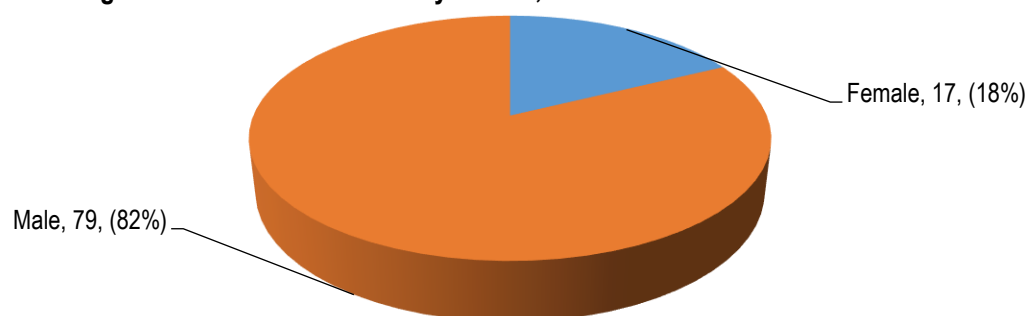
Table 8.4 Elected Members of Senate 1990 to 2024

Election Year	Total No. of Seats	Number of Elected Senators			
		Female		Male	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1990	87	1	1.1	86	98.9
1993	87	1	1.1	86	98.9
1997	87	2	2.3	85	97.7
2003	87	2	2.3	85	97.7
2004	87	2	2.3	85	97.7
2009	100	18	18.0	82	82.0
2012	100	18	18.0	82	82.0
2013	100	17	17.0	83	83.0
2014	104	17	16.3	87	83.7
2015	104	17	16.3	87	83.7
2016	104	17	16.3	87	83.7
2017	104	19	18.3	85	81.7
2018	104	19	18.3	85	81.7
2024	96*	17	17.7	79	82.3

Note:

* The Senate of Pakistan currently consists of **96 total seats**. Following the merger of FATA with Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, the number of senators was reduced from 104 to 96 after the March 2024 elections. Each province elects 23 members, and 4 members are elected from the Federal Capital

Source: Senate Secretariat, Parliament House, Islamabad

Figure 8.3: Percentage of Senators to the Senate by Gender, Pakistan 2024

Provincial assemblies have also witnessed non seeable increase in the number of Female members as a sequel to the allocation of special seats to Female for the election 2023. The percentage of Female seats seem to be close to allocated level except in Punjab Assembly due to election of some Female numbers on general seat as well.

Table 8.5 Elected Members of Provincials Assemblies, 2024

Province	Total Number of Members	Number of Elected Member			
		Female		Male	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Punjab	371	78	21.02	292	78.71
Sindh	168	31	18.45	137	81.55
KP	145	27	18.62	118	81.38
Balochistan	65	11	16.92	52	80.00

Source:- Election Commission of Pakistan.

8.5 Members of Cabinet

At present there are 18 Federal Ministers, 02 Ministers of State, 01 Advisors to Prime Minister & 04 Special Assistant to the Prime Minister. In Federal Cabinet 01 minister of state is female.

In KP there are no female in the cabinet, whereas 02 female Ministers, 02 Special Assistants to the Chief Minister in Punjab, 02 Female Minister in Sindh and 01 female Minister, and 02 Advisors to Chief Minister in Balochistan Cabinet.



MISCELLENIOUS



Chapter- 9

Miscellaneous

9.1 Cyber Crime

UNODC describes cybercrime broadly as criminal conduct involving information and communication technologies (ICTs), where computers, networks, or digital systems may be the target, the tool, or both, They are often referred to as "computer-dependent crimes" because they cannot occur without information technology i.e. Online fraud, Identity theft, Credit card fraud, Online banking fraud, Business Email Compromise (BEC), Phishing & spear phishing, Investment scams, Cryptocurrency fraud and Forgery of electronic documents etc. Number of registered cybercrimes reported in 2025 are 157886. It has also been observed maximum number fraud reported in online financial fraud with male population. Gender wise 76.7% male are victim of cybercrime whereas 23.2% female. Moreover 36705 females are victim of cybercrimes.

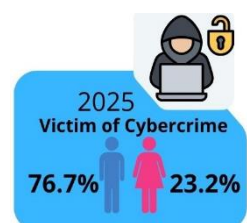


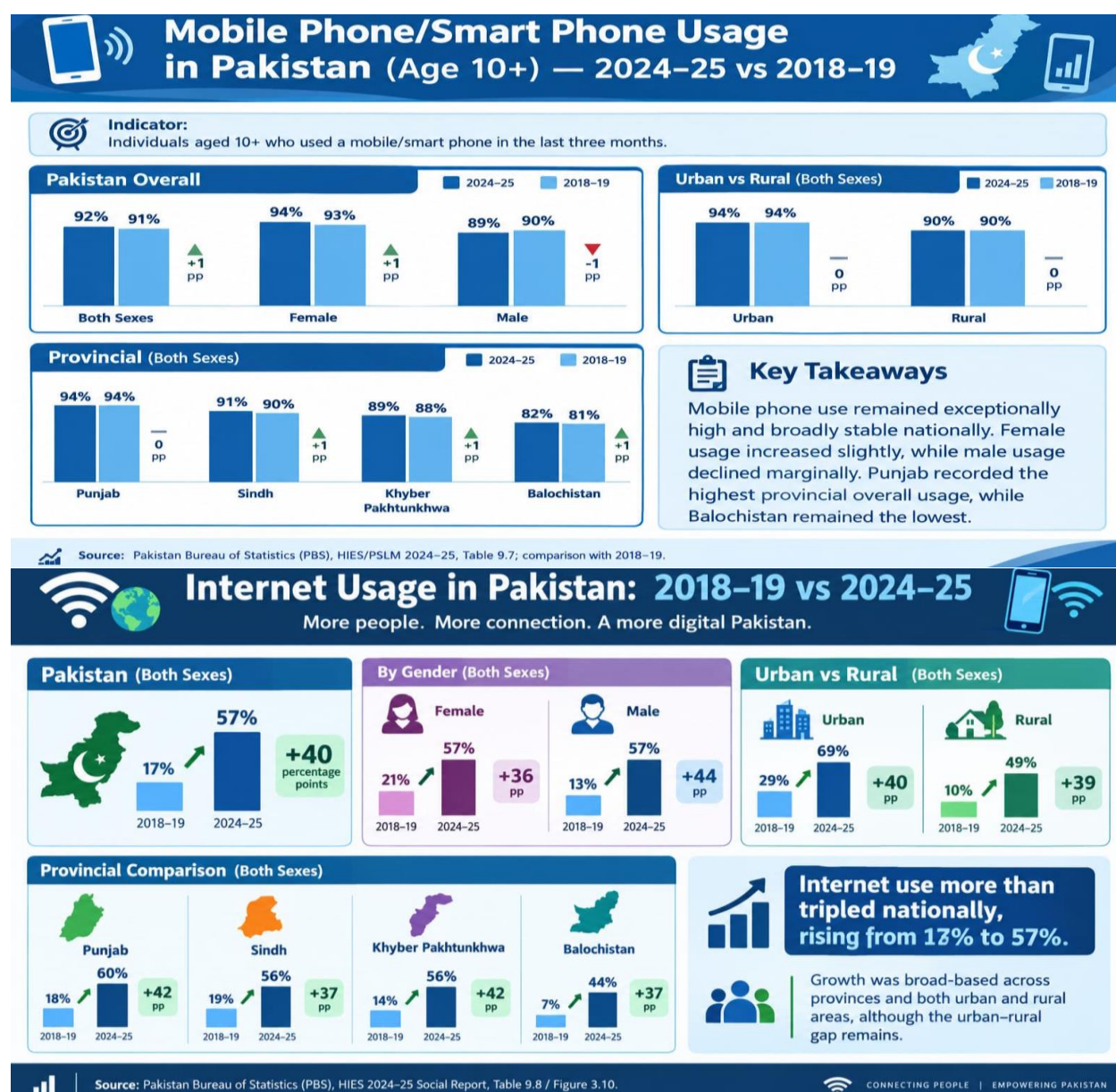
Table 9.1: Cyber Crime Complaint for Year 2025

Crime Type	Male	Female	Transgender	Both Sexes
Total	121,168	36,705	13	157,886

Source: National Cyber Crime Investigation Agency, Islamabad

9.2 Information and Communication Technology (ICT)

Information and Communication Technology (ICT) plays an important role in modern life by making communication, learning, and work faster and more efficient. ICT is used in schools for online learning and research, in businesses for managing data and communication, in hospitals for maintaining medical records and improving healthcare, and in banks for secure online transactions. One of the key benefits of ICT is that it promotes gender inclusion by providing equal access to education, job opportunities, digital skills, and online resources for people of all genders. Pakistan's roadmap for economic revival and sustainable growth (2024–2029). It focuses on five key pillars: Exports, E-Pakistan (Digital Transformation), Environment & Climate Resilience, Energy & Infrastructure, and Equity & Empowerment. URAAN Pakistan vision, emphasizes universal digital access, affordable connectivity, and the empowerment of citizens through technology-enabled service.



9.3 Benazir Income Sport Programm (BISP)

BISP, has played a crucial role in enhancing Female's economic empowerment. It empowers Female economically, enabling them to meet essential daily needs. BISP cash transfer programs significantly influence Female's empowerment also increase decision-making power. By providing direct cash transfers to Female, BISP enables them to make critical household expenditure decisions; they can invest in education, improve nutrition, and start small businesses. BISP comprises several key initiatives designed to address poverty and empower vulnerable populations. This programme reaches to 10.4 million individuals as June; 2026. Detail is given in below table.

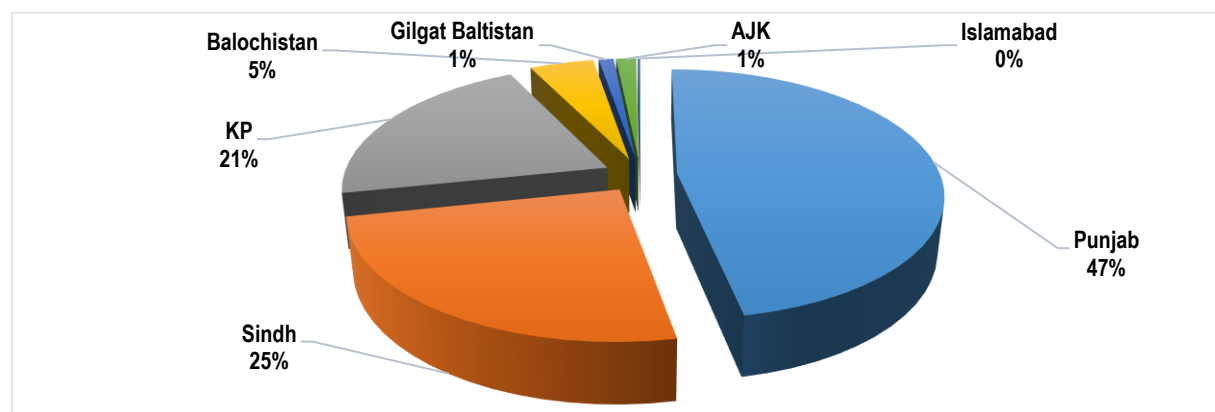
Table 9.2: Region –Wise Digital & Financial Inclusion of Female Beneficiaries June 2025

Region	No. of Beneficiaries	Region wise percent share
Pakistan	10,410,699	100.00
Punjab	4,886,172	46.93
Sindh	2,577,515	24.76
KP	2,184,284	20.98
Balochistan	481,810	4.63
Gilgat Baltistan	112,338	1.08
AJK	151,092	1.45
Islamabad	17,488	0.17

Note: A total of 221 transgender individuals are also included among the female beneficiaries receiving quarterly cash assistance.

Source: Benazir Income Sport Programm (BISP) Islamabad.

Figure 9.1: Region –Wise Digital & Financial Inclusion of Female Beneficiaries



9.3 Federal Ombudsmen Secretariat for Protection against Harassment

FOPASH is an autonomous, quasi-judicial government body in Pakistan established to enforce legal protections against harassment and defend civil rights from workplace harassment. It was created under the Protection Against Harassment of Female at the Workplace Act, 2010. It provides a legal forum for employees including Female, Male, and transgender individuals—to file complaints against harassment, discrimination, or abusive/hostile work environments. Under the Enforcement of Female's Property Rights Act, 2020, FOSPAH's powers were expanded. FOPASH also hears cases to protect and secure Female's rights to



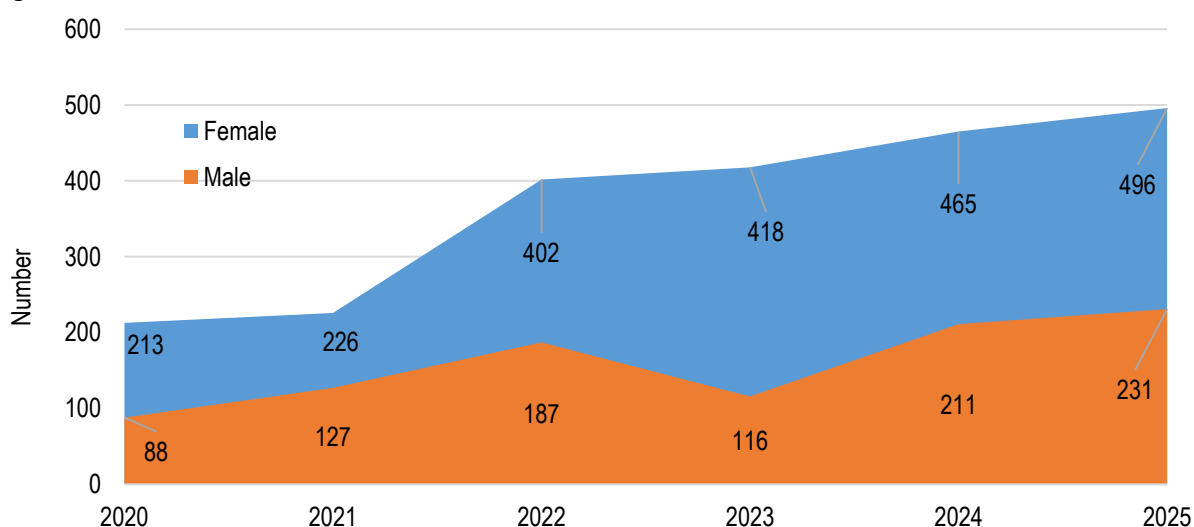
ownership and inheritance of property. Data reveals a troubling pattern: a high ratio of Female have been harassed and no of female-reported harassment cases is double that of Male. Gender wise harassment data is given below in table.

Table 9.3: Gender-wise Harassment cases from 2020 - 2025 (Head Office, FOSPAH, Islamabad)

Year	Female	Male	Transgender
2020	213	88	-
2021	226	127	-
2022	402	186	1
2023	418	116	-
2024	465	211	-
2025	496	231	-

Source: Federal Ombudsperson Secretariat for Protection Against Harassment (FOSPAH), Ibid.

Figure 9.2: Gender Wise Harassment Case



9.4 Vehicle ownership

It is the legal right of an individual or entity to possess, use, and dispose of a motorized vehicle (like a car, truck, or motorcycle). According to data, 96% of motor vehicle are registered to Male, while only 4% are registered to Female in Punjab. This translates to a Gender Parity Index (GPI) of 0.11, indicating a substantial gap in vehicle ownership. Overall, the figures demonstrate a significant gender disparity in motor vehicle registrations in both provinces, with male registrations accounting for the overwhelming majority of the total. Punjab also records a considerably higher number of registered motor vehicles compared with KP.



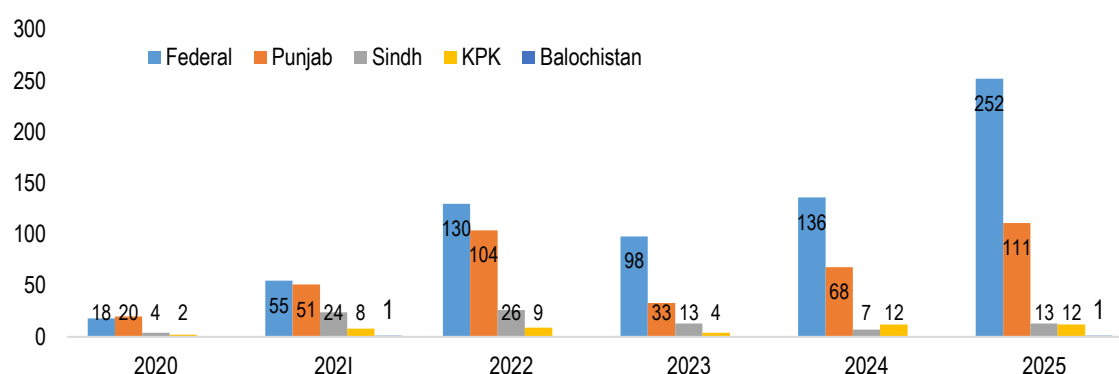
Table 9.4: Data from Excise & Taxation Department regarding moveable Assets

Type of Vehicles	Provinces	Male	Female	Total
Motor Vehicles	Punjab	25,654,866	829,718	26,484,584
	KP	1,786,685	3,604	1,790,289

Source: Excise and Taxation Office

9.5 Landownership

Landownership in Pakistan is governed by a mix of constitutional protections, provincial land laws, and a land revenue system inherited from the colonial period. The system differs somewhat across provinces but shares common features. Three types of land ownership i.e Private land, State Land and Communal Land (Shamilat). Land Ownership recorded managed by provincial revenue departments. Mostly provinces, especially Punjab, have digitized significant portions of their land records, although the extent of digitization varies.

**Figure 9.3: Province wise Property cases from 2020-2025 (Females)****Table 9.5: Land and Property Ownership Data by Gender in Pakistan**

Provinces	Male		Female	
	Ownership	Area(Acres)	Ownership	Area(Acres)
Punjab	23,803,976	27,511,726	10,788,157	5,128,984
Sindh	68,498	-	4,466	-

Source: Excise and Taxation Office

9.6 Active Current Accounts

The data show a persistent and significant gender disparity in bank account ownership, according to the State Bank of Pakistan. The data indicate that males held the majority of active current and savings/time/other accounts, while females remained significantly underrepresented. This ongoing trend reflects the continued exclusion of Female from formal financial systems in the region; systemic barriers such as limited financial literacy, restricted mobility, and sociocultural norms contribute to this disparity.



Table 9.6: Deposits Distributed by Type of Accounts and Gender June 2025

Type of Account	No. of Accounts		
	Males	Females	Joint Males & Females
I. Current Deposits	99,919,148	42,716,472	717,283
Of which: Basic Banking Accounts	4,695,394	429,007	7,320
II. Call Deposits	207,641	9,821	8,977
III. Other Deposit Accounts	76,803	17,877	1,698
IV. Saving Deposits	19,333,717	5,144,557	693,042
V. Fixed or Term Deposits	229,748	128,994	132,762
1) Less Than Three Months	27,608	10,587	8,045
2) For Three Months and Over but Less Than Six Months	11,728	6,026	2,187
3) For Six Months and Over but Less Than One Year	6,105	3,082	1,556
4) For One Year & Over but Less Than Two Years	133,815	85,392	85,533
5) For Two Years & Over but Less Than Three Years	2,743	1,254	496
6) For Three Years & Over but Less Than Four Years	7,071	3,389	2,313
7) For Four Years & Over but Less Than Five Years	5,212	410	341
8) For Five Years and Over but Less Than Ten Years	35,154	18,665	32,202
9) For ten years and over	312	189	89
Total	119,767,057	48,017,721	1,553,762

Source: State Bank of Pakistan

9.7 Companies Having Female CEO and Shareholders

The distribution of companies with female leadership and ownership across Pakistan demonstrates a significant concentration in the country's major economic centres. Nationwide, 14,559 companies are led by female Chief Executive Officers (CEOs), while 33,792 companies have female shareholders, reflecting the growing participation of women in Pakistan's corporate sector.

Among the provinces and administrative regions, Punjab records the highest number of companies with female representation, with 5,845 female CEOs and 14,582 female shareholders, underscoring its position as the country's largest commercial hub. Islamabad Capital Territory follows with 4,651 female CEOs and 10,285 female shareholders, indicating a strong presence of women in corporate leadership and ownership within the federal capital. Sindh also demonstrates substantial female participation, accounting for 2,946 companies with female CEOs and 6,569 companies with female shareholders. In comparison, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP) reports 646 female CEOs and 1,455 female shareholders, while Gilgit-Baltistan records 291 female CEOs and 621 female shareholders. Balochistan has the lowest representation, with 180 female CEOs and 280 female shareholders.

Overall, the data highlights notable regional disparities in women's participation in corporate leadership and ownership. While Punjab, Islamabad, and Sindh collectively account for the majority of female-led and female-owned companies, comparatively lower figures in KP, Gilgit-Baltistan, and Balochistan suggest opportunities for targeted interventions to promote women's entrepreneurship and corporate participation across all regions of Pakistan.

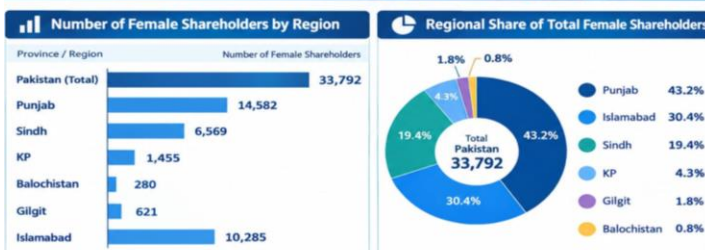
Table 9.7: Number of Companies Having Female CEO and shareholders (July 2021 to June 2026)

Province	Number of Companies	
	Female CEO	Female Shareholders
Pakistan	14,559	33,792
Punjab	5,845	14,582
Sindh	2,946	6,569
KP	646	1,455
Balochistan	180	280
Gilgit	291	621
Islamabad	4,651	10,285

Source: Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Islamabad

Female Shareholders in Companies — Regional Comparison

July 2021 to June 2026

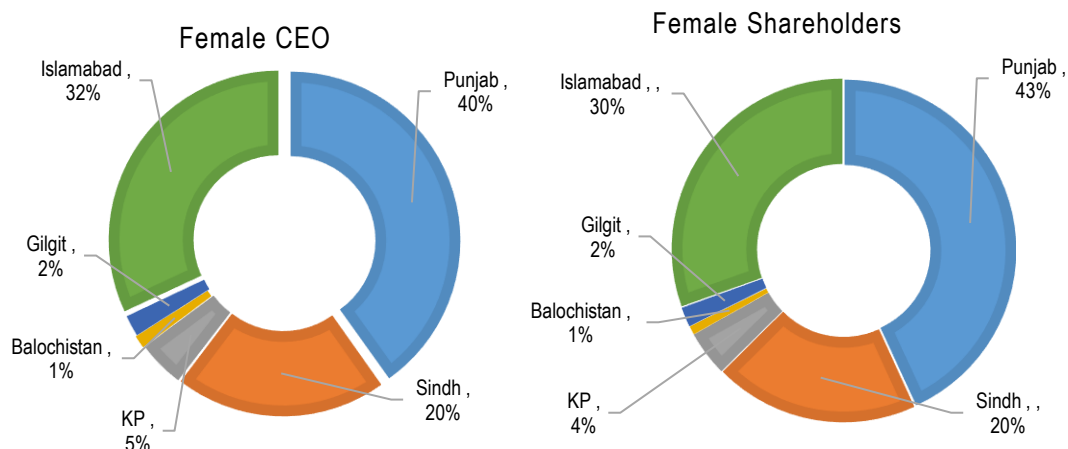


Executive Insight

Punjab records the highest number of female shareholders, followed by Islamabad and Sindh, while Balochistan records the lowest.

Figure 9.4: Number of companies having female CEO July, 2021 to June 2026

Number of companies having female Shareholders (July, 2021 to June 2026)



9.8 Violations Against Women

The reported cases of domestic violence indicate that beating and torture remain the most prevalent form of abuse over the five-year period (2021–2025), accounting for 347 recorded cases. Although the number of cases declined between 2021 and 2024, a significant increase was observed in 2025, when reported incidents rose to 113 cases, highlighting the continued vulnerability of women to physical violence within domestic settings.

Acid attacks accounted for 199 reported cases during the same period. While the number of incidents declined from 55 cases in 2021 to 26 cases in 2023, cases increased again in 2024 (29 cases) and 2025 (55 cases), indicating that this severe form of violence remains a persistent concern. Cases of setting women on fire totaled 128 over the five years. The trend fluctuated, with 24 cases reported in 2021, rising slightly to 26 cases in 2022, declining to 14 cases in 2023, and increasing again to 18 cases in

2024 and 46 cases in 2025. Amputation was the least frequently reported form of domestic violence, with only one case recorded during the five-year period, occurring in 2025.

Overall, the data demonstrates that physical violence, particularly beating and torture, constitutes the largest share of reported domestic violence cases. The resurgence in several forms of violence during 2025 underscores the need for strengthened prevention measures, effective law enforcement, survivor support services, and sustained public awareness initiatives to address gender-based violence.



Violations Against Women in Pakistan — 2021–2025

SAFETY | JUSTICE | PREVENTION | REPORTING



ANNUAL TOTALS

2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
1,180	1,176	901	899	1,403

FIVE-YEAR TOTAL

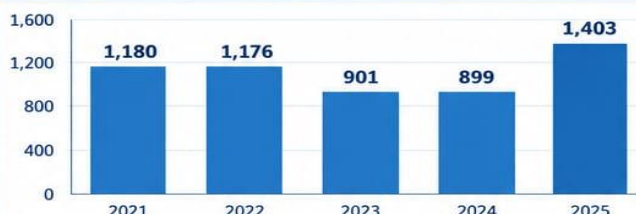
5,559



2025 WAS THE HIGHEST ANNUAL TOTAL

56.1% higher than 2024
and 18.9% higher than 2021.

ANNUAL TREND (TOTAL VIOLATIONS)



TOP 3 CATEGORIES (OF 5-YEAR TOTAL)



TOTAL CASES BY CATEGORY (FIVE-YEAR TOTAL)

#	Type of Violation	Total Cases	% of Total
1	Rape	2,245	40.4%
2	Karo Kari / Honor Killings	1,310	23.6%
3	Attempt of Murder	635	11.4%
4	Gang Rape	490	8.8%
5	Beating/Torture	347	6.2%
6	Acid Attack	199	3.6%
7	Setting on Fire	128	2.3%
8	Sexual Comments	70	1.3%
9	Request for Sexual Favor	67	1.2%
10	Wani/Sawara	34	0.6%
11	Forced Marriage	25	0.4%
12	Sexual Violence	6	0.1%
13	Amputation	1	0.02%
14	Trafficking of Women for Prostitution	1	0.02%
15	Custodial Rape	1	0.02%
16	Marriage with Holy Quran	0	0%
17	Dowry Related Violence	0	0%
Total		5,559	100%

MAJOR CATEGORIES (BY TOTAL CASES)



PREVENTION

Stronger systems and safer communities.



SUPPORT

Survivor-centered care and services.



JUSTICE

Timely investigation, effective prosecution and accountability.



REPORTING

Encourage reporting and end the stigma.



ANALYSIS & KEY INSIGHTS

Recorded violations declined from 1,180 in 2021 to 899 in 2024, before rising sharply to 1,403 in 2025. Rape was the largest recorded category across the five-year period, while honor killings and attempted murder remained major forms of serious violence. The 2025 increase was especially pronounced in rape, gang rape, acid attacks, setting on fire, and beating/torture. The pattern underscores the need for stronger prevention, survivor support, timely investigation, effective prosecution, and institutional accountability. Recorded figures may not represent the full prevalence because under-reporting can affect administrative statistics.

Source: Ministry of Human Rights, Islamabad — as shown in the supplied table.

Figure 9.5: Violations Against Women in Pakistan 2021 to 2025

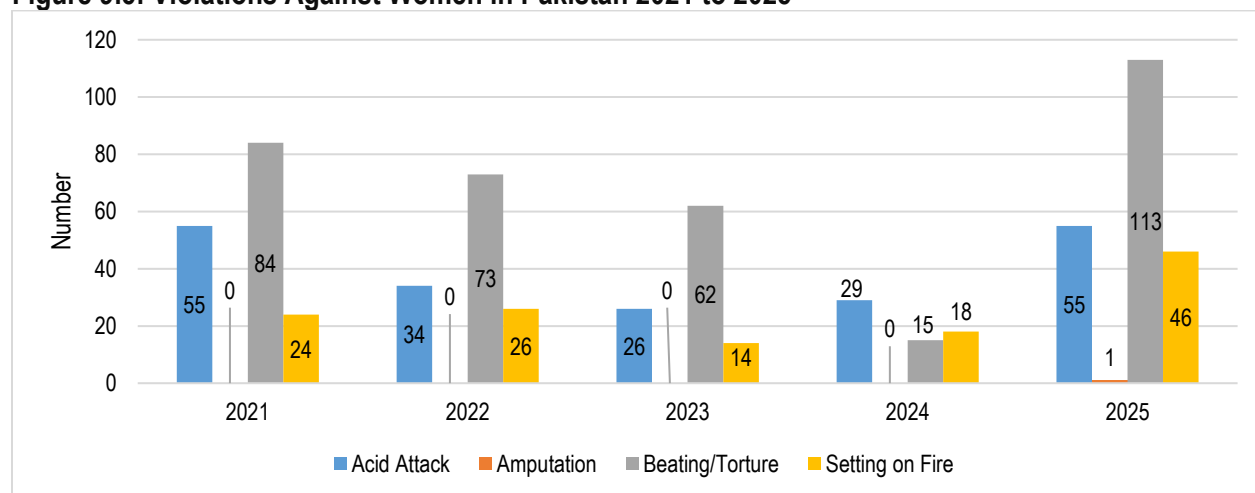


Table 9.8: Violations Against Women in Pakistan (2021 To 2025)

Type of Violence	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Domestic Violence						
Acid Attack	55	34	26	29	55	199
Amputation	0	0	0	0	1	1
Beating/Torture	84	73	62	15	113	347
Setting on Fire	24	26	14	18	46	128
Gender Based violence						
Attempt of murder	136	131	124	122	122	635
Sexual Violence	5	0	0	1	0	6
Forced Marriage	14	5	3	2	1	25
Wani/Sawara	20	8	5	0	1	34
Marriage with Holy Quran	0	0	0	0	0	0
Karo Kari/Honor Killings	139	308	300	276	287	1310
Dowry Related Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ttrafficking of Women for Prostitution	0	1	0	0	0	1
Harassment at Public Places						
Sexual Comments	12	28	19	4	7	70
Request for Sexual Favor	8	15	20	12	12	67
Rape	572	456	268	336	613	2245
Gang Rape	110	91	60	84	145	490
Custodial Rape	1	0	0	0	0	1
Total	1180	1176	901	899	1403	5559

Source: Ministry of Human Rights, Islamabad.

STATISTICAL TABLES

Table1.1: Province- Wise Population by Sex and Urban- Rural 2023

Name of Administrative Unit	Population-2023				Population 2017	2017-2023 Avg. Annual G.Rate
	All Sexes	Male	Female	Trans Gender		
Pakistan	241,499,431	124,324,406	117,154,694	20,331	207,684,626	2.55
Rural	147,614,729	75,592,790	72,017,097	4,842	132,013,789	1.88
Urban	93,884,702	48,731,616	45,137,597	15,489	75,670,837	3.67
Sindh	55,696,147	29,014,424	26,677,501	4,222	47,854,510	2.57
Rural	25,639,408	13,245,373	12,393,405	630	23,021,876	1.82
Urban	30,056,739	15,769,051	14,284,096	3,592	24,832,634	3.24
Punjab	127,688,922	65,448,376	62,226,589	13,957	109,989,655	2.53
Rural	75,712,955	38,625,841	37,083,868	3,246	69,442,450	1.46
Urban	51,975,967	26,822,535	25,142,721	10,711	40,547,205	4.24
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	40,856,097	20,845,747	20,009,233	1,117	35,501,964	2.38
Rural	34,724,801	17,685,692	17,038,648	461	29,626,670	2.69
Urban	6,131,296	3,160,055	2,970,585	656	5,875,294	0.72
Balochistan	14,894,402	7,768,166	7,125,471	765	12,335,129	3.20
Rural	10,282,574	5,379,780	4,902,339	455	8,928,428	2.39
Urban	4,611,828	2,388,386	2,223,132	310	3,406,701	5.19
Islamabad Capital Territory	2,363,863	1,247,693	1,115,900	270	2,003,368	2.80
Rural	1,254,991	656,104	598,837	50	994,365	3.97
Urban	1,108,872	591,589	517,063	220	1,009,003	1.59

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

Table1.2: Population by Gender and Sex Ratio, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Female	Male	All sexes	Proportion Of Female (%)	Sex Ratio (Female Per 100 Male)
Pakistan					
Census					
1972	30,476,057	34,833,283	65,309,340	46.7	114
1981	40,020,967	44,232,677	84,253,644	47.5	111
1998	63,478,593	68,873,686	132,352,279	48.0	108
2017	101,344,632	106,339,994	207,684,626	48.8	105
2023	117,154,694	124,344,737	241,499,431	48.5	106
Projection					
2024	119,904,533	127,064,607	246,969,140	48.6	106
2025	122,517,273	129,577,332	252,094,605	48.6	106
2026	125,153,145	132,109,848	257,262,993	48.6	106
Punjab					
Census					
1972	17,399,712	20,210,447	37,610,159	46.3	116
1981	22,432,228	24,860,213	47,292,441	47.4	111
1998	35,526,923	38,094,367	73,621,290	48.3	107
2017	54,067,446	55,922,209	109,989,655	49.2	103
2023	62,226,589	65,462,333	127,688,922	48.7	105
Projection					
2024	63,766,208	66,949,252	130,715,460	48.8	105
2025	65,145,666	68,254,531	133,400,197	48.8	105
2026	66,528,543	69,561,576	136,090,119	48.9	105
Sindh					
Census					
1972	6,581,720	7,574,189	14,155,909	46.5	115
1981	9,029,461	9,999,205	19,028,666	47.5	111
1998	14,342,302	16,097,591	30,439,893	47.1	112
2017	22,972,370	24,882,140	47,854,510	48.0	108
2023	26,677,501	29,018,646	55,696,147	47.9	109
Projection					
2024	27,384,872	29,731,686	57,116,558	47.9	109
2025	27,973,519	30,312,512	58,286,031	48.0	108
2026	28,568,810	30,898,430	59,467,240	48.0	108

Contd...

Table1.2: Population by Gender and Sex Ratio, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Female	Male	Both sexes	Proportion of Female (%)	Sex Ratio (Female Per 100 Male)
KP					
Census					
1972	4,025,476	4,363,075	8,388,551	48.0	108
1981	5,299,821	5,761,507	11,061,328	47.9	109
1998	8,654,709	9,088,936	17,743,645	48.8	105
2017	15,062,440	15,446,480	30,508,920	49.4	103
2023	20,009,233	20,846,864	40,856,097	49.0	104
Projection					
2024	20,487,739	21,321,778	41,809,517	49.0	104
2025	20,936,737	21,752,080	42,688,817	49.0	104
2026	21,392,228	22,188,532	43,580,760	49.1	104
Balochistan					
Census					
1972	1,138,897	1,289,781	2,428,678	46.9	113
1981	2,048,294	2,284,082	4,332,376	47.3	112
1998	3,059,379	3,506,506	6,565,885	46.6	115
2017	5,850,613	6,484,516	12,335,129	47.4	111
2023	7,125,471	7,768,931	14,894,402	47.8	109
Projection					
2024	7,136,638	7,794,897	14,931,535	47.8	109
2025	7,281,271	7,938,122	15,219,393	47.8	109
2026	7,430,748	8,086,445	15,517,193	47.9	109
FATA					
1972	1,225,251	1,265,979	2,491,230	49.2	103
1981	1,055,681	1,142,866	2,198,547	48.0	108
1998	1,524,284	1,652,047	3,176,331	48.0	108
2017	2,441,003	2,552,041	4,993,044	48.9	105
Islamabad					
Census					
1972	105,001	129,812	234,813	44.7	124
1981	155,482	184,804	340,286	45.7	119
1998	370,996	434,239	805,235	46.1	117
2017	950,760	1,052,608	2,003,368	47.5	111
2023	1,115,900	1,247,963	2,363,863	47.2	112
Projection					
2024	1,129,076	1,266,994	2,396,070	47.1	112
2025	1,180,080	1,320,087	2,500,167	47.2	112
2026	1,232,816	1,374,865	2,607,681	47.3	112

Source: 1. Pakistan Bureau of Statistics
2. National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) population projection.

Table1.3: Average Annual Growth Rate and Population Change, Pakistan and Provinces

(Percent)

Area	Growth Rate by Gender					Population Change by Gender				
	1972	1981	1998	2017	2023	1972	1981	1998	2017	2023 *
Pakistan	3.69	3.06	2.69	2.40	2.55	52.31	29.01	57.09	56.92	16.28
Male	3.65	2.87	2.64	2.31	2.65	51.71	26.98	55.71	54.40	16.93
Female	3.73	3.28	2.75	2.49	2.45	52.99	31.32	58.61	59.65	15.60
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	2.37	3.33	2.82	2.89	2.38	31.33	31.86	60.41	71.94	15.08
Male	2.36	3.34	2.72	2.83	2.49	31.12	32.05	57.75	69.95	15.83
Female	2.39	3.31	2.93	2.95	2.26	31.57	31.66	63.30	74.04	14.32
FATA	6.56	-1.47	2.19	2.40	-	109.18	-11.75	44.47	57.20	-
Male	6.22	-1.20	2.19	2.31	-	101.69	-9.72	44.55	54.48	-
Female	6.92	-1.75	2.18	2.50	-	117.53	-13.84	44.39	60.14	-
Punjab	3.37	2.75	2.64	2.13	2.53	47.02	25.74	55.67	49.40	16.09
Male	3.44	2.48	2.54	2.04	2.67	48.14	23.01	53.23	46.80	17.06
Female	3.29	3.05	2.74	2.23	2.38	45.75	28.92	58.37	52.19	15.09
Sindh	4.52	3.56	2.80	2.41	2.57	67.16	34.42	59.97	57.21	16.39
Male	4.24	3.34	2.84	2.31	2.61	62.06	32.02	60.99	54.57	16.62
Female	4.85	3.81	2.76	2.51	2.53	73.43	37.19	58.84	60.17	16.13
Balochistan	5.87	7.09	2.47	3.37	3.20	94.01	78.38	51.55	87.87	20.75
Male	5.56	6.99	2.55	3.28	3.07	87.53	77.09	53.52	84.93	19.81
Female	6.23	7.19	2.39	3.46	3.35	101.91	79.85	49.36	91.24	21.79
Islamabad	-	4.49	5.19	4.90	2.81	-	44.92	136.63	148.79	17.99
Male	-	4.27	5.15	4.76	2.89	-	42.36	134.97	142.40	18.56
Female	-	4.75	5.25	5.07	2.71	-	48.08	138.61	156.27	17.37

Note: * = Population of Transgender is included in male population
Source: 1. Pakistan Bureau of Statistics
2. National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population.

Table 1.4: Urban/Rural Population as Percent of Total Population by Gender, Pakistan& Provinces

	Pakistan	Punjab	KPK	Sindh	Balochistan	FATA	Islamabad
Census 2017							
Population (Million)	207.7	110.0	30.5	47.9	12.3	5.0	2.0
Total							
All sexes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	51.2	50.8	50.6	52.0	52.6	51.1	52.5
Female	48.8	49.2	49.4	48.0	47.4	48.9	47.5
Transgender	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Urban							
All sexes	36.4	36.9	18.8	51.9	27.6	2.8	50.4
Male	18.9	18.9	9.8	27.1	14.6	1.5	26.7
Female	17.6	17.9	9.1	24.8	13.0	1.3	23.6
Transgender	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rural							
All sexes	63.6	63.1	81.2	48.1	72.4	97.2	49.6
Male	32.3	31.9	40.9	24.9	38.0	49.6	25.8
Female	31.2	31.2	40.3	23.2	34.4	47.6	23.8
Transgender	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Pakistan	Punjab	KPK	Sindh	Balochistan	Islamabad	
Census 2023							
Population in Million	240.5	127.3	40.6	55.6	14.6	2.3	
Total							
All sexes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	51.5	51.3	51.0	52.1	52.2	53.0	
Female	48.5	48.7	49.0	47.9	47.7	47.0	
Transgender	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Urban							
All sexes	38.8	40.6	15.0	53.9	29.8	45.7	
Male	20.1	21.0	7.7	28.3	15.5	24.5	
Female	18.6	19.6	7.3	25.6	14.3	21.1	
Transgender	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rural							
All sexes	61.2	59.4	85.0	46.1	70.2	54.3	
Male	31.4	30.3	43.3	23.8	36.8	28.4	
Female	29.9	29.1	41.7	22.3	33.5	25.9	
Transgender	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Source: 1. Pakistan Bureau of Statistics

Table 1.5: Population of Twelve Major Cities 1941- 2023

City	1941	1951	1961	1972	1981	1998	2017	2023
Karachi**	386,655	1,068,459	1,912,598	3,515,402	5,208,132	9,339,023	14,884,402	18,868,021
Lahore	671,659	849,333	1,296,477	2,169,742	2,952,689	5,443,495	11,119,985	13,004,135
Faisalabad	69,930	179,127	425,248	823,343	1,104,209	2,008,861	7,882,444	9,075,819
Rawalpindi	185,042	236,877	304,175	614,809	694,834	1,409,768	5,402,380	6,118,911
Gujranwala	84,545	120,852	196,154	323,880	600,993	1,132,509	5,011,066	5,959,750
Multan	142,768	190,122	358,201	538,949	732,070	1,197,384	4,746,166	5,362,305
Hyderabad	134,693	241,801	434,537	628,631	751,529	1,166,894	2,199,928	2,432,540
Peshawar	173,420	151,435	217,885	272,697	566,248	982,816	4,331,959	4,758,762
Quetta	64,476	83,892	106,633	158,026	285,719	759,941	2,269,473	2,595,492
Islamabad	-	-	-	76,641	204,364	529,180	1,009,003	1,108,872
Sargodha	36,420	78,447	129,291	200,460	291,362	458,440	3,696,212	4,334,448
Sialkot	138,708	156,378	167,294	203,650	302,009	421,502	3,894,938	4,499,394
Bahawalpur	-	41,646	84,377	133,782	180,263	408,395	3,669,176	4,284,964

Source: 1. Pakistan Bureau of Statistics

** Karachi Entire urban population of Karachi Division.
Lahore Entire Lahore District.
Faisalabad Faisalabad Municipal Corporation.
Gujranwala Gujranwala Municipal Corporation + Gujranwala Cantonment
Peshawar Peshawar Municipal Corporation + Peshawar Cantonment
Multan Multan Municipal Corporation + Multan Cantonment
Rawalpindi Rawalpindi Municipal Corporation + Rawalpindi Cantonment + Chaklala Cantonment
Hyderabad Hyderabad Municipal Corporation + Hyderabad Cantonment + Qasimabad Municipal Corporation
Islamabad Urban Population of Islamabad
Quetta Quetta Municipal Corporation + Quetta Cantonment
Bahawalpur Bahawalpur Municipal Corporation + Bahawalpur Cantonment
Sargodha Sargodha Municipal Corporation + Sargodha Cantonment
Sialkot Sialkot Municipal Corporation + Sialkot Cantonment

Table 1.6: Median Age and Index of Aging, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Median Age (years)			Index of Aging		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
1972	18.3	18.9	17.4	8.6	10.2	9.5
1981	17.6	18.5	16.1	8.5	10.7	9.6
1998	18.2	18.2	18.2	7.6	8.5	8.1
2008	21.1	20.9	21.0	10.97	11.28	11.13
2009	21.3	21.1	21.2	11.18	11.39	11.29
2010	21.5	21.3	21.4	11.36	11.46	11.41
2011	21.7	21.5	21.6	11.52	11.51	11.52
2012	22.0	21.7	21.8	11.65	11.54	11.59
2013	22.2	21.9	22.0	11.75	11.55	11.65
2014	22.4	22.1	22.2	11.86	11.58	11.72
2015	22.6	22.3	22.4	12.00	11.63	11.81
2016	22.8	22.5	22.6	12.16	11.70	11.92
2017	23.0	22.7	22.8	12.34	11.80	12.06
Punjab						
1972	18.6	18.9	18.8	9.7	11.5	10.6
1981	18.2	18.5	18.4	10.0	12.6	11.4
1998	18.6	18.7	18.6	8.9	10.0	9.5
2008	21.3	21.1	21.2	11.28	11.55	11.42
2009	21.5	21.3	21.4	11.50	11.67	11.59
2010	21.7	21.6	21.6	11.69	11.76	11.73
2011	21.9	21.8	21.8	11.85	11.82	11.84
2012	22.1	22.0	22.0	11.99	11.86	11.92
2013	22.4	22.2	22.3	12.10	11.88	11.98
2014	22.6	22.4	22.5	12.22	11.91	12.06
2015	22.8	22.6	22.7	12.37	11.97	12.16
2016	23.0	22.8	22.9	12.54	12.05	12.29
2017	23.2	23.0	23.1	12.74	12.16	12.44
Sindh						
1972	17.8	19.4	18.7	7.0	7.9	7.5
1981	16.8	18.5	17.7	6.7	8.0	7.4
1998	18.3	18.6	18.5	6.4	6.6	6.5
2008	21.3	21.2	21.3	11.43	11.84	11.65
2009	21.6	21.4	21.5	11.66	11.93	11.80
2010	21.8	21.5	21.7	11.86	11.99	11.93
2011	22.0	21.7	21.9	12.03	12.03	12.03
2012	22.2	21.9	22.0	12.17	12.04	12.10
2013	22.4	22.0	22.2	12.27	12.05	12.15
2014	22.6	22.2	22.4	12.38	12.07	12.21
2015	22.9	22.4	22.6	12.52	12.11	12.30
2016	23.1	22.5	22.8	12.68	12.18	12.42
2017	23.3	22.7	23.0	12.87	12.28	12.56
KP						
1972	17.6	18.0	17.8	7.3	9.3	8.4
1981	16.8	16.8	16.8	6.9	9.0	8.0
1998	16.7	16.0	16.3	5.8	6.8	6.4
2008	20.3	20.1	20.2	9.87	10.12	10.00
2009	20.5	20.4	20.4	10.05	10.23	10.14
2010	20.8	20.6	20.7	10.21	10.31	10.26
2011	21.0	20.8	20.9	10.34	10.37	10.36
2012	21.2	21.0	21.1	10.46	10.42	10.44
2013	21.4	21.3	21.3	10.57	10.46	10.51
2014	21.7	21.5	21.6	10.69	10.50	10.59
2015	21.9	21.7	21.8	10.83	10.55	10.69
2016	22.1	21.9	22.0	10.99	10.63	10.80
2017	22.3	22.1	22.2	11.16	10.73	10.94

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Table 1.6: Median Age and Index of Aging, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Median Age (years)			Index of Aging		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Balochistan						
1972	17.4	18.8	18.2	6.5	7.5	7.0
1981	14.7	16.6	15.8	5.8	6.6	6.2
1998	17.0	16.4	16.6	5.0	5.7	5.4
2008	20.0	19.7	19.8	9.02	9.49	9.27
2009	20.2	19.8	20.0	9.17	9.52	9.36
2010	20.5	20.0	20.2	9.29	9.53	9.42
2011	20.7	20.2	20.4	9.40	9.53	9.47
2012	20.9	20.4	20.6	9.48	9.51	9.49
2013	21.2	20.5	20.8	9.53	9.49	9.51
2014	21.4	20.7	21.0	9.59	9.49	9.54
2015	21.6	20.9	21.2	9.67	9.50	9.58
2016	21.8	21.1	21.4	9.76	9.54	9.64
2017	22.0	21.2	21.6	9.87	9.59	9.72
FATA						
1998	-	15.1	15.1	-	-	-
2008	20.2	20.1	20.1	9.30	9.53	9.42
2009	20.4	20.3	20.3	9.41	9.54	9.47
2010	20.6	20.4	20.5	9.48	9.52	9.50
2011	20.8	20.6	20.7	9.53	9.48	9.50
2012	21.0	20.7	20.9	9.55	9.41	9.48
2013	21.2	20.9	21.0	9.55	9.32	9.43
2014	21.3	21.1	21.2	9.56	9.25	9.40
2015	21.5	21.2	21.3	9.59	9.20	9.39
2016	21.7	21.3	21.5	9.63	9.17	9.39
2017	21.8	21.5	21.6	9.70	9.16	9.42
Islamabad						
1981	18.6	20.9	19.9	7.1	9.0	8.1
1998	19.6	21.2	20.5	6.6	7.7	7.2
2008	24.2	24.3	24.2	16.47	17.40	16.97
2009	24.5	24.5	24.5	17.01	17.72	17.39
2010	24.7	24.7	24.7	17.50	17.99	17.76
2011	25.0	24.9	24.9	17.95	18.22	18.10
2012	25.3	25.1	25.2	18.35	18.42	18.39
2013	25.6	25.3	25.5	18.67	18.63	18.65
2014	25.9	25.6	25.7	18.99	18.84	18.91
2015	26.2	25.8	26.0	19.34	19.08	19.20
2016	26.6	26.1	26.3	19.71	19.36	19.52
2017	26.9	26.3	26.6	20.12	19.66	19.88

Source: 1. Pakistan Bureau of Statistics
2. National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population.

Table 1.7: Percent Distribution of Children Population (0- 14 Years) by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Total Population (Thousand)	Percent of Children Population Aged 0-14 Years		
		Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan				
1972	62,462	20.7	23.1	43.8
1981	84,254	21.5	23.0	44.5
1998	132,352	20.3	22.1	42.4
2017	207,685	19.3	21.0	40.3
2023	240,458	19.7	20.9	40.6
2024	246,969	19.4	20.6	40.0
2025	252,095	19.2	20.3	39.5
2026	257,263	18.9	19.9	38.9
Punjab				
1972	37,610	20.3	23.2	43.4
1981	47,292	20.8	22.6	43.4
1998	73,621	20.5	22.0	42.5
2017	109,990	18.4	19.6	38.0
2023	127,333	18.7	19.6	38.2
2024	130,715	18.5	19.3	37.8
2025	133,400	18.3	19.1	37.4
2026	136,090	18.1	18.8	37.0
Sindh				
1972	14,156	21.2	22.7	43.9
1981	19,029	22.3	22.8	45.1
1998	30,440	20.3	22.5	42.8
2017	47,855	19.5	21.3	40.8
2023	55,638	20.1	21.7	41.8
2024	57,117	19.9	21.3	41.2
2025	58,286	19.6	20.9	40.5
2026	59,467	19.3	20.6	39.9

Contd..

Table 1.7: Percent Distribution of Children Population (0- 14 Years) by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Total Population (Thousand)	Percent of Children Population Aged 0-14 Years		
		Female	Male	Both Sexes
KP				
1972	8,388	22.0	23.4	45.4
1981	11,061	22.5	24.3	46.8
1998	17,744	22.6	24.6	47.2
2017	30,509	20.8	22.6	43.4
2023	40,641	21.0	22.4	43.4
2024	41,810	20.7	22.1	42.8
2025	42,689	20.4	21.7	42.1
2026	43,581	20.1	21.3	41.4
Balochistan				
1972	8,486	21.8	22.8	44.6
1981	8,709	23.9	24.7	48.5
1998	8,938	21.5	25.2	46.7
2017	12,335	22.8	25.9	48.7
2023	14,562	23.4	26.2	49.7
2024	14,932	22.9	25.5	48.5
2025	15,219	22.4	24.8	47.3
2026	15,517	21.9	24.1	46.1
FATA				
1972	2,491	-	-	-
1981	2,198	-	45.8	45.8
1998	3,176	19.0	21.3	41.2
2017	4,993	23.5	26.1	49.7
Islamabad				
1972	235	..	..	..
1981	340	19.6	20.9	40.5
1998	805	18.3	19.6	37.9
2017	2,003	16.3	17.6	33.9
2023	2,283	16.9	15.4	32.3
2024	2,396	15.3	16.6	31.9
2025	2,500	15.1	16.3	31.4
2026	2,608	14.9	16.0	30.9

Source: 1. Pakistan Bureau of Statistics
2. National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population.

Table 1.8: Percent of Population Aged 15-29 and 30-59 Years, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Age 15 - 29 Years			Age 30- 59 Years		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
1972	10.9	12.3	23.3	11.9	14.0	25.9
1981	11.1	12.6	23.7	11.9	12.9	24.8
1998	13.1	13.6	26.7	11.6	12.8	24.4
2017	13.5	13.6	27.1	13.2	13.6	26.8
2023	12.7	13.3	26.0	13.5	14.3	27.8
2024	12.9	13.4	26.3	13.7	14.3	28.0
2025	13.0	13.6	26.6	13.8	14.4	28.2
2026	13.1	13.8	26.9	14.0	14.4	28.4
Punjab						
1972	10.9	12.2	23.1	11.9	13.9	25.8
1981	11.4	12.5	23.9	12.0	12.9	24.9
1998	13.0	13.4	26.4	11.9	12.9	24.8
2017	13.7	13.6	27.4	14.0	14.2	28.2
2023	12.9	13.2	26.1	14.3	15.0	29.4
2024	12.9	13.3	26.2	14.5	15.1	29.5
2025	13.0	13.5	26.4	14.6	15.1	29.7
2026	13.0	13.6	26.6	14.7	15.1	29.9
Sindh						
1972	11.1	13.0	24.1	11.7	14.5	26.2
1981	11.1	13.2	24.3	11.6	13.3	24.9
1998	13.5	14.6	28.1	11.3	13.2	24.5
2017	13.0	13.8	26.8	13.1	14.3	27.3
2023	12.4	13.3	25.7	13.2	14.5	27.7
2024	12.5	13.5	25.9	13.3	14.6	27.9
2025	12.6	13.7	26.2	13.5	14.7	28.1
2026	12.7	13.8	26.6	13.6	14.7	28.4

Contd..

Table 1.8: Percent of Population Aged 15-29 and 30-59 Years, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Age 15 - 29 Years			Age 30- 59 Years		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
KP						
1972	10.8	11.6	22.4	12.1	13.3	25.4
1981	10.6	11.9	22.5	12.1	12.2	24.2
1998	12.8	12.6	25.4	11.1	11.3	22.5
2017	13.9	13.5	27.4	12.1	11.7	23.7
2023	13.1	13.2	26.3	12.6	12.6	25.2
2024	13.2	13.4	26.6	12.8	12.6	25.4
2025	13.3	13.7	27.0	13.0	12.7	25.7
2026	13.5	14.0	27.5	13.1	12.8	25.9
Balochistan						
1972	10.2	12.9	23.1	12.4	14.3	26.7
1981	9.5	13.0	22.5	11.6	12.1	23.7
1998	12.7	13.8	26.5	10.6	11.9	22.5
2017	12.2	13.2	25.4	9.1	9.7	18.8
2023	12.7	13.3	26.1	10.1	10.8	20.9
2024	13.0	13.8	26.8	10.4	10.9	21.3
2025	13.3	14.2	27.5	10.6	11.1	21.7
2026	13.6	14.6	28.2	10.8	11.3	22.1
FATA						
1981	0.0	26.4	26.4	0.0	22.6	22.6
1998	0.0	12.5	12.5	0.0	10.7	10.7
2017	12.8	12.8	25.6	10.5	10.1	20.6
Islamabad						
1981	11.9	14.4	26.2	11.9	15.7	27.7
1998	13.0	15.4	28.4	12.8	16.4	29.2
2017	13.7	15.2	28.9	14.8	16.5	31.3
2023	12.6	14.3	26.9	16.1	17.8	33.9
2024	12.5	14.4	26.9	16.3	17.9	34.2
2025	12.5	14.4	26.9	16.5	18.0	34.5
2026	12.5	14.5	27.0	16.7	18.1	34.8

Source: 1. Pakistan Bureau of Statistics
2. National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population.

Table 1.9: Percent of Population Aged 15 - 59 and 60 Years and Above, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Age 15- 59 Years			Age 60 Years And Above		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
1972	22.8	26.3	49.2	3.0	4.0	7.0
1981	23.0	25.5	48.5	2.9	4.0	7.0
1998	24.7	26.4	51.1	2.5	3.0	5.5
2017	26.7	27.2	53.9	2.8	3.0	5.8
2023	26.3	27.5	53.8	2.5	3.1	5.6
2024	26.5	27.7	54.3	2.6	3.1	5.7
2025	26.8	28.0	54.8	2.6	3.1	5.8
2026	27.1	28.2	55.3	2.7	3.2	5.8
Punjab						
1972	22.9	26.1	49.0	3.1	4.4	7.6
1981	23.4	25.4	48.8	3.3	4.5	7.8
1998	24.9	26.4	51.3	2.8	3.4	6.2
2017	27.7	27.8	55.6	3.1	3.4	6.4
2023	27.2	28.3	55.5	2.9	3.7	6.3
2024	27.4	28.4	55.8	2.9	3.5	6.4
2025	27.6	28.6	56.1	2.9	3.5	6.5
2026	27.8	28.7	56.5	3.0	3.5	6.5
Sindh						
1972	22.8	27.6	50.4	2.5	3.2	5.8
1981	22.7	26.5	49.2	2.5	3.2	5.7
1998	24.8	27.9	52.6	2.1	2.5	4.6
2017	26.0	28.1	54.1	2.5	2.6	5.1
2023	25.5	27.8	53.3	2.3	2.6	4.9
2024	25.8	28.1	53.8	2.3	2.7	5.0
2025	26.0	28.3	54.4	2.4	2.7	5.1
2026	26.3	28.6	54.9	2.4	2.8	5.2
KP						
1972	23.0	24.9	47.8	2.9	3.8	6.7
1981	22.7	24.1	46.8	2.7	3.7	6.4
1998	24.0	23.9	47.9	2.2	2.7	4.9
2017	26.0	25.1	51.1	2.5	2.9	5.5
2023	25.7	25.7	51.4	2.3	2.6	4.9
2024	26.0	26.0	52.0	2.3	2.9	5.2
2025	26.3	26.4	52.7	2.3	2.9	5.2
2026	26.6	26.8	53.4	2.3	2.9	5.2
Balochistan						
1972	22.6	27.2	49.7	2.5	3.1	5.6
1981	21.1	25.1	46.2	2.3	3.0	5.3
1998	23.3	25.7	49.0	1.8	2.5	4.3
2017	21.3	22.9	44.2	1.9	2.2	4.1
2023	22.8	24.1	46.9	1.5	1.9	3.4
2024	23.4	24.7	48.1	1.5	2.0	3.5
2025	23.9	25.3	49.2	1.5	2.0	3.6
2026	24.4	25.9	50.3	1.6	2.1	3.6
FATA						
1981	0.0	49.0	49.0	..	5.2	5.2
1998	0.0	49.0	49.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2017	23.3	22.8	46.2	2.0	2.2	4.2
Islamabad						
1981	23.8	30.1	53.9	2.3	3.3	5.6
1998	25.8	31.8	57.5	2.0	2.5	4.5
2017	28.5	31.7	60.1	2.7	3.3	6.0
2023	28.7	32.1	60.8	3.0	4.0	6.9
2024	28.8	32.2	61.1	3.1	4.0	7.1
2025	29.0	32.4	61.4	3.1	4.1	7.2
2026	29.2	32.6	61.8	3.2	4.1	7.3

Source: 1. Pakistan Bureau of Statistics
2. National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population.

Table 1.10: Population of Pakistan by Broad Age Group and Dependency Ratio, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Population under 15 years (Thousand)	Population 15-64 Years (Thousand)	Population 65 + (Thousand)	Total Population (Thousand)	Total Dependency Ratio	Old Dependency Ratio
Pakistan						
1972	27,380 (a)	32,511 (a)	2,590 (a)	65,309 (a)	84.2(a)	8.0(a)
1981	37,517 (b)	43,176 (b)	3,562 (b)	82,055 (b)	95.1(b)	8.2(b)
1998	56,065	68,586	4,525	132,352	88.3	6.6
2017	83,716	116,255	7,713	207,685	78.6	6.6
2023	97,533	134,393	8,531	240,458	78.9	6.3
2024	98,879	139,207	8,883	246,969	77.4	6.4
2025	99,493	143,400	9,201	252,095	75.8	6.4
2026	100,004	147,727	9,532	257,263	74.1	6.5
Punjab						
1972	16,341	18,415	2,854	37,610	88.7	15.5
1981	20,521	23,082	3,690	47,292	104.9	16.0
1998	31,304	37,747	4,570	73,621	95.0	12.1
2017	41,797	63,584	4,609	109,990	73.0	7.2
2023	48,659	73,580	5,094	127,333	73.1	6.9
2024	49,470	75,945	5,301	130,715	72.1	7.0
2025	16,341	18,415	2,854	37,610	71.0	7.0
2026	20,521	23,082	3,690	47,292	69.9	7.1
Sindh						
1972	6,211	7,128	817	14,156	87.1	11.5
1981	8,580	9,364	1,085	19,029	103.2	11.6
1998	13,016	16,021	1,403	30,440	90.0	8.8
2017	19,507	26,831	1,517	47,855	78.4	5.7
2023	23,246	29,667	1,705	55,638	84.1	5.7
2024	23,515	31,824	1,778	57,117	79.5	5.6
2025	6,211	7,128	817	14,156	77.6	5.6
2026	8,580	9,364	1,085	19,029	75.7	5.6
KP						
1972	3,648*	3,842*	542*	8,032*	95.0	14.1
1981	5,179	5,171	712	11,061	113.9	13.8
1998	8,371	8,496	869	17,736	108.8	10.2
2017	13,249	16,200	1,061	30,509	88.3	6.5
2023	17,660	21,655	756	40,641	87.7	6.1
2024	17,896	22,540	1,374	41,810	85.5	6.1
2025	17,977	23,294	1,418	42,689	83.3	6.1
2026	5,179	5,171	712	11,061	81.0	6.1

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Table 1.10: Population of Pakistan by Broad Age Group and Dependency Ratio, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Population under 15 years (Thousand)	Population 15-64 Years (Thousand)	Population 65 + (Thousand)	Total Population (Thousand)	Total Dependency Ratio	Old Dependency Ratio
Balochistan						
1972	1,084	1,208	137	2,429	89.7	11.3
1981	2,102	2,001	229	4,332	116.5	11.4
1998	3,064	3,219	282	6,566	103.9	8.8
2017	6,006	6,005	324	12,335	105.4	5.4
2023	7,231	7,023	308	14,562	107.3	4.4
2024	7,235	7,373	324	14,932	102.5	4.4
2025	1,084	1,208	137	2,429	98.0	4.4
2026	2,102	2,001	229	4,332	93.6	4.4
FATA						
1981	524 **	560 **	59 **	1,143 **	104.1**	10.5 **
1998	1,582 ***	1,419 ***	175 ***	1,312 ***	123.8 ***	12.3 ***
2017	2,480	2,384	130	4,993	109.5	5.5
Islamabad						
1981	138	184	19	340	85.3	10.3
1998	305	464	37	805	73.7	8.0
2017	678	1,252	73	2,003	60.0	5.8
2023	737	1,448	98	2,283	57.7	6.8
2024	764	1,526	106	2,396	57.0	6.9
2025	785	1,602	113	2,500	56.1	7.1
2026	138	184	19	340	55.2	7.2

Source: 1. Pakistan Bureau of Statistics
2. National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) estimates of population.

Table 1.11 Gender Wise Disable Population Pakistan and provinces, Rural/Urban, Census -2023 (All Area)

	Disability	Functional limitation	Seeing	Hearing	Walking/ Climbing	Communication	Memorization/ Focus	Self care etc
Pakistan								
Both Sexes	7,448,574	23,170,373	4,314,433	4,778,218	7,493,240	2,584,399	3,538,180	2,611,695
Male	4,088,899	12,239,992	2,285,068	2,520,248	4,008,994	1,419,295	1,899,015	1,362,575
Female	3,359,675	10,930,381	2,029,365	2,257,970	3,484,246	1,165,104	1,639,165	1,249,120
Punjab								
Both Sexes	4,487,038	13,507,697	2,463,045	2,759,390	4,337,871	1,511,716	2,037,298	1,548,468
Male	2,488,776	7,142,499	1,301,675	1,452,948	2,329,378	830,546	1,092,268	810,486
Female	1,998,262	6,365,198	1,161,370	1,306,442	2,008,493	681,170	945,030	737,982
Khyber Pakhtunkhawa								
Both Sexes	1,285,273	3,406,060	657,696	687,790	1,170,285	421,225	562,712	361,553
Male	700,886	1,779,814	345,458	357,825	618,771	230,351	301,106	185,176
Female	584,387	1,626,246	312,238	329,965	551,514	190,874	261,606	176,377
Sindh								
Both Sexes	1,297,882	5,139,958	982,093	1,103,983	1,621,277	534,995	774,154	572,877
Male	691,521	2,722,682	524,478	588,445	865,705	293,948	416,987	298,883
Female	606,361	2,417,276	457,615	515,538	755,572	241,047	357,167	273,994
Balochistan								
Both Sexes	305,359	931,278	177,830	189,474	302,173	93,982	134,548	106,461
Male	164,672	489,742	94,314	99,971	159,945	51,313	71,770	55,410
Female	140,687	441,536	83,516	89,503	142,228	42,669	62,778	51,051
Islamabad								
Both Sexes	73,022	185,380	33,769	37,581	61,634	22,481	29,468	22,336
Male	43,044	105,255	19,143	21,059	35,195	13,137	16,884	12,620
Female	29,978	80,125	14,626	16,522	26,439	9,344	12,584	9,716

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Table 1.11 Gender Wise Disable Population Pakistan and provinces, Rural/Urban, Census -2023 (Rural)

	Disability	Functional limitation	Seeing	Hearing	Walking/ Climbing	Communication	Memorization/ Focus	Self care etc
Pakistan								
Both Sexes	4,735,395	13,630,475	2,561,625	2,792,025	4,460,283	1,575,812	2,113,305	1,517,577
Male	2,583,031	7,158,341	1,349,012	1,463,880	2,376,443	863,376	1,128,731	783,659
Female	2,152,364	6,472,134	1,212,613	1,328,145	2,083,840	712,436	984,574	733,918
Punjab								
Both Sexes	2,787,830	8,068,689	1,485,931	1,648,719	2,599,348	925,230	1,230,806	914,429
Male	1,533,173	4,248,166	782,564	865,624	1,391,622	507,867	657,394	474,143
Female	1,254,657	3,820,523	703,367	783,095	1,207,726	417,363	573,412	440,286
Khyber Pakhtunkhawa								
Both Sexes	1,116,070	2,881,800	559,119	581,331	992,567	360,391	477,520	304,549
Male	604,503	1,500,330	292,656	301,617	523,165	196,288	255,008	155,036
Female	511,567	1,381,470	266,463	279,714	469,402	164,103	222,512	149,513
Sindh								
Both Sexes	1,941,313	374,644	412,609	628,210	212,044	296,183	213,247	1,941,313
Male	1,016,470	197,714	216,956	332,847	116,109	157,696	109,511	1,016,470
Female	924,843	176,930	195,653	295,363	95,935	138,487	103,736	924,843
Balochistan								
Both Sexes	222,687	633,672	123,058	128,505	204,980	65,227	91,821	72,309
Male	120,090	333,846	65,361	67,980	108,725	35,525	48,934	37,680
Female	102,597	299,826	57,697	60,525	96,255	29,702	42,887	34,629
Islamabad								
Both Sexes	44,406	105,001	18,873	20,861	35,178	12,920	16,975	13,043
Male	26,168	59,529	10,717	11,703	20,084	7,587	9,699	7,289
Female	18,238	45,472	8,156	9,158	15,094	5,333	7,276	5,754

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Table 1.11 Gender Wise Disable Population Pakistan and provinces, Rural/Urban, Census -2023 (Urban)

	Disability	Functional limitation	Seeing	Hearing	Walking/ Climbing	Communication	Memorization/ Focus	Self care etc
Pakistan								
Both Sexes	2,713,179	9,539,898	1,752,808	1,986,193	3,032,957	1,008,587	1,424,875	1,094,118
Male	1,505,868	5,081,651	936,056	1,056,368	1,632,551	555,919	770,284	578,916
Female	1,207,311	4,458,247	816,752	929,825	1,400,406	452,668	654,591	515,202
Punjab								
Both Sexes	1,699,208	5,439,008	977,114	1,110,671	1,738,523	586,486	806,492	634,039
Male	955,603	2,894,333	519,111	587,324	937,756	322,679	434,874	336,343
Female	743,605	2,544,675	458,003	523,347	800,767	263,807	371,618	297,696
Khyber Pakhtunkhawa								
Both Sexes	169,203	524,260	98,577	106,459	177,718	60,834	85,192	57,004
Male	96,383	279,484	52,802	56,208	95,606	34,063	46,098	30,140
Female	72,820	244,776	45,775	50,251	82,112	26,771	39,094	26,864
Sindh								
Both Sexes	733,480	3,198,645	607,449	691,374	993,067	322,951	477,971	359,630
Male	392,424	1,706,212	326,764	371,489	532,858	177,839	259,291	189,372
Female	341,056	1,492,433	280,685	319,885	460,209	145,112	218,680	170,258
Balochistan								
Both Sexes	82,672	297,606	54,772	60,969	97,193	28,755	42,727	34,152
Male	44,582	155,896	28,953	31,991	51,220	15,788	22,836	17,730
Female	38,090	141,710	25,819	28,978	45,973	12,967	19,891	16,422
Islamabad								
Both Sexes	28,616	80,379	14,896	16,720	26,456	9,561	12,493	9,293
Male	16,876	45,726	8,426	9,356	15,111	5,550	7,185	5,331
Female	11,740	34,653	6,470	7,364	11,345	4,011	5,308	3,962

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Census 2023)

Table 2.1 Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan and Province, 2017

AGE GROUP (IN YEARS)	TOTAL POPULATION	MARITAL STATUS			
		NEVER MARRIED	MARRIED	WIDOWED	DIVORCED
PAKISTAN					
MALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	35.3	62.0	2.4	0.3
15 - 19	100.0	94.2	5.7	0.1	0.0
20 - 24	100.0	71.1	28.6	0.2	0.1
25 - 29	100.0	38.4	61.0	0.4	0.3
30 - 34	100.0	16.2	82.9	0.6	0.4
35 - 39	100.0	7.1	91.7	0.8	0.4
40 - 44	100.0	4.2	94.1	1.2	0.4
45 - 49	100.0	2.7	95.1	1.9	0.4
50 - 54	100.0	2.1	94.4	3.1	0.4
55 - 59	100.0	1.8	92.9	4.9	0.4
60 - 64	100.0	2.0	89.5	8.1	0.3
65 - 69	100.0	2.0	85.6	12.2	0.3
70 - 74	100.0	1.7	79.7	18.3	0.3
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	2.2	68.6	29.0	0.2
FEMALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	24.7	67.6	7.1	0.6
15 - 19	100.0	82.1	17.7	0.1	0.1
20 - 24	100.0	43.1	56.3	0.3	0.4
25 - 29	100.0	18.1	80.7	0.6	0.6
30 - 34	100.0	7.5	90.5	1.2	0.8
35 - 39	100.0	3.9	92.7	2.5	0.8
40 - 44	100.0	2.8	91.6	4.7	0.9
45 - 49	100.0	2.0	88.7	8.4	0.8
50 - 54	100.0	1.9	83.6	13.6	0.8
55 - 59	100.0	1.8	77.4	20.1	0.7
60 - 64	100.0	2.0	67.1	30.3	0.6
65 - 69	100.0	1.9	57.7	39.8	0.5
70 - 74	100.0	1.5	45.6	52.5	0.4
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	1.6	34.3	63.7	0.4

Contd..

Table 2.1 Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan and Province, 2017

AGE GROUP (IN YEARS)	TOTAL POPULATION	MARITAL STATUS			
		NEVER MARRIED	MARRIED	WIDOWED	DIVORCED
Punjab					
MALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	35.3	61.3	3.0	0.4
15 - 19	100.0	95.4	4.5	0.1	0.0
20 - 24	100.0	74.7	24.9	0.2	0.2
25 - 29	100.0	40.9	58.3	0.4	0.4
30 - 34	100.0	16.6	82.2	0.7	0.5
35 - 39	100.0	6.9	91.5	1.0	0.6
40 - 44	100.0	4.0	93.9	1.5	0.6
45 - 49	100.0	2.6	94.6	2.3	0.6
50 - 54	100.0	2.1	93.7	3.7	0.6
55 - 59	100.0	1.8	91.7	6.0	0.5
60 - 64	100.0	2.0	87.6	10.0	0.5
65 - 69	100.0	2.0	82.9	14.7	0.4
70 - 74	100.0	1.7	76.4	21.5	0.4
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	2.0	63.8	34.0	0.3
FEMALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	25.5	66.2	7.5	0.8
15 - 19	100.0	86.2	13.5	0.1	0.1
20 - 24	100.0	48.4	50.9	0.3	0.5
25 - 29	100.0	19.5	79.1	0.6	0.8
30 - 34	100.0	7.1	90.7	1.2	1.0
35 - 39	100.0	3.3	93.0	2.6	1.1
40 - 44	100.0	2.3	91.7	4.8	1.2
45 - 49	100.0	1.7	88.5	8.6	1.1
50 - 54	100.0	1.6	83.4	13.9	1.1
55 - 59	100.0	1.5	77.1	20.4	1.0
60 - 64	100.0	1.7	67.2	30.2	0.8
65 - 69	100.0	1.7	58.2	39.5	0.6
70 - 74	100.0	1.3	45.6	52.5	0.6
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	1.4	32.9	65.3	0.5

Contd..

Table 2.1 Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan and Province, 2017

AGE GROUP (IN YEARS)	TOTAL POPULATION	MARITAL STATUS			
		NEVER MARRIED	MARRIED	WIDOWED	DIVORCED
Sindh					
MALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	34.8	63.2	1.8	0.2
15 - 19	100.0	92.2	7.7	0.1	0.0
20 - 24	100.0	66.0	33.7	0.2	0.1
25 - 29	100.0	37.7	61.8	0.3	0.2
30 - 34	100.0	17.9	81.4	0.5	0.2
35 - 39	100.0	8.6	90.3	0.8	0.3
40 - 44	100.0	5.3	93.2	1.2	0.3
45 - 49	100.0	3.4	94.6	1.8	0.3
50 - 54	100.0	2.7	94.2	2.8	0.3
55 - 59	100.0	2.3	93.1	4.3	0.3
60 - 64	100.0	2.3	90.3	7.1	0.2
65 - 69	100.0	2.2	87.2	10.4	0.2
70 - 74	100.0	2.0	82.5	15.3	0.2
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	2.8	74.8	22.2	0.1
FEMALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	23.5	68.7	7.4	0.4
15 - 19	100.0	78.2	21.6	0.1	0.1
20 - 24	100.0	38.6	60.9	0.3	0.3
25 - 29	100.0	17.3	81.7	0.7	0.4
30 - 34	100.0	8.1	90.0	1.3	0.6
35 - 39	100.0	4.6	92.1	2.7	0.6
40 - 44	100.0	3.3	91.0	5.0	0.7
45 - 49	100.0	2.4	88.0	9.1	0.6
50 - 54	100.0	2.3	82.2	14.9	0.6
55 - 59	100.0	2.0	75.2	22.3	0.5
60 - 64	100.0	2.1	63.5	34.1	0.4
65 - 69	100.0	2.0	52.4	45.4	0.3
70 - 74	100.0	1.5	40.4	57.9	0.2
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	1.6	31.7	66.5	0.2

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Table 2.1 Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan and Province, 2017

AGE GROUP (IN YEARS)	TOTAL POPULATION	MARITAL STATUS			
		NEVER MARRIED	MARRIED	WIDOWED	DIVORCED
KP					
MALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	36.8	61.7	1.4	0.1
15 - 19	100.0	94.6	5.3	0.0	0.0
20 - 24	100.0	71.3	28.6	0.1	0.0
25 - 29	100.0	35.3	64.5	0.2	0.1
30 - 34	100.0	13.6	86.1	0.2	0.1
35 - 39	100.0	5.8	93.8	0.4	0.1
40 - 44	100.0	3.4	96.0	0.5	0.1
45 - 49	100.0	2.2	97.0	0.7	0.1
50 - 54	100.0	1.8	96.7	1.3	0.1
55 - 59	100.0	1.5	96.0	2.3	0.1
60 - 64	100.0	1.8	93.7	4.5	0.1
65 - 69	100.0	1.7	90.5	7.7	0.1
70 - 74	100.0	1.6	85.9	12.4	0.1
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	2.0	76.0	21.9	0.1
FEMALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	24.5	69.4	5.9	0.2
15 - 19	100.0	76.8	23.1	0.1	0.1
20 - 24	100.0	34.8	64.8	0.2	0.2
25 - 29	100.0	16.0	83.2	0.5	0.3
30 - 34	100.0	8.7	89.9	1.1	0.3
35 - 39	100.0	5.5	92.1	2.1	0.3
40 - 44	100.0	4.3	91.4	3.9	0.3
45 - 49	100.0	3.3	89.2	7.2	0.3
50 - 54	100.0	3.3	84.7	11.7	0.3
55 - 59	100.0	2.9	79.5	17.3	0.3
60 - 64	100.0	3.1	69.8	26.9	0.2
65 - 69	100.0	3.0	60.9	35.9	0.2
70 - 74	100.0	2.6	48.8	48.5	0.2
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	2.4	38.3	59.2	0.2

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Table 2.1 Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan and Province, 2017

AGE GROUP (IN YEARS)	TOTAL POPULATION	MARITAL STATUS			
		NEVER MARRIED	MARRIED	WIDOWED	DIVORCED
Balochistan					
MALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	35.7	63.1	1.1	0.1
15 - 19	100.0	92.5	7.4	0.1	0.0
20 - 24	100.0	62.3	37.4	0.2	0.0
25 - 29	100.0	31.1	68.6	0.3	0.1
30 - 34	100.0	13.3	86.1	0.5	0.1
35 - 39	100.0	5.8	93.5	0.7	0.1
40 - 44	100.0	3.7	95.3	1.0	0.1
45 - 49	100.0	2.1	96.7	1.2	0.1
50 - 54	100.0	1.6	96.6	1.7	0.1
55 - 59	100.0	1.3	96.1	2.5	0.1
60 - 64	100.0	1.9	93.9	4.1	0.1
65 - 69	100.0	2.1	91.9	5.9	0.0
70 - 74	100.0	1.4	89.9	8.7	0.0
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	2.6	84.5	12.8	0.1
FEMALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	24.3	70.3	5.3	0.2
15 - 19	100.0	76.1	23.7	0.1	0.1
20 - 24	100.0	35.8	63.8	0.3	0.1
25 - 29	100.0	16.4	82.7	0.7	0.2
30 - 34	100.0	7.3	91.0	1.4	0.2
35 - 39	100.0	3.4	93.7	2.6	0.3
40 - 44	100.0	2.1	93.2	4.4	0.3
45 - 49	100.0	1.3	91.4	7.2	0.2
50 - 54	100.0	1.1	86.9	11.8	0.2
55 - 59	100.0	0.9	81.7	17.1	0.2
60 - 64	100.0	1.5	72.1	26.2	0.2
65 - 69	100.0	1.7	64.1	34.1	0.2
70 - 74	100.0	1.2	54.7	44.0	0.2
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	1.8	46.9	51.1	0.2

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Table 2.1 Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan and Province, 2017

2011

AGE GROUP (IN YEARS)	TOTAL POPULATION	MARITAL STATUS			
		NEVER MARRIED	MARRIED	WIDOWED	DIVORCED
FATA					
MALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	29.8	69.3	0.9	0.0
15 - 19	100.0	89.3	10.6	0.0	0.0
20 - 24	100.0	49.7	50.2	0.1	0.0
25 - 29	100.0	17.2	82.6	0.1	0.0
30 - 34	100.0	6.1	93.6	0.2	0.0
35 - 39	100.0	2.9	96.7	0.3	0.0
40 - 44	100.0	2.0	97.6	0.4	0.0
45 - 49	100.0	1.3	98.2	0.6	0.0
50 - 54	100.0	1.1	97.9	1.0	0.0
55 - 59	100.0	1.0	97.4	1.6	0.0
60 - 64	100.0	2.0	94.5	3.5	0.0
65 - 69	100.0	2.4	92.2	5.4	0.0
70 - 74	100.0	1.6	89.3	9.1	0.0
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	3.2	82.1	14.7	0.0
FEMALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	19.0	76.0	4.9	0.1
15 - 19	100.0	71.1	28.8	0.1	0.0
20 - 24	100.0	21.3	78.4	0.3	0.1
25 - 29	100.0	7.8	91.4	0.7	0.1
30 - 34	100.0	3.7	94.8	1.4	0.1
35 - 39	100.0	2.1	95.4	2.4	0.1
40 - 44	100.0	1.7	94.3	3.9	0.1
45 - 49	100.0	1.1	92.0	6.8	0.1
50 - 54	100.0	1.1	87.9	11.0	0.1
55 - 59	100.0	0.8	83.7	15.4	0.1
60 - 64	100.0	2.2	73.1	24.5	0.1
65 - 69	100.0	2.8	67.6	29.6	0.1
70 - 74	100.0	1.6	58.0	40.3	0.1
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	2.2	53.3	44.4	0.1

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Table 2.1 Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan and Province, 2017

2011

AGE GROUP (IN YEARS)	TOTAL POPULATION	MARITAL STATUS			
		NEVER MARRIED	MARRIED	WIDOWED	DIVORCED
Islamabad					
MALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	37.1	61.3	1.5	0.2
15 - 19	100.0	96.8	3.2	0.0	0.0
20 - 24	100.0	82.5	17.3	0.1	0.1
25 - 29	100.0	49.2	50.5	0.2	0.1
30 - 34	100.0	17.5	82.0	0.3	0.2
35 - 39	100.0	6.4	92.9	0.4	0.3
40 - 44	100.0	3.4	95.7	0.6	0.3
45 - 49	100.0	2.2	96.6	0.9	0.3
50 - 54	100.0	1.6	96.7	1.5	0.2
55 - 59	100.0	1.3	95.9	2.5	0.2
60 - 64	100.0	1.5	93.2	5.1	0.2
65 - 69	100.0	1.4	90.1	8.2	0.2
70 - 74	100.0	1.4	85.1	13.4	0.1
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	2.0	73.1	24.7	0.1
FEMALE					
15 AND ABOVE	100.0	27.6	66.1	5.8	0.5
15 - 19	100.0	88.9	11.0	0.1	0.1
20 - 24	100.0	57.1	42.5	0.2	0.2
25 - 29	100.0	25.1	74.1	0.3	0.4
30 - 34	100.0	9.6	88.9	0.8	0.7
35 - 39	100.0	4.6	93.0	1.6	0.8
40 - 44	100.0	3.3	92.3	3.5	0.9
45 - 49	100.0	2.3	90.6	6.4	0.7
50 - 54	100.0	2.1	86.5	10.8	0.7
55 - 59	100.0	1.9	80.9	16.6	0.6
60 - 64	100.0	2.4	71.1	25.9	0.5
65 - 69	100.0	2.5	61.4	35.7	0.5
70 - 74	100.0	1.9	49.7	47.9	0.5
75 AND ABOVE	100.0	2.2	37.4	60.1	0.3

Source:- Population Census, 2017

Table 2.1 Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan and Province, 2023

Age Group	Total	Never Married	Currently Married	Ever Married		
				Widowed	Divorced	
Pakistan						
Female						
All Ages	100.00	25.09	68.51	5.76	0.48	
15-19	100.00	84.97	14.92	0.03	0.06	
20-24	100.00	44.24	55.23	0.16	0.27	
25-29	100.00	18.63	80.34	0.40	0.49	
30-34	100.00	8.00	90.27	0.89	0.65	
35-39	100.00	4.08	93.17	1.80	0.73	
40-44	100.00	2.75	92.53	3.72	0.76	
45-49	100.00	2.22	90.20	6.58	0.73	
50-54	100.00	1.85	85.59	11.62	0.67	
55-59	100.00	1.71	80.73	16.70	0.60	
60-64	100.00	1.63	72.39	25.20	0.53	
65-69	100.00	1.46	64.51	33.36	0.44	
70-74	100.00	1.28	52.64	45.56	0.33	
75 & Above	100.00	1.12	38.86	59.62	0.26	
Male						
All Ages	100.00	34.15	63.58	1.91	0.23	
15-19	100.00	94.29	5.65	0.02	0.01	
20-24	100.00	71.16	28.60	0.10	0.09	
25-29	100.00	38.29	61.13	0.24	0.23	
30-34	100.00	15.54	83.57	0.40	0.34	
35-39	100.00	7.85	90.98	0.60	0.37	
40-44	100.00	4.37	94.16	0.92	0.37	
45-49	100.00	3.24	94.73	1.45	0.36	
50-54	100.00	2.21	94.73	2.53	0.32	
55-59	100.00	1.84	93.64	4.01	0.30	
60-64	100.00	1.54	91.43	6.58	0.27	
65-69	100.00	1.33	88.30	9.97	0.23	
70-74	100.00	1.12	83.72	14.78	0.20	
75 & Above	100.00	1.06	73.79	24.81	0.16	
Punjab						
Female						
All Ages	100.00	25.67	67.27	6.22	0.64	
15-19	100.00	89.08	10.78	0.03	0.08	
20-24	100.00	50.73	48.63	0.15	0.37	
25-29	100.00	20.23	78.54	0.40	0.66	
30-34	100.00	7.58	90.43	0.90	0.86	
35-39	100.00	3.55	93.36	1.87	0.96	
40-44	100.00	2.27	92.55	3.90	0.98	
45-49	100.00	1.85	89.95	6.94	0.94	
50-54	100.00	1.58	85.17	12.05	0.88	
55-59	100.00	1.45	80.28	17.19	0.78	
60-64	100.00	1.38	72.19	25.45	0.70	
65-69	100.00	1.25	64.43	33.51	0.58	
70-74	100.00	1.09	52.08	46.19	0.44	
75 & Above	100.00	0.98	38.73	59.81	0.34	
Male						
All Ages	100.00	34.09	63.04	2.39	0.31	
15-19	100.00	96.06	3.88	0.02	0.02	
20-24	100.00	75.95	23.75	0.10	0.13	
25-29	100.00	41.35	57.92	0.27	0.32	
30-34	100.00	15.93	82.96	0.45	0.46	
35-39	100.00	7.77	90.81	0.68	0.50	
40-44	100.00	4.22	94.02	1.04	0.48	
45-49	100.00	3.12	94.46	1.69	0.47	
50-54	100.00	2.17	94.17	2.99	0.43	
55-59	100.00	1.79	92.83	4.75	0.39	
60-64	100.00	1.54	90.11	7.77	0.35	
65-69	100.00	1.34	86.39	11.76	0.31	
70-74	100.00	1.16	80.99	17.38	0.27	
75 & Above	100.00	1.09	69.93	28.60	0.20	

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Table 2.1 Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan and Province, 2023

Age Group	Total	Never Married	Currently Married	Ever Married		
				Widowed	Divorced	
Sindh						
Female						
All Ages	100.00	24.50	69.12	5.84	0.38	
15-19	100.00	83.15	16.75	0.03	0.04	
20-24	100.00	39.44	60.11	0.17	0.22	
25-29	100.00	18.40	80.68	0.41	0.40	
30-34	100.00	8.50	89.88	0.91	0.55	
35-39	100.00	4.92	92.49	1.77	0.61	
40-44	100.00	3.33	92.11	3.70	0.62	
45-49	100.00	2.76	89.79	6.58	0.61	
50-54	100.00	2.18	84.99	12.07	0.50	
55-59	100.00	2.12	79.57	17.60	0.46	
60-64	100.00	1.93	70.16	27.29	0.39	
65-69	100.00	1.74	61.17	36.57	0.30	
70-74	100.00	1.33	49.72	48.57	0.23	
75 & Above	100.00	1.17	35.62	62.93	0.16	
Male						
All Ages	100.00	34.25	63.88	1.56	0.19	
15-19	100.00	93.10	6.83	0.03	0.01	
20-24	100.00	65.98	33.79	0.11	0.06	
25-29	100.00	37.29	62.19	0.25	0.17	
30-34	100.00	17.92	81.25	0.42	0.27	
35-39	100.00	9.83	89.04	0.63	0.32	
40-44	100.00	5.69	92.85	0.98	0.32	
45-49	100.00	4.33	93.66	1.48	0.31	
50-54	100.00	2.84	94.22	2.49	0.27	
55-59	100.00	2.41	93.35	3.78	0.26	
60-64	100.00	1.97	91.61	6.02	0.21	
65-69	100.00	1.67	88.94	9.02	0.18	
70-74	100.00	1.32	85.71	12.66	0.13	
75 & Above	100.00	1.28	78.70	19.71	0.12	
KP						
Female						
All Ages	100.00	23.58	71.22	4.93	0.18	
15-19	100.00	79.12	20.80	0.03	0.03	
20-24	100.00	32.85	66.81	0.17	0.12	
25-29	100.00	13.73	85.60	0.41	0.20	
30-34	100.00	8.15	90.65	0.86	0.25	
35-39	100.00	4.67	93.28	1.66	0.27	
40-44	100.00	3.70	92.50	3.39	0.27	
45-49	100.00	2.91	90.84	5.85	0.26	
50-54	100.00	2.55	86.61	10.44	0.24	
55-59	100.00	2.33	82.32	14.95	0.23	
60-64	100.00	2.36	73.91	23.36	0.20	
65-69	100.00	2.12	66.89	30.66	0.17	
70-74	100.00	2.02	55.26	42.42	0.14	
75 & Above	100.00	1.80	39.37	58.59	0.11	
Male						
All Ages	100.00	34.37	64.37	1.16	0.06	
15-19	100.00	94.08	5.89	0.02	0.01	
20-24	100.00	68.42	31.47	0.05	0.03	
25-29	100.00	32.63	67.15	0.13	0.06	
30-34	100.00	11.58	88.09	0.19	0.08	
35-39	100.00	5.38	94.17	0.28	0.09	
40-44	100.00	3.02	96.39	0.43	0.10	
45-49	100.00	2.13	97.04	0.67	0.09	
50-54	100.00	1.49	97.17	1.19	0.07	
55-59	100.00	1.22	96.62	2.02	0.07	
60-64	100.00	1.05	95.06	3.75	0.06	
65-69	100.00	0.87	92.92	6.08	0.06	
70-74	100.00	0.84	88.73	10.28	0.05	
75 & Above	100.00	0.77	79.90	19.16	0.04	

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Table 2.1 Marital Status of Population Age 15 Years and Above by Gender and Age, Pakistan and Province, 2023

Age Group	Total	Never Married	Currently Married	Ever Married		
				Widowed	Divorced	
Balochistan						
Female						
All Ages	100.00	25.88	70.67	3.24	0.14	
15-19	100.00	73.49	26.43	0.04	0.02	
20-24	100.00	34.48	65.22	0.18	0.08	
25-29	100.00	16.91	82.46	0.44	0.14	
30-34	100.00	9.40	89.48	0.85	0.20	
35-39	100.00	4.13	93.94	1.59	0.23	
40-44	100.00	2.40	94.32	2.93	0.25	
45-49	100.00	1.70	93.03	4.87	0.24	
50-54	100.00	1.16	89.98	8.50	0.20	
55-59	100.00	1.04	86.68	11.93	0.19	
60-64	100.00	0.84	79.92	18.89	0.17	
65-69	100.00	0.71	74.49	24.46	0.17	
70-74	100.00	0.58	65.22	33.89	0.12	
75 & Above	100.00	0.60	56.39	42.66	0.15	
Male						
All Ages	100.00	33.37	65.59	0.87	0.07	
15-19	100.00	85.13	14.74	0.06	0.02	
20-24	100.00	52.83	46.92	0.15	0.04	
25-29	100.00	25.54	74.03	0.26	0.08	
30-34	100.00	11.69	87.69	0.40	0.11	
35-39	100.00	6.94	92.29	0.54	0.11	
40-44	100.00	3.70	95.35	0.75	0.10	
45-49	100.00	2.74	96.00	1.04	0.12	
50-54	100.00	1.92	96.21	1.66	0.10	
55-59	100.00	1.68	95.83	2.26	0.12	
60-64	100.00	1.40	94.97	3.39	0.13	
65-69	100.00	1.43	93.52	4.83	0.11	
70-74	100.00	0.82	91.94	7.02	0.08	
75 & Above	100.00	1.09	87.58	10.86	0.15	
Islamabad						
Female						
All Ages	100.00	26.87	67.80	4.80	0.42	
15-19	100.00	92.28	7.66	0.01	0.03	
20-24	100.00	60.39	39.36	0.08	0.14	
25-29	100.00	27.50	71.79	0.27	0.36	
30-34	100.00	10.53	88.23	0.57	0.56	
35-39	100.00	5.11	92.94	1.13	0.65	
40-44	100.00	3.16	93.33	2.60	0.73	
45-49	100.00	2.37	92.18	4.58	0.69	
50-54	100.00	1.86	88.52	8.86	0.61	
55-59	100.00	1.60	85.44	12.35	0.44	
60-64	100.00	1.63	78.43	19.44	0.36	
65-69	100.00	1.47	71.48	26.61	0.35	
70-74	100.00	1.80	59.86	37.82	0.40	
75 & Above	100.00	1.43	43.94	54.28	0.22	
Male						
All Ages	100.00	35.46	63.15	1.18	0.13	
15-19	100.00	97.87	2.11	0.01	0.01	
20-24	100.00	84.46	15.46	0.04	0.02	
25-29	100.00	52.11	47.65	0.09	0.09	
30-34	100.00	19.87	79.61	0.21	0.21	
35-39	100.00	8.32	90.99	0.30	0.26	
40-44	100.00	4.02	95.18	0.46	0.22	
45-49	100.00	2.70	96.42	0.60	0.20	
50-54	100.00	1.71	96.78	1.22	0.18	
55-59	100.00	1.20	96.58	1.97	0.15	
60-64	100.00	0.82	95.44	3.51	0.13	
65-69	100.00	0.72	93.40	5.69	0.10	
70-74	100.00	0.58	89.52	9.74	0.09	
75 & Above	100.00	0.63	81.48	17.68	0.12	

Source:- Population Census, 2023

Table 2.2 Currently Married Population (15 and above) by Sex, Age and Urban/Rural, Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2017

Area/ Age Group	Urban			Rural		
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female
Pakistan						
15 and above	100.00	49.75	50.25	100.00	47.77	52.23
15 - 19	100.00	24.29	75.71	100.00	26.10	73.90
20 - 24	100.00	31.46	68.54	100.00	34.70	65.30
25 - 29	100.00	41.02	58.98	100.00	41.78	58.22
30 - 34	100.00	48.08	51.92	100.00	46.16	53.84
35 - 39	100.00	51.25	48.75	100.00	49.63	50.37
40 - 44	100.00	52.90	47.10	100.00	49.79	50.21
45 - 49	100.00	54.46	45.54	100.00	51.97	48.03
50 - 54	100.00	56.40	43.60	100.00	54.90	45.10
55 - 59	100.00	59.68	40.32	100.00	56.49	43.51
60 - 64	100.00	61.56	38.44	100.00	57.86	42.14
65 - 69	100.00	64.84	35.16	100.00	61.10	38.90
70 - 74	100.00	68.28	31.72	100.00	65.52	34.48
75 and above	100.00	67.56	32.44	100.00	67.49	32.51
Punjab						
15 and above	100.00	49.42	50.58	100.00	47.80	52.20
15 - 19	100.00	25.05	74.95	100.00	26.37	73.63
20 - 24	100.00	30.48	69.52	100.00	33.29	66.71
25 - 29	100.00	40.35	59.65	100.00	40.66	59.34
30 - 34	100.00	47.28	52.72	100.00	45.09	54.91
35 - 39	100.00	50.56	49.44	100.00	49.11	50.89
40 - 44	100.00	52.37	47.63	100.00	49.66	50.34
45 - 49	100.00	53.72	46.28	100.00	51.96	48.04
50 - 54	100.00	55.68	44.32	100.00	54.75	45.25
55 - 59	100.00	59.37	40.63	100.00	56.71	43.29
60 - 64	100.00	61.27	38.73	100.00	57.32	42.68
65 - 69	100.00	63.48	36.52	100.00	59.90	40.10
70 - 74	100.00	67.38	32.62	100.00	64.65	35.35
75 and above	100.00	67.55	32.45	100.00	67.75	32.25
Sindh						
15 and above	100.00	50.30	49.70	100.00	49.06	50.94
15 - 19	100.00	25.35	74.65	100.00	30.21	69.79
20 - 24	100.00	32.41	67.59	100.00	40.76	59.24
25 - 29	100.00	41.47	58.53	100.00	45.17	54.83
30 - 34	100.00	48.81	51.19	100.00	48.04	51.96
35 - 39	100.00	52.08	47.92	100.00	51.55	48.45
40 - 44	100.00	53.66	46.34	100.00	50.55	49.45
45 - 49	100.00	55.82	44.18	100.00	53.39	46.61
50 - 54	100.00	57.49	42.51	100.00	56.89	43.11
55 - 59	100.00	59.90	40.10	100.00	55.84	44.16
60 - 64	100.00	61.64	38.36	100.00	57.55	42.45
65 - 69	100.00	66.31	33.69	100.00	62.22	37.78
70 - 74	100.00	69.28	30.72	100.00	66.12	33.88
75 and above	100.00	67.61	32.39	100.00	67.92	32.08
KP						
15 and above	100.00	48.94	51.06	100.00	46.09	53.91
15 - 19	100.00	16.69	83.31	100.00	20.03	79.97
20 - 24	100.00	28.93	71.07	100.00	29.81	70.19
25 - 29	100.00	41.05	58.95	100.00	39.89	60.11
30 - 34	100.00	49.01	50.99	100.00	46.09	53.91
35 - 39	100.00	51.39	48.61	100.00	48.08	51.92
40 - 44	100.00	52.87	47.13	100.00	49.19	50.81
45 - 49	100.00	53.91	46.09	100.00	50.65	49.35
50 - 54	100.00	56.40	43.60	100.00	54.17	45.83
55 - 59	100.00	60.93	39.07	100.00	56.60	43.40
60 - 64	100.00	63.73	36.27	100.00	59.38	40.62
65 - 69	100.00	68.42	31.58	100.00	63.56	36.44
70 - 74	100.00	71.61	28.39	100.00	67.87	32.13
75 and above	100.00	68.34	31.66	100.00	67.99	32.01

Contd..

Table 2.2 Currently Married Population (15 and above) by Sex, Age and Urban/Rural, Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2017

Area/ Age Group	Urban			Rural		
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female
Balochistan						
15 and above	100.00	50.33	49.67	100.00	48.78	51.22
15 - 19	100.00	25.83	74.17	100.00	27.21	72.79
20 - 24	100.00	37.72	62.28	100.00	38.91	61.09
25 - 29	100.00	45.00	55.00	100.00	44.05	55.95
30 - 34	100.00	50.46	49.54	100.00	48.11	51.89
35 - 39	100.00	53.35	46.65	100.00	52.25	47.75
40 - 44	100.00	53.34	46.66	100.00	50.57	49.43
45 - 49	100.00	54.18	45.82	100.00	52.75	47.25
50 - 54	100.00	57.49	42.51	100.00	56.19	43.81
55 - 59	100.00	58.73	41.27	100.00	56.61	43.39
60 - 64	100.00	60.47	39.53	100.00	58.27	41.73
65 - 69	100.00	64.50	35.50	100.00	61.63	38.37
70 - 74	100.00	67.57	32.43	100.00	66.12	33.88
75 and above	100.00	65.77	34.23	100.00	67.41	32.59
FATA						
15 and above	100.00	50.43	49.57	100.00	47.29	52.71
15 - 19	100.00	24.96	75.04	100.00	28.06	71.94
20 - 24	100.00	37.97	62.03	100.00	38.33	61.67
25 - 29	100.00	48.23	51.77	100.00	46.34	53.66
30 - 34	100.00	53.53	46.47	100.00	49.27	50.73
35 - 39	100.00	54.72	45.28	100.00	49.74	50.26
40 - 44	100.00	53.63	46.37	100.00	48.78	51.22
45 - 49	100.00	52.17	47.83	100.00	49.49	50.51
50 - 54	100.00	54.40	45.60	100.00	50.31	49.69
55 - 59	100.00	58.48	41.52	100.00	54.24	45.76
60 - 64	100.00	64.66	35.34	100.00	58.20	41.80
65 - 69	100.00	65.60	34.40	100.00	61.40	38.60
70 - 74	100.00	74.45	25.55	100.00	63.47	36.53
75 and above	100.00	60.52	39.48	100.00	57.86	42.14
Islamabad						
15 and above	100.00	51.91	48.09	100.00	49.93	50.07
15 - 19	100.00	26.45	73.55	100.00	23.09	76.91
20 - 24	100.00	34.55	65.45	100.00	30.04	69.96
25 - 29	100.00	42.44	57.56	100.00	39.92	60.08
30 - 34	100.00	49.80	50.20	100.00	47.97	52.03
35 - 39	100.00	52.02	47.98	100.00	52.19	47.81
40 - 44	100.00	54.83	45.17	100.00	53.90	46.10
45 - 49	100.00	54.42	45.58	100.00	53.53	46.47
50 - 54	100.00	57.60	42.40	100.00	55.15	44.85
55 - 59	100.00	62.29	37.71	100.00	58.21	41.79
60 - 64	100.00	61.55	38.45	100.00	61.61	38.39
65 - 69	100.00	64.46	35.54	100.00	66.32	33.68
70 - 74	100.00	66.58	33.42	100.00	69.20	30.80
75 and above	100.00	68.00	32.00	100.00	67.30	32.70

Source:- Population Census 2017

Table 2.2 Currently Married Population (15 and above) by Sex, Age and Urban/Rural, Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2023

Area/ Age Group	Urban			Rural		
	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male
Pakistan						
All Ages	100	49.61	50.39	100.00	50.91	49.09
15-19	100	72.96	27.04	100.00	70.12	29.88
20-24	100	68.23	31.77	100.00	64.21	35.79
25-29	100	58.41	41.59	100.00	56.10	43.90
30-34	100	52.74	47.26	100.00	52.93	47.07
35-39	100	49.20	50.80	100.00	49.99	50.01
40-44	100	47.08	52.92	100.00	48.52	51.48
45-49	100	45.16	54.84	100.00	47.25	52.75
50-54	100	43.52	56.48	100.00	46.10	53.90
55-59	100	41.44	58.56	100.00	42.83	57.17
60-64	100	38.45	61.55	100.00	41.07	58.93
65-69	100	36.89	63.11	100.00	39.69	60.31
70-74	100	30.48	69.52	100.00	34.15	65.85
75 & Above	100	28.68	71.32	100.00	30.00	70.00
Punjab						
All Ages	100	49.69	50.31	100.00	50.67	49.33
15-19	100	73.53	26.47	100.00	71.80	28.20
20-24	100	68.95	31.05	100.00	65.51	34.49
25-29	100	58.85	41.15	100.00	57.24	42.76
30-34	100	52.94	47.06	100.00	53.13	46.87
35-39	100	49.31	50.69	100.00	50.26	49.74
40-44	100	47.64	52.36	100.00	48.79	51.21
45-49	100	45.31	54.69	100.00	47.12	52.88
50-54	100	44.06	55.94	100.00	46.10	53.90
55-59	100	42.13	57.87	100.00	42.91	57.09
60-64	100	38.99	61.01	100.00	41.36	58.64
65-69	100	38.02	61.98	100.00	41.03	58.97
70-74	100	29.74	70.26	100.00	34.06	65.94
75 & Above	100	28.87	71.13	100.00	30.98	69.02
Sindh						
All Ages	100	49.33	50.67	100.00	50.19	49.81
15-19	100	73.14	26.86	100.00	65.81	34.19
20-24	100	68.04	31.96	100.00	59.92	40.08
25-29	100	58.16	41.84	100.00	52.11	47.89
30-34	100	52.48	47.52	100.00	51.83	48.17
35-39	100	49.01	50.99	100.00	49.30	50.70
40-44	100	46.25	53.75	100.00	47.71	52.29
45-49	100	44.96	55.04	100.00	47.33	52.67
50-54	100	42.57	57.43	100.00	45.39	54.61
55-59	100	40.35	59.65	100.00	41.25	58.75
60-64	100	37.83	62.17	100.00	41.72	58.28
65-69	100	35.71	64.29	100.00	39.85	60.15
70-74	100	31.76	68.24	100.00	36.24	63.76
75 & Above	100	29.31	70.69	100.00	30.96	69.04

Contd..

Table 2.2 Currently Married Population (15 and above) by Sex, Age and Urban/Rural, Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2023

Area/ Age Group	Urban			Rural		
	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male
KP						
All Ages	100	49.33	50.67	100.00	50.19	49.81
15-19	100	82.35	17.65	100.00	76.12	23.88
20-24	100	71.52	28.48	100.00	67.60	32.40
25-29	100	59.54	40.46	100.00	57.49	42.51
30-34	100	53.32	46.68	100.00	53.47	46.53
35-39	100	49.50	50.50	100.00	49.94	50.06
40-44	100	46.55	53.45	100.00	48.80	51.20
45-49	100	45.21	54.79	100.00	47.88	52.12
50-54	100	43.07	56.93	100.00	46.64	53.36
55-59	100	41.39	58.61	100.00	43.71	56.29
60-64	100	36.25	63.75	100.00	40.18	59.82
65-69	100	32.19	67.81	100.00	36.44	63.56
70-74	100	28.11	71.89	100.00	32.85	67.15
75 & Above	100	22.26	77.74	100.00	26.69	73.31
Balochistan						
All Ages	100	49.63	50.37	100.00	50.36	49.64
15-19	100	62.80	37.20	100.00	61.03	38.97
20-24	100	60.16	39.84	100.00	57.83	42.17
25-29	100	53.60	46.40	100.00	52.25	47.75
30-34	100	51.25	48.75	100.00	52.02	47.98
35-39	100	48.89	51.11	100.00	49.52	50.48
40-44	100	46.87	53.13	100.00	47.69	52.31
45-49	100	44.46	55.54	100.00	46.11	53.89
50-54	100	44.70	55.30	100.00	46.34	53.66
55-59	100	40.95	59.05	100.00	42.77	57.23
60-64	100	37.94	62.06	100.00	40.05	59.95
65-69	100	37.01	62.99	100.00	38.96	61.04
70-74	100	33.83	66.17	100.00	35.91	64.09
75 & Above	100	31.80	68.20	100.00	30.73	69.27
Islamabad						
All Ages	100	47.62	52.38	100.00	49.25	50.75
15-19	100	73.46	26.54	100.00	76.68	23.32
20-24	100	66.85	33.15	100.00	70.77	29.23
25-29	100	56.85	43.15	100.00	59.78	40.22
30-34	100	51.43	48.57	100.00	52.61	47.39
35-39	100	48.47	51.53	100.00	49.94	50.06
40-44	100	46.31	53.69	100.00	46.72	53.28
45-49	100	44.52	55.48	100.00	45.43	54.57
50-54	100	42.62	57.38	100.00	44.71	55.29
55-59	100	40.20	59.80	100.00	43.40	56.60
60-64	100	39.73	60.27	100.00	39.70	60.30
65-69	100	36.53	63.47	100.00	35.02	64.98
70-74	100	33.94	66.06	100.00	31.60	68.40
75 & Above	100	29.37	70.63	100.00	27.27	72.73

Source:- Population Census 2023

Table 2.3 Never Married Population (15 Years and above) by Gender, Age Group, Pakistan & Province 2017

Age Group	Population	Female	Male
Pakistan			
15 and above	100.00	40.54	59.46
15 - 19	100.00	44.62	55.38
20 - 24	100.00	37.71	62.29
25 - 29	100.00	33.47	66.53
30 - 34	100.00	32.51	67.49
35 - 39	100.00	34.95	65.05
40 - 44	100.00	39.71	60.29
45 - 49	100.00	42.15	57.85
50 - 54	100.00	45.28	54.72
55 - 59	100.00	45.82	54.18
60 - 64	100.00	48.02	51.98
65 - 69	100.00	46.77	53.23
70 - 74	100.00	43.46	56.54
75 and above	100.00	41.21	58.79
Punjab			
15 and above	100.00	41.62	58.38
15 - 19	100.00	46.01	53.99
20 - 24	100.00	39.78	60.22
25 - 29	100.00	34.04	65.96
30 - 34	100.00	31.15	68.85
35 - 39	100.00	32.32	67.68
40 - 44	100.00	36.23	63.77
45 - 49	100.00	38.91	61.09
50 - 54	100.00	41.78	58.22
55 - 59	100.00	42.08	57.92
60 - 64	100.00	44.68	55.32
65 - 69	100.00	43.64	56.36
70 - 74	100.00	39.84	60.16
75 and above	100.00	39.13	60.87
Sindh			
15 and above	100.00	38.56	61.44
15 - 19	100.00	43.06	56.94
20 - 24	100.00	35.47	64.53
25 - 29	100.00	31.23	68.77
30 - 34	100.00	30.40	69.60
35 - 39	100.00	32.58	67.42
40 - 44	100.00	36.96	63.04
45 - 49	100.00	38.45	61.55
50 - 54	100.00	42.16	57.84
55 - 59	100.00	43.20	56.80
60 - 64	100.00	46.39	53.61
65 - 69	100.00	45.56	54.44
70 - 74	100.00	41.78	58.22
75 and above	100.00	38.66	61.34
KP			
15 and above	100.00	40.35	59.65
15 - 19	100.00	43.45	56.55
20 - 24	100.00	33.85	66.15
25 - 29	100.00	34.36	65.64
30 - 34	100.00	41.19	58.81
35 - 39	100.00	50.32	49.68
40 - 44	100.00	57.23	42.77
45 - 49	100.00	60.70	39.30
50 - 54	100.00	62.88	37.12
55 - 59	100.00	63.01	36.99
60 - 64	100.00	61.08	38.92
65 - 69	100.00	59.24	40.76
70 - 74	100.00	56.78	43.22
75 and above	100.00	51.91	48.09

Contd..

Table 2.3 Never Married Population (15 Years and above) by Gender, Age Group, Pakistan & Province 2017

Age Group	Population	Female	Male
Balochistan			
15 and above	100.00	38.61	61.39
15 - 19	100.00	41.22	58.78
20 - 24	100.00	34.91	65.09
25 - 29	100.00	35.46	64.54
30 - 34	100.00	35.42	64.58
35 - 39	100.00	34.76	65.24
40 - 44	100.00	35.68	64.32
45 - 49	100.00	36.45	63.55
50 - 54	100.00	36.89	63.11
55 - 59	100.00	38.06	61.94
60 - 64	100.00	42.60	57.40
65 - 69	100.00	41.56	58.44
70 - 74	100.00	41.65	58.35
75 and above	100.00	38.05	61.95
FATA			
15 and above	100.00	39.15	60.85
15 - 19	100.00	43.04	56.96
20 - 24	100.00	30.56	69.44
25 - 29	100.00	32.01	67.99
30 - 34	100.00	37.86	62.14
35 - 39	100.00	42.35	57.65
40 - 44	100.00	47.57	52.43
45 - 49	100.00	49.29	50.71
50 - 54	100.00	51.73	48.27
55 - 59	100.00	44.72	55.28
60 - 64	100.00	50.66	49.34
65 - 69	100.00	49.74	50.26
70 - 74	100.00	46.18	53.82
75 and above	100.00	43.76	56.24
Islamabad			
15 and above	100.00	39.90	60.10
15 - 19	100.00	44.52	55.48
20 - 24	100.00	37.24	62.76
25 - 29	100.00	33.31	66.69
30 - 34	100.00	34.64	65.36
35 - 39	100.00	39.42	60.58
40 - 44	100.00	45.70	54.30
45 - 49	100.00	48.89	51.11
50 - 54	100.00	52.97	47.03
55 - 59	100.00	52.74	47.26
60 - 64	100.00	57.06	42.94
65 - 69	100.00	57.25	42.75
70 - 74	100.00	52.53	47.47
75 and above	100.00	49.70	50.30

Contd..

Table 2.3 Never Married Population (15 Years and above) by Gender, Age, Pakistan & Province 2023

Age Group	Population	Female	Male
Pakistan			
All Ages	100.00	40.93	59.07
15-19	100.00	45.31	54.69
20-24	100.00	37.91	62.09
25-29	100.00	32.89	67.11
30-34	100.00	34.83	65.17
35-39	100.00	33.37	66.63
40-44	100.00	37.06	62.94
45-49	100.00	38.32	61.68
50-54	100.00	43.15	56.85
55-59	100.00	44.15	55.85
60-64	100.00	47.12	52.88
65-69	100.00	48.66	51.34
70-74	100.00	47.00	53.00
75 & Above	100.00	45.73	54.27
Punjab			
All Ages	100.00	41.64	58.36
15-19	100.00	46.55	53.45
20-24	100.00	39.52	60.48
25-29	100.00	33.15	66.85
30-34	100.00	33.04	66.96
35-39	100.00	30.62	69.38
40-44	100.00	33.87	66.13
45-49	100.00	34.97	65.03
50-54	100.00	40.02	59.98
55-59	100.00	41.06	58.94
60-64	100.00	43.14	56.86
65-69	100.00	45.47	54.53
70-74	100.00	41.19	58.81
75 & Above	100.00	41.27	58.73
Sindh			
All Ages	100.00	39.53	60.47
15-19	100.00	43.91	56.09
20-24	100.00	36.74	63.26
25-29	100.00	32.00	68.00
30-34	100.00	31.90	68.10
35-39	100.00	31.78	68.22
40-44	100.00	34.27	65.73
45-49	100.00	36.13	63.87
50-54	100.00	39.87	60.13
55-59	100.00	41.42	58.58
60-64	100.00	45.39	54.61
65-69	100.00	47.49	52.51
70-74	100.00	46.80	53.20
75 & Above	100.00	46.32	53.68

Contd..

Table 2.3 Never Married Population (15 Years and above) by Gender, Age, Pakistan & Province 2023

Age Group	Population	Female	Male
KP			
All Ages	100.00	40.16	59.84
15-19	100.00	44.06	55.94
20-24	100.00	32.55	67.45
25-29	100.00	31.12	68.88
30-34	100.00	43.97	56.03
35-39	100.00	46.55	53.45
40-44	100.00	54.51	45.49
45-49	100.00	56.76	43.24
50-54	100.00	62.09	37.91
55-59	100.00	63.08	36.92
60-64	100.00	65.50	34.50
65-69	100.00	65.40	34.60
70-74	100.00	64.57	35.43
75 & Above	100.00	62.71	37.29
Balochistan			
All Ages	100.00	41.99	58.01
15-19	100.00	43.40	56.60
20-24	100.00	39.77	60.23
25-29	100.00	39.79	60.21
30-34	100.00	45.83	54.17
35-39	100.00	36.25	63.75
40-44	100.00	37.17	62.83
45-49	100.00	34.97	65.03
50-54	100.00	35.38	64.62
55-59	100.00	33.43	66.57
60-64	100.00	31.56	68.44
65-69	100.00	28.06	71.94
70-74	100.00	35.16	64.84
75 & Above	100.00	27.66	72.34
Islamabad			
All Ages	100.00	39.94	60.06
15-19	100.00	44.01	55.99
20-24	100.00	38.47	61.53
25-29	100.00	33.06	66.94
30-34	100.00	34.22	65.78
35-39	100.00	36.89	63.11
40-44	100.00	41.10	58.90
45-49	100.00	42.84	57.16
50-54	100.00	48.04	51.96
55-59	100.00	52.13	47.87
60-64	100.00	61.44	38.56
65-69	100.00	59.59	40.41
70-74	100.00	69.38	30.63
75 & Above	100.00	62.55	37.45

Source:- Population Census 2023

Table 2.4 Median age at first marriage by background characteristics (Median age at first marriage among Female age 25-49, and median age at first marriage among Male age 30-49, according to background characteristics, Pakistan DHS 2017-18)

Background characteristic	Female age 25-49	Male age 30-49
Residence		
Urban	21.3	26.8
Rural	19.8	25.0
Education		
No education	18.7	23.8
Primary	19.8	25.0
Middle	20.9	25.3
Secondary	22.2	26.7
Higher	24.9	28.2
Wealth Quintile		
Lowest	18.3	23.2
Second	19.1	23.9
Middle	19.8	25.2
Fourth	21.4	27.0
Highest	22.9	28.0
Region		
Punjab	21.1	26.1
Urban	21.6	26.6
Rural	20.7	25.7
Sindh	20.0	26.2
Urban	21.3	27.7
Rural	18.4	23.6
Kp	19.1	25.1
Urban	19.7	26.3
Rural	19.0	24.6
Balochistan	19.4	24.8
Urban	19.3	25.0
Rural	19.4	24.8
Islamabad	22.7	27.0
FATA	18.2	23.5
Total	20.4	25.9
AJK	21.0	26.7
Urban	22.7	28.6
Rural	20.8	26.0
G.B	18.8	23.5

Source: National Institute of Population Studies (PDHS Survey 2017-18)

Note: The age at first marriage is defined as the age at which the respondent began living with her/his first spouse.
Total excludes Azad Jammu and Kashmir and Gilgit Baltistan.

Table 2.5 Age-Specific and total Fertility Rates- Female Aged 15-49 Years-by Region and Age-Categaory

Ages	2024-25 PSLM 2021-23 (Average)			2018-19 PSLM 2015-16 (Average)		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
15-19	38	54	48	38	65	54
20-24	134	184	164	153	208	187
25-29	181	218	202	184	233	214
30-34	145	176	163	130	174	157
35-39	72	105	91	66	99	86
40-44	24	49	39	19	40	32
45-49	8	26	18	11	23	19
Total Fertility Rate	3.0	4.1	3.6	3.0	4.2	3.7

Source: Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement Survey (PSLM).

Table 2.6 Infant Mortality Rates Sex, Area, Pakistan 2018-19 & 2024-25

Year	Infant Mortality Rates Per 1000 Population.		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
All Areas			
2018-19	58	62	60
2024-25	40	54	47
Urban			
2018-19	47	49	48
2024-25	38	45	42
Rural			
2018-19	62	67	65
2024-25	41	59	50

Source: Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement Survey (PSLM),

Table 2.7 Life Expectancy by Province

Area/Year	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Pakistan						
Male	66.1	66.3	66.5	66.7	66.9	67.1
Female	67.8	68.1	68.4	68.7	69.1	69.4
Punjab						
Male	66.5	66.7	66.9	67.1	67.3	67.5
Female	68.1	68.4	68.7	69.1	69.4	69.7
Sindh						
Male	66.8	67.0	67.2	67.5	67.7	67.9
Female	69.0	69.3	69.7	70.0	70.3	70.6
KP						
Male	66.7	66.9	67.1	67.2	67.4	67.6
Female	67.5	67.8	68.0	68.3	68.6	68.9
Balochistan						
Male	63.1	63.3	63.4	63.6	63.7	63.9
Female	63.6	63.9	64.1	64.4	64.7	64.9
Islamabad						
Male	67.5	67.8	68.0	68.2	68.4	68.7
Female	69.2	69.6	69.9	70.3	70.6	70.9

Source: Population Projection: National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS)

Table 3.1 Percentage Distribution of Households by Gender Headship, Urban and Rural, Pakistan, Provinces 2017 & 2023 Census

All Area	Total	Female	Male
2017			
Pakistan	100.00	11.94	88.06
Urban	100.00	12.32	87.68
Rural	100.00	11.70	88.30
Punjab	100.00	13.49	86.51
Urban	100.00	14.29	85.71
Rural	100.00	13.01	86.99
Sindh	100.00	9.61	90.39
Urban	100.00	10.39	89.61
Rural	100.00	8.79	91.21
KP	100.00	13.47	86.53
Urban	100.00	10.81	89.19
Rural	100.00	14.13	85.87
Balochistan	100.00	5.92	94.08
Urban	100.00	6.48	93.52
Rural	100.00	5.68	94.32
Islamabad	100.00	13.26	86.74
Urban	100.00	13.04	86.96
Rural	100.00	13.47	86.53
2023			
Pakistan	100.00	5.86	94.14
Urban	100.00	6.32	93.68
Rural	100.00	0.59	99.41
Punjab	100.00	6.43	93.57
Urban	100.00	6.98	93.02
Rural	100.00	6.05	93.95
Sindh	100.00	4.67	95.33
Urban	100.00	5.76	94.24
Rural	100.00	3.47	96.53
KP	100.00	7.09	92.91
Urban	100.00	6.15	93.85
Rural	100.00	7.26	92.74
Balochistan	100.00	2.88	97.12
Urban	100.00	2.77	97.23
Rural	100.00	2.92	97.08
Islamabad	100.00	5.81	94.19
Urban	100.00	5.82	94.18
Rural	100.00	5.80	94.20

Source: Population Census 2017 & 2023

Table 3.2 Percentage Distribution of Head by Households by Gender, Marital Status, Pakistan and Provinces

Table 3.2 Percentage Distribution of Head by Households by Gender, Marital Status, Pakistan and Provinces					
Year/Sex	Never Married		Married	Widowed	Divorced
2017					
Pakistan					
Both Sexes	100.00		100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	40.60		51.54	74.42	67.95
Male	59.40		48.46	25.58	32.05
Punjab					
Both Sexes	100.00		100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	41.68		51.66	70.98	67.04
Male	58.32		48.34	29.02	32.96
Sindh					
Both Sexes	100.00		100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	38.59		50.32	79.39	68.50
Male	61.41		49.68	20.61	31.50
KP					
Both Sexes	100.00		100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	40.28		53.62	81.45	77.63
Male	59.72		46.38	18.55	22.37
Balochistan					
Both Sexes	100.00		100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	38.64		50.81	81.47	74.51
Male	61.36		49.19	18.53	25.49
Islamabad					
Both Sexes	100.00		100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	39.91		49.11	77.98	72.88
Male	60.09		50.89	22.02	27.12
2023					
Year/Sex	Never Married	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated
Pakistan					
Both Sexes	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	40.93	50.40	73.95	66.47	53.67
Male	59.07	49.60	26.05	33.53	46.33
Punjab					
Both Sexes	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	41.64	50.27	71.16	66.06	53.39
Male	58.36	49.73	28.84	33.94	46.61
Sindh					
Both Sexes	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	39.53	49.72	77.37	65.18	52.05
Male	60.47	50.28	22.63	34.82	47.95
KP					
Both Sexes	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	40.16	51.97	80.57	76.13	63.49
Male	59.84	48.03	19.43	23.87	36.51
Balochistan					
Both Sexes	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	41.99	50.14	77.58	63.62	45.02
Male	58.01	49.86	22.42	36.38	54.98
Islamabad					
Both Sexes	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Female	39.94	48.51	78.15	73.54	57.05
Male	60.06	51.49	21.85	26.46	42.95

Source: Population Census 2017 & 2023

Table 3.3 Percentage Distribution of Gender Headship by Age, Pakistan and Provinces 2017

Age group	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Age group	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan				KP			
All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00
15-19	0.46	0.80	0.76	15-19	0.67	0.70	0.70
20-24	2.63	4.56	4.33	20-24	3.89	3.70	3.72
25-29	6.81	8.74	8.51	25-29	9.84	7.45	7.78
30-34	10.00	11.85	11.63	30-34	13.06	10.47	10.81
35-39	12.73	13.72	13.60	35-39	14.47	11.73	12.10
40-44	12.11	12.50	12.46	40-44	12.83	12.40	12.46
45-49	11.74	11.68	11.69	45-49	10.97	11.79	11.68
50-54	11.14	10.81	10.85	50-54	9.03	11.26	10.96
55-59	8.66	7.98	8.06	55-59	6.58	8.99	8.66
60 +	23.74	17.36	18.12	60 +	18.65	21.52	21.13
Punjab				Balochistan			
All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00
15-19	0.33	0.47	0.45	15-19	0.00	0.00	0.00
20-24	2.26	3.35	3.20	20-24	3.49	7.69	7.44
25-29	6.26	7.30	7.16	25-29	8.27	12.80	12.53
30-34	10.06	10.84	10.73	30-34	9.43	14.46	14.16
35-39	13.37	13.57	13.54	35-39	11.07	14.87	14.64
40-44	12.77	12.85	12.84	40-44	10.60	11.24	11.21
45-49	12.29	12.27	12.28	45-49	10.85	10.03	10.08
50-54	11.84	11.87	11.86	50-54	9.93	8.68	8.75
55-59	8.65	8.65	8.65	55-59	8.80	6.22	6.37
60 +	22.18	18.83	19.28	60 +	27.56	14.01	14.81
Sindh				Islamabad			
All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00
15-19	0.55	1.26	1.20	15-19	0.59	0.63	0.62
20-24	2.53	6.42	6.04	20-24	3.18	3.71	3.64
25-29	5.89	11.03	10.54	25-29	8.02	7.01	7.15
30-34	7.71	13.80	13.22	30-34	12.14	11.45	11.54
35-39	9.94	14.74	14.28	35-39	13.87	13.51	13.56
40-44	9.98	12.22	12.00	40-44	13.01	13.67	13.58
45-49	10.89	11.00	10.99	45-49	11.72	11.68	11.68
50-54	10.79	9.17	9.32	50-54	11.16	11.56	11.51
55-59	10.09	6.65	6.98	55-59	8.15	9.12	8.99
60 +	31.64	13.71	15.43	60 +	18.15	17.66	17.73

Source: Population Census 2017

Table 3.3 Percentage Distribution of Gender Headship by Age, Pakistan and Provinces 2023

Age group	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Age group	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan				KP			
All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00
15-19	0.57	1.52	1.46	15-19	1.10	1.76	1.72
20-24	2.73	4.92	4.79	20-24	5.90	5.09	5.14
25-29	5.31	8.44	8.25	25-29	10.15	8.63	8.74
30-34	8.69	11.02	10.89	30-34	14.55	11.45	11.67
35-39	11.05	13.16	13.04	35-39	14.78	13.33	13.44
40-44	12.66	13.74	13.68	40-44	13.19	13.07	13.08
45-49	11.07	11.61	11.58	45-49	9.34	11.05	10.93
50-54	11.40	10.23	10.30	50-54	8.30	9.89	9.78
55-59	9.76	8.47	8.55	55-59	6.10	7.93	7.80
60+	26.76	16.88	17.46	60+	16.59	17.80	17.72
Punjab				Balochistan			
All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00
15-19	0.32	0.78	0.75	15-19	3.68	6.15	6.08
20-24	2.01	3.26	3.18	20-24	4.86	10.99	10.81
25-29	4.69	6.86	6.72	25-29	6.01	13.19	12.98
30-34	8.42	10.23	10.11	30-34	7.55	12.69	12.54
35-39	11.52	12.94	12.85	35-39	8.68	12.63	12.52
40-44	13.65	14.18	14.14	40-44	10.00	11.73	11.68
45-49	11.87	12.37	12.34	45-49	9.08	8.74	8.75
50-54	11.92	11.04	11.10	50-54	10.64	7.13	7.24
55-59	10.12	9.37	9.42	55-59	9.02	5.57	5.67
60+	25.47	18.97	19.39	60+	30.47	11.19	11.74
Sindh				Islamabad			
All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00
15-19	0.34	1.76	1.69	15-19	0.36	0.73	0.70
20-24	1.56	6.75	6.51	20-24	2.53	3.00	2.98
25-29	2.53	10.40	10.04	25-29	5.61	6.18	6.14
30-34	4.29	11.99	11.63	30-34	9.07	10.09	10.03
35-39	6.67	13.61	13.28	35-39	12.01	13.18	13.12
40-44	9.72	13.72	13.53	40-44	14.36	14.63	14.62
45-49	10.69	11.08	11.07	45-49	11.78	12.73	12.68
50-54	12.83	9.54	9.70	50-54	11.83	11.18	11.22
55-59	12.19	7.69	7.90	55-59	9.31	9.19	9.20
60+	39.16	13.46	14.66	60+	23.14	19.09	19.33

Source: Population Census 2023

Table 3.4 Percentage of Households by Fuel Used for Lighting- by Province and Region

Province/Region	2024-25			2018-19		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
Pakistan						
Electricity*	87	71	78	98	87	91
Electricity & Solar	9	12	11	-	-	-
Solar Panel	2	11	7	1	6	4
Gas	0	0	0	0.2	0.1	0.1
Other	1	6	4	1	7	4
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Punjab						
Electricity*	97	94	95	99	93	95
Electricity & Solar	2	2	2	-	-	-
Solar Panel	0	2	1	.3	3	2
Gas	0	0	0	.3	.1	.1
Other	0	2	1	.4	4	3
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Sindh						
Electricity*	74	28	53	98	73	86
Electricity & Solar	18	19	19	-	-	-
Solar Panel	4	32	16	1	7	4
Gas	0	0	0	.0	.0	.0
Other	4	22	12	2	20	10
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
KP						
Electricity*	72	56	58	96	85	87
Electricity & Solar	25	29	28	-	-	-
Solar Panel	2	11	10	3	13	11
Gas	0	0	0	.1	.3	.3
Other	0	4	3	.4	2	1
Total	100	100	100			
Balochistan						
Electricity*	80	47	57	95	67	75
Electricity & Solar	10	15	14	-	-	-
Solar Panel	7	33	25	3	22	16
Gas	0	0	0	.1	.1	.1
Other	2	6	5	2	11	8
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

1. Category Other Includes: Kerosene Oil, Candle, Firewood and Others.
2. *The Category "Electricity & Solar (Hybrid)" was introduced in HIES 2024-25 to capture households using both grid electricity and solar energy (Main grid or Solar panels). The increase in this category reflects a noticeable shift from exclusive electricity use towards hybrid and solar-based lighting solution.
3. Totals may not add to 100 because of rounding.

Table 3.5 Percentage of Households by Number of Rooms- by Province and Region

Province/ Region	2024-25			2018-19		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
Pakistan						
One Room	20	28	25	24	31	28
2-4 Room	73	65	68	69	63	65
5 & More rooms	7	7	7	7	6	6
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Punjab						
One Room	19	22	21	24	29	27
2-4 Room	73	71	72	68	65	66
5 & More rooms	8	7	8	8	6	7
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Sindh						
One Room	23	54	37	27	54	40
2-4 Room	73	45	61	70	45	58
5 & More rooms	4	1	2	3	1	2
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
KP						
One Room	16	20	20	16	20	19
2-4 Room	70	69	69	70	70	70
5 & More rooms	15	10	11	14	10	10
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Balochistan						
One Room	18	26	24	13	19	17
2-4 Room	70	64	66	77	69	71
5 & More rooms	12	10	11	9	12	11
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES)

Notes: Totals may not add to 100 because of rounding.

Table 4.1: Health Delivery Facilities by Type in Public Sector and Urban- Rural Areas, Pakistan and Provinces

Year/Area	Hospitals		Dispensaries		M.C.H Centres		Tuberculosis Centers		Rural Health Centers		Sub-Health Centers		Basic Health Units	
	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds
Pakistan														
All Areas														
2012	1,092	93,113	5,176	1,129	628	336	326	164	640	10,363	524	42	4,954	6,655
2013	1,113	99,527	5,413	1,181	687	335	329	168	667	10,557	605	32	4,866	6,581
2014	1,143	99,717	5,548	1,155	670	334	334	148	669	10,480	345	32	5,093	6,304
2015	1,172	100,725	5,695	1,147	733	351	339	108	684	10,710	337	56	5,141	6,451
2016	1,243	106,890	5,971	990	755	360	345	98	668	10,077	354	94	5,119	6,312
2017	1,264	111,957	5,654	1,206	727	323	431	198	688	10,619	252	124	5,253	6,622
2018	1,279	113,150	5,671	1,211	747	337	441	198	686	10,575	263	134	5,264	6,622
2019	1,282	113,150	5,743	1,211	747	337	441	198	686	10,575	263	134	5,264	6,622
2020	1,289	127,225	5,849	791	752	319	410	154	719	11,856	249	0	5,312	6,767
2021	1,276	127,145	5,832	775	781	364	416	57	736	11,007	238	14	5,321	6,701
2022	1,284	132,427	5,584	776	798	370	417	105	697	11,059	213	14	5,307	6,910
2023	1,696	148,640	5,627	765	822	416	482	170	783	11,414	198	8	5,236	6,534
2024	1,934	154,218	6,239	762	905	477	486	157	802	11,758	305	0	5,441	6,599
Urban														
2012	945	87,093	1,938	687	430	314	246	144	130	2,091	65	-	66	87
2013	962	93,498	1,979	701	432	313	249	148	135	2,151	67	-	66	87
2014	987	94,053	1,984	734	423	332	250	138	126	2,033	54	-	64	87
2015	1,015	94,924	1,988	732	424	327	252	98	128	2,068	53	-	64	87
2016	1,082	99,849	2,084	765	448	336	253	98	125	1,965	53	-	66	87
2017	1,097	104,330	1,738	782	426	299	300	198	127	2,067	41	-	80	73
2018	1,110	105,444	1,739	785	441	311	302	198	127	2,067	42	-	80	73
2019	1,113	105,444	1,772	785	441	311	302	198	127	2,067	42	0	80	73
2020	1,113	117,946	1,690	694	421	293	270	154	135	2,302	39	0	90	73
2021	1,110	118,279	1,682	642	425	327	276	57	139	2,129	44	0	97	73
2022	1,117	123,529	1,609	673	489	333	271	105	130	2,133	45	0	97	73
2023	1,493	138,347	1,729	673	455	359	327	157	177	2,573	31	0	310	70
2024	1,712	141,954	1,730	673	450	382	326	145	174	2,538	24	0	310	70
Rural														
2012	147	6,020	3,238	442	198	22	80	20	510	8,272	459	42	4,888	6,568
2013	151	6,029	3,434	480	255	22	80	20	532	8,403	538	32	4,800	6,494
2014	156	5,664	3,564	421	247	2	84	10	543	8,447	291	32	5,029	6,217
2015	157	5,801	3,707	415	309	24	87	10	556	8,642	284	56	5,077	6,364
2016	161	7,041	3,887	225	307	24	92	-	543	8,112	301	94	5,053	6,225
2017	167	7,627	3,916	424	301	24	131	-	561	8,552	211	124	5,173	6,549
2018	169	7,706	3,932	426	306	26	139	-	559	8,508	221	134	5,184	6,549
2019	169	7,706	3,971	426	306	26	139	0	559	8,508	221	134	5,184	6,549
2020	176	9,279	4,159	97	331	26	140	0	584	9,554	210	0	5,222	6,694
2021	166	8,866	4,150	133	356	37	140	0	597	8,878	194	14	5,224	6,628
2022	167	8,898	3,975	103	309	37	146	0	567	8,926	168	14	5,210	6,837
2023	203	10,293	3,898	92	367	57	155	13	606	8,841	167	8	4,926	6,464
2024	222	12,264	4,509	89	455	95	160	12	628	9,220	281	0	5,131	6,529

Table 4.1: Health Delivery Facilities by Type in Public Sector and Urban- Rural Areas, Pakistan and Provinces

Year/Area	Hospitals		Dispensaries		M.C.H Centers		Tubercu- sis Centers		Rural Health Centers		Sub-Health Centers		Basic Health Units	
	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds
Punjab*														
All Areas														
2012	347	41,137	1,241	467	285	213	42	82	340	6,101	388	-	2,620	4,954
2013	364	47,291	1,345	513	285	212	45	86	351	6,287	403	32	2,549	4,958
2014	371	47,640	1,404	561	282	236	45	86	344	6,195	308	32	2,561	4,684
2015	377	48,076	1,406	552	283	231	45	46	353	6,359	299	56	2,584	4,851
2016	381	48,263	1,403	341	286	220	40	46	338	5,870	300	94	2,538	4,712
2017	389	49,479	1,358	563	276	231	40	146	350	6,272	212	124	2,623	4,984
2018	397	50,422	1,367	563	289	241	40	146	350	6,272	223	134	2,623	4,984
2019	398	50,422	1,367	563	289	241	40	146	350	6,272	223	134	2,623	4,984
2020	399	61,737	1,492	197	284	226	15	154	361	7,257	186	0	2,601	5,149
2021	400	62,004	1,490	179	282	256	36	57	381	6,431	195	14	2,600	5,079
2022	408	63,702	1,220	180	299	262	37	105	341	6,452	170	14	2,587	5,288
2023	977	79,588	1,266	180	316	283	37	118	377	6,611	171	8	2,546	4,988
2024	1212	79,588	1,269	177	309	279	36	105	362	6,445	139	0	2,596	4,983
Urban														
2012	320	40,353	459	73	237	213	42	82	74	1,265	54	-	-	-
2013	335	46,385	496	81	237	212	45	86	77	1,305	56	-	-	-
2014	342	46,728	542	154	234	236	45	86	75	1,285	43	-	-	-
2015	348	47,157	544	152	235	231	45	46	77	1,320	42	-	-	-
2016	351	47,340	544	131	238	220	40	46	74	1,217	42	-	-	-
2017	359	48,533	527	154	230	231	40	146	76	1,301	30	-	-	-
2018	366	49,457	530	154	241	241	40	146	76	1,301	31	-	-	-
2019	367	49,457	530	154	241	241	40	146	76	1,301	31	0	0	0
2020	368	60,546	574	117	236	226	15	154	79	1,508	26	0	0	0
2021	369	60,809	572	63	235	256	36	57	83	1,335	29	0	0	0
2022	376	62,475	479	94	299	262	31	105	74	1,339	26	0	0	0
2023	907	78,161	495	94	246	283	31	105	82	1,373	26	0	0	0
2024	1123	78,161	496	94	241	279	30	93	79	1,338	19	0	0	0
Rural														
2012	27	784	782	394	48	-	-	-	266	4,836	334	42	2,620	4,954
2013	29	906	849	432	48	-	-	-	274	4,982	347	32	2,549	4,958
2014	29	912	862	407	48	-	-	-	269	4,910	265	32	2,561	4,684
2015	29	919	862	400	48	-	-	-	276	5,039	257	56	2,584	4,851
2016	30	923	859	210	48	-	-	-	264	4,653	258	94	2,538	4,712
2017	30	946	831	409	46	-	-	-	274	4,971	182	124	2,623	4,984
2018	31	965	837	409	48	-	-	-	274	4,971	192	134	2,623	4,984
2019	31	965	837	409	48	0	0	0	274	4,971	192	134	2,623	4,984
2020	31	1,191	918	80	48	0	0	0	282	5,749	160	0	2,601	5,149
2021	31	1,195	918	116	47	0	0	0	298	5,096	166	14	2,600	5,079
2022	32	1,227	741	86	0	0	6	0	267	5,113	144	14	2,587	5,288
2023	70	1,427	771	86	70	0	6	13	295	5,238	145	8	2,546	4,988
2024	89	1,427	773	83	68	0	6	12	283	5,107	120	0	2,596	4,983

Islamabad is included in Punjab

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Table 4.1: Health Delivery Facilities by Type in Public Sector and Urban- Rural Areas, Pakistan and Provinces

Year/Area	Hospitals		Dispensaries		M.C.H Centers		Tuberculosis Centers		Rural Health Centers		Sub-Health Centers		Basic Health Units	
	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds
Sindh														
All Areas														
2012	403	27,450	2,618	589	164	103	202	-	108	1,600	2	-	803	1,648
2013	408	27,660	2,618	589	164	103	202	-	124	1,625	2	-	789	1,580
2014	409	27,647	2,664	569	163	98	202	-	124	1,625	2	-	792	1,586
2015	424	28,213	2,817	569	221	120	202	-	126	1,701	3	-	783	1,566
2016	465	31,781	3,086	638	242	140	205	-	126	1,701	3	-	783	1,566
2017	472	35,398	2,819	632	229	92	291	-	133	1,829	3	-	802	1,604
2018	473	35,428	2,819	637	233	96	301	-	132	1,799	3	-	802	1,604
2019	473	35,428	2,819	637	233	96	301	-	132	1,799	3	-	802	1,604
2020	473	35,532	2,836	583	220	93	298	0	130	1,774	4	0	792	1,584
2021	476	36,638	2,870	585	245	108	298	0	128	1,766	4	0	793	1,588
2022	477	39,793	2,892	585	245	108	298	0	128	1,787	4	0	793	1,588
2023	484	41,034	2,905	585	259	133	371	0	147	1,845	4	0	772	1,546
2024	487	42,156	2,988	585	265	198	371	0	147	1,845	4	0	773	1,616
Urban														
2012	397	27,163	1,356	585	123	101	166	-	46	672	-	-	34	86
2013	398	27,263	1,356	585	123	101	166	-	46	672	-	-	34	86
2014	399	27,250	1,339	565	122	96	166	-	46	672	-	-	34	86
2015	414	27,816	1,339	565	122	96	166	-	46	672	-	-	34	86
2016	455	31,384	1,471	634	143	116	169	-	46	672	-	-	34	86
2017	460	34,650	1,142	628	133	68	216	-	46	690	-	-	36	72
2018	460	34,650	1,140	631	134	70	218	-	46	690	-	-	36	72
2019	460	34,650	1,140	631	134	70	218	-	46	690	-	-	36	72
2020	453	34,667	1,014	577	119	67	215	0	46	690	0	0	36	72
2021	455	35,713	1,022	579	124	71	215	0	46	690	0	0	36	72
2022	456	38,868	1,042	579	124	71	215	0	46	690	0	0	36	72
2023	460	39,886	1,029	579	130	76	272	0	47	702	0	0	35	70
2024	463	40,887	1,029	579	130	103	272	0	47	702	0	0	35	70
Rural														
2012	6	287	1,262	4	41	2	36	-	62	928	2	-	769	1,562
2013	10	397	1,262	4	41	2	36	-	78	953	2	-	755	1,494
2014	10	397	1,325	4	41	2	36	-	78	953	2	-	758	1,500
2015	10	397	1,478	4	99	24	36	-	80	1,029	3	-	749	1,480
2016	10	397	1,615	4	99	24	36	-	80	1,029	3	-	749	1,480
2017	12	748	1,677	4	96	24	75	-	87	1,139	3	-	766	1,532
2018	13	778	1,679	6	99	26	83	-	86	1,109	3	-	766	1,532
2019	13	778	1,679	6	99	26	83	-	86	1,109	3	-	766	1,532
2020	20	865	1,822	6	101	26	83	0	84	1,084	4	0	756	1,512
2021	21	925	1,848	6	121	37	83	0	82	1,076	4	0	757	1,516
2022	21	925	1,850	6	121	37	83	0	82	1,097	4	0	757	1,516
2023	24	1,148	1,876	6	129	57	99	0	100	1,143	4	0	737	1,476
2024	24	1,269	1,959	6	135	95	99	0	100	1,143	4	0	738	1,546

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Table 4.1: Health Delivery Facilities by Type in Public Sector and Urban- Rural Areas, Pakistan and Provinces

Year/Area	Hospitals		Dispensaries		M.C.H Centers		Tuberculosis Centers		Rural Health Centers		Sub-Health Centers		Basic Health Units	
	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds
KP														
All Areas														
2012	219	18,614	728	73	88	20	59	82	103	1,658	123	-	978	9
2013	217	18,614	865	79	144	20	59	82	103	1,658	189	-	978	9
2014	223	17,796	911	25	131	-	64	62	103	1,616	24	-	1,133	-
2015	244	17,973	913	26	133	-	69	62	103	1,606	24	-	1,133	-
2016	270	20,383	915	11	131	-	77	52	102	1,462	40	-	1,151	-
2017	276	20,617	910	11	132	-	77	52	103	1,474	26	-	1,158	34
2018	277	20,617	911	11	132	-	77	52	103	1,474	26	-	1,160	-
2019	277	20,617	983	11	132	0	77	52	103	1,474	26	0	1,160	0
2020	277	23,021	983	11	153	0	74	0	120	1,775	46	0	1,180	0
2021	260	21,538	942	11	159	0	74	0	120	1,770	24	0	1,149	0
2022	259	21,967	942	11	159	0	74	0	121	1,780	24	0	1,148	0
2023*	184	21,718	952	0	155	0	66	52	127	1,638	22	0	1,151	0
2024	184	26,174	1,478	0	239	0	71	52	161	2,148	161	0	1,305	0
Urban														
2012	107	13,695	89	29	30	-	15	62	5	66	-	-	4	-
2013	108	13,938	92	35	29	-	15	62	5	66	-	-	4	-
2014	108	13,471	72	15	24	-	16	52	-	-	-	-	9	-
2015	128	13,518	74	15	24	-	18	52	-	-	-	-	9	-
2016	151	14,692	35	-	24	-	21	52	5	76	11	-	9	0
2017	153	14,714	35	-	24	-	21	52	5	76	11	-	9	0
2018	154	14,714	35	-	24	-	21	52	-	-	-	-	9	-
2019	154	14,714	68	0	24	0	21	52	0	0	0	0	9	0
2020	154	15,858	68	0	24	0	17	0	3	24	0	0	18	0
2021	148	14,852	55	0	24	0	17	0	3	24	0	0	18	0
2022	147	15,281	55	0	24	0	17	0	3	24	0	0	18	0
2023*	81	14,300	60	0	22	0	16	52	9	108	1	0	14	0
2024	81	16,906	60	0	22	0	16	52	9	108	1	0	14	0
Rural														
2012	112	4,919	639	44	58	20	44	20	98	1,592	123	-	974	9
2013	109	4,676	773	44	115	20	44	20	98	1,592	189	-	974	9
2014	115	4,325	839	10	107	-	48	10	103	1,616	24	-	1,124	-
2015	116	4,455	839	11	109	-	51	10	103	1,606	24	-	1,124	-
2016	119	5,691	880	11	107	-	56	-	102	1,462	40	-	1,142	-
2017	123	5,903	875	11	108	-	56	-	103	1,474	26	-	1,149	-
2018	123	5,903	876	11	108	-	56	-	103	1,474	26	-	1,151	-
2019	123	5,903	915	11	108	0	56	0	103	1,474	26	0	1,151	0
2020	123	7,163	915	11	129	0	57	0	117	1,751	46	0	1,162	0
2021	112	6,686	887	11	135	0	57	0	117	1,746	24	0	1,131	0
2022	112	6,686	887	11	135	0	57	0	118	1,756	24	0	1,130	0
2023*	103	7,418	892	0	133	0	50	0	118	1,530	21	0	1,137	0
2024	103	9,268	1418	0	217	0	55	0	152	2,040	160	0	1,291	0

FATA include in KP

*:- Only public institution in 2023 and onward.

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Table 4.1: Health Delivery Facilities by Type in Public Sector and Urban- Rural Areas, Pakistan and Provinces

Year/Area	Hospitals		Dispensaries		M.C.H Centres		Tuberculosis Centres		Rural Health Centres		Sub-Health Centres		Basic Health Units	
	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds	No.	Beds
Balochistan														
All Areas														
2012	123	5,912	589	-	91	-	23	-	89	1004	11	-	553	44
2013	124	5,962	585	-	94	-	23	-	89	984	11	-	550	34
2014	140	6,634	569	-	94	-	23	-	98	1,044	11	-	607	34
2015	127	6,463	559	-	96	-	23	-	102	1,044	11	-	641	34
2016	127	6,463	567	-	96	-	23	-	102	1,044	11	-	647	34
2017	127	6,463	567	-	90	-	23	-	102	1,044	11	-	670	34
2018	132	6,683	574	-	93	-	23	-	101	1,030	11	-	679	34
2019	134	6,683	574	-	93	-	23	-	101	1,030	11	-	679	34
2020	140	6,935	538	-	95	-	23	-	108	1,050	13	-	739	34
2021	140	6,965	530	-	95	-	8	-	107	1,040	15	-	779	34
2022	140	6,965	530	-	95	-	8	-	107	1,040	15	-	779	34
2023	51	6,300	504	-	92	-	8	-	132	1,320	1	-	767	0
2024	51	6,300	504	0	92	0	8	0	132	1,320	1	0	767	0
Urban														
2012	121	5,882	34	-	40	-	23	-	5	88	11	-	28	1
2013	121	5,912	35	-	43	-	23	-	7	108	11	-	28	1
2014	138	6,604	31	-	43	-	23	-	5	76	11	-	21	1
2015	125	6,433	31	-	43	-	23	-	5	76	11	-	21	1
2016	125	6,433	34	-	43	-	23	-	5	76	11	-	23	1
2017	125	6,433	34	-	39	-	23	-	5	76	11	-	35	1
2018	130	6,623	34	-	42	-	23	-	5	76	11	-	35	1
2019	132	6,623	34	-	42	-	23	-	5	76	11	-	35	1
2020	138	6,875	34	-	42	-	23	-	7	80	13	-	36	1
2021	138	6,905	33	-	42	-	8	-	7	80	15	-	43	1
2022	138	6,905	33	-	42	-	8	-	7	80	15	-	43	1
2023	45	6,000	145	-	57	-	8	-	39	390	-	-	261	0
2024	45	6,000	145	-	57	-	8	-	39	390	-	-	261	0
Rural														
2012	2	30	555	-	51	-	-	-	84	916	-	-	525	43
2013	3	50	550	-	51	-	-	-	82	876	-	-	522	33
2014	2	30	538	-	51	-	-	-	93	968	-	-	586	33
2015	2	30	528	-	53	-	-	-	97	968	-	-	620	33
2016	2	30	533	-	53	-	-	-	97	968	-	-	624	33
2017	2	30	533	-	51	-	-	-	97	968	-	-	635	33
2018	2	60	540	-	51	-	-	-	96	954	-	-	644	33
2019	2	60	540	-	51	-	-	-	96	954	-	-	644	33
2020	2	60	504	-	53	-	-	-	101	970	-	-	703	33
2021	2	60	497	-	53	-	-	-	100	960	-	-	736	33
2022	2	60	497	-	53	-	-	-	100	960	-	-	736	33
2023	6	300	359	-	35	-	-	-	93	930	1	-	506	0
2024	6	300	359	-	35	-	-	-	93	930	1	-	506	0

Source: Provincial Health Directorates Note: Only public institution in 2023 and onward.

Table 4.2 (a): Number of Registered Medical Personnel by Gender, Pakistan

Years	Specialists		Doctors		Dentists		Hakeems		Homoeopathic Doctors	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
1996	135	573	2,199	2,322	101	85	29	920	692	3,036
1997	146	639	2,028	2,207	110	112	40	971	1,316	5,104
1998	136	544	1,944	2,278	122	157	39	999	1,318	4,843
1999	153	563	2,192	2,229	211	212	36	1,140	1,242	4,448
2000	159	588	2,350	2,371	164	144	21	897	1,339	4,781
2001	223	707	2,321	2,101	252	195	46	878	1,446	4,393
2002	212	725	2,692	2,692	252	194	2	197	925	2,335
2003	263	844	2,704	2,816	259	214	33	961	1,424	4,007
2004	235	770	2,708	2,437	348	249	10	332	365	1,118
2005	278	829	2,508	2,296	426	189	25	909	908	5,519
2006	321	685	2,713	2,320	449	246	47	1,304	2,546	6,320
2007	339	780	2,678	2,218	521	256	104	2,516	1,302	2,717
2008	523	1,073	3,146	2,734	546	251	31	729	946	2,063
2009	539	978	2,987	2,584	557	252	27	806	1,207	3,239
2010	552	1,038	3,000	2,413	477	209	37	763	1,084	2,556
2011	731	1,216	4,157	3,310	781	360	40	898	1,099	2,558
2012	960	1,350	4,779	3,733	739	304	26	1,087	1,313	2,946
2013	635	860	4,036	2,843	781	243	40	1,063	911	1,751
2014	797	1,051	4,448	3,016	1,020	369	79	1,175	357	1,270
2015	1,347	1,633	5,407	4,081	1,171	375	110	1,262	1,078	3,627
2016	1,526	1,967	6,511	4,674	1,310	371	129	1,536	961	3,008
2017	1,308	1,667	7,180	4,931	1,643	487	135	1,885	743	3,227
2018	1,667	1,775	7,538	5,284	1,600	532	105	1,505	779	2,725
2019	1,548	1,591	6,856	5,576	1,730	605	109	2,085	924	2,339
2020	1,431	1,574	7,186	5,540	1,728	702	96	1,811	663	2,015
2021	780	724	9,950	10,493	2,217	924	66	1,716	977	2,773
2022	2,191	2,004	8,308	7,645	1,861	794	18	552	1,263	3,385
2023	2,348	1,762	8,029	8,701	1,908	968	102	3,253	1,289	3,505
2024	2,786	1,650	10,544	9,915	2,062	994	61	1,161	907	3,204

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Table No. 4.2(a): Number of Health Personnel by Gender and Provinces

Category	Punjab		Sindh		KP		Balochistan		AJK/ GB		Foreign		Pakistan	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2015														
Specialists	751	738	407	386	345	168	73	24	54	31	3	-	1,633	1,347
Doctors	2,058	3,112	608	1,409	1,057	582	132	90	147	191	79	23	4,081	5,407
Dentists	124	543	119	360	89	206	20	32	14	24	9	6	375	1,171
2016														
Specialists	910	765	555	521	375	163	80	41	41	31	6	5	1,967	1,526
Doctors	2,539	3,646	696	1,765	1,044	753	151	124	148	179	96	44	4,674	6,511
Dentists	183	687	72	306	88	258	19	30	5	26	4	3	371	1,310
2017														
Specialists	795	759	400	339	351	147	65	42	54	21	2	-	1,667	1,308
Doctors	2,570	4,026	741	1,969	1,162	702	191	194	203	253	64	36	4,931	7,180
Dentists	181	675	158	655	108	237	25	46	12	24	3	6	487	1,643
2018														
Specialists	867	924	444	511	319	154	62	38	74	37	9	3	1,775	1,667
Doctors	2,760	4,260	706	1,957	1,331	785	225	224	187	288	75	24	5,284	7,538
Dentists	234	774	132	584	130	170	18	36	8	32	10	4	532	1,600
2019														
Specialists	765	871	390	433	350	163	48	41	35	38	3	2	1,591	1,548
Doctors	3,026	3,995	787	1,698	1,368	759	150	123	193	252	52	29	5,576	6,856
Dentists	223	703	135	658	223	315	11	12	12	39	1	3	605	1,730
2020														
Specialists	839	883	280	335	352	147	61	30	39	35	3	1	1,574	1,431
Doctors	2,932	4,058	878	2,018	1,255	662	181	150	219	246	75	52	5,540	7,186
Dentists	285	767	183	618	189	284	21	28	11	27	13	4	702	1,728
2021														
Specialists	394	531	128	139	156	80	25	16	17	14	4	-	724	780
Doctors	5,588	5,708	1,713	2,680	2,439	931	280	196	321	354	152	81	10,493	9,950
Dentists	390	882	252	1,023	206	243	42	32	10	32	24	5	924	2,217
2022														
Specialists	1,000	1,261	382	572	507	254	52	39	57	63	6	2	2,004	2,191
Doctors	4,139	4,759	1,233	2,228	1,698	827	230	170	226	245	119	79	7,645	8,308
Dentists	340	944	205	618	209	238	24	35	8	21	8	5	794	1,861
2023														
Specialists	836	1,219	348	647	421	332	110	67	47	83	-	-	1,762	2,348
Doctors	4,973	4,799	1,274	1,910	1,899	848	223	132	259	281	73	59	8,701	8,029
Dentists	347	815	299	768	259	238	38	38	16	38	9	11	968	1,908
2024														
Specialists	731	1,403	327	775	439	442	71	80	74	84	8	2	1,650	2,786
Doctors	5,611	6,382	1,406	2,361	2,157	1,083	368	257	273	392	100	69	9,915	10,544
Dentists	393	987	248	693	293	288	41	50	13	42	6	2	994	2,062
2025														
Specialists	824	1,391	352	782	466	445	103	85	74	124	9	3	1,828	2,830
Doctors	4,161	5,207	1,307	2,313	1,770	1,007	346	216	223	313	81	66	7,888	9,122
Dentists	392	1,111	150	522	300	382	41	62	14	46	7	3	904	2,126

Source: Pakistan Medical and Dental Council (PMDC), Islamabad.

Table 4.2 (b): Number of Registered Medical Personnel by Gender, Pakistan

Years	Nurses		Midwives (Female)	LHV's (Female)	Others (Female)
	Female	Male			
2002	3,747	200	360	684	14
2003	4,128	161	301	478	12
2004	1,953	162	241	142	2
2005	2,629	195	338	332	5
2006	5,799	577	795	1,332	-
2007	4,504	501	569	897	-
2008	2,736	-	273	700	-
2009	3,075	851	691	729	-
2010	2,925	1,006	928	779	-
2011	3,173	1,266	2,969	1,111	-
2012	3,216	1,220	1,381	1,057	-
2013	2,957	1,107	1,174	710	-
2014	3,406	687	1,010	937	-
2015	3,750	740	1,123	981	-
2016	3,541	921	1,658	936	-
2017	3,661	888	1,734	1,016	-
2018	3,555	1,142	2,212	1,510	-
2019	2,972	677	1,538	655	-
2020	3,358	1,178	1,319	796	-
2021	3,523	1,063	1,564	1,047	-
2022	4,406	2,204	1,417	1,614	-
2023	5,013	1,840	1,386	2,383	-
2024	2,250	1,433	1,792	2,758	-

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Table No. 4.2(b): Number of Health Personnel by Gender and Provinces

Category	Punjab		Sindh		KP		Balochistan		AJK/ GB		Foreign		Pakistan	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2015														
Nurses	151	2,567	437	628	139	393	11	49	-	33	2	21	-	3
LHV 's	-	790	-	76	-	91	-	9	-	5	-	1	-	4
Midwives	-	602	-	265	-	198	-	32	-	-	-	3	-	3
2016														
Nurses	160	2,258	458	670	242	432	52	92	-	27	9	26	-	18
LHV 's	-	508	-	129	-	244	-	45	-	7	-	3	-	-
Midwives	-	907	-	467	-	102	-	90	-	28	-	28	-	18
2017														
Nurses	174	2,419	506	538	145	475	13	89	1	58	43	76	6	3
LHV 's	-	760	-	66	-	154	-	17	-	3	-	11	-	2
Midwives	-	1,295	-	322	-	24	-	2	-	74	-	16	-	-
2018														
Nurses	189	2,112	672	888	225	389	22	55	2	42	12	32	9	2
LHV 's	-	1,127	-	92	-	252	-	6	-	13	-	2	-	1
Midwives	-	1,607	-	464	-	43	-	66	-	2	-	4	-	-
2019														
Nurses	61	1,830	249	614	354	462	6	6	-	43	1	8	5	4
LHV 's	-	208	-	137	-	246	-	1	-	49	-	2	-	5
Midwives	-	777	-	555	-	127	-	40	-	23	-	4	-	-
2020														
Nurses	126	1,818	588	762	411	545	24	106	18	83	7	25	4	6
LHV 's	-	582	-	103	-	82	-	1	-	22	-	3	-	3
Midwives	-	655	-	568	-	54	-	20	-	15	-	1	-	1
2021														
Nurses	138	2,158	562	833	314	320	28	84	8	93	4	23	7	1
LHV 's	-	621	-	121	-	270	-	11	-	13	-	2	-	5
Midwives	-	963	-	417	-	144	-	2	-	28	-	4	-	1
2022														
Nurses	288	2,599	817	814	896	703	163	104	15	103	18	55	6	15
LHV 's	-	1,014	-	140	-	392	-	9	-	41	-	8	-	2
Midwives	-	586	-	408	-	94	-	247	-	29	-	24	-	22
2023														
Nurses	255	3,167	746	1,078	763	520	37	86	18	111	12	44	9	3
LHV 's	-	1,555	-	140	-	586	-	13	-	69	-	10	-	8
Midwives	-	179	-	90	-	17	-	-	-	5	-	2	-	-
2024														
Nurses	172	1,143	514	631	690	297	27	13	7	79	8	21	8	1
LHV 's	-	2,005	-	146	-	464	-	25	-	65	-	9	-	9
Midwives	-	202	-	163	-	21	-	1	-	3	-	6	-	1

Source: Pakistan Nursing Council (PNC), Islamabad.

Table 4.3: Number of Medical Colleges, Enrolment and Teaching Staff by Gender and Area

Region	Number of Colleges			Enrolment			Teaching Staff		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
2014-15									
Pakistan	51	3	48	40,426	234,135	16,291	7,155	3,073	4,082
Punjab	37	2	35	30,753	19,620	11,133	5,316	2,494	2,822
Sindh	3	0	3	2,428	1,473	955	419	136	103
KP	9	1	8	5,801	2,315	3,486	1,001	307	994
Balochistan	1	0	1	1,072	503	569	384	109	275
Islamabad	1	0	1	372	224	148	35	27	8
2015-16									
Pakistan	52	3	49	39,528	22,201	17,327	6,895	2,963	3,932
Punjab	37	2	35	27,275	16,403	10,872	4,941	2,334	2,607
Sindh	3	0	0	2,445	1,488	757	442	144	298
KP	10	1	0	8,053	3,424	4,629	1,011	318	693
Balochistan	1	0	0	1,282	592	690	466	140	326
Islamabad	1	0	1	473	294	179	35	27	8
2016-17									
Pakistan	64	3	61	48,799	28,152	20,467	8,393	3,810	4,583
Punjab	47	2	45	35,111	21,764	13,347	6,220	3,083	3,137
Sindh	5	0	5	4,130	2,368	1,762	727	235	492
KP	10	0	9	7,624	2,990	4,634	945	325	620
Balochistan	1	0	1	1,382	694	688	466	140	326
Islamabad	1	0	1	552	336	216	35	27	8
2017-18									
Pakistan	62	3	59	51,340	29,091	22,249	8,602	3,810	4,792
Punjab	44	2	42	37,112	22,574	14,538	6,164	3,004	3,160
Sindh	5	0	5	4,185	2,368	1,817	720	238	482
KP	11	1	10	8,077	3,126	4,951	1,157	367	790
Balochistan	1	0	1	1,282	592	690	526	174	352
Islamabad	1	0	1	684	431	253	35	27	8

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Table 4.3: Number of Medical Colleges, Enrolment and Teaching Staff by Gender and Area

Region	Number of Colleges			Enrolment			Teaching Staff		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
2018-19									
Pakistan	68	4	64	52,220	30,113	22,107	9,404	3,974	5,430
Punjab	45	2	43	37,038	2,225	34,813	6,432	2,995	3,437
Sindh	6	1	5	4,640	3,027	1,613	898	279	619
KP	12	1	11	8,432	3,828	4,604	1,381	469	912
Balochistan	4	0	4	1,316	519	797	658	204	454
2019-20									
Pakistan	65	3	62	46,031	24,149	21,882	8,125	2,483	5,642
Punjab	45	1	44	32,587	17,577	15,010	5,639	1,666	3,973
Sindh	6	1	5	4,605	3,015	1,590	898	279	619
KP	12	1	11	7,407	2,980	4,427	894	306	588
Balochistan	1	0	1	1,316	519	797	658	204	454
Islamabad	1	0	1	116	58	58	36	28	28
2020-21									
Pakistan	95	4	91	50,775	26,772	24,003	8,147	3,780	4,367
Punjab	75	2	73	38,238	21,508	16,730	6,788	3,296	3,492
Sindh	6	1	5	3,487	1,770	1,717	739	253	486
KP	12	1	11	7,185	2,643	4,542	65	16	49
Balochistan	1	0	1	1,320	517	803	501	176	325
Islamabad	1	0	1	545	334	211	54	39	15
2021-22(P)									
Pakistan	96	3	93	55,064	35,367	19,697	9,781	4,507	5,274
Punjab	75	2	73	40,292	28,187	12,105	6,711	3,356	3,355
Sindh	7	0	7	5,778	3,526	2,252	936	399	537
KP	12	1	11	7,135	2,816	4,319	1,580	537	1,043
Balochistan	1	0	1	1,320	517	803	501	176	325
Islamabad	1	0	1	539	321	218	53	39	14
2022-23(P)									
Pakistan	120	5	115	70,786	36,415	34,371	10,517	4,823	5,694
Punjab	95	4	91	55,876	29,176	26,700	6,784	3,429	3,355
Sindh	7	0	7	5,854	3,563	2,291	944	412	532
KP	12	1	11	7,135	2,816	4,319	1,580	537	1,043
Balochistan	5	0	5	1,382	539	843	1,156	406	750
Islamabad	1	0	1	539	321	218	53	39	14
2023-24 (P)									
Pakistan	120	5	115	71,162	36,743	34,419	10,664	4,946	5,718
Punjab	95	4	91	55,876	29,176	26,700	6,784	3,429	3,355
Sindh	7	0	7	6,272	3,710	2,562	1,084	481	603
KP	12	1	11	7,099	2,984	4,115	1,595	597	998
Balochistan	5	0	5	1,382	539	843	1,156	406	750
Islamabad	1	0	1	533	334	199	45	33	12

Sources: Provincial Bureaus of Statistics.

Note: Public Sector Only.

p = Provisional

Table 4.4: Number of Registered Graduate Pharmacists by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Pakistan		Punjab		Sindh		KP		Balochistan		Gilgit	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
2014	1,725	1,152	1,092	618	522	253	102	253	8	27	1	1
2015	1,861	1,155	1,131	482	567	168	150	472	13	31	-	2
2016	2,612	1,395	1,704	555	684	252	213	539	11	46	-	3
2017	2,170	1,224	1,442	636	513	145	189	347	26	93	-	3
2018	2,565	1,402	1,695	733	691	218	127	331	52	120	-	1
2019	2,189	1,295	1,158	511	827	210	170	468	34	106	-	-
2020	2,155	1,450	1,335	680	604	163	158	476	58	131	-	-
2021	2,478	1,508	1,261	637	939	287	268	557	10	27	-	-
2022	2,514	1,692	1,040	641	1,192	311	188	551	94	189	-	-
2023	3,888	2,545	2,509	1,589	1,107	405	212	464	60	87	-	-

Source:- Pharmacy Council (Province –wise).

Table 5.1: Percentage of Currently Married Female Who had Knowledge of Family Planning Methods, by Region & Province

Region/Province	Knowledge of Contraceptive Method 2018-19	Knowledge of Contraceptive Method 2024-25
Overall		
Pakistan	99	99
Punjab	100	99
Sindh	99	100
KP	99	99
Balochistan	94	96
Urban Areas		
Pakistan	100	100
Punjab	100	100
Sindh	100	100
KP	100	100
Balochistan	97	97
Rural Area		
Pakistan	99	99
Punjab	100	98
Sindh	99	100
KP	99	99
Balochistan	92	96

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PSLM)

Table 5.2: Type of Family Planning Methods Currently Being Used-by Province and Family Planning Method

Region and Family Planning Method	2018 - 19 PSLM (%)			2024-25 PSLM (%)		
	Urban	Rural	Overall	Urban	Rural	Overall
Overall Pakistan						
Pill	4	6	5	5	6	6
Injection	6	12	10	6	8	7
Tubal Ligation	21	24	23	20	23	22
IUD	5	5	5	4	5	5
Condom	31	22	26	44	30	36
Withdrawal	28	26	27	15	19	17
Rhythm	2	2	2	5	6	5
Others	2	3	2	2	3	2
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Punjab						
Pill	3	4	4	3	4	4
Injection	2	6	4	4	4	4
Tubal Ligation	24	29	26	23	28	26
IUD	6	6	6	4	7	5
Condom	28	24	26	42	30	35
Withdrawal	34	26	30	17	17	17
Rhythm	2	2	2	6	8	8
Others	1	2	2	1	2	2
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Sindh						
Pill	6	9	7	6	11	8
Injection	11	20	15	10	18	12
Tubal Ligation	20	39	27	18	38	25
IUD	3	3	3	3	4	3
Condom	37	13	28	49	16	39
Withdrawal	15	8	12	9	5	8
Rhythm	2	1	1	2	2	2
Others	5	7	6	3	6	4
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
KP						
Pill	8	8	8	7	10	9
Injection	16	25	23	10	14	14
Tubal Ligation	6	5	5	8	6	6
IUD	3	3	3	2	2	2
Condom	27	20	21	38	37	37
Withdrawal	37	35	36	33	30	31
Rhythm	2	3	3	0	0	0
Others	1	0	0	1	2	1
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Balochistan						
Pill	17	20	19	19	12	15
Injection	20	8	13	10	8	9
Tubal Ligation	11	14	13	8	5	6
IUD	3	6	5	19	11	14
Condom	27	23	25	36	30	33
Withdrawal	20	28	25	6	28	19
Rhythm	1	0	1	0	5	3
Others	0	1	1	1	1	1
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PSLM)

Table 5.3: Percentage of Currently Married Female Who Reported Use of Family Planning Methods, by Region & Province

Region/Province	2018-19		2024-25	
	Ever Used	Currently Using	Ever Used	Currently Using
Overall				
Pakistan	43	34	45	38
Punjab	47	39	48	43
Sindh	36	30	38	31
KP	47	31	49	36
Balochistan	17	14	30	22
Urban Areas				
Pakistan	49	41	51	44
Punjab	53	46	53	47
Sindh	43	36	49	40
KP	55	42	55	43
Balochistan	24	20	37	28
Rural Area				
Pakistan	39	30	41	34
Punjab	43	35	45	40
Sindh	28	22	25	20
KP	45	28	48	35
Balochistan	14	11	28	19

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PSLM)

Table 5.4: Commonly Known Methods of Family Planning – by Region and Family Planning Method

Region and Family Planning Method	Female That Know about each particular method as % of currently married Female 15-49 years knowing about family planning 2018-19					Female That Know about each particular method as % of currently married Female 15-49 years knowing about family planning 2024-25				
	Punjab	Sindh	KP	Balochistan	Pakistan	Punjab	Sindh	KP	Balochistan	Pakistan
Overall										
Pill	99	100	100	93	99	90	94	94	77	91
Injection	98	99	99	88	98	86	86	96	54	86
Tubal Ligation	95	97	92	74	96	87	85	64	37	80
IUD	95	95	93	61	93	81	79	76	50	78
Condom	98	94	90	85	95	92	88	93	77	90
Implant	47	58	24	29	45	63	73	53	24	62
Male Sterilization	71	66	56	39	66	65	53	43	16	56
Rhythm	51	45	51	17	48	57	43	41	30	49
Withdrawal	76	73	68	60	73	75	61	74	47	70
Others	6	25	3	19	11	34	29	18	8	29
Urban Areas										
Pill	99	100	100	96	99	91	96	97	89	93
Injection	99	99	99	91	98	88	92	97	67	89
Tubal Ligation	99	98	94	78	98	89	90	70	48	86
IUD	96	97	96	69	95	77	82	87	64	79
Condom	98	96	95	91	97	95	96	96	80	95
Implant	50	54	29	31	49	64	75	62	34	66
Male Sterilization	75	65	55	39	69	69	58	46	21	62
Rhythm	54	51	56	24	52	59	49	49	32	54
Withdrawal	81	79	79	64	79	78	72	82	51	75
Others	6	16	3	15	9	36	29	22	8	32
Rural Area										
Pill	100	100	100	92	99	89	92	94	72	90
Injection	98	99	99	87	98	85	80	95	48	84
Tubal Ligation	98	97	92	72	95	86	80	63	32	76
IUD	94	94	92	58	91	84	75	74	43	78
Condom	97	91	89	83	94	90	79	93	76	88
Implant	45	63	24	28	42	62	71	51	20	59
Male Sterilization	69	68	56	39	64	62	48	43	15	52
Rhythm	49	39	50	14	45	56	36	39	30	46
Withdrawal	74	65	66	58	70	73	47	73	46	66
Others	6	33	3	21	11	32	29	18	8	27

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PSLM)

Table 5.5: Attitudes Towards Family Planning Methods- by Province and Reason

Province	2018-19 PSLM (percentage of cases)			2024-25 PSLM (percentage of cases)		
	Urban	Rural	Overall	Urban	Rural	Overall
Pakistan	99	98	98	98	97	97
Punjab	99	98	99	98	97	97
Sindh	99	97	98	98	96	98
KP	100	98	99	97	97	97
Balochistan	98	97	98	96	97	97

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PSLM)

Table: 5.6 Current Fertility (Age-specific and total fertility rates for the three years preceding the survey, by residence, Pakistan 2024-25

Age Group	2024-25 PSLM			2018-19 PSLM		
	2021-23 (Average)			2015-17 (Average)		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
15-19	38	54	48	38	65	54
20-24	134	184	164	153	208	187
25-29	181	218	202	184	233	214
30-34	145	176	163	130	174	157
35-39	72	105	91	66	99	86
40-44	24	49	39	19	40	32
45-49	8	26	18	11	23	19
TFR(15-49)	3.0	4.1	3.6	3.0	4.2	3.7

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PSLM)

Table 5.7: Trends in the current use of contraception (Percent distribution of currently married Female age 15-49 by contraceptive method currently used, according to several surveys

Method	2012-13 PDHS	2017-18 PDHS
Any Method	35.4	34.2
Any Modern Method	26.1	25
Female Sterilization	8.7	8.8
Pill	1.6	1.7
IUD	2.3	2.1
Injectable	2.8	2.5
Condom	8.8	9.2
Other modern method	0.2	0
Any Traditional Method	9.3	9.2
Rhythm	0.7	1
Withdrawal	8.5	8
Other	0.1	0.1
Not currently using	64.6	65.8
Total	100	100
Number of Female	12937	11831

Source: PDHS survey, NIPS Islamabad.

Table 6.1: Literacy Ratio by Sex and Urban- Rural Areas, Pakistan and Provinces

Years	Urban				Rural				Total			
	Female	Male	Transgender	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Transgender	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Transgender	Both Sexes
Pakistan												
2017	68.13	77.97	45.48	73.22	38.57	61.32	30.51	50.06	49.69	67.79	38.76	58.42
2023	69.71	78.13	42.40	74.04	41.67	61.02	33.94	51.56	52.84	68.00	40.15	60.65
Punjab												
2017	72.97	80.14	47.27	77.65	46.88	65.52	34.95	56.23	56.67	71.17	41.70	64.01
2023	74.01	80.37	43.37	77.30	50.51	65.91	34.37	58.37	60.19	71.98	41.30	66.25
Sindh												
2017	65.28	75.13	42.42	70.43	22.64	46.91	19.52	35.19	45.95	62.52	34.16	54.57
2023	67.80	76.27	39.28	72.26	27.52	48.06	26.98	38.14	50.21	64.23	37.45	57.54
KP												
2017	54.95	77.88	44.41	66.86	31.83	65.19	27.60	48.45	35.73	67.49	34.32	51.67
2023	55.39	75.06	48.48	65.55	33.76	62.55	39.26	48.35	37.15	64.57	44.67	51.09
Balochistan												
2017	47.13	70.32	40.40	59.37	24.62	46.29	29.23	35.97	31.89	54.15	34.23	43.58
2023	46.49	64.51	29.03	55.86	26.59	44.16	22.20	35.74	32.80	50.50	24.97	42.01
Islamabad												
2017	75.63	85.95	58.33	81.14	76.04	87.19	51.61	81.85	75.83	86.55	55.36	81.49
2023	77.87	87.19	46.82	82.91	80.16	89.13	48.00	84.88	79.13	88.23	47.04	83.97

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics.

Table 6.2: Percent Distribution of Schools (Public Sector) by Level & Gender, Pakistan and Provinces, 2018-19

Type of School	Number of Schools				Percent of Total Schools			
	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total
Pakistan								
Primary School	41,142	74,276	0	115,418	35.6	64.4	0	100
Middle School	7,542	7,674	0	15,216	49.6	50.4	0	100
High School	5,656	6,269	0	11,925	47.4	52.6	0	100
Total	54,340	88,219	0	142,559	38.1	61.9	0	100
Punjab								
Primary School	19,229	17,521	0	36,750	52.3	47.7	0	100
Middle School	4,740	3,549	0	8,289	57.2	42.8	0	100
High School	3,189	3,485	0	6,674	47.8	52.2	0	100
Total	27,158	24,555	0	51,713	52.5	47.5	0	100
Sindh								
Primary School	9,719	34,577	0	44,296	21.9	78.1	0	100
Middle School	928	1,784	0	2,712	34.2	65.8	0	100
High School	584	1,193	0	1,777	32.9	67.1	0	100
Total	11,231	37,554	0	48,785	23.0	77.0	0	100
KP								
Primary School	8,585	13,378	0	21,963	39.1	60.9	0	100
Middle School	1,190	1,447	0	2,637	45.1	54.9	0	100
High School	1,428	825	0	2,253	63.4	36.6	0	100
Total	11,203	15,650	0	26,853	41.7	58.3	0	100
Balochistan								
Primary School	3,517	8,701	0	12,218	28.8	71.2	0	100
Middle School	647	872	0	1,519	42.6	57.4	0	100
High School	403	720	0	1,123	35.9	64.1	0	100
Total	4,567	10,293	0	14,860	30.7	69.3	0	100
Islamabad								
Primary School	92	99	0	191	48.2	51.8	0	100
Middle School	37	22	0	59	62.7	37.3	0	100
High School	52	46	0	98	53.1	46.9	0	100
Total	181	167	0	348	52.0	48.0	0	100

Contd..

Table 6.2: Percent Distribution of Schools (Public Sector) by Level & Gender, Pakistan and Provinces, 2019-20

Type of School	Number of Schools				Percent of Total Schools			
	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total
Pakistan								
Primary School	43291	77056	0	120347	36.0	64.0	0	100
Middle School	7783	7998	0	15781	49.3	50.7	0	100
High School	5198	7169	0	12367	42.0	58.0	0	100
Total	56272	92223	0	148495	37.9	62.1	0	100
Punjab								
Primary School	19158	17472	0	36630	52.3	47.7	0	100
Middle School	4777	3550	0	8327	57.4	42.6	0	100
High School	3244	3513	0	6757	48.0	52.0	0	100
Total	27179	24535	0	51714	52.6	47.4	0	100
Sindh								
Primary School	9719	34577	0	44296	21.9	78.1	0	100
Middle School	928	1784	0	2712	34.2	65.8	0	100
High School	584	1193	0	1777	32.9	67.1	0	100
Total	11231	37554	0	48785	23.0	77.0	0	100
KP								
Primary School	10735	16178	0	26913	39.9	60.1	0	100
Middle School	1390	1761	0	3151	44.1	55.9	0	100
High School	923	1707	0	2630	35.1	64.9	0	100
Total	13048	19646	0	32694	39.9	60.1	0	100
Balochistan								
Primary School	3587	8730	0	12317	29.1	70.9	0	100
Middle School	651	881	0	1532	42.5	57.5	0	100
High School	395	710	0	1105	35.7	64.3	0	100
Total	4633	10321	0	14954	31.0	69.0	0	100
Islamabad								
Primary School	92	99	0	191	48.2	51.8	0	100
Middle School	37	22	0	59	62.7	37.3	0	100
High School	52	46	0	98	53.1	46.9	0	100
Total	181	167	0	348	52.0	48.0	0	100

Contd...

Table 6.2: Percent Distribution of Schools (Public Sector) by Level & Gender, Pakistan and Provinces, 2020-21

Type of School	Number of Schools				Percent of Total Schools			
	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total
Pakistan								
Primary School	49642	69895	0	119537	41.5	58.5	0	100
Middle School	7374	7318	0	14692	50.2	49.8	0	100
High School	5850	7794	0	13644	42.9	57.1	0	100
Total	62866	85007	0	147873	42.5	57.5	0	100
Punjab								
Primary School	19283	17279	0	36562	52.7	47.3	0	100
Middle School	4220	2944	0	7164	58.9	41.1	0	100
High School	3878	4136	0	8014	48.4	51.6	0	100
Total	27381	24359	0	51740	52.9	47.1	0	100
Sindh								
Primary School	15983	28586	0	44569	35.9	64.1	0	100
Middle School	1069	1712	0	2781	38.4	61.6	0	100
High School	599	1179	0	1778	33.7	66.3	0	100
Total	17651	31477	0	49128	35.9	64.1	0	100
KP								
Primary School	10705	15195	0	25900	41.3	58.7	0	100
Middle School	1397	1759	0	3156	44.3	55.7	0	100
High School	924	1721	0	2645	34.9	65.1	0	100
Total	13026	18675	0	31701	41.1	58.9	0	100
Balochistan								
Primary School	3587	8730	0	12317	29.1	70.9	0	100
Middle School	651	881	0	1532	42.5	57.5	0	100
High School	395	710	0	1105	35.7	64.3	0	100
Total	4633	10321	0	14954	31.0	69.0	0	100
Islamabad								
Primary School	84	105	0	189	44.4	55.6	0	100
Middle School	37	22	0	59	62.7	37.3	0	100
High School	54	48	0	102	52.9	47.1	0	100
Total	175	175	0	350	50.0	50.0	0	100

Contd...

Table 6.2: Percent Distribution of Schools (Public Sector) by Level & Gender, Pakistan and Provinces, 2021-22

Type of School	Number of Schools				Percent of Total Schools			
	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total
Pakistan								
Primary School	41679	70365	0	112044	37.2	62.8		100
Middle School	7274	7403	0	14677	49.6	50.4		100
High School	3847	7694	0	11541	33.3	66.7		100
Total	52800	85462	0	138262	38.2	61.8		100
Punjab								
Primary School	19217	17320		36537	52.6	47.4		100
Middle School	4235	2942		7177	59.0	41.0		100
High School	1883	4140		6023	31.3	68.7		100
Total	25335	24402		49737	50.9	49.1		100
Sindh								
Primary School	7915	27968		35883	22.1	77.9		100
Middle School	719	1673		2392	30.1	69.9		100
High School	518	1053		1571	33.0	67.0		100
Total	9152	30694		39846	23.0	77.0		100
KP								
Primary School	10943	16298		27241	40.2	59.8		100
Middle School	1556	1885		3441	45.2	54.8		100
High School	946	1750		2696	35.1	64.9		100
Total	13445	19933		33378	40.3	59.7		100
Balochistan								
Primary School	3520	8674		12194	28.9	71.1		100
Middle School	727	881		1608	45.2	54.8		100
High School	446	703		1149	38.8	61.2		100
Total	4693	10258		14951	31.4	68.6		100
Islamabad								
Primary School	84	105		189	44.4	55.6		100
Middle School	37	22		59	62.7	37.3		100
High School	54	48		102	52.9	47.1		100
Total	175	175		350	50.0	50.0		100

Contd..

Table 6.2 Percent Distribution of Schools (Public Sector) by Level & Gender, Pakistan and Provinces, 2022-23

Type of School	Number of Schools				Percent of Total Schools			
	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total
Pakistan								
Primary School	41692	70566	0	112258	37.1	62.9		100
Middle School	7290	7457	0	14747	49.4	50.6		100
High School	5914	7757	0	13671	43.3	56.7		100
Total	54896	85780	0	140676	39.0	61.0		100
Punjab								
Primary School	19196	17433		36629	52.4	47.6		100
Middle School	4221	2945		7166	58.9	41.1		100
High School	3913	4133		8046	48.6	51.4		100
Total	27330	24511		51841	52.7	47.3		100
Sindh								
Primary School	7876	28077		35953	21.9	78.1		100
Middle School	753	1725		2478	30.4	69.6		100
High School	542	1088		1630	33.3	66.7		100
Total	9171	30890		40061	22.9	77.1		100
KP								
Primary School	11003	16259		27262	40.4	59.6		100
Middle School	1571	1895		3466	45.3	54.7		100
High School	952	1750		2702	35.2	64.8		100
Total	13526	19904		33430	40.5	59.5		100
Balochistan								
Primary School	3541	8683		12224	29.0	71.0		100
Middle School	710	868		1578	45.0	55.0		100
High School	456	738		1194	38.2	61.8		100
Total	4707	10289		14996	31.4	68.6		100
Islamabad								
Primary School	76	114		190	40.0	60.0		100
Middle School	35	24		59	59.3	40.7		100
High School	51	48		99	51.5	48.5		100
Total	162	186		348	46.6	53.4		100

Contd..

Table 6.2 Percent Distribution of Schools (Public Sector) by Level & Gender, Pakistan and Provinces, 2023-24

Type of School	Number of Schools				Percent of Total Schools			
	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total	Girls	Boys	Mixed	Total
Pakistan								
Primary School	39855	68677	0	108532	36.7	63.3		100
Middle School	7429	8927	0	16356	45.4	54.6		100
High School	5967	7798	0	13765	43.3	56.7		100
Total	53251	85402	0	138653	38.4	61.6		100
Punjab								
Primary School	16923	15433		32356	52.3	47.7		100
Middle School	4265	4265		8530	50.0	50.0		100
High School	3931	4146		8077	48.7	51.3		100
Total	25119	23844		48963	51.3	48.7		100
Sindh								
Primary School	8068	28167		36235	22.3	77.7		100
Middle School	782	1826		2608	30.0	70.0		100
High School	544	1110		1654	32.9	67.1		100
Total	9394	31103		40497	23.2	76.8		100
KP								
Primary School	11174	16291		27465	40.7	59.3		100
Middle School	1631	1922		3553	45.9	54.1		100
High School	960	1753		2713	35.4	64.6		100
Total	13765	19966		33731	40.8	59.2		100
Balochistan								
Primary School	3614	8672		12286	29.4	70.6		100
Middle School	716	890		1606	44.6	55.4		100
High School	481	741		1222	39.4	60.6		100
Total	4811	10303		15114	31.8	68.2		100
Islamabad								
Primary School	76	114		190	40.0	60.0		100
Middle School	35	24		59	59.3	40.7		100
High School	51	48		99	51.5	48.5		100

Source:- Academy of Educational Planning and Management Islamabad.

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Northern Area and AJK data in this table.

ii) Data of other Public Schools not included as bifurcation by province not available

Note:- Primary Schools include Mosque School

(P) Provisional

Table 6.3: Number of Arts and Science Colleges by Gender, Pakistan and Province

Year	No. of Arts and Science Colleges		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan			
2018-19	1068	1198	2266
2019-20	1124	1268	2392
2020-21	1105	1282	2387
2021-22	1146	1301	2447
2022-23	1137	1311	2448
2023-24	1205	1338	2543
Punjab			
2018-19	717	724	1441
2019-20	767	784	1551
2020-21	761	825	1586
2021-22	783	835	1618
2022-23	783	835	1618
2023-24	810	843	1653
Sindh			
2018-19	118	175	293
2019-20	116	176	292
2020-21	130	185	315
2021-22	130	189	319
2022-23	138	195	333
2023-24	145	195	340
KP			
2018-19	144	183	327
2019-20	153	192	345
2020-21	123	147	270
2021-22	131	159	290
2022-23	144	176	320
2023-24	151	182	333
Balochistan			
2018-19	52	84	136
2019-20	49	77	126
2020-21	52	86	138
2021-22	53	83	136
2022-23	53	85	138
2023-24	55	89	144
Islamabad			
2018-19	37	32	69
2019-20	39	39	78
2020-21	39	39	78
2021-22	49	35	84
2022-23	19	20	39
2023-24	44	29	73

Source: Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Note:- Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan data in this table

(P) Provisional

Table 6.4: Number of Professional Colleges by Gender, Pakistan and Province

Year	No. of Professional Colleges		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan			
2018-19	62	606	668
2019-20	54	608	662
2020-21	68	622	690
2021-22	50	653	703
2022-23	56	682	738
2023-24	78	588	666
Punjab			
2018-19	33	454	487
2019-20	26	460	486
2020-21	28	485	513
2021-22	28	494	522
2022-23	32	511	543
2023-24	51	414	465
Sindh			
2018-19	18	69	87
2019-20	18	69	87
2020-21	29	58	87
2021-22	11	75	86
2022-23	13	82	95
2023-24	16	83	99
KP			
2018-19	9	66	75
2019-20	9	66	75
2020-21	9	67	76
2021-22	9	71	80
2022-23	9	71	80
2023-24	9	73	82
Balochistan			
2018-19	0	13	13
2019-20	0	8	8
2020-21	0	8	8
2021-22	0	9	9
2022-23	0	14	14
2023-24	0	14	14
Islamabad			
2018-19	2	4	6
2019-20	1	5	6
2020-21	2	4	6
2021-22	2	4	6
2022-23	2	4	6
2023-24	2	4	6

Source: Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Table 6.5: Number of Universities by Gender, Pakistan and Province

Year	No. of Universities		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan			
2018-19	11	97	108
2019-20	14	110	124
2020-21	14	120	134
2021-22	15	124	139
2022-23	15	125	140
2023-24	15	130	145
Punjab			
2018-19	7	30	37
2019-20	9	36	45
2020-21	9	39	48
2021-22	9	45	54
2022-23	9	45	54
2023-24	9	49	58
Sindh			
2018-19	1	22	23
2019-20	1	25	26
2020-21	1	27	28
2021-22	2	26	28
2022-23	2	26	28
2023-24	2	26	28
KP			
2018-19	2	24	26
2019-20	3	26	29
2020-21	3	29	32
2021-22	3	29	32
2022-23	3	29	32
2023-24	3	29	32
Balochistan			
2018-19	1	6	7
2019-20	1	7	8
2020-21	1	8	9
2021-22	1	7	8
2022-23	1	8	9
2023-24	1	8	9
Islamabad			
2018-19	0	15	15
2019-20	0	16	16
2020-21	0	17	17
2021-22	0	17	17
2022-23	0	17	17
2023-24	0	18	18

Source: Higher Education Commission.

Note:- Data only Public Universities

Table 6.6: Primary School (Public Sector) Enrolment and Enrolment Ratio by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces

Table 6.6: Primary School (Public Sector) Enrolment and Enrolment Ratio by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces				
Year	Primary School Enrolment			Gender Ratio (Percent of Girls Enrolled per 100 Boys Enrolment)
	Girls	Boys	Total	
Pakistan				
2018-19	12,400,496	14,931,518	27,332,014	83
2019-20	6,744,413	8,870,089	15,614,502	76
2020-21	7,124,876	8,389,660	15,514,536	85
2021-22	7,334,219	8,483,076	15,817,295	87
2022-23	7,565,669	8,606,249	16,171,918	88
2023-24	7,583,382	8,480,317	16,063,699	89
Punjab				
2018-19	7,344,730	7,959,983	15,304,713	92
2019-20	3,294,121	4,195,271	7,489,392	79
2020-21	3,712,488	3,832,465	7,544,953	97
2021-22	3,935,754	4,026,868	7,962,622	98
2022-23	3,878,151	3,899,644	7,777,795	99
2023-24	3,668,663	3,643,210	7,311,873	101
Sindh				
2018-19	2,585,009	3,570,140	6,155,149	72
2019-20	1,319,188	2,039,748	3,358,936	65
2020-21	1,327,748	1,986,780	3,314,528	67
2021-22	1,295,634	1,905,871	3,201,505	68
2022-23	1,463,620	2,065,777	3,529,397	71
2023-24	1,598,536	2,163,089	3,761,625	74
KP				
2018-19	1,890,024	2,632,997	4,523,021	72
2019-20	1,737,068	2,157,202	3,894,270	81
2020-21	1,696,395	2,088,504	3,784,899	81
2021-22	1,678,517	2,034,011	3,712,528	83
2022-23	1,813,259	2,156,576	3,969,835	84
2023-24	1,889,370	2,185,840	4,075,210	86
Balochistan				
2018-19	418,205	599,856	1,018,061	70
2019-20	333,476	437,323	770,799	76
2020-21	333,476	437,323	770,799	76
2021-22	369,545	471,738	841,283	78
2022-23	351,149	433,925	785,074	81
2023-24	367,716	439,835	807,551	84
Islamabad				
2018-19	162,528	168,542	331,070	96
2019-20	60,560	40,545	101,105	149
2020-21	54,769	44,588	99,357	123
2021-22	54,769	44,588	99,357	123
2022-23	59,490	50,327	109,817	118
2023-24	59,097	48,343	107,440	122

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Northern Area & AJK data in this table.

ii) Primary School includes Pre-Primary School Enrolment.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.7: Middle School (Public Sector) Enrolment by Gender and Year and Gender Ratio of Enrolment, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Middle School Enrolment			Gender Ratio (Percent of Girls Enrolled per 100 Boys Enrolment)
	Girls	Boys	Total	
Pakistan				
2018-19	2,853,232	3,532,296	6,385,528	80.8
2019-20	1,998,649	2,446,219	4,444,868	81.7
2020-21	2,063,861	2,529,311	4,593,172	81.6
2021-22	2,239,479	2,635,944	4,875,423	85.0
2022-23	2,317,755	2,628,418	4,946,173	88.2
2023-24	2,399,405	2,705,346	5,104,751	88.7
Punjab				
2018-19	1,819,703	1,899,202	3,718,905	95.8
2019-20	1,263,337	1,279,057	2,542,394	98.8
2020-21	1,300,935	1,289,743	2,590,678	100.9
2021-22	1,454,828	1,395,088	2,849,916	104.3
2022-23	1,504,168	1,372,523	2,876,691	109.6
2023-24	1,548,976	1,409,704	2,958,680	109.9
Sindh				
2018-19	497,190	734,173	1,231,363	67.7
2019-20	256,978	433,550	690,528	59.3
2020-21	260,313	470,187	730,500	55.4
2021-22	252,216	452,839	705,055	55.7
2022-23	272,870	470,335	743,205	58.0
2023-24	300,092	502,021	802,113	59.8
KP				
2018-19	414,226	731,669	1,145,895	56.6
2019-20	383,936	615,375	999,311	62.4
2020-21	406,926	651,733	1,058,659	62.4
2021-22	422,405	655,533	1,077,938	64.4
2022-23	435,828	664,594	1,100,422	65.6
2023-24	445,270	671,831	1,117,101	66.3
Balochistan				
2018-19	69,969	113,718	183,687	61.5
2019-20	61,492	92,244	153,736	66.7
2020-21	61,492	92,244	153,736	66.7
2021-22	75,835	107,080	182,915	70.8
2022-23	69,088	93,232	162,320	74.1
2023-24	70,409	95,400	165,809	73.8
Islamabad				
2018-19	52,144	53,534	105,678	97.4
2019-20	32,906	25,993	58,899	126.6
2020-21	34,195	25,404	59,599	134.6
2021-22	34,195	25,404	59,599	134.6
2022-23	35,801	27,734	63,535	129.1
2023-24	34,658	26,390	61,048	131.3

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan & AJK data in this table.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.8: High School (Public Sector) Gender Enrolment by Year and Gender Ratio of Enrolment, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	High School Enrolment			Gender Ratio (Percent of Girls Enrolled per 100 Boys Enrolment)
	Girls	Boys	Total	
Pakistan				
2018-19	1,425,461	1,877,745	3,303,206	75.9
2019-20	1,020,312	1,315,807	2,336,119	77.5
2020-21	1,076,362	1,402,027	2,478,389	76.8
2021-22	1,145,425	1,424,141	2,569,566	80.4
2022-23	1,164,278	1,395,049	2,559,327	83.5
2023-24	1,203,342	1,467,514	2,670,856	82.0
Punjab				
2018-19	916,321	1,048,735	1,965,056	87.4
2019-20	681,946	741,249	1,423,195	92.0
2020-21	714,111	777,252	1,491,363	91.9
2021-22	767,219	788,931	1,556,150	97.2
2022-23	755,752	732,176	1,487,928	103.2
2023-24	781,128	779,986	1,561,114	100.1
Sindh				
2018-19	271,045	412,640	683,685	65.7
2019-20	134,160	248,398	382,558	54.0
2020-21	140,899	264,391	405,290	53.3
2021-22	141,482	269,605	411,087	52.5
2022-23	159,942	298,053	457,995	53.7
2023-24	167,672	309,373	477,045	54.2
KP				
2018-19	174,736	325,701	500,437	53.6
2019-20	157,273	265,200	422,473	59.3
2020-21	173,581	300,292	473,873	57.8
2021-22	184,214	301,267	485,481	61.1
2022-23	193,919	301,737	495,656	64.3
2023-24	198,658	311,898	510,556	63.7
Balochistan				
2018-19	33,495	58,996	92,491	56.8
2019-20	29,440	45,904	75,344	64.1
2020-21	29,440	45,904	75,344	64.1
2021-22	34,179	50,150	84,329	68.2
2022-23	34,481	48,985	83,466	70.4
2023-24	35,407	51,966	87,373	68.1
Islamabad				
2018-19	29,864	31,673	61,537	94.3
2019-20	17,493	15,056	32,549	116.2
2020-21	18,331	14,188	32,519	129.2
2021-22	18,331	14,188	32,519	129.2
2022-23	20,184	14,098	34,282	143.2
2023-24	20,477	14,291	34,768	143.3

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan & AJK

(P) Provisional

Table 6.9: College of Gender Enrolment by Year and Gender Ratio, Pakistan and Provinces

Table 6.5: College of Gender Enrolment by Year and Gender Ratio, Pakistan and Provinces				
Year	Arts and Science College Enrolment			Gender Ratio (Percent of Girls Enrolled per 100 Boys Enrolment)
	Girls	Boys	Total	
Pakistan				
2018-19	956,391	1,067,244	2,023,635	89.6
2019-20	1,009,905	1,209,317	2,219,222	83.5
2020-21	993,956	1,171,135	2,165,091	84.9
2021-22	992,416	1,166,725	2,159,141	85.1
2022-23	996,624	1,143,964	2,140,588	87.1
2023-24	1,313,736	1,133,379	2,447,115	115.9
Punjab				
2018-19	639,222	630,622	1,269,844	101.4
2019-20	655,819	686,741	1,342,560	95.5
2020-21	663,568	679,591	1,343,159	97.6
2021-22	635,280	667,165	1,302,445	95.2
2022-23	668,396	634,041	1,302,437	105.4
2023-24	574,701	581,110	1,155,811	98.9
Sindh				
2018-19	186,956	248,235	435,191	75.3
2019-20	183,754	257,236	440,990	71.4
2020-21	154,400	232,028	386,428	66.5
2021-22	163,757	239,579	403,336	68.4
2022-23	174,063	255,305	429,368	68.2
2023-24	202,383	290,819	493,202	69.6
KP				
2018-19	74,963	123,262	198,225	60.8
2019-20	87,380	160,779	248,159	54.3
2020-21	89,451	155,939	245,390	57.4
2021-22	90,414	154,103	244,517	58.7
2022-23	88,070	161,999	250,069	54.4
2023-24	96,168	152,662	248,830	63.0
Balochistan				
2018-19	29,854	49,627	79,481	60.2
2019-20	29,205	57,552	86,757	50.7
2020-21	31,206	55,547	86,753	56.2
2021-22	30,073	55,072	85,145	54.6
2022-23	25,576	53,241	78,817	48.0
2023-24	35,137	72,625	107,762	48.4
Islamabad				
2018-19	25,396	15,498	40,894	163.9
2019-20	53,747	47,009	100,756	114.3
2020-21	55,331	48,030	103,361	115.2
2021-22	72,892	50,806	123,698	143.5
2022-23	40,519	39,378	79,897	102.9
2023-24	405,347	36,163	441,510	1120.9

Source: Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan data in this table

ii) Public sector data only.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.10: Number of Professional Colleges, Enrolment, Sex Ratio of Enrolment, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Professional College Enrolment			Gender Ratio (Percent of Girls Enrolled per 100 Boys Enrolment)
	Girls	Boys	Total	
Pakistan				
2018-19	86,791	207,085	293,876	41.9
2019-20	53,473	245,994	299,467	21.7
2020-21	73,839	149,024	222,863	49.5
2021-22	82,795	142,355	225,150	58.2
2022-23	83,977	160,792	244,769	52.2
2023-24	86,333	152,878	239,211	56.5
Punjab				
2018-19	63,972	140,801	204,773	45.4
2019-20	32,620	181,942	214,562	17.9
2020-21	55,799	97,821	153,620	57.0
2021-22	64,812	91,406	156,218	70.9
2022-23	65,602	110,474	176,076	59.4
2023-24	64,025	83,861	147,886	76.3
Sindh				
2018-19	11,865	19,439	31,304	61.0
2019-20	10,856	18,824	29,680	57.7
2020-21	9,899	15,869	25,768	62.4
2021-22	9,522	13,236	22,758	71.9
2022-23	9,892	12,841	22,733	77.0
2023-24	10,380	22,671	33,051	45.8
KP				
2018-19	6,490	29,556	36,046	22.0
2019-20	5,414	28,427	33,841	19.0
2020-21	4,812	28,107	32,919	17.1
2021-22	5,683	29,906	35,589	19.0
2022-23	5,700	29,899	35,599	19.1
2023-24	6,733	31,383	38,116	21.5
Balochistan				
2018-19	2,621	12,491	15,112	21.0
2019-20	2,636	12,576	15,212	21.0
2020-21	975	5,418	6,393	18.0
2021-22	1,003	5,475	6,478	18.3
2022-23	1,008	5,246	6,254	19.2
2023-24	3,334	11,170	14,504	29.8
Islamabad				
2018-19	1,843	4,798	6,641	38.4
2019-20	1,947	4,225	6,172	46.1
2020-21	2,354	1,809	4,163	130.1
2021-22	1,775	2,332	4,107	76.1
2022-23	1,775	2,332	4,107	76.1
2023-24	1,861	3,793	5,654	49.1

Source: Provincial Bureau of Statistics

* = Data of Gilgit Baltistan Included in Islamabad.

Note: i) Public sector data only.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.11: Enrollment in University by Gender and Provinces in Pakistan

Year	Number of Students Enrolled in Universities		
	Girls	Boys	Total
Pakistan			
2022-23	979,941	1,082,832	2,062,773
2023-24 (p)	987,649	1,083,075	2,070,724
2024-25 (p)	1,014,257	1,094,461	2,108,718
Punjab			
2022-23	387,565	342,083	729,648
2023-24 (p)	395,555	343,265	738,820
2024-25 (p)	412,809	350,505	763,314
Sindh			
2022-23	139,845	191,130	330,975
2023-24 (p)	138,166	192,350	330,516
2024-25 (p)	141,073	192,647	333,720
KP			
2022-23	53,867	124,088	177,955
2023-24 (p)	56,455	129,145	185,600
2024-25 (p)	56,859	128,567	185,426
Balochistan			
2022-23	14,297	25,866	40,163
2023-24 (p)	14,297	25,866	40,163
2024-25 (p)	14,297	25,866	40,163
Islamabad			
2022-23	365,057	382,988	748,045
2023-24 (p)	364,473	377,025	741,498
2024-25 (p)	369,945	380,717	750,662
AJ&K			
2022-23	14,787	12,070	26,857
2023-24 (p)	14,070	11,108	25,178
2024-25 (p)	14,662	11,460	26,122
GILGIT-BALTISTAN			
2022-23	4,523	4,607	9,130
2023-24 (p)	4,633	4,316	8,949
2024-25 (p)	4,612	4,699	9,311

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PSLM)
Provisional (P)

Table 6.12: Number of Primary School (Public Sector) Teachers by Gender and Teachers per School, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Number of Primary School Teachers			Teachers per Primary School		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
2018-19	138,094	172,979	311,073	3.4	2.3	2.7
2019-20	137,784	179,631	317,415	3.2	2.3	2.6
2020-21	130,169	171,382	303,337	2.6	2.5	2.5
2021-22	125,491	165,552	291,043	3.0	2.4	2.6
2022-23	130,773	184,981	317,693	3.1	2.6	2.8
2023-24	132,022	584,349	716,371	3.3	8.5	6.6
Punjab						
2018-19	83,429	59,439	142,868	4.3	3.4	3.9
2019-20	76,774	55,277	132,051	4.0	3.2	3.6
2020-21	73,099	53,513	126,612	3.8	3.1	3.5
2021-22	69,428	51,504	120,932	3.6	3.0	3.3
2022-23	64,866	47,731	112,597	3.4	2.7	3.1
2023-24	61,042	444,440	505,482	3.6	28.8	15.6
Sindh						
2018-19	20,681	57,130	77,811	2.1	1.7	1.8
2019-20	20,681	57,130	77,811	2.1	1.7	1.8
2020-21	18,514	50,183	68,697	1.2	1.8	1.5
2021-22	16,638	47,576	64,214	2.1	1.7	1.8
2022-23	23,167	60,849	84,016	2.9	2.2	2.3
2023-24	26,936	66,265	93,201	3.3	2.4	2.6
KP						
2018-19	26,895	45,953	72,848	3.1	3.4	3.3
2019-20	32,962	56,451	89,413	3.1	3.5	3.3
2020-21	33,054	57,525	90,579	3.1	3.8	3.5
2021-22	32,823	55,783	88,606	3.0	3.4	3.3
2022-23	37,516	66,121	103,637	3.4	4.1	3.8
2023-24	37,810	63,930	101,740	3.4	3.9	3.7
Balochistan						
2018-19	5,224	9,845	15,069	1.5	1.1	1.2
2019-20	5,502	10,161	15,663	1.5	1.2	1.3
2020-21	5,502	10,161	15,663	1.5	1.2	1.3
2021-22	5,247	10,322	15,569	1.5	1.2	1.3
2022-23	5,224	10,280	15,504	1.5	1.2	1.3
2023-24	4,776	9,289	14,065	1.3	1.1	1.1
Islamabad						
2018-19	1,865	612	2,477	20.3	6.2	13.0
2019-20	1,865	612	2,477	20.3	6.2	13.0
2020-21	0	0	1,786	0.0	0.0	9.4
2021-22	1,355	367	1,722	16.1	3.5	9.1
2022-23	0	0	1,939	0.0	0.0	10.2
2023-24	1,458	425	1,883	19.2	3.7	9.9

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit

Baltistan & AJK

ii) Data of other public schools not included as bifurcation by province for other public not available.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.13: Number of Middle School (Public Sector) Teachers by Gender and Teachers per School, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Number of Middle School Teachers			Teachers per Middle School		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
2018-19	70,585	57,610	128,195	9.4	7.5	8.4
2019-20	70,735	58,645	129,380	9.1	7.3	8.2
2020-21	60,292	51,537	112,386	8.2	7.0	7.6
2021-22	59,923	51,195	111,118	8.2	6.9	7.6
2022-23	60,734	55,527	116,937	8.3	7.4	7.9
2023-24	61,922	57,084	119,006	8.3	6.4	7.3
Punjab						
2018-19	55,352	35,225	90,577	11.7	9.9	10.9
2019-20	53,310	33,369	86,679	11.2	9.4	10.4
2020-21	43,367	26,457	69,824	10.3	9.0	9.7
2021-22	42,954	25,821	68,775	10.1	8.8	9.6
2022-23	41,449	24,967	66,416	9.8	8.5	9.3
2023-24	41,175	24,340	65,515	9.7	5.7	7.7
Sindh						
2018-19	4,584	7,563	12,147	4.9	4.2	4.5
2019-20	4,584	7,563	12,147	4.9	4.2	4.5
2020-21	4,341	7,386	11,727	4.1	4.3	4.2
2021-22	3,509	7,005	10,514	4.9	4.2	4.4
2022-23	5,877	12,124	18,001	7.8	7.0	7.3
2023-24	6,856	13,301	20,157	8.8	7.3	7.7
KP						
2018-19	5,980	8,714	14,694	5.0	6.0	5.6
2019-20	7,971	11,393	19,364	5.7	6.5	6.1
2020-21	8,248	11,576	19,824	5.9	6.6	6.3
2021-22	8,823	11,976	20,799	5.7	6.4	6.0
2022-23	9,438	12,447	21,885	6.0	6.6	6.3
2023-24	9,197	11,822	21,019	5.6	6.2	5.9
Balochistan						
2018-19	4,135	5,906	10,041	6.4	6.8	6.6
2019-20	4,336	6,118	10,454	6.7	6.9	6.8
2020-21	4,336	6,118	10,454	6.7	6.9	6.8
2021-22	4,221	6,230	10,451	5.8	7.1	6.5
2022-23	3,970	5,989	9,959	5.6	6.9	6.3
2023-24	4,202	7,433	11,635	5.9	8.4	7.2
Islamabad						
2018-19	534	202	736	14.4	9.2	12.5
2019-20	534	202	736	14.4	9.2	12.5
2020-21	0	0	557	0.0	0.0	9.4
2021-22	416	163	579	11.2	7.4	9.8
2022-23	0	0	676	0.0	0.0	11.5
2023-24	492	188	680	14.1	7.8	11.5

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan & AJK

ii) Data of other public schools not included as bifurcation by province for other public not available.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.14: Number of High Schools (Public Sector) Teachers by Gender and Teachers per School, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Number of High School Teachers			Teachers per High School		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
2018-19	99,603	121,022	220,625	17.6	19.3	18.5
2019-20	101,268	125,463	226,731	19.5	17.5	18.3
2020-21	107,198	127,032	235,901	18.3	16.3	17.3
2021-22	107,083	124,677	231,760	27.8	16.2	20.1
2022-23	110,018	127,228	238,969	18.6	16.4	17.5
2023-24	111,356	131,693	243,049	18.7	16.9	17.7
Punjab						
2018-19	65,914	67,345	133,259	20.7	19.3	20.0
2019-20	66,216	67,667	133,883	20.4	19.3	19.8
2020-21	74,190	71,665	145,855	19.1	17.3	18.2
2021-22	73,486	69,962	143,448	39.0	16.9	23.8
2022-23	73,353	67,975	141,328	18.7	16.4	17.6
2023-24	72,558	66,482	139,040	18.5	16.0	17.2
Sindh						
2018-19	14,103	19,304	33,407	24.1	16.2	18.8
2019-20	14,103	19,304	33,407	24.1	16.2	18.8
2020-21	12,591	17,482	30,073	21.0	14.8	16.9
2021-22	11,368	15,157	26,525	21.9	14.4	16.9
2022-23	15,392	20,719	36,111	28.4	19.0	22.2
2023-24	16,133	22,482	38,615	29.7	20.3	23.3
KP						
2018-19	11,316	21,743	33,059	7.9	26.4	14.7
2019-20	12,483	25,903	38,386	13.5	15.2	14.6
2020-21	13,073	26,234	39,307	14.1	15.2	14.9
2021-22	13,451	27,120	40,571	14.2	15.5	15.0
2022-23	13,660	26,593	40,253	14.3	15.2	14.9
2023-24	13,599	26,341	39,940	14.2	15.0	14.7
Balochistan						
2018-19	7,148	11,692	18,840	17.7	16.2	16.8
2019-20	7,344	11,651	18,995	18.6	16.4	17.2
2020-21	7,344	11,651	18,995	18.6	16.4	17.2
2021-22	7,853	11,652	19,505	17.6	16.6	17.0
2022-23	7,613	11,941	19,554	16.7	16.2	16.4
2023-24	7,981	15,582	23,563	16.6	21.0	19.3
Islamabad						
2018-19	1,122	938	2,060	21.6	20.4	21.0
2019-20	1,122	938	2,060	21.6	20.4	21.0
2020-21	0	0	1,671	0.0	0.0	16.4
2021-22	925	786	1,711	17.1	16.4	16.8
2022-23	0	0	1,723	0.0	0.0	17.4
2023-24	1,085	806	1,891	21.3	16.8	19.1

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan&AJK

ii) Data of other public schools not included as bifurcation by province for other public not available.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.15: Number of College Teachers by Gender and Teachers per College, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Number of Arts and Science College Teachers			Teachers Per College		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
2018-19	27,129	32,860	59,989	25.4	27.4	26.5
2019-20	26,312	34,695	61,007	23.4	27.4	25.5
2020-21	26,448	37,360	63,808	23.9	29.1	26.7
2021-22	28,231	37,894	66,125	24.6	29.1	27.0
2022-23	27,161	36,630	63,791	23.9	27.9	26.1
2023-24	30,334	37,128	67,095	25.2	27.7	26.4
Punjab						
2018-19	18,712	22,090	40,802	26.1	30.5	28.3
2019-20	18,323	23,329	41,652	23.9	29.8	26.9
2020-21	16,930	23,861	40,791	22.2	28.9	25.7
2021-22	17,993	24,362	42,355	23.0	29.2	26.2
2022-23	17,993	24,362	42,355	23.0	29.2	26.2
2023-24	19,471	24,251	43,722	24.0	28.8	26.5
Sindh						
2018-19	3,066	4,250	7,316	26.0	24.3	25.0
2019-20	3,031	4,201	7,232	26.1	23.9	24.8
2020-21	2,895	4,408	7,303	22.3	23.8	23.2
2021-22	2,700	3,667	6,367	20.8	19.4	20.0
2022-23	2,792	3,924	6,716	20.2	20.1	20.2
2023-24	3,138	3,681	6,819	21.6	18.9	20.1
KP						
2018-19	2,932	3,321	6,253	20.4	18.1	19.1
2019-20	2,581	4,084	6,665	16.9	21.3	19.3
2020-21	4,303	6,082	10,385	35.0	41.4	38.5
2021-22	4,372	6,147	10,519	33.4	38.7	36.3
2022-23	3,901	5,529	9,430	27.1	31.4	29.5
2023-24	3,696	4,852	8,548	24.5	26.7	25.7
Balochistan						
2018-19	1,091	2,263	3,354	21.0	26.9	24.7
2019-20	704	1,521	2,225	14.4	19.8	17.7
2020-21	677	1,455	2,132	13.0	16.9	15.4
2021-22	858	1,796	2,654	16.2	21.6	19.5
2022-23	985	1,529	2,514	18.6	18.0	18.2
2023-24	1,941	3,030	4,604	35.3	34.0	32.0
Islamabad						
2018-19	1,328	936	2,264	35.9	29.3	32.8
2019-20	1,673	1,560	3,233	42.9	40.0	41.4
2020-21	1,643	1,554	3,197	42.1	39.8	41.0
2021-22	2,308	1,922	4,230	47.1	54.9	50.4
2022-23	1,490	1,286	2,776	78.4	64.3	71.2
2023-24	2,088	1,314	3,402	47.5	45.3	46.6

Source: Provincial Bureaus of Statistics.

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan, data in this table

ii) Public Sector data only.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.16: Number of Teachers in Professional Colleges (Public Sector) and Teachers per College by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Number of Professional Colleges Teachers			Teachers per Professional College		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
2018-19	6,938	14,352	21,290	111.9	23.7	31.9
2019-20	5,160	14,319	19,479	95.6	23.6	29.4
2020-21	6,147	11,340	17,487	90.4	18.2	25.3
2021-22	6,865	12,311	19,176	137.3	18.9	27.3
2022-23	7,257	12,864	20,121	129.6	18.9	27.3
2023-24	8,517	13,431	21,948	109.2	22.8	33.0
Punjab						
2018-19	5,216	9,849	15,065	158.1	21.7	30.9
2019-20	3,515	9,883	13,398	135.2	21.5	27.6
2020-21	5,083	8,498	13,581	181.5	17.5	26.5
2021-22	5,065	8,139	13,204	180.9	16.5	25.3
2022-23	5,145	8,180	13,325	160.8	16.0	24.5
2023-24	6,011	7,407	13,418	117.9	17.9	28.9
Sindh						
2018-19	553	1,309	1,862	30.7	19.0	21.4
2019-20	587	1,280	1,867	32.6	18.6	21.5
2020-21	541	1,135	1,676	18.7	19.6	19.3
2021-22	729	1,199	1,928	66.3	16.0	22.4
2022-23	798	1,272	2,070	61.4	15.5	21.8
2023-24	916	1,369	2,285	57.3	16.5	23.1
KP						
2018-19	662	1,669	2,331	73.6	25.3	31.1
2019-20	528	1,633	2,161	58.7	24.7	28.8
2020-21	205	1,043	1,248	22.8	15.6	16.4
2021-22	784	2,255	3,039	87.1	31.8	38.0
2022-23	780	2,238	3,018	86.7	31.5	37.7
2023-24	876	2,980	3,856	97.3	40.8	47.0
Balochistan						
2018-19	405	1,132	1,537	0	87.1	118.2
2019-20	405	1,132	1,537	0	141.5	192.1
2020-21	215	603	818	0	75.4	102.3
2021-22	218	599	817	0	66.6	90.8
2022-23	465	1,055	1,520	0	75.4	108.6
2023-24	627	1,604	2,231	0	114.6	159.4
Islamabad						
2018-19	102	393	495	51.0	98.3	82.5
2019-20	125	391	516	125.0	78.2	86.0
2020-21	103	61	164	51.5	15.3	27.3
2021-22	113	78	191	56.5	19.5	31.8
2022-23	113	78	191	56.5	19.5	31.8
2023-24	103	83	186	51.5	20.8	31.0

Source: Provincial Bureaus of Statistics

Note :- i) Data of Gilgit Bantustan included in Islamabad

ii) Public Sector data only.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.17: Number of University Teachers by Gender and Provinces in Pakistan

Year	Number of University Teachers		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan			
2022-23	23,152	35,106	58,258
2023-24 (p)	23,820	35,461	59,281
2024-25 (p)	24,083	35,828	59,911
Punjab			
2022-23	9,022	11,815	20,837
2023-24 (p)	9,218	11,756	20,974
2024-25 (p)	9,334	11,983	21,317
Sindh			
2022-23	5,895	8,189	14,084
2023-24 (p)	6,328	8,487	14,815
2024-25 (p)	6,380	8,530	14,910
KP			
2022-23	1,966	5,646	7,612
2023-24 (p)	1,954	5,594	7,548
2024-25 (p)	1,936	5,602	7,538
Balochistan			
2022-23	898	1,630	2,528
2023-24 (p)	882	1,617	2,499
2024-25 (p)	882	1,613	2,495
Islamabad			
2022-23	4,893	6,926	11,819
2023-24 (p)	4,886	7,070	11,956
2024-25 (p)	4,991	7,153	12,144
AJ&K			
2022-23	449	764	1,213
2023-24 (p)	499	724	1,223
2024-25 (p)	507	734	1,241
GILGIT-BALTISTAN			
2022-23	29	136	165
2023-24 (p)	53	213	266
2024-25 (p)	53	213	266

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PSLM)
Provisional (P)

Table 6.18: Percent Distribution of Primary Schools (Public, Other Public, Private Sector) by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Number of Primary School				Percent of total Primary School			
	Female	Male	Mix	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Mix	Both Sexes
Pakistan								
2018-19	41,852	74,707	16,620	133,179	31.4	56.1	12.5	100.0
2019-20	44,241	77,912	15,879	138,032	32.1	56.4	11.5	100.0
2020-21	50,627	71,737	16,384	138,748	36.5	51.7	11.8	100.0
2021-22	42,566	71,187	16,149	129,902	32.8	54.8	12.4	100.0
2022-23	32,286	62,999	16,910	112,195	28.8	56.2	15.1	100.0
2023-24	40,154	69,184	11,269	120,607	33.3	57.4	9.3	100.0
Punjab								
2018-19	19,680	17,729	11,115	48,524	40.6	36.5	22.9	100.0
2019-20	19,621	17,676	10,962	48,259	40.7	36.6	22.7	100.0
2020-21	19,756	17,470	10,836	48,062	41.1	36.3	22.5	100.0
2021-22	19,633	17,510	10,893	48,036	40.9	36.5	22.7	100.0
2022-23	9,676	9,668	12,394	31,738	30.5	30.5	39.1	100.0
2023-24	17,164	15,785	6,276	39,225	43.8	40.2	16.0	100.0
Sindh								
2018-19	9,934	34,689	3,429	48,052	20.7	72.2	7.1	100.0
2019-20	10,183	35,139	3,462	48,784	20.9	72.0	7.1	100.0
2020-21	16,454	29,154	3,480	49,088	33.5	59.4	7.1	100.0
2021-22	8,350	28,536	3,114	40,000	20.9	71.3	7.8	100.0
2022-23	7,917	28,136	2,276	38,329	20.7	73.4	5.9	100.0
2023-24	8,099	28,191	2,308	38,598	21.0	73.0	6.0	100.0
KP								
2018-19	8,596	13,408	1,147	23,151	37.1	57.9	5.0	100.0
2019-20	10,750	16,249	1,160	28,159	38.2	57.7	4.1	100.0
2020-21	10,730	16,260	1,787	28,777	37.3	56.5	6.2	100.0
2021-22	10,957	16,360	1,834	29,151	37.6	56.1	6.3	100.0
2022-23	11,074	16,372	1,931	29,377	37.7	55.7	6.6	100.0
2023-24	11,197	16,363	1,984	29,544	37.9	55.4	6.7	100.0
Balochistan								
2018-19	3,549	8,778	448	12,775	27.8	68.7	3.5	100.0
2019-20	3,595	8,749	284	12,628	28.5	69.3	2.2	100.0
2020-21	3,603	8,748	276	12,627	28.5	69.3	2.2	100.0
2021-22	3,542	8,676	306	12,524	28.3	69.3	2.4	100.0
2022-23	3,543	8,709	306	12,558	28.2	69.4	2.4	100.0
2023-24	3,618	8,731	305	12,654	28.6	69.0	2.4	100.0
Islamabad								
2018-19	93	103	481	677	13.7	15.2	71.0	100.0
2019-20	92	99	11	202	45.5	49.0	5.4	100.0
2020-21	84	105	5	194	43.3	54.1	2.6	100.0
2021-22	84	105	2	191	44.0	55.0	1.0	100.0
2022-23	76	114	3	193	39.4	59.1	1.6	100.0
2023-24	76	114	396	586	13.0	19.5	67.6	100.0

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan&AJK

ii) Data of other public schools not included as bifurcation by province for other public not available.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.19: Percent Distribution of Middle Schools (Public, Other Public, Private Sector) by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Number of Middle School				Percent of total Middle School			
	Female	Male	Mix	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Mix	Both Sexes
Pakistan								
2018-19	8,723	8,345	27,040	44,108	19.8	18.9	61.3	100.0
2019-20	8,983	8,817	26,748	44,548	20.2	19.8	60.0	100.0
2020-21	8,558	8,140	27,987	44,685	19.2	18.2	62.6	100.0
2021-22	8,509	8,201	28,189	44,899	19.0	18.3	62.8	100.0
2022-23	8,586	8,315	31,078	47,979	17.9	17.3	64.8	100.0
2023-24	17,185	16,453	7,979	41,617	41.3	39.5	19.2	100.0
Punjab								
2018-19	5,822	4,053	20,577	30,452	19.1	13.3	67.6	100.0
2019-20	5,861	4,054	20,676	30,591	19.2	13.3	67.6	100.0
2020-21	5,301	3,445	20,686	29,432	18.0	11.7	70.3	100.0
2021-22	5,321	3,443	20,691	29,455	18.1	11.7	70.2	100.0
2022-23	5,472	3,524	23,941	32,937	16.6	10.7	72.7	100.0
2023-24	13,977	11,503	177	25,657	54.5	44.8	0.7	100.0
Sindh								
2018-19	996	1,835	3,679	6,510	15.3	28.2	56.5	100.0
2019-20	1,018	1,869	3,795	6,682	15.2	28.0	56.8	100.0
2020-21	1,154	1,806	3,884	6,844	16.9	26.4	56.8	100.0
2021-22	806	1,767	3,888	6,461	12.5	27.3	60.2	100.0
2022-23	775	1,751	3,381	5,907	13.1	29.6	57.2	100.0
2023-24	805	1,851	3,378	6,034	13.3	30.7	56.0	100.0
KP								
2018-19	1,213	1,552	2,018	4,783	25.4	32.4	42.2	100.0
2019-20	1,414	1,956	2,069	5,439	26.0	36.0	38.0	100.0
2020-21	1,413	1,951	3,209	6,573	21.5	29.7	48.8	100.0
2021-22	1,576	2,086	3,305	6,967	22.6	29.9	47.4	100.0
2022-23	1,592	2,101	3,404	7,097	22.4	29.6	48.0	100.0
2023-24	1,649	2,136	3,500	7,285	22.6	29.3	48.0	100.0
Balochistan								
2018-19	653	882	289	1,824	35.8	48.4	15.8	100.0
2019-20	653	916	208	1,777	36.7	51.5	11.7	100.0
2020-21	653	916	208	1,777	36.7	51.5	11.7	100.0
2021-22	769	883	305	1,957	39.3	45.1	15.6	100.0
2022-23	712	915	352	1,979	36.0	46.2	17.8	100.0
2023-24	719	939	346	2,004	35.9	46.9	17.3	100.0
Islamabad								
2018-19	39	23	477	539	7.2	4.3	88.5	100.0
2019-20	37	22	0	59	62.7	37.3	0.0	100.0
2020-21	37	22	0	59	62.7	37.3	0.0	100.0
2021-22	37	22	0	59	62.7	37.3	0.0	100.0
2022-23	35	24	0	59	59.3	40.7	0.0	100.0
2023-24	35	24	578	637	5.5	3.8	90.7	100.0

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan & AJK

ii) Data of other public schools not included as bifurcation by province for other public not available.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.20: Percent Distribution of High Schools (Public, Other Public, Private Sector) by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Number of High School				Percent of total High School			
	Female	Male	Mix	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Mix	Both Sexes
Pakistan								
2018-19	6,640	8,502	13,969	29,111	22.8	29.2	48.0	100.0
2019-20	6,843	8,916	13,884	29,643	23.1	30.1	46.8	100.0
2020-21	7,369	9,688	13,121	30,178	24.4	32.1	43.5	100.0
2021-22	7,382	9,576	14,268	31,226	23.6	30.7	45.7	100.0
2022-23	7,665	9,835	19,570	37,070	20.7	26.5	52.8	100.0
2023-24	16,325	16,116	10,477	42,918	38.0	37.6	24.4	100.0
Punjab								
2018-19	4,571	4,790	8,535	17,896	25.5	26.8	47.7	100.0
2019-20	4,655	4,812	8,515	17,982	25.9	26.8	47.4	100.0
2020-21	5,186	5,447	6,526	17,159	30.2	31.7	38.0	100.0
2021-22	5,182	5,450	8,535	19,167	27.0	28.4	44.5	100.0
2022-23	5,452	5,614	9,822	20,888	26.1	26.9	47.0	100.0
2023-24	14,091	11,854	207	26,152	53.9	45.3	0.8	100.0
Sindh								
2018-19	709	1,321	3,491	5,521	12.8	23.9	63.2	100.0
2019-20	716	1,315	3,550	5,581	12.8	23.6	63.6	100.0
2020-21	733	1,314	3,613	5,660	13.0	23.2	63.8	100.0
2021-22	654	1,189	3,613	5,456	12.0	21.8	66.2	100.0
2022-23	660	1,207	6,371	8,238	8.0	14.7	77.3	100.0
2023-24	658	1,229	6,371	8,258	8.0	14.9	77.1	100.0
KP								
2018-19	895	1,597	1,453	3,945	22.7	40.5	36.8	100.0
2019-20	1,001	2,005	1,502	4,508	22.2	44.5	33.3	100.0
2020-21	992	2,139	2,663	5,794	17.1	36.9	46.0	100.0
2021-22	1,015	2,171	1,716	4,902	20.7	44.3	35.0	100.0
2022-23	1,035	2,187	2,952	6,174	16.8	35.4	47.8	100.0
2023-24	1,048	2,192	3,087	6,327	16.6	34.6	48.8	100.0
Balochistan								
2018-19	408	740	170	1,318	31.0	56.1	12.9	100.0
2019-20	419	738	313	1,470	28.5	50.2	21.3	100.0
2020-21	404	739	313	1,456	27.7	50.8	21.5	100.0
2021-22	477	717	397	1,591	30.0	45.1	25.0	100.0
2022-23	467	779	420	1,666	28.0	46.8	25.2	100.0
2023-24	477	793	417	1,687	28.3	47.0	24.7	100.0
Islamabad								
2018-19	57	54	320	431	13.2	12.5	74.2	100.0
2019-20	52	46	4	102	51.0	45.1	3.9	100.0
2020-21	54	49	6	109	49.5	45.0	5.5	100.0
2021-22	54	49	7	110	49.1	44.5	6.4	100.0
2022-23	51	48	5	104	49.0	46.2	4.8	100.0
2023-24	51	48	395	494	10.3	9.7	80.0	100.0

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan&AJK
ii) Data of other public schools not included as bifurcation by province for other public not available.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.21: Primary School (Public, Other Public, Private Sector) Enrolment and Enrolment Ratio by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Primary School Enrolment			Gender Ratio (Percent of Girls Enrolled per 100 Boys Enrolment)
	Girls	Boys	Total	
Pakistan				
2018-19	12,400,485	14,931,518	27,332,003	83.0
2019-20	12,411,489	15,101,893	27,513,382	82.2
2020-21	12,373,405	15,003,784	27,377,189	82.5
2021-22	12,624,745	15,159,917	27,784,662	83.3
2022-23	13,405,860	15,906,470	29,312,330	84.3
2023-24	14,109,254	15,378,458	29,487,712	91.7
Punjab				
2018-19	7,344,729	7,959,983	15,304,712	92.3
2019-20	7,078,304	7,636,751	14,715,055	92.7
2020-21	6,751,460	7,294,660	14,046,120	92.6
2021-22	6,979,218	7,495,725	14,474,943	93.1
2022-23	7,571,096	8,117,554	15,688,650	93.3
2023-24	7,888,073	7,247,793	15,135,866	108.8
Sindh				
2018-19	2,585,009	3,570,140	6,155,149	72.4
2019-20	2,654,846	3,653,939	6,308,785	72.7
2020-21	2,724,099	3,673,851	6,397,950	74.1
2021-22	2,691,272	3,592,860	6,284,132	74.9
2022-23	2,677,717	3,505,155	6,182,872	76.4
2023-24	2,844,031	3,661,957	6,505,988	77.7
KP				
2018-19	1,890,014	2,632,997	4,523,011	71.8
2019-20	2,124,214	3,065,514	5,189,728	69.3
2020-21	2,346,282	3,283,817	5,630,099	71.4
2021-22	2,340,515	3,247,845	5,588,360	72.1
2022-23	2,542,194	3,465,968	6,008,162	73.3
2023-24	2,715,987	3,612,023	6,328,010	75.2
Balochistan				
2018-19	418,205	599,856	1,018,061	69.7
2019-20	396,563	581,768	978,331	68.2
2020-21	396,836	582,571	979,407	68.1
2021-22	451,398	653,448	1,104,846	69.1
2022-23	440,354	628,752	1,069,106	70.0
2023-24	468,917	658,171	1,127,088	71.2
Islamabad				
2018-19	418,205	599,856	1,018,061	96.4
2019-20	396,563	581,768	978,331	96.1
2020-21	396,836	582,571	979,407	91.6
2021-22	451,398	653,448	1,104,846	95.5
2022-23	440,354	628,752	1,069,106	92.3
2023-24	468,917	658,171	1,127,088	96.8

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Northern Area & AJK data in this table.

ii) Primary School includes Pre-Primary School Enrolment.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.22: Middle School (Public, Other Public, Private Sector) Enrolment by Gender and Year and Gender Ratio of Enrolment, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Middle School Enrolment			Gender Ratio (Percent of Girls Enrolled per 100 Boys Enrolment)
	Girls	Boys	Total	
Pakistan				
2018-19	2,853,232	3,532,296	6,385,528	80.8
2019-20	2,981,540	3,718,506	6,700,046	80.2
2020-21	3,130,752	3,935,216	7,065,968	79.6
2021-22	3,320,941	4,064,611	7,385,552	81.7
2022-23	3,658,606	4,355,772	8,014,378	84.0
2023-24	4,205,209	4,745,833	8,951,042	88.6
Punjab				
2018-19	1,819,703	1,899,202	3,718,905	95.8
2019-20	1,880,889	1,937,193	3,818,082	97.1
2020-21	1,923,340	1,956,216	3,879,556	98.3
2021-22	2,080,181	2,066,496	4,146,677	100.7
2022-23	2,255,472	2,190,152	4,445,624	103.0
2023-24	2,684,320	2,453,221	5,137,541	109.4
Sindh				
2018-19	497,190	734,173	1,231,363	67.7
2019-20	512,823	752,698	1,265,521	68.1
2020-21	525,699	801,546	1,327,245	65.6
2021-22	517,039	783,651	1,300,690	66.0
2022-23	656,176	923,399	1,579,575	71.1
2023-24	722,721	998,708	1,721,429	72.4
KP				
2018-19	414,226	731,669	1,145,895	56.6
2019-20	456,052	845,527	1,301,579	53.9
2020-21	546,998	992,705	1,539,703	55.1
2021-22	566,672	1,002,643	1,569,315	56.5
2022-23	593,936	1,033,176	1,627,112	57.5
2023-24	635,363	1,077,493	1,712,856	59.0
Balochistan				
2018-19	69,969	113,718	183,687	61.5
2019-20	74,113	126,518	200,631	58.6
2020-21	74,185	126,696	200,881	58.6
2021-22	94,143	153,140	247,283	61.5
2022-23	88,358	142,670	231,028	61.9
2023-24	93,474	152,189	245,663	61.4
Islamabad				
2018-19	52,144	53,534	105,678	97.4
2019-20	57,663	56,570	114,233	101.9
2020-21	60,530	58,053	118,583	104.3
2021-22	62,906	58,681	121,587	107.2
2022-23	64,664	66,375	131,039	97.4
2023-24	69,331	64,222	133,553	108.0

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan & AJK data in this table.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.23: High School (Public, Other Public, Private Sector) Gender Enrolment by Year and Gender Ratio of Enrolment, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	High School Enrolment			Gender Ratio (Percent of Girls Enrolled per 100 Boys Enrolment)
	Girls	Boys	Total	
Pakistan				
2018-19	1,425,461	1,877,745	3,303,206	75.9
2019-20	1,459,261	1,921,089	3,380,350	76.0
2020-21	1,561,719	2,099,383	3,661,102	74.4
2021-22	1,639,412	2,137,735	3,777,147	76.7
2022-23	1,773,206	2,232,549	4,005,755	79.4
2023-24	2,091,524	2,478,704	4,570,228	84.4
Punjab				
2018-19	916,321	1,048,735	1,965,056	87.4
2019-20	925,048	1,040,011	1,965,059	88.9
2020-21	960,953	1,081,111	2,042,064	88.9
2021-22	1,015,419	1,097,060	2,112,479	92.6
2022-23	1,049,988	1,088,507	2,138,495	96.5
2023-24	1,306,272	1,253,924	2,560,196	104.2
Sindh				
2018-19	271,045	412,640	683,685	65.7
2019-20	280,045	423,247	703,292	66.2
2020-21	292,201	445,276	737,477	65.6
2021-22	292,533	450,415	742,948	64.9
2022-23	374,458	547,181	921,639	68.4
2023-24	402,069	582,043	984,112	69.1
KP				
2018-19	174,736	325,701	500,437	53.6
2019-20	189,814	367,765	557,579	51.6
2020-21	242,949	483,309	726,258	50.3
2021-22	255,419	487,874	743,293	52.4
2022-23	271,463	495,786	767,249	54.8
2023-24	296,771	531,403	828,174	55.8
Balochistan				
2018-19	33,495	58,996	92,491	56.8
2019-20	35,550	61,027	96,577	58.3
2020-21	35,635	61,110	96,745	58.3
2021-22	42,684	69,290	111,974	61.6
2022-23	43,491	69,293	112,784	62.8
2023-24	46,214	74,754	120,968	61.8
Islamabad				
2018-19	29,864	31,673	61,537	94.3
2019-20	28,804	29,039	57,843	99.2
2020-21	29,981	28,577	58,558	104.9
2021-22	33,357	33,096	66,453	100.8
2022-23	33,806	31,782	65,588	106.4
2023-24	40,198	36,580	76,778	109.9

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan&AJK

(P) Provisional

Table 6.24: Number of Primary School (Public, Other Public, Private Sector) Teachers by Gender and Teachers per School, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Number of Primary School Teacher			Teachers per Primary School		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
2018-19	237,595	191,095	428,690	5.7	2.6	3.2
2019-20	233,061	197,604	430,665	5.3	2.5	3.1
2020-21	227,476	189,952	417,428	4.5	2.6	3.0
2021-22	221,858	172,883	394,741	5.2	2.4	3.0
2022-23	237,487	154,731	392,218	7.4	2.5	3.5
2023-24	193,537	199,028	392,565	4.8	2.9	3.3
Punjab						
2018-19	151,254	68,848	220,102	7.7	3.9	4.5
2019-20	143,793	64,616	208,409	7.3	3.7	4.3
2020-21	138,786	62,244	201,030	7.0	3.6	4.2
2021-22	135,000	60,005	195,005	6.9	3.4	4.1
2022-23	150,988	58,606	209,594	15.6	6.1	6.6
2023-24	90,744	49,611	140,355	5.3	3.1	3.6
Sindh						
2018-19	42,044	61,355	103,399	4.2	1.8	2.2
2019-20	42,633	61,400	104,033	4.2	1.7	2.1
2020-21	40,727	54,381	95,108	2.5	1.9	1.9
2021-22	38,850	51,584	90,434	4.7	1.8	2.3
2022-23	33,172	63,290	96,462	4.2	2.2	2.5
2023-24	42,116	68,788	110,904	5.2	2.4	2.9
KP						
2018-19	31,956	49,083	81,039	3.7	3.7	3.5
2019-20	38,060	59,968	98,028	3.5	3.7	3.5
2020-21	41,256	62,343	103,599	3.8	3.8	3.6
2021-22	41,079	50,601	91,680	3.7	3.1	3.1
2022-23	42,512	21,242	63,754	3.8	1.3	2.2
2023-24	48,534	69,131	117,665	4.3	4.2	4.0
Balochistan						
2018-19	6,619	10,870	17,489	1.9	1.2	1.4
2019-20	6,561	11,002	17,563	1.8	1.3	1.4
2020-21	6,620	10,981	17,601	1.8	1.3	1.4
2021-22	5,377	10,324	15,701	1.5	1.2	1.3
2022-23	6,665	11,328	17,993	1.9	1.3	1.4
2023-24	6,190	10,754	16,944	1.7	1.2	1.3
Islamabad						
2018-19	5,722	939	6,661	61.5	9.1	9.8
2019-20	2,014	618	2,632	21.9	6.2	13.0
2020-21	87	3	90	1.0	0.0	0.5
2021-22	1,552	369	1,921	18.5	3.5	10.1
2022-23	4,150	265	4,415	54.6	2.3	22.9
2023-24	5,953	744	6,697	78.3	6.5	11.4

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit

Baltistan & AJK

ii) Data of other public schools not included as bifurcation by province for other public not available.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.25: Number of Middle School (Public, Other Public, Private Sector) Teachers by Gender and Teachers per School, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Number of Middle School			Teachers per Middle School		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
2018-19	304,929	110,923	415,852	35.0	13.3	9.6
2019-20	300,398	114,168	414,566	33.4	12.9	9.3
2020-21	295,296	109,136	404,432	34.5	13.4	9.1
2021-22	304,432	107,744	412,176	35.8	13.1	9.2
2022-23	356,817	125,709	482,526	41.6	15.1	10.1
2023-24	293,258	127,137	420,395	17.1	7.7	10.1
Punjab						
2018-19	242,433	68,619	311,052	41.6	16.9	10.2
2019-20	240,885	66,939	307,824	41.1	16.5	10.1
2020-21	230,398	59,744	290,142	43.5	17.3	9.9
2021-22	239,962	59,059	299,021	45.1	17.2	10.2
2022-23	277,763	66,917	344,680	50.8	19.0	10.5
2023-24	208,786	64,864	273,650	14.9	5.6	10.7
Sindh						
2018-19	32,721	15,557	48,278	32.9	8.5	8.2
2019-20	33,361	16,879	50,240	32.8	9.0	7.5
2020-21	33,591	15,946	49,537	29.1	8.8	7.2
2021-22	32,798	15,631	48,429	40.7	8.8	7.5
2022-23	36,905	22,874	59,779	47.6	13.1	10.1
2023-24	39,115	24,911	64,026	48.6	13.5	10.6
KP						
2018-19	18,139	18,877	37,016	15.0	12.2	7.7
2019-20	20,179	22,741	42,920	14.3	11.6	7.9
2020-21	25,883	25,958	51,841	18.3	13.3	7.9
2021-22	26,945	26,643	53,588	17.1	12.8	7.7
2022-23	29,477	27,730	57,207	18.5	13.2	8.1
2023-24	30,988	27,121	58,109	18.8	12.7	8.0
Balochistan						
2018-19	6,118	7,012	13,130	9.4	8.0	7.2
2019-20	5,439	7,407	12,846	8.3	8.1	7.2
2020-21	5,424	7,488	12,912	8.3	8.2	7.3
2021-22	4,245	6,232	10,477	5.5	7.1	5.4
2022-23	6,251	7,556	13,807	8.8	8.3	7.0
2023-24	6,813	9,278	16,091	9.5	9.9	8.0
Islamabad						
2018-19	5,518	858	6,376	141.5	37.3	11.8
2019-20	534	202	736	14.4	9.2	12.5
2020-21	-	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
2021-22	482	179	661	13.0	8.1	11.2
2022-23	6,421	632	7,053	183.5	26.3	119.5
2023-24	7,556	963	8,519	215.9	40.1	13.4

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan&AJK

ii) Data of other public schools not included as bifurcation by province for other public not available.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.26: Number of High Schools (Public, Other Public, Private Sector) Teachers by Gender and Teachers per School, Pakistan and Provinces

Year	Number of of High School Teachers			Teachers per High School		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan						
2018-19	332,431	197,911	530,342	50.1	23.3	18.2
2019-20	331,615	204,626	536,241	48.5	23.0	18.1
2020-21	348,487	211,668	560,155	47.3	21.8	18.6
2021-22	345,382	206,595	551,977	46.8	21.6	17.7
2022-23	357,982	244,628	602,610	46.7	24.9	16.3
2023-24	523,836	285,244	809,080	32.1	17.7	18.9
Punjab						
2018-19	223,717	109,477	333,194	48.9	22.9	18.6
2019-20	223,534	109,319	332,853	48.0	22.7	18.5
2020-21	231,436	112,144	343,580	44.6	20.6	20.0
2021-22	230,899	110,063	340,962	44.6	20.2	17.8
2022-23	270,216	118,228	388,444	49.6	21.1	18.6
2023-24	316,255	147,012	463,267	22.4	12.4	17.7
Sindh						
2018-19	67,136	34,706	101,842	94.7	26.3	18.4
2019-20	68,327	34,814	103,141	95.4	26.5	18.5
2020-21	67,636	33,106	100,742	92.3	25.2	17.8
2021-22	66,109	30,693	96,802	101.1	25.8	17.7
2022-23	29,279	55,340	84,619	44.4	45.8	10.3
2023-24	141,435	60,639	202,074	214.9	49.3	24.5
KP						
2018-19	26,349	38,551	64,900	29.4	24.1	16.5
2019-20	27,694	45,239	72,933	27.7	22.6	16.2
2020-21	38,466	52,197	90,663	38.8	24.4	15.6
2021-22	39,021	53,282	92,303	38.4	24.5	18.8
2022-23	41,256	54,047	95,303	39.9	24.7	15.4
2023-24	45,521	55,301	100,822	43.4	25.2	15.9
Balochistan						
2018-19	9,424	13,320	22,744	23.1	18.0	17.3
2019-20	10,797	14,276	25,073	25.8	19.3	17.1
2020-21	10,759	14,191	24,950	26.6	19.2	17.1
2021-22	8,013	11,680	19,693	16.8	16.3	12.4
2022-23	11,020	15,943	26,963	23.6	20.5	16.2
2023-24	11,770	20,206	31,976	24.7	25.5	19.0
Islamabad						
2018-19	5,805	1,857	7,662	101.8	34.4	17.8
2019-20	1,263	978	2,241	24.3	21.3	22.0
2020-21	190	30	220	3.5	0.6	2.0
2021-22	1,340	877	2,217	24.8	17.9	20.2
2022-23	6,211	1,070	7,281	121.8	22.3	70.0
2023-24	8,855	2,086	10,941	173.6	43.5	22.1

Source: Pakistan Institute of Education (PIE).

Note:- i) Data for Pakistan may not tally with that of other publications due to exclusion of Gilgit Baltistan&AJK

ii) Data of other public schools not included as bifurcation by province for other public not available.

(P) Provisional

Table 6.27: Result of Matric Examination by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces 2018

Gender	Arts Subject			Science Subject		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan						
Female	310,954	223,587	71.90	835,150	691,311	82.78
Male	265,018	156,014	58.87	1,223,980	899,844	73.52
Both Sexes	575,972	379,601	65.91	2,059,130	1,591,155	77.27
Punjab						
Female	222,435	164,036	73.75	571,781	467,209	81.71
Male	164,013	91,570	55.83	647,122	461,688	71.34
Both Sexes	386,448	255,606	66.14	1,218,903	928,897	76.21
Sindh						
Female	17,263	6,494	37.62	142,672	114,796	80.46
Male	20,042	18,035	89.99	240,544	164,891	68.55
Both Sexes	37,305	24,529	65.75	383,216	279,687	72.98
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa						
Female	56,459	40,997	72.61	72,810	65,524	89.99
Male	64,918	34,998	53.91	247,887	198,505	80.08
Both Sexes	121,377	75,995	62.61	320,697	264,029	82.33
Balochistan						
Female	4,432	3,910	88.22	14,911	14,438	96.83
Male	11,635	9,589	82.42	35,799	34,081	95.20
Both Sexes	16,067	13,499	84.02	50,710	48,519	95.68
Islamabad						
Female	10,365	8,150	78.63	32,976	29,344	88.99
Male	4,410	1,822	41.32	52,628	40,679	77.30
Both Sexes	14,775	9,972	67.49	85,604	70,023	81.80

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Table 6.27: Result of Matric Examination by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces 2019

Gender	Arts Subject			Science Subject		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan						
Female	307,756	227,680	73.98	643,952	541,131	84.03
Male	298,695	183,771	61.52	1,060,234	799,246	75.38
Both Sexes	606,451	411,451	67.85	1,704,186	1,340,377	78.65
Punjab						
Female	213,757	156,305	73.12	371,193	316,719	85.32
Male	175,490	100,168	57.08	473,567	348,252	73.54
Both Sexes	389,247	256,473	65.89	844,760	664,971	78.72
Sindh						
Female	15,481	10,487	67.74	152,793	117,973	77.21
Male	21,491	12,820	59.65	264,321	188,646	71.37
Both Sexes	36,972	23,307	63.04	417,114	306,619	73.51
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa						
Female	52,095	37,341	71.68	82,852	73,533	88.75
Male	60,604	34,353	56.68	258,376	212,418	82.21
Both Sexes	112,699	71,694	63.62	341,228	285,951	83.80
Balochistan						
Female	16,219	15,562	95.95	4,157	3,564	85.73
Male	36,548	34,292	93.83	14,386	11,057	76.86
Both Sexes	52,767	49,854	94.48	18,543	14,621	78.85
Islamabad						
Female	10,204	7,985	78.25	32,957	29,342	89.03
Male	4,562	2,138	46.87	49,584	38,873	78.40
Both Sexes	14,766	10,123	68.56	82,541	68,215	82.64

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Table 6.27: Result of Matric Examination by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces 2020

Gender	Arts Subject			Science Subject		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan						
Female	270,761	206,384	76.22	671,237	611,222	91.06
Male	222,385	147,672	66.40	1,429,779	894,174	62.54
Both Sexes	493,146	354,056	71.80	2,101,016	1,505,396	71.65
Punjab						
Female	186,871	124,665	66.71	423,272	367,116	86.73
Male	115,799	47,222	40.78	544,560	404,008	74.19
Both Sexes	302,670	171,887	56.79	967,832	771,124	79.68
Sindh						
Female	13,210	13,156	99.59	139,264	139,148	99.92
Male	17,309	17,094	98.76	233,954	233,638	99.86
Both Sexes	30,519	30,250	99.12	373,218	372,786	99.88
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa						
Female	43,793	42,630	97.34	70,527	69,957	99.19
Male	47,120	43,972	93.32	580,902	203,245	34.99
Both Sexes	90,913	86,602	95.26	651,429	273,202	41.94
Balochistan						
Female	18,068	17,537	97.06	4,745	2,121	44.70
Male	38,765	36,652	94.55	22,698	7,345	32.36
Both Sexes	56,833	54,189	95.35	27,443	9,466	34.49
Islamabad						
Female	8,819	8,396	95.20	33,429	32,880	98.36
Male	3,392	2,732	80.54	47,665	45,938	96.38
Both Sexes	12,211	11,128	91.13	81,094	78,818	97.19

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Table 6.27: Result of Matric Examination by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces 2021

Gender	Arts Subject			Science Subject		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan						
Female	267,853	262,020	97.82	756,132	743,615	98.34
Male	217,389	204,356	94.00	1,245,461	1,202,251	96.53
Both Sexes	485,242	466,376	96.11	2,001,593	1,945,866	97.22
Punjab						
Female	178,062	175,836	98.75	461,938	459,469	99.47
Male	117,685	114,275	97.10	624,883	618,216	98.93
Both Sexes	295,747	290,111	98.09	1,086,821	1,077,685	99.16
Sindh						
Female	11,147	10,958	98.30	121,773	118,977	97.70
Male	12,137	11,138	91.77	194,002	187,041	96.41
Both Sexes	23,284	22,096	94.90	315,775	306,018	96.91
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa						
Female	65,286	62,334	95.48	114,925	108,827	94.69
Male	72,519	65,674	90.56	328,589	302,842	92.16
Both Sexes	137,805	128,008	92.89	443,514	411,669	92.82
Balochistan						
Female	2,213	1,944	87.84	18,783	17,962	95.63
Male	9,823	8,209	83.57	37,769	34,735	91.97
Both Sexes	12,036	10,153	84.36	56,552	52,697	93.18
Islamabad						
Female	11,145	10,948	98.23	38,713	38,380	99.14
Male	5,225	5,060	96.84	60,218	59,417	98.67
Both Sexes	16,370	16,008	97.79	98,931	97,797	98.85

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Table 6.27: Result of Matric Examination 2022

Gender	Arts Subject			Science Subject		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan						
Female	255,853	177,898	69.53	779,775	658,665	84.47
Male	179,812	95,163	52.92	1,201,745	891,395	74.18
Both Sexes	435,665	273,061	62.68	1,981,520	1,550,060	78.23
Punjab						
Female	172,185	109,975	63.87	486,734	390,430	80.21
Male	92,822	30,642	33.01	615,021	372,799	60.62
Both Sexes	265,007	140,617	53.06	1,101,755	763,229	69.27
Sindh						
Female	10,905	8,148	74.72	125991	111,693	88.65
Male	10,377	7,273	70.09	202284	175,702	86.86
Both Sexes	21,282	15,421	72.46	328275	287,395	87.55
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa						
Female	59,485	48,917	82.23	103352	96,745	93.61
Male	59,684	45,275	75.86	281658	254,340	90.30
Both Sexes	119,169	94,192	79.04	385010	351,085	91.19
Balochistan						
Female	1,442	1,182	81.97	20291	19,615	96.67
Male	12,001	9,440	78.66	38452	36,574	95.12
Both Sexes	13,443	10,622	79.02	58743	56,189	95.65
Islamabad						
Female	11,836	9,676	81.75	43407	40,182	92.57
Male	4,928	2,533	51.40	64330	51,980	80.80
Both Sexes	16,764	12,209	72.83	107737	92,162	85.54

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Table 6.27: Result of Matric Examination 2023

Gender	Arts Subject			Science Subject		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan						
Female	278,476	195,751	70.29	853,088	755,107	88.51
Male	187,078	105,990	56.66	1,273,999	1,046,154	82.12
Both Sexes	465,554	301,741	64.81	2,127,087	1,801,261	84.68
Punjab						
Female	159,071	106,530	66.97	473,716	415,631	87.74
Male	70,950	29,886	42.12	527,494	403,337	76.46
Both Sexes	230,021	136,416	59.31	1,001,210	818,968	81.80
Sindh						
Female	12,167	7,731	63.54	135,284	122,717	90.71
Male	11,163	8,057	72.18	209,419	190,832	91.12
Both Sexes	23,330	15,788	67.67	344,703	313,549	90.96
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa						
Female	92,550	68,854	74.40	171,727	148,615	86.54
Male	86,245	53,648	62.20	431,586	358,533	83.07
Both Sexes	178,795	122,502	68.52	603,313	507,148	84.06
Balochistan						
Female	2,886	2,586	89.60	21,965	21,216	96.59
Male	13,617	11,190	82.18	41,020	38,926	94.90
Both Sexes	16,503	13,776	83.48	62,985	60,142	95.49
Islamabad						
Female	11,802	10,050	85.16	50,396	46,928	93.12
Male	5,103	3,209	62.88	64,480	54,526	84.56
Both Sexes	16,905	13,259	78.43	114,876	101,454	88.32

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Table 6.27: Result of Matric Examination 2024

Gender	Arts Subject			Science Subject		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan						
Female	297,377	208,995	70.28	917,970	777,679	84.72
Male	198,890	116,433	58.54	1,331,106	1,056,322	79.36
Both Sexes	496,267	325,428	65.58	2,249,076	1,834,001	81.54
Punjab						
Female	175,827	116,920	66.50	490,498	401,805	81.92
Male	76,602	32,487	42.41	546,295	371,792	68.06
Both Sexes	252,429	149,407	59.19	1,036,793	773,597	74.61
Sindh						
Female	13,873	9,334	67.28	146,391	133,741	91.36
Male	15,825	11,985	75.73	225,484	199,486	88.47
Both Sexes	29,698	21,319	71.79	371,875	333,227	89.61
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa						
Female	91,978	69,367	75.42	183,670	168,863	91.94
Male	87,733	57,505	65.55	445,683	386,061	86.62
Both Sexes	179,711	126,872	70.60	629,353	554,924	88.17
Balochistan						
Female	2,921	2,646	90.59	41,601	22,441	53.94
Male	12,904	10,692	82.86	41,900	39,232	93.63
Both Sexes	15,825	13,338	84.28	83,501	61,673	73.86
Islamabad						
Female	12,778	10,728	83.96	55,810	50,829	91.08
Male	5,826	3,764	64.61	71,744	59,751	83.28
Both Sexes	18,604	14,492	77.90	127,554	110,580	86.69

Source:- Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education.

Table 6.28: Result of Intermediate Examination by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces 2018

Gender	Arts Subject			Pre-Engineering Group			Pre-Medical Group		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan									
Female	407,164	219,168	53.83	58,557	44,807	76.52	225,321	181,716	80.65
Male	405,392	170,601	42.08	228,510	161,871	70.84	180,501	135,187	74.90
Both Sexes	812,556	389,769	47.97	287,067	206,678	72.00	405,822	316,903	78.09
Punjab									
Female	295,353	153,020	51.81	35,326	27,461	77.74	111,887	91,782	82.03
Male	248,891	89,605	36.00	79,570	56,823	71.41	48,354	38,705	80.05
Both Sexes	544,244	242,625	44.58	114,896	84,284	73.36	160,241	130,487	81.43
Sindh									
Female	48,557	22,535	46.41	15,028	9,117	60.67	61,822	44,943	72.70
Male	52,900	23,781	44.95	85,780	56,120	65.42	51,336	36,178	70.47
Both Sexes	101,457	46,316	45.65	100,808	65,237	64.71	113,158	81,121	71.69
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa									
Female	44,799	30,502	68.09	2,932	3,522	120.12	32,280	27,212	84.30
Male	81,784	42,867	52.41	42,283	31,696	74.96	63,196	45,670	72.27
Both Sexes	126,583	73,369	57.96	45,215	35,218	77.89	95,476	72,882	76.34
Balochistan									
Female	6,952	6,084	87.51	673	590	87.67	7,141	6,386	89.43
Male	13,327	10,604	79.57	8,130	6378	78.45	12,948	10,502	81.11
Both Sexes	20,279	16,688	82.29	8,803	6,968	79.15	20,089	16,888	84.07
Islamabad									
Female	11,503	7,027	61.09	4,598	4,117	89.54	12,191	11,393	93.45
Male	8,490	3,744	44.10	12,747	10,854	85.15	4,667	4,132	88.54
Both Sexes	19,993	10,771	53.87	17,345	14,971	86.31	16,858	15,525	92.09

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Table 6.28: Result of Intermediate Examination by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces 2019

Gender	Arts Subject			Pre-Engineering Group			Pre-Medical Group		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan									
Female	358,457	200,262	55.87	67,754	50,460	74.48	263,497	210,821	80.01
Male	369,498	173,068	46.84	252,814	170,202	67.32	221,870	165,281	74.49
Both Sexes	727,955	373,330	51.28	320,568	220,662	68.83	485,367	376,102	77.49
Punjab									
Female	275,410	146,005	53.01	39,154	31,420	80.25	128,447	106,260	82.73
Male	251,339	96,058	38.22	81,259	58,877	72.46	56,784	45,561	80.24
Both Sexes	526,749	242,063	45.95	120,413	90,297	74.99	185,231	151,821	81.96
Sindh									
Female	20,417	6,177	30.25	19,190	11,020	57.43	70,712	48,437	68.50
Male	14,930	7,247	48.54	109,271	61,718	56.48	59,176	37,611	63.56
Both Sexes	35,347	13,424	37.98	128,461	72,738	56.62	129,888	86,048	66.25
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa									
Female	44,879	34,522	76.92	3532	2716	76.90	41821	35334	84.49
Male	83,679	55,373	66.17	40952	30928	75.52	85456	64186	75.11
Both Sexes	128,558	89,895	69.93	44484	33644	75.63	127277	99520	78.19
Balochistan									
Female	7,384	6,481	87.77	699	642	91.85	9,190	8,295	90.26
Male	15,679	12,636	80.59	7,559	6,738	89.14	15,283	13,296	87.00
Both Sexes	23,063	19,117	82.89	8,258	7,380	89.37	24,473	21,591	88.22
Islamabad									
Female	10,367	7,077	68.26	5,179	4,662	90.02	13,327	12,495	93.76
Male	3,871	1,754	45.31	13,773	11,941	86.70	5,171	4,627	89.48
Both Sexes	14,238	8,831	62.02	18,952	16,603	87.61	18,498	17,122	92.56

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Table 6.28: Result of Intermediate Examination by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces 2020

Gender	Arts Subject			Pre-Engineering Group			Pre-Medical Group		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan									
Female	334,966	295,686	88.27	59,438	56,887	95.71	255,172	244,397	95.78
Male	354,822	279,909	78.89	198,823	187,713	94.41	217,804	200,597	92.10
Both Sexes	689,788	575,595	83.45	258,261	244,600	94.71	472,976	444,994	94.08
Punjab									
Female	262,381	230,403	87.81	36,069	34,237	94.92	131,525	124,359	94.55
Male	248,319	188,349	75.85	71,421	66,668	93.35	62,420	58,284	93.37
Both Sexes	510,700	418,752	82.00	107,490	100,905	93.87	193,945	182,643	94.17
Sindh									
Female	15,748	15,741	99.96	14,480	14,440	99.72	63,124	62,973	99.76
Male	10,588	10,556	99.70	77,191	76,868	99.58	55,226	54,999	99.59
Both Sexes	26,336	26,297	99.85	91,671	91,308	99.60	118,350	117,972	99.68
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa									
Female	39,430	36,261	91.96	3,343	2,975	88.99	37,421	34,890	93.24
Male	73,120	69,399	94.91	30,993	26,982	87.06	78,058	67,778	86.83
Both Sexes	112,550	105,660	93.88	34,336	29,957	87.25	115,479	102,668	88.91
Balochistan									
Female	7,420	4,468	60.22	699	643	91.99	9,190	8,900	96.84
Male	18,752	8,932	47.63	7,517	6,128	81.52	16,758	14,541	86.77
Both Sexes	26,172	13,400	51.20	8,216	6,771	82.41	25,948	23,441	90.34
Islamabad									
Female	9,987	8,813	88.24	4,847	4,592	94.74	13,912	13,275	95.42
Male	4,043	2,673	66.11	11,701	11,067	94.58	5,342	4,995	93.50
Both Sexes	14,030	11,486	81.87	16,548	15,659	94.63	19,254	18,270	94.89

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Table 6.28: Result of Intermediate Examination by Gender, Pakistan and Provinces 2021

Gender	Arts Subject			Pre-Engineering Group			Pre-Medical Group		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan									
Female	339,120	344,703	101.65	61,977	60,144	97.04	318,105	297,126	93.41
Male	383,071	370,733	96.78	204,223	187,912	92.01	288,768	261,320	90.49
Both Sexes	722,191	715,436	99.06	266,200	248,056	93.18	606,873	558,446	92.02
Punjab									
Female	224,279	222,942	99.40	34,519	34,142	98.91	145,905	143,253	98.18
Male	217,768	214,104	98.32	68,729	66,819	97.22	75,854	73,776	97.26
Both Sexes	442,047	437,046	98.87	103,248	100,961	97.78	221,759	217,029	97.87
Sindh									
Female	17,559	26,838	152.84	11,398	10,462	91.79	55,399	50,701	91.52
Male	12,479	11,125	89.15	62,319	53,391	85.67	50,803	44,042	86.69
Both Sexes	30,038	37,963	126.38	73,717	63,853	86.62	106,202	94,743	89.21
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa									
Female	50,657	48,565	95.87	4,449	4,026	90.49	69,646	56,728	81.45
Male	90,353	83,827	92.78	38,316	33,413	87.20	127,098	109,406	86.08
Both Sexes	141,010	132,392	93.89	42,765	37,439	87.55	196,744	166,134	84.44
Balochistan									
Female	4,370	4,272	97.76	609	603	99.01	10,086	9,852	97.68
Male	10,424	10,096	96.85	5,441	5,317	97.72	16,519	16,039	97.09
Both Sexes	14,794	14,368	97.12	6,050	5,920	97.85	26,605	25,891	97.32
Islamabad									
Female	42,255	42,086	99.60	11,002	10,911	99.17	37,069	36,592	98.71
Male	52,047	51,581	99.10	29,418.00	28,972.00	98.48	18,494.00	18,057.00	97.64
Both Sexes	94,302.00	93,667.00	99.33	40,420.00	39,883.00	98.67	55,563.00	54,649.00	98.36

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Table 6.28: Result of Intermediate Examination 2022

Gender	Arts Subject			Pre-Engineering Group			Pre-Medical Group		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan									
Female	282,238	216,089	76.56	51,222	39,219	76.57	289,058	237,262	82.08
Male	290,487	183,319	63.11	158,455	121,598	76.74	259,876	221,896	85.39
Both Sexes	572,725	399,408	69.74	209,677	160,817	76.70	548,934	459,158	83.65
Punjab									
Female	203,094	156,195	76.91	28,904	22,997	79.56	135,871	112,168	82.55
Male	180,205	100,770	55.92	50,968	35,914	70.46	65,998	50,633	76.72
Both Sexes	383,299	256,965	67.04	79,872	58,911	73.76	201,869	162,801	80.65
Sindh									
Female	20,207	12,588	62.30	11,332	7,538	66.52	58,824	45,682	77.66
Male	13,270	9,355	70.50	60,606	44,407	73.27	56,274	46,485	82.60
Both Sexes	33,477	21,943	65.55	71,938	51,945	72.21	115,098	92,167	80.08
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa									
Female	31,780	25,088	78.94	5,600	3,655	65.27	65,228	51,690	79.25
Male	58,084	46,617	80.26	29,787	25,994	87.27	110,614	99,815	90.24
Both Sexes	89,864	71,705	79.79	35,387	29,649	83.79	175,842	151,505	86.16
Balochistan									
Female	4,597	4,118	89.58	644	606	94.10	10,901	10,393	95.34
Male	10,709	8,979	83.85	5,230	4,791	91.61	18,397	17,161	93.28
Both Sexes	15,306	13,097	85.57	5,874	5,397	91.88	29,298	27,554	94.05
Islamabad									
Female	22,560	18,100	80.23	4,742	4,423	93.27	18,234	17,329	95.04
Male	28,219	17,598	62.36	11,864	10,492	88.44	8,593	7,802	90.79
Both Sexes	50,779	35,698	70.30	16,606	14,915	89.82	26,827	25,131	93.68

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Table 6.28: Result of Intermediate Examination 2023

Gender	Arts Subject			Pre-Engineering Group			Pre-Medical Group		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan									
Female	350,255	207,936	59.37	52,416	39,657	75.66	360,698	290,894	80.65
Male	372,548	185,717	49.85	163,379	120,898	74.00	335,455	273,678	81.58
Both Sexes	722,803	393,653	54.46	215,795	160,555	74.40	696,153	564,572	81.10
Punjab									
Female	255,198	132,443	51.90	29,476	21,006	71.26	187,314	141,630	75.61
Male	239,359	86,731	36.23	51,921	33,325	64.18	92,347	65,348	70.76
Both Sexes	494,557	219,174	44.32	81,397	54,331	66.75	279,661	206,978	74.01
Sindh									
Female	20,140	12,531	62.22	11,666	7,609	65.22	60,434	47,659	78.86
Male	12,245	8,432	68.86	58,738	43,495	74.05	58,628	49,397	84.25
Both Sexes	32,385	20,963	64.73	70,404	51,104	72.59	119,062	97,056	81.52
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa									
Female	45,608	38,395	84.18	5,755	5,896	102.45	79,322	68,914	86.88
Male	75,864	58,297	76.84	36,633	29,511	80.56	154,602	130,871	84.65
Both Sexes	121,472	96,692	79.60	42,388	35,407	83.53	233,924	199,785	85.41
Balochistan									
Female	5,319	4,987	93.76	685	656	95.77	12,515	12,139	97.00
Male	11,930	10,558	88.50	4,446	4,237	95.30	19,857	18,697	94.16
Both Sexes	17,249	15,545	90.12	5,131	4,893	95.36	32,372	30,836	95.26
Islamabad									
Female	23,990	19,580	81.62	4,834	4,490	92.88	21,113	20,552	97.34
Male	33,150	21,699	65.46	11,641	10,330	88.74	10,021	9,365	93.45
Both Sexes	57,140	41,279	72.24	16,475	14,820	89.95	31,134	29,917	96.09

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Table 6.28: Result of Intermediate Examination 2024

Gender	Arts Subject			Pre-Engineering Group			Pre-Medical Group		
	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed	Number appeared	Number passed	Percent of Passed
Pakistan									
Female	388,356	227,362	58.54	47,469	35,587	74.97	393,318	328,640	83.56
Male	414,109	212,799	51.39	148,574	111,389	74.97	359,438	302,981	84.29
Both Sexes	802,465	440,161	54.85	196,043	146,976	74.97	752,756	631,621	83.91
Punjab									
Female	291,754	149,827	51.35	24,435	18,305	74.91	193,193	151,378	78.36
Male	278,989	110,219	39.51	41,907	27,309	65.17	91,145	64,802	71.10
Both Sexes	570,743	260,046	45.56	66,342	45,614	68.76	284,338	216,180	76.03
Sindh									
Female	13,631	7,173	52.62	12,531	7,792	62.18	73,742	57,244	77.63
Male	9,367	6,475	69.13	57,720	41,296	71.55	79,026	66,673	84.37
Both Sexes	22,998	13,648	59.34	70,251	49,088	69.88	152,768	123,917	81.11
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa									
Female	49,294	42,330	85.87	5,050	4,534	89.78	86,312	81,388	94.30
Male	73,985	59,030	79.79	34,149	29,858	87.43	157,562	141,980	90.11
Both Sexes	123,279	101,360	82.22	39,199	34,392	87.74	243,874	223,368	91.59
Balochistan									
Female	5,832	5,502	94.34	603	576	95.52	13,708	13,354	97.42
Male	13,802	12,393	89.79	4,219	4,010	95.05	19,866	18,781	94.54
Both Sexes	19,634	17,895	91.14	4,822	4,586	95.11	33,574	32,135	95.71
Islamabad									
Female	27,845	22,530	80.91	4,850	4,380	90.31	26,363	25,276	95.88
Male	37,966	24,682	65.01	10,579	8,916	84.28	11,839	10,745	90.76
Both Sexes	65,811	47,212	71.74	15,429	13,296	86.18	38,202	36,021	94.29

Source:- Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education.

Table 7.1(a) Crude Labour Force Participation Rates (%) 13th ICLS Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2018-19 & 2020-21

Province/ Area	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan	32.1	48	15.5	32.3	48	15.5
Rural	33.9	47.4	20.1	34.1	48	19.9
Urban	28.9	49.5	7.4	28.9	49	7.5
Punjab	34.9	50.3	19.6	34.9	50.1	19.5
Rural	37.5	49.9	25.4	37.8	50.3	25.3
Urban	30.4	50.9	9.4	29.9	49.8	9.3
Sindh	30.5	49	10.5	30.9	49	10.8
Rural	33.3	48	16.8	33.3	48	16.7
Urban	27.9	49	4.9	28.5	50	5.1
KP	26.4	42.4	10.6	27.6	43.8	11.1
Rural	26.6	41.9	11.7	27.9	43.6	12
Urban	25.1	44.7	5.6	26.4	44.7	6.6
Balochistan	26.8	42.1	8.2	27.2	43.6	8
Rural	27.7	42.3	9.9	28.1	44.1	9.8
Urban	24.5	41.6	3.5	24.8	42.2	3.2

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: For comparability with LFS 2020-21, own-use producers (2.48 million people, categorized under codes 3 and 4 in Q5.10 of LFS 2024-25 Questionnaire) are included in the labour force; therefore, the Crude Participation Rate-2024-25 for the 19th ICLS

Crude LFPR is defined as the number of persons in the labour force (employed + unemployed) expressed as a percentage of the total population.

Table 7.1 (b) Crude Labour Force Participation Rates (%) 19th ICLS Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2024-25

Province/ Area	2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan	33.2	49.2	16.3
Rural	35.2	49.2	20.6
Urban	30.0	49.2	9.6
Punjab	35.7	50.4	20.5
Rural	39.3	51.7	26.8
Urban	30.4	48.6	11.3
Sindh	31.7	50.2	11.5
Rural	34.0	49.3	17.2
Urban	29.5	51.0	6.4
KP	29.2	45.6	12.0
Rural	29.0	45.2	12.0
Urban	30.5	48.0	11.6
Balochistan	27.9	44.5	8.4
Rural	28.0	43.8	9.5
Urban	27.5	46.1	5.7

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Table 7.2(a) Refined Activity Participation Rates 13th ICLS (%) Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2018-19 & 2020-21

Province/ Area	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan	44.8	67.7	21.5	44.9	67.9	21.4
Rural	48.7	68.9	28.6	48.6	69.1	28.0
Urban	38.6	65.8	9.8	38.8	65.9	10.0
Punjab	47.4	69.1	26.3	47.4	68.6	26.3
Rural	52.1	7.1	34.7	52.3	70.4	34.6
Urban	39.9	66.9	12.3	39.4	65.8	12.3
Sindh	43.3	68.5	15.0	43.8	70.2	15.2
Rural	50.4	72.1	25.6	49.7	73.0	24.7
Urban	37.5	65.5	6.6	38.7	67.8	6.8
KP	38.5	63.0	15.3	39.5	63.2	15.8
Rural	39.3	63.0	16.9	40.1	63.4	17.0
Urban	35.1	62.7	7.7	36.7	62.3	9.1
Balochistan	40.8	62.8	12.8	40.4	64.3	11.9
Rural	43.0	64.5	15.7	42.7	66.2	15.0
Urban	35.1	58.6	5.2	34.7	59.7	4.4

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: The comparative figures of the surveys estimates indicate that Refined Labour Force Participation Rate (47.7%) in LFS 2024-25 is on the upper side than that of (44.9%) in LFS 2020-21. The gender disaggregated figures suggest that refined labour force participation rate during the comparative period for male (67.9%, 69.8%) and female (21.4%, 24.4%) increased almost (2%) in male and (3%) in female. Area-wise data indicate that refined participation rate in rural areas increased from (48.6%, 52.3%) and in the urban areas increased from (38.8%, 40.8%) during comparative periods. Refined labour force.

Table 7.2(b) Refined Activity Participation Rates 19th ICLS (%) Pakistan and Provinces for the year 2024-25

Province/ Area	2024-25 19 th ICLS (%)		
	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan	46.3	68.7	22.7
Rural	50.3	70.6	29.3
Urban	40.2	65.9	12.8
Punjab	49.0	69.4	28.1
Rural	54.8	72.4	37.2
Urban	40.8	65.3	15.3
Sindh	44.7	70.9	16.2
Rural	51.7	74.9	26.2
Urban	39.3	67.7	8.5
KP	41.2	64.5	16.8
Rural	41.2	64.5	17.0
Urban	40.8	64.4	15.5
Balochistan	41.7	65.6	12.8
Rural	43.0	66.5	14.8
Urban	38.6	63.7	8.1

Source: - Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey)

Table 7.3 Age Specific Labour Force Participation Rates by sex for the year 2018-19, 2020-21 & 2024-25

(Percent)

Age Groups	2018-19		
	Total	Male	Female
10-14	7.3	8.8	5.6
15-19	31.9	45.0	17.2
20-24	53.1	81.2	26.8
25-29	59.2	97.4	27.6
30-34	60.2	99.4	26.7
35-39	62.8	99.5	28.8
40-44	64.7	99.3	29.7
45-49	65.3	99.5	30.8
50-54	65.4	98.8	28.8
55-59	62.0	94.8	24.4
60+	30.8	48.6	8.9
Age Groups	2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female
10 Year & Over	44.9	67.9	21.4
15 Years & Over	52.8	80.8	24.6
15-24 Years	43.8	64.7	21.9
15-29 Years	48.6	73.3	24.2
15-64 Years	54.7	84	25.6
Age Groups	2024-2519th ICLS (%)		
	Total	Male	Female
10 Year & Over	46.3	68.7	22.7
15 Years & Over	53.9	80.4	26.3
15-24 Years	44.4	64.7	22.1
15-29 Years	49.5	72.3	25.3
15-64 Years	56.0	83.9	27.5

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Table 7.4: Percentage Distribution of Population and that of 10 Years of Age and above by Area, Age, Sex and Nature of Activities 2014

Economic Activity	Total Population			Civilian Labour Force			Out of Labour Force		
	Both Sex	Male	Female	Both Sex	Male	Female	Both Sex	Male	Female
2017-18									
All Areas									
Total (All Ages)	100.0	44.48	55.52	32.06	24.43	7.63	67.94	20.05	47.89
Total (10 Years&above)	100.0	50.44	49.56	44.79	34.14	10.65	55.21	16.3	38.91
10-14	17.33	9.23	8.1	1.27	0.81	0.46	16.06	8.42	7.64
15-19	14.94	7.9	7.04	4.76	3.55	1.21	10.18	4.35	5.83
20-24	11.94	5.76	6.18	6.34	4.68	1.66	5.6	1.08	4.52
25-29	10.31	4.66	5.65	6.1	4.54	1.56	4.21	0.12	4.09
30-34	8.84	4.08	4.76	5.32	4.05	1.27	3.52	0.03	3.49
35-39	8.33	4.01	4.32	5.23	3.99	1.24	3.1	0.02	3.08
40-44	6.73	3.39	3.34	4.36	3.37	0.99	2.37	0.02	2.35
45-49	5.9	2.96	2.94	3.85	2.94	0.91	2.05	0.02	2.03
50-54	4.66	2.44	2.22	3.05	2.41	0.64	1.61	0.03	1.58
55-59	3.57	1.90	1.67	2.21	1.8	0.41	1.36	0.10	1.26
60-64	2.91	1.54	1.37	1.27	1.06	0.21	1.64	0.48	1.16
65 Years & Above	4.52	2.55	1.97	1.02	0.93	0.09	3.5	1.62	1.88
Rural Areas									
Total (All Ages)	100.0	43.88	56.12	33.87	23.9	9.97	66.13	19.98	46.15
Total (10 Years&above)	100.0	49.87	50.14	48.71	34.37	14.34	51.3	15.5	35.8
10-14	18.21	9.76	8.45	1.77	1.07	0.7	16.44	8.69	7.75
15-19	15.08	7.88	7.2	5.69	3.98	1.71	9.39	3.9	5.49
20-24	11.85	5.59	6.26	6.96	4.82	2.14	4.89	0.77	4.12
25-29	10.22	4.52	5.7	6.49	4.46	2.03	3.73	0.06	3.67
30-34	8.45	3.8	4.65	5.45	3.79	1.66	3	0.01	2.99
35-39	8.11	3.83	4.28	5.48	3.82	1.66	2.63	0.01	2.62
40-44	6.41	3.12	3.29	4.44	3.11	1.33	1.97	0.01	1.96
45-49	5.80	2.85	2.95	4.08	2.84	1.24	1.72	0.01	1.71
50-54	4.52	2.31	2.21	3.17	2.3	0.87	1.35	0.01	1.34
55-59	3.61	1.96	1.65	2.46	1.89	0.57	1.15	0.07	1.08
60-64	2.9	1.54	1.36	1.48	1.18	0.3	1.42	0.36	1.06
65 Years & Above	4.84	2.71	2.13	1.23	1.11	0.12	3.61	1.6	2.01
Urban Areas									
Total (All Ages)	100.0	45.67	54.33	28.94	25.35	3.59	71.06	20.32	50.74
Total (10 Years&above)	100.0	51.35	48.65	38.58	33.79	4.79	61.42	17.56	43.86
14-Oct	15.93	8.4	7.53	0.47	0.4	0.07	15.46	8	7.46
15-19	14.73	7.92	6.81	3.29	2.86	0.43	11.44	5.06	6.38
20-24	12.08	6.04	6.04	5.34	4.46	0.88	6.74	1.58	5.16
25-29	10.45	4.89	5.56	5.49	4.68	0.81	4.96	0.21	4.75
30-34	9.48	4.53	4.95	5.14	4.48	0.66	4.34	0.05	4.29
35-39	8.67	4.29	4.38	4.83	4.25	0.58	3.84	0.04	3.8
40-44	7.27	3.82	3.45	4.23	3.77	0.46	3.04	0.05	2.99
45-49	6.03	3.12	2.91	3.47	3.1	0.37	2.56	0.02	2.54
50-54	4.9	2.65	2.25	2.87	2.59	0.28	2.03	0.06	1.97
55-59	3.49	1.82	1.67	1.82	1.68	0.14	1.67	0.14	1.53
60-64	2.96	1.56	1.4	0.96	0.88	0.08	2	0.68	1.32
65 Years & Above	4.03	2.32	1.71	0.68	0.65	0.03	3.35	1.67	1.68

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Table 7.4: Percentage Distribution of Population and that of 10 Years of Age and above by Area, Age, Sex and Nature of Activities

Age Group	Employment to Population Ratio			Civilian Labour Force Participation Rate			Out of Labour Force Unemployment Rate		
	Both Sex	Male	Female	Both Sex	Male	Female	Both Sex	Male	Female
2024-25 (19th ICLS)									
Total	43.0	64.6	20.4	46.3	68.7	22.7	7.1	6.0	10.5
10-14	6.4	8.9	3.5	6.7	9.5	3.6	4.5	5.8	0.7
15-24	38.7	56.7	19.0	44.4	64.7	22.1	12.8	12.5	14.0
25-34	57.7	89.7	28.2	62.9	95.2	33.2	8.3	5.8	14.9
35-44	61.1	93.8	30.0	63.6	96.5	32.5	4.0	2.8	7.5
45-54	62.3	93.6	28.8	64.4	96.0	30.5	3.3	2.5	5.8
55-64	48.1	78.1	15.1	50.2	81.7	15.6	4.2	4.4	3.1
65 & Over	21.7	34.2	4.4	21.9	34.5	4.4	0.8	0.9	0.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: (2.48 million people, categorized under codes 3 and 4 in Q5.10 of LFS 2024-25 questionnaire) are included in the agriculture sector employment, whereas previously they were classified under employment. Therefore, the values of the above three indicators will be different as per 13th & 19th ICLS

Table7.5: Civilian Labour Force of Pakistan and Provinces by Rural, Urban and Sex

(Million)

Province/Area	Labour Force 13 th ICLS						LFS 19 th ICLS		
	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan									
Total	68.75	52.41	16.34	71.8	54.9	16.84	83.13	63.21	19.92
Rural	45.86	32.36	13.5	48.5	34.6	13.93	54.11	38.67	15.44
Urban	22.89	20.05	2.84	23.3	20.3	2.91	29.02	24.54	4.48
Punjab									
Total	41.3	29.67	11.6	41.9	30.3	11.65	48.15	34.48	13.67
Rural	27.99	18.41	9.58	28.6	19	9.6	31.34	20.74	10.60
Urban	13.27	11.26	2.01	13.3	11.2	2.04	16.81	13.74	3.07
Sindh									
Total	15.4	12.88	2.52	15.9	13.3	2.65	18.52	15.31	3.21
Rural	8.02	6.12	1.90	8.43	6.41	2.02	9.38	7.12	2.26
Urban	7.38	6.76	0.6	7.5	6.86	0.63	9.14	8.19	0.95
KP									
Total	8.61	6.86	1.75	10.3	8.27	2.05	12.48	9.99	2.49
Rural	7.21	5.62	1.59	8.75	6.88	1.87	10.55	8.41	2.14
Urban	1.4	1.24	0.16	1.57	1.39	0.18	1.93	1.58	0.35
Balochistan									
Total	3.48	3.0	0.48	3.61	3.12	0.49	3.98	3.43	0.55
Rural	2.64	2.21	0.43	2.71	2.27	0.44	2.84	2.39	0.44
Urban	0.84	0.79	0.05	0.9	0.85	0.05	1.14	1.04	0.11

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: For comparability with LFS 2020-21, own-use producers (2.48 million people, categorized under codes 3 and 4 in Q5.10 of LFS 2024-25 questionnaire) are included in the labour force; therefore, the labour force figures for the 13th and 19th ICLS will not be matched.

Table 7.6: Employed Population-Pakistan and Provinces

(Million)

Province/ Area	13 th ICLS						19 th ICLS		
	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan									
Total	64	49.3	14.7	67.3	51.9	15.34	77.2	59.4	17.8
Rural	42.9	30.6	12.34	45.7	32.8	12.9	50.5	36.4	14.1
Urban	21.1	18.7	2.36	21.6	19.1	2.44	26.7	23	3.7
Punjab									
Total	38.2	27.7	10.5	39.1	28.4	10.66	44.7	32.3	12.4
Rural	26.1	17.3	8.8	26.8	17.9	8.93	29.3	19.5	9.8
Urban	12.1	10.4	1.7	12.2	10.5	1.73	15.4	12.8	2.6
Sindh									
Total	14.8	12.4	2.33	15.3	12.8	2.48	17.5	14.6	2.9
Rural	7.83	5.99	1.84	8.26	6.29	1.97	9	6.8	2.2
Urban	6.94	6.45	0.49	7.05	6.54	0.51	8.5	7.8	0.7
KP									
Total	7.72	6.3	1.42	9.41	7.68	1.73	11.3	9.2	2.1
Rural	6.46	5.16	1.3	7.98	6.4	1.58	9.6	7.8	1.8
Urban	1.26	1.14	0.12	1.43	1.28	0.15	1.7	1.5	0.3
Balochistan									
Total	3.32	2.88	0.44	3.46	3	0.46	3.8	3.3	0.5
Rural	2.55	2.15	0.4	2.63	2.2	0.43	2.7	2.3	0.4
Urban	0.77	0.73	0.04	0.83	0.8	0.03	1.1	1	0.1

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Table 7.7(a): Unemployed: Pakistan and Provinces 15 plus 13th ICLS 2018-19, 2020-21 & 2024-25

(Million)

Area	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan						
Total	4.71	3.08	1.64	4.51	3.01	1.50
Rural	2.92	1.77	1.15	2.81	1.78	1.03
Urban	1.80	1.31	0.49	1.71	1.23	0.48
Punjab						
Total	3.05	1.96	1.09	2.83	1.85	0.98
Rural	1.90	1.12	0.78	1.78	1.10	0.68
Urban	1.15	0.84	0.31	1.05	0.75	0.30
Sindh						
Total	0.62	0.43	0.19	0.61	0.44	0.17
Rural	0.18	0.12	0.06	0.17	0.12	0.05
Urban	0.43	0.30	0.13	0.44	0.31	0.13
KP						
Total	0.88	0.56	0.32	0.91	0.59	0.32
Rural	0.74	0.46	0.29	0.77	0.48	0.29
Urban	0.14	0.11	0.03	0.14	0.11	0.03
Balochistan						
Total	0.16	0.13	0.04	0.16	0.13	0.02
Rural	0.09	0.07	0.02	0.09	0.08	0.01
Urban	0.07	0.06	0.01	0.07	0.06	0.01

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (LFS).

Table 7.7(b): Unemployed: Pakistan and Provinces 15 plus 19th ICLS 2024-25

(Million)

Area	2024-25 (19 th ICLS)		
	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan			
Total	5.9	3.8	2.1
Rural	3.5	2.3	1.3
Urban	2.4	1.6	0.8
Punjab			
Total	3.5	2.2	1.3
Rural	2.1	1.2	0.8
Urban	1.4	0.9	0.5
Sindh			
Total	1.0	0.7	0.3
Rural	0.3	0.3	0.1
Urban	0.6	0.4	0.2
KP			
Total	1.2	0.8	0.5
Rural	1.0	0.6	0.4
Urban	0.2	0.1	0.1
Balochistan			
Total	0.2	0.2	0.0
Rural	0.1	0.1	0.0
Urban	0.1	0.1	0.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Table 7.8(a): Distribution of Employed: Major Industry Divisions, 2018-19 & 2020-21 13th ICLS

(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Agriculture, forestry, hunting & fishing	39.2	30.8	69.8	37.4	28.4	67.9
Manufacturing	15.0	15.5	13.4	14.9	15.1	14.2
Construction	8.0	10.3	0.3	9.5	12.2	0.4
Wholesale and retail trade	14.5	18.5	1.2	14.5	18.3	1.2
Transport, storage and communication	6.2	8.0	0.1	6.2	8.0	0.2
Community, social and personal services	14.9	14.2	14.9	16.0	16.1	15.8
Others	2.2	2.7	0.3	1.5	1.9	0.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: Under the 13th ICLS, the LFS 2024-25 counts 2.48 million own-use producers as part of agricultural employment for comparability with LFS 2020-21. However, under the 19th ICLS, these are excluded from agricultural, forestry & fisher, leading to changes in the employment shares of other sectors.

Table 7.8(b): Distribution of Employed: Major Industry Divisions, 2024-25 19th ICLS

(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female
Agriculture, forestry, hunting & fishing	33.1	24.5	61.4
Manufacturing	14.8	14.8	14.3
Construction	9.9	12.9	0.1
Wholesale and retail trade	16.0	20.1	2.3
Transport, storage and communication	6.6	8.5	0.6
Community, social and personal services	17.9	17.2	20.3
* Others	1.6	1.9	0.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

* Other (includes mining & quarrying, electricity, gas & water & financial and Insurance activities).

Table 7.9 (a) Distribution of Employed: Major Occupational Groups 13th ICLS

(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2018-19			2020-21		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Legislators, senior officials and Managers	2.6	3.2	0.5	2.5	3.0	0.6
Professionals	5.1	4.4	7.5	5.0	4.0	8.5
Technicians and associate professionals	3.8	4.4	1.6	3.8	4.4	1.7
Clerks	1.4	1.7	0.2	1.4	1.8	0.3
Service workers and shop & market sales workers	16.0	20.1	2.1	15.6	19.6	2.1
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	33.5	25.4	60.8	33.2	25.2	60.5
Craft and related trades workers	13.5	13.9	11.9	13.7	14.1	12.3
Plant and machine operators & assemblers	6.9	8.9	0.2	7.4	9.5	0.4
Elementary (unskilled) occupations	17.2	17.9	15.2	17.4	18.4	13.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: Under the 13th ICLS, the LFS 2024-25 includes 2.48 million own-use producers in Skilled agricultural, forestry & fishery workers to maintain comparability with LFS 2020-21. However, under the 19th ICLS, these are excluded from Skilled agricultural, forestry & fishery workers, leading to changes in the employment shares of major occupational groups.

Table 7.9(b) Distribution of Employed: Major Occupational Groups 19th ICLS

(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female
Legislators, senior officials and Managers	2.3	2.8	0.6
Professionals	6.2	4.7	11.2
Technicians and associate professionals	4.3	4.7	2.8
Clerks	1.8	2.1	0.6
Service workers and shop & market sales workers	17.2	21.4	3.4
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	28.0	19.9	54.7
Craft and related trades workers	13.7	13.6	14.0
Plant and machine operators & assemblers	8.3	10.7	0.6
Elementary (unskilled) occupations	17.3	20.1	12.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Total may not tally due to rounding effects.

Table 7.10 Distribution of Employed: Employment Status and Sex

(Percent)

Employment Status	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Employers	1.5	1.9	0.1	1.4	1.8	0.1	1.3	1.7	0.1
Own account worker	35.8	40.2	21.2	35.5	40.4	19	36.1	39.4	25.2
Unpaid family helpers	22.9	12.8	56.9	21.1	10.8	55.9	19.1	9.9	49.7
Employees	39.8	45.1	21.8	42.0	47.0	25.0	43.5	49.0	25.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: In the LFS 2024-25 figures, the category of "own account workers" is a combination of independent workers without employees and dependent contractors, while the category of "employees" comprised of paid employees and paid apprentices

Table 7.11 Distribution of Employed: Hours Worked

(Percent)

2018-19								
Area/ Province	Not worked	Less than 5 hours	15-24 Hours	25-34 Hours	35-41 Hours	42-48 Hours	49 – 55 Hours	56 Hours & above
Pakistan								
Total	0	1.8	6.9	7.2	19.3	25.1	13.0	26.7
Rural	0	2.4	9.3	8.9	21.8	22.9	11.7	23.1
Urban	0	0.5	2.1	3.7	14.3	29.6	15.8	34.0
Punjab								
Total	0	1.6	6.8	7.9	20.6	23.8	11.4	27.7
Rural	0	2.2	8.9	9.7	22.6	22	11.1	23.5
Urban	0	0.4	2.4	4.2	16.4	27.6	12.1	36.8
Sindh								
Total	0	1.0	3.8	4.5	18.2	27.2	17.4	27.7
Rural	0	1.7	6.3	6.4	25.7	23.1	13.2	23.8
Urban	0	0.4	1.1	2.5	9.9	31.8	22.2	32.2
KP								
Total	0	3.9	13.9	9.6	16.5	23.7	10.1	22.3
Rural	0	4.3	15.5	10.4	16.3	22.1	9.5	21.9
Urban	0	1.5	5.8	5.4	18.1	32.0	13.2	24.0
Balochistan								
Total	0	1.8	5.4	4.2	15.3	34.5	18.2	20.7
Rural	0	2.2	6.5	4.3	15.4	33.3	18	20.2
Urban	0	0.4	1.6	3.9	15.1	38.3	18.7	22.0
2020-21								
Area/ Province	Not worked	Less than 5 hours	15-24 Hours	25-34 Hours	35-41 Hours	42-48 Hours	49 – 55 Hours	56 Hours & above
Pakistan								
Total	0	1.7	5.5	7.4	17.5	26.4	13.4	28.1
Rural	0	2.1	7	9	19.9	24.7	12.2	25.1
Urban	0	0.7	2.2	4.0	12.4	30.4	15.9	34.4
Punjab								
Total	0	1.7	6.3	8.8	18.3	24.9	12.8	27.2
Rural	0	2.2	7.8	10.7	20.6	22.9	11.5	24.3
Urban	0	0.7	2.9	4.6	13.3	29.4	15.6	33.5
Sindh								
Total	0	0.5	1.8	4.2	16.4	27.8	17.1	32.2
Rural	0	0.8	2.7	5.5	21.5	24.8	16.7	28.0
Urban	0	0.2	0.7	2.7	10.4	31.2	17.6	37.2
KP								
Total	0	4.0	9.7	8.5	17.1	28.7	9.4	22.6
Rural	0	4.5	10.7	9.0	17.5	27.4	9.2	21.7
Urban	0	1.5	4.4	5.8	14.4	34.9	10.8	28.2
Balochistan								
Total	0	0.3	1.2	3.9	14.5	32.0	15	33.1
Rural	0	0.3	1.2	4.2	15.1	32.1	15	32.1
Urban	0	0.1	1.2	3.2	13.1	31.5	15	35.9

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Table 7.11 Distribution of Employed: Hours Worked

(Percent)

Area/ Province	Total Employed	Not worked	Less than 5 hours	5-9 Hours	10-14 Hours	14-24 Hours	25-34 Hours	35-39 Hours	40-41 Hours	42-48 Hours	49-55 Hours	56 Hours & above
2024-25												
Pakistan												
Total	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.1	5.5	5.4	12.2	8.0	28.0	12.5	26.8
Rural	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.0	6.3	6.2	14.8	8.6	27.5	11.1	24.0
Urban	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.5	1.2	4.0	4.0	7.3	6.7	29.0	15.1	32.1
Punjab												
Total	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.9	6.2	6.3	11.0	7.4	26.6	11.9	29.4
Rural	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.0	7.2	7.5	13.2	7.8	26	10.9	25.9
Urban	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.8	4.1	4.2	6.6	6.6	27.7	13.7	36.0
Sindh												
Total	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.8	1.8	3.7	4.4	16.6	8.8	27.4	15.7	20.7
Rural	100.0	0.0	0.2	0.6	1.4	4.1	4.9	24.3	10.8	24.9	13.1	15.8
Urban	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.9	2.3	3.4	3.9	8.3	6.7	29.9	18.4	26.0
K.P												
Total	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.6	5.7	4.4	11.7	8.7	34.1	8.9	25.7
Rural	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.6	5.7	4.5	12.4	8.8	33.8	8.6	25.4
Urban	100.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	6.1	3.8	8.3	8	35.3	10.7	27.3
Balochistan												
Total	100.0	0.0	0.2	0.5	1.3	5.1	2.7	8.1	8.9	29.7	15.7	27.5
Rural	100.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	1.4	5.5	2.6	8.7	9.7	29.5	15.8	26.0
Urban	100.0	0.0	0.2	1.0	1.0	4.0	3.0	6.5	6.7	30.0	15.6	31.7

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note:- LFS 2020-21 and earlier surveys (including 2018-19) were conducted on the basis of 13th ICLS standards. it is not possible to provide LFS (2020-21 & 2018-19) data on a 19th ICLS basis.

Table 7.12 Distribution of Non-Agriculture Workers Formal and Informal Sector

(Percent)

Sector	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Formal	27.6	27.3	29.5	27.5	26.6	34.5	27.9	27.0	33.7
Informal	72.4	72.7	70.5	72.5	73.4	65.5	72.1	73.0	66.3
Rural	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Formal	23.3	23.6	21.4	23.8	23	28.9	24.5	23.7	29.1
Informal	76.7	76.4	78.6	76.2	77	71.1	75.5	76.3	70.9
Urban	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Formal	31.9	31.0	39.5	31.5	30.3	42.1	31.7	30.6	41.5
Informal	68.1	69.0	60.5	68.5	69.7	57.9	68.3	69.4	58.5

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Table 7.13 Distribution by Major Industry Divisions Informal Sectors Workers

(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Manufacturing	20.9	16.3	57.5	20.2	15.7	58.6	19.3	14.7	52.2
Construction	17.4	19.4	1.1	19.6	21.8	1.3	19.3	21.9	0.4
Wholesale and retail trade	32.1	35.4	5.5	30.5	33.6	5.4	31	34.2	8.1
Transport, storage and communication	12	13.5	0.1	11.7	13	0.2	11.7	13.1	1.8
Community, social and personal services	15.5	13.0	35.5	17.5	15.4	34.5	18.4	15.7	37.4
Others (includes mining & quarrying; electricity, gas & water and finance, insurance, real estate & business services	2.1	2.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	-	0.3	0.4	0.1

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

*Others (includes mining & quarrying; electricity, gas & water and finance, insurance, real estate & business services)

Table 7.14 Informal Sectors Workers - Distribution by Major Occupational Groups

(Percent)

Major Occupational Divisions	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Both Sex	Male	Female	Both Sex	Male	Female	Both Sex	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Legislators, senior officials & Managers	2.8	3.1	0.4	2.2	2.4	0.5	2.3	2.6	0.5
Professionals	3.4	2.7	9.4	3.3	2.5	9.8	4.5	3.2	14
Technicians and associate professionals	3.7	4.0	1.2	3.9	4.2	1.4	4.1	4.4	2.4
Clerks	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.3
Services workers and shop & market sales workers	31.7	34.5	8.9	30.1	32.6	8.5	30.2	32.8	11.2
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	0.1	0.1		0.1	0.1	-	0.2	0.3	-
Craft and related trade workers	27.5	24.0	55.4	26.5	23.0	56.2	25.3	21.5	51.6
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	11.5	12.8	0.8	11.9	13.2	1.1	11.8	13.2	1.7
Elementary (unskilled) occupations	19.1	18.5	24.0	21.6	21.5	22.4	21.2	21.6	18.3

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note: Total may tally due to rounding effects

Table 7.15 Informal Sectors Workers- Distribution by Employment Status

(Percent)

Employment Status	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Both Sex	Male	Female	Both Sex	Male	Female	Both Sex	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employer	2.8	3.2	0.2	2.6	2.8	0.3	1.9	2.2	0.2
Own account worker	43.7	43.7	43.3	40.6	41.2	35.3	46	44.4	57.4
Contributing family workers	8.6	7.7	16.2	7.8	7.0	15	7.4	6.6	12.9
Employees	44.9	45.4	40.3	49	49	49.4	44.7	46.8	29.5

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Table 7.16 Occupational Injuries/Diseases-Employed Persons 10+Years of Age by Status

(Percent)

Status of Injuries/Diseases	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Suffered	3.3	3.9	1.2	2.7	3.2	1	2.7	3.2	1.2
Not suffered	96.7	96.1	98.8	97.3	96.8	99	97.3	96.8	98.8
Rural	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Suffered	3.7	4.6	1.3	2.7	3.5	0.9	2.6	3.2	1.1
Not suffered	96.3	95.4	98.7	97.3	96.5	99.1	97.4	96.8	98.9
Urban	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Suffered	2.6	2.8	0.5	2.6	2.8	1.1	2.9	3.1	1.6
Not suffered	97.4	97.2	99.5	97.4	97.2	98.9	97.1	96.9	98.4

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Table 7.17 Occupational Injuries/Diseases by Major Industry Divisions by sex

(Percent)

Major Industry Divisions	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing	38.6	34.5	83.7	29.3	26.3	61.7	23.9	21.6	44.2
Mining & quarrying	0.2	0.3	-	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.7	0
Manufacturing	16.2	17.1	6.4	19.1	18.6	24.8	17.4	17.6	15.4
Electricity, gas and water	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.8	0.8	-	0.7	0.7	0
Construction	21.5	23.0	4.8	19.7	21.2	3	17.5	19.5	0.7
Wholesale & retail trade and restaurants & hotels	9.2	10.0	-	13.7	14.9	1.2	17	18.3	4.9
Transport, storage and communication	8.8	9.6	-	10.2	11.1	-	11.1	12.3	0
Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	-	0.5	0.6	0
Community, social and personal services	5.1	5.1	5.1	6.6	6.5	8.9	11.3	8.7	34.8

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note:- - Stands for no information

Table 7.18 Occupational Injuries/Diseases by Major Occupational Groups

(Percent)

Major Occupational Groups	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	100.1
Legislators, senior officials & Managers	0.6	0.6	-	1.2	1.3	0.3	1.4	1.5	0.3
Professionals	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.8	4.2	2.3	21.0
Technicians and associate professionals	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	0.9	3.4	3.1	6.2
Clerks	0.2	0.2	-	0.6	0.7	-	1.0	1.1	-
Service workers and shop & market sales workers	7.2	7.8	0.6	11.0	11.8	2.1	14.6	15.4	7.3
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	30.9	28.5	57.7	26.1	23.1	58.6	19.5	17.3	39.3
Craft and related trade workers	23.4	25.0	5.8	23.6	23.7	23	18.5	19.1	13.6
Plant and machine operators and assembles	8.7	9.5	-	10.8	11.7	0.2	14.6	16.1	0.8
Elementary (unskilled) occupations	27.1	26.5	33.3	24.0	25.0	13.1	22.7	24.0	11.6

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note:- Totals may not tally due to rounding effect

- Stands for insignificant or no information.

Table 7.19 Occupational Injuries/Diseases by Employment Sector

(Percent)

Employment Status	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	99.9	100.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employers	0.7	0.7	-	1.4	1.5	0.3	1.1	1.3	-
Own account worker	38.0	40.6	8.6	39.6	40.5	29.5	38.1	39.3	26
Contributing family workers	14.2	9.9	62.2	10.9	7.1	53.5	9.6	6.3	39.6
Employees	47.1	48.7	29.3	48.1	50.9	16.7	51.2	53.1	34.4

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Note:- - Stands for no information.

Table 7.20 Occupational Injuries/Diseases by Types of Treatment Received

(Percent)

Types of Treatment received	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Hospitalized	11.8	12.0	8.6	16.2	16.7	10.6	27.0	27.8	20.0
Consulted a Doctor or other Medical Professional	43.4	45.2	23.5	40.5	41.9	25.2	45.7	45.3	48.2
Took time off work	30.7	29.3	45.9	31.6	29.5	55	25.7	25.4	28.8
None	14.1	13.4	22.0	11.7	11.9	9.2	1.6	1.5	3.0

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Table 7.21: Unemployment Rates Including Underemployed Who Worked Less Than 15 Hours during Reference Week

(Percent)

Types of Treatment received	2018-19			2020-21			2024-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Pakistan	6.9	5.9	10.0	6.3	5.5	8.9	7.1	6.0	10.5
Rural	6.4	5.5	8.5	5.8	5.2	7.4	6.5	5.8	8.3
Urban	7.9	6.5	17.1	7.3	6.0	16.4	8.2	6.3	18.1

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Table 7.22 Unemployment: Rates: Sex and Age 2018-19

(Percent)

Age group	Total	Male	Female
10-14	11.3	15.2	4.5
15-19	13.3	14.7	9.2
20-24	11.8	8.5	21.4
25-29	8.6	5.3	18.3
30-34	4.3	2.7	9.4
35-39	2.5	2.6	2.4
40-44	2.8	2.7	3
45-49	3.1	3.1	3
50-54	5.1	5.1	5.1
55-59	7.8	7.3	9.7
60 Years & Above	3.9	3.7	5.3

Source:- Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (Labour Force Survey).

Table 7.23: Federal Government Employees by BPS and Sex

BPS	2019-20			2020-21			2021-22		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
22	82	7	89	78	8	86	75	7	82
21	361	28	389	344	27	371	354	38	392
20	946	144	1,090	936	161	1,097	981	159	1,140
19	2,361	515	2,876	2,335	536	2,871	2,396	520	2,916
18	6,074	1,305	7,379	5,868	1,282	7,150	6,042	1,307	7,349
17	10,513	4,145	14,658	9,760	3,616	13,376	10,238	3,851	14,089
Sub Total	20,337	6,144	26,481	19,321	5,630	24,951	20,086	5,882	25,968
16	28,498	5,652	34,150	26,651	5,656	32,307	26,119	5,069	31,188
15	5,445	557	6,002	5,328	578	5,906	5,493	610	6,103
14	17,826	2,762	20,588	18,699	2,987	21,686	19,232	2,868	22,100
13	2,882	28	2,910	2,903	25	2,928	2,856	51	2,907
12	4,174	221	4,395	3,376	111	3,487	3,158	142	3,300
11	25,415	1,407	26,822	25,264	1,471	26,735	25,465	1,376	26,841
10	3,507	27	3,534	3,331	32	3,363	3,516	104	3,620
9	42,065	1,965	44,030	42,285	1,941	44,226	39,822	1,882	41,704
8	8,885	98	8,983	10,038	91	10,129	11,785	161	11,946
7	54,076	1,686	55,762	56,932	1,847	58,779	58,583	2,116	60,699
6	66,805	277	67,082	68,565	253	68,818	65,763	256	66,019
5	118,314	526	118,840	119,897	620	120,517	121,603	909	122,512
4	23,344	318	23,662	23,674	354	24,028	24,498	472	24,970
3	8,450	277	8,727	8,195	226	8,421	8,053	203	8,256
2	44,430	2,819	47,249	42,360	2,450	44,810	43,588	2,654	46,242
1	62,399	3,466	65,865	66,878	3,650	70,528	67,279	3,700	70,979
Sub Total	516,515	22,086	538,601	524,376	22,292	546,668	526,813	22,573	549,386
Total	536,852	28,230	565,082	543,697	27,922	571,619	546,899	28,455	575,354

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Table 7.23: Federal Government Employees by BPS and Sex

BPS	2022-23			2023-24			2024-25		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
22	83	8	91	77	10	87	68	8	76
21	354	40	394	332	46	378	356	48	404
20	966	159	1,125	917	145	1,062	940	150	1,090
19	2,376	659	3,035	2,238	631	2,869	2,178	640	2,818
18	6,302	1,618	7,920	5,780	1,400	7,180	5,853	1,577	7,430
17	10,215	4,231	14,446	11,405	4,455	15,860	11,622	4,429	16,051
Sub Total	20,296	6,715	27,011	20,749	6,687	27,436	21,017	6,852	27,869
16	24,581	5,512	30,093	22,747	5,555	28,302	21,982	5,128	27,110
15	5,998	710	6,708	6,188	758	6,946	6,585	798	7,383
14	20,292	3,098	23,390	18,698	3,063	21,761	18,808	3,167	21,975
13	2,710	20	2,730	7,477	443	7,920	9,672	710	10,382
12	2,546	108	2,654	2,425	162	2,587	2,496	134	2,630
11	25,435	1,548	26,983	26,347	1,736	28,083	25,561	1,785	27,346
10	3,690	199	3,889	3,174	189	3,363	7,144	180	7,324
9	36,339	1,908	38,247	30,815	1,285	32,100	27,929	1,671	29,600
8	14,976	114	15,090	13,248	106	13,354	14,889	144	15,033
7	57,301	2,005	59,306	56,373	1,881	58,254	72,825	1,682	74,507
6	69,037	278	69,315	64,073	267	64,340	66,417	432	66,849
5	127,837	822	128,659	118,539	816	119,355	97,959	737	98,696
4	25,823	422	26,245	23,480	170	23,650	20,590	153	20,743
3	8,947	345	9,292	10,784	204	10,988	7,382	306	7,688
2	48,282	2,629	50,911	38,531	1,734	40,265	36,671	1,818	38,489
1	66,305	3,757	70,062	52,462	2,092	54,554	53,370	2,087	55,457
Sub Total	540,099	23,475	563,574	495,361	20,461	515,822	490,280	20,932	511,212
Total	560,395	30,190	590,585	*516110	*27148	*543258	*511297	*27784	*539081

Source: Management Services Wing, Establishment Division

* Excluding the number of employees working in GHQ

Table 7.24: Domicile – wise Position of Employees in Corporation/Bodies by Gender

Domicile	Officer BPS 17-22 or Equivalent			Staff BPS 1-16 or Equivalent			Total		
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total
2019-20									
Islamabad	354	892	1246	327	6799	7126	681	7691	8372
Punjab	3985	26440	30425	7584	174023	181607	11569	200463	212032
Sindh R	353	7603	7956	1046	27870	28916	1399	35473	36872
Sindh U	1151	9002	10153	1847	32362	34209	2998	41364	44362
KP	646	7485	8131	1368	47851	49219	2014	55336	57350
Balochistan	151	2807	2958	462	13807	14269	613	16614	17227
AJ & K	136	972	1108	273	4631	4904	409	5603	6012
G.B	36	478	514	111	2816	2927	147	3294	3441
FATA	20	643	663	29	2937	2966	49	3580	3629
Total	6832	56322	63154	13047	313096	326143	19879	369418	389297
2020-21									
Islamabad	316	828	1144	737	6323	7060	1053	7151	8204
Punjab	3574	24612	28186	7689	167308	174997	11263	191920	203183
Sindh R	427	8174	8601	1080	26765	27845	1507	34939	36446
Sindh U	1107	8262	9369	1774	31050	32824	2881	39312	42193
KP	422	6573	6995	1336	44345	45681	1758	50918	52676
Balochistan	155	2735	2890	474	13459	13933	629	16194	16823
AJ & K	100	814	914	287	4471	4758	387	5285	5672
GB	34	481	515	103	2171	2274	137	2652	2789
FATA	19	576	595	70	2630	2700	89	3206	3295
Total	6154	53055	59209	13550	298522	312072	19704	351577	371281
2021-22									
Islamabad	320	852	1172	720	7844	8564	1040	8696	9736
Punjab	3736	24619	28355	7623	163607	171230	11359	188226	199585
Sindh R	445	7609	8054	965	26387	27352	1410	33996	35406
Sindh U	1054	8058	9112	1546	29917	31463	2600	37975	40575
KPK	446	6721	7167	1244	44895	46139	1690	51616	53306
Balochistan	157	2775	2932	427	13005	13432	584	15780	16364
AJ & K	98	825	923	278	4423	4701	376	5248	5624
G.B	41	521	562	111	2162	2273	152	2683	2835
FATA	14	566	580	32	2349	2381	46	2915	2961
Total	6311	52546	58857	12946	294589	307535	19257	347135	366392

Contd..

Table 7.24: Domicile – wise Position of Employees in Corporation/Bodies by Gender

Domicile	Officer BPS 17-22 or Equivalent			Staff BPS 1-16 or Equivalent			Total		
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total
2022-23									
Islamabad	379	1046	1425	827	9298	10125	1206	10344	11550
Punjab	3527	24389	27916	7504	158028	165532	11031	182417	193448
Sindh R	451	6456	6907	885	24517	25402	1336	30973	32309
Sindh U	1104	7644	8748	1618	27971	29589	2722	35615	38337
KPK	530	6820	7350	1306	44966	46272	1836	51786	53622
Balochistan	169	2811	2980	443	13004	13447	612	15815	16427
AJ & K	105	858	963	277	3981	4258	382	4839	5221
G.B	46	570	616	107	2479	2586	153	3049	3202
FATA	16	557	573	24	2312	2336	40	2869	2909
Total	6327	51151	57478	12991	286556	299547	19318	337707	357025
2023-24									
Islamabad	352	924	1276	724	9829	10553	1076	10753	11829
Punjab	3960	24684	28644	7348	156138	163486	11308	180822	192130
Sindh R	468	6485	6953	828	23432	24260	1296	29917	31213
Sindh U	1103	7415	8518	1529	27426	28955	2632	34841	37473
KPK	594	7013	7607	1220	44448	45668	1814	51461	53275
Balochistan	190	2888	3078	403	13238	13641	593	16126	16719
AJ & K	140	891	1031	212	4118	4330	352	5009	5361
NA	54	591	645	119	2441	2560	173	3032	3205
FATA	18	618	636	20	2303	2323	38	2921	2959
Total	6879	51509	58388	12403	283373	295776	19282	334882	354164
2024-25									
Islamabad	732	1247	1979	805	10703	11508	1537	11950	13487
Punjab	4808	25991	30799	8078	158801	166879	12886	184792	197678
Sindh R	493	6159	6652	984	22876	23860	1477	29035	30512
Sindh U	1097	7155	8252	1771	27232	29003	2868	34387	37255
KPK	775	7604	8379	1230	44074	45304	2005	51678	53683
Balochistan	193	2917	3110	505	12892	13397	698	15809	16507
AJ & K	175	957	1132	333	4142	4475	508	5099	5607
NA	67	607	674	117	2483	2600	184	3090	3274
FATA	21	619	640	19	2056	2075	40	2675	2715
Total	8361	53256	61617	*13842	285259	299101	*22203	338515	360718

Source: Management Services Wing, Establishment Division.

* Including Comsat university, NUTECH university and schools and colleges of OPF which was not maintained previously

Table 7.25: Number of Employed Persons in Leasing Corporations by Grade and Sex Pakistan

Grade	Designation	2019		2020		2021		2022	
		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
	Chief Executive Officer	-	4	-	4	-	4	-	4
	Chief Financial Officer	1	3	1	3	-	4	-	4
	Chief Operating Officer	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
	Company Secretary	3	9	2	8	1	10	1	11
	Senior Executive Vice President	2	15	-	16	-	15	-	14
	Executive Vice President	-	21	-	23	2	27	2	24
	Vice President	3	49	3	53	1	47	1	49
	Assistant Vice President	7	57	8	51	5	58	4	65
	Head HR & Recovery	18	71	22	84	21	92	16	88
	General Manager	25	143	22	110	21	92	23	96
	Chief Manager	20	57	18	47	19	44	12	41
	Senior Manager	-	11	-	12	-	11	-	9
	Manager	-	32	-	34	1	30	1	27
	Assistant General Manager	12	42	12	42	12	45	10	43
	Deputy/Assistant Manager	1	8	1	7	-	6	-	5
	Deputy Chief Operating Officer	-	13	-	12	-	9	-	8
	Accounts Officer	2	16	4	15	3	8	2	6
	Admin Officer	-	4	-	2	-	2	-	2
	Executive Officer	1	3	1	3	1	2	-	2
	Senior Officer	-	2	-	2	-	4	-	4
	Officer	1	-	-	3	1	2	1	2
	Internal Auditor	1	2	1	5	1	7	1	6
	Secretary	1	-	3	1	-	-	1	2
	Non Officer	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
	Management Trainee	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	5
	Office Assistant	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	5
	Receptionist	1	1	-	1	1	2	1	1
	NC/Messenger/Driver	-	13	-	13	-	21	-	17
	Office Boy/Drivers	-	1	-	1	-	4	-	1
	Others	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3

Count...

Table 7.25: Number of Employed Persons in Leasing Corporations by Grade and Sex Pakistan

Grade	Designation	2023		2024		2025	
		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
	Chief Executive Officer	-	4	-	4	-	3
	Chief Financial Officer	-	4	1	2	1	1
	Chief Operating Officer	-	1	-	1	-	2
	Company Secretary	1	10	2	6	2	7
	Senior Executive Vice President	1	12	-	-	-	11
	Executive Vice President	2	27	2	25	2	27
	Vice President	2	54	1	53	1	57
	Assistant Vice President	7	51	6	47	7	44
	Head HR & Recovery	13	86	18	86	16	80
	General Manager	22	94	20	74	18	81
	Chief Manager	7	34	6	32	8	21
	Senior Manager	-	7	-	10	-	8
	Manager	1	27	1	24	-	17
	Assistant General Manager	9	45	10	47	6	48
	Deputy/Assistant Manager	-	4	-	4	-	2
	Deputy Chief Operating Officer	-	12	-	6	-	6
	Accounts Officer	-	6	-	4	-	-
	Admin Officer	-	2	-	2	-	-
	Executive Officer	-	-	-	1	1	1
	Senior Officer	1	4	-	4	-	3
	Officer	1	1	1	-	1	-
	Internal Auditor	-	7	1	7	1	3
	Secretary	2	3	1	3	-	2
	Non Officer	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Management Trainee	-	5	-	3	-	3
	Office Assistant	-	5	1	3	-	4
	Receptionist	1	3	1	2	-	2
	NC/Messenger/Driver	-	4	-	15	-	8
	Office Boy/Drivers	-	11	-	2	-	1
	Others	-	2	-	1	-	2

Source:

1. Saudi Pak Leasing Company Limited.
2. Grays Leasing Limited.
3. OLP Financial Services Pakistan Limited.
4. Calcorp Limited.
5. Pak Gulf Leasing Company Limited.

Table 7.26: Number of Employed Persons in Modaraba by Grade and Sex Pakistan

Grade	Designation	2019		2020		2021		2022	
		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
	Company Secretary	2	11	2	11	2	11	2	11
	Chief Financial Officer	-	67	6	62	7	69	8	69
	Chief Executive Officer	7	12	-	13	-	12	-	14
	Director	5	39	5	39	5	39	6	38
	Managing Director	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	General Manager	-	8	-	8	-	12	-	16
	Vice President	2	13	2	9	1	12	-	10
	Assistant Vice President	-	10	-	11	-	12	1	15
	Accountant	2	9	2	9	2	9	-	14
	Chief/Senior Manager	-	5	-	6	-	9	-	2
	Manager	1	58	2	56	-	50	1	58
	Assistant/Deputy Manager	18	206	7	119	6	122	2	112
	CAD/Recovery/HR	2	7	2	6	2	6	1	13
	Chief Internal Auditor	-	8	-	9	-	9	3	7
	Senior Accounts Officer	3	14	3	15	4	12	3	13
	Admn./Account/Credit Officer	2	14	3	41	5	32	3	27
	Officers	21	174	17	496	8	552	13	542
	Management	566	221	542	192	596	203	483	190
	Head of I.T	-	4	-	4	-	8	-	4
	Office/Accounts Assistant	-	26	-	259	9	239	2	252
	Joiner Staff	6	91	-	186	6	176	-	172
	Other Staff	2	271	19	216	8	198	2	166
	Receptionist/Telephone Operator	1	7	1	5	1	579	-	8
	Computer/KATS Operator	-	795	-	615	-	2	-	568
	Despatch Rider	-	12	-	12	-	13	-	10
	Driver	-	11	-	11	-	9	-	11
	Network Administrator	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	2
	Peon/Office Boy	6	140	5	131	5	122	6	116
	Security Guard	-	4	-	5	-	4	-	4
	Lower Staff	1	15	1	17	1	17	1	17

Count...

Table 7.26: Number of Employed Persons in Modaraba by Grade and Sex Pakistan

Grade	Designation	2023		2024		2025	
		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
	Company Secretary	2	11	2	10	-	6
	Chief Financial Officer	7	71	9	70	5	88
	Chief Executive Officer	-	11	-	11	-	6
	Director	6	34	5	41	2	12
	Managing Director	-	2	-	-	-	-
	General Manager	-	16	-	16	-	12
	Vice President	1	6	-	7	-	2
	Assistant Vice President	1	21	1	12	-	3
	Accountant	-	12	-	12	-	11
	Chief/Senior Manager	-	4	-	2	-	1
	Manager	1	43	1	34	1	156
	Assistant/Deputy Manager	4	133	3	131	3	54
	CAD/Recovery/HR	1	7	1	6	-	7
	Chief Internal Auditor	2	5	2	7	-	4
	Senior Accounts Officer	5	16	3	12	1	-
	Admn./Account/Credit Officer	2	18	5	10	2	17
	Officers	12	556	14	476	7	591
	Management	543	222	450	140	363	60
	Head of I.T	-	3	-	5	1	1
	Office/Accounts Assistant	2	240	4	244	5	222
	Joiner Staff	-	165	-	147	-	151
	Other Staff	4	166	7	200	22	269
	Receptionist/Telephone Operator	-	571	-	5	-	501
	Computer/KATS Operator	-	1	-	527	1	-
	Despatch Rider	-	9	-	8	-	4
	Driver	-	12	-	13	-	6
	Network Administrator	-	2	-	1	-	-
	Peon/Office Boy	6	117	6	110	6	102
	Security Guard	-	4	-	4	-	2
	Lower Staff	1	16	1	17	-	12

Source:

1. National Bank Modaraba Management Company Limited.
2. Trust Modaraba.
3. Popular Islamic Modaraba.
4. First Punjab Modaraba
5. First Treet Manufacturing Modaraba.
6. First Equity Modaraba
7. First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba.
8. First Prudential Modaraba.
9. Sindh Modarba Ltd.
10. Awwal Modarba.
11. First Imrooz Modaraba.
12. First IBL Modarba.
13. First Elite Capital Modaraba
14. First Al-Noor Modarba
15. B.F. Modaraba.
16. Orient Rental Modaraba.

Table 7.27: Number of Employed Persons in Management by Grade and Sex Pakistan

Designation	2019		2020		2021		2022	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Chief Executive Officer	8	29	5	31	5	30	4	27
Company Secretary	4	24	6	23	5	37	7	24
Senior Executive Officer	5	31	4	29	4	24	3	24
Senior/Executive Vice President	-	36	3	36	2	49	2	40
Vice President/Chairman	2	41	3	42	3	47	4	33
Assistant Vice President	2	49	25	45	3	36	4	34
Executive Director/Secretary/Officer	11	37	10	21	10	23	9	33
Junior Executive, Officer	4	16	2	19	6	24	5	15
Senior Manager	6	43	5	59	6	58	6	60
General Manager	2	17	2	13	3	15	3	19
Deputy General Manager	-	30	-	16	2	17	-	18
Manager	46	128	16	120	21	112	19	133
Assistant/Deputy Manager	15	128	21	126	19	122	39	127
Advisor/Consultant/Analyst	8	74	7	51	13	57	11	63
Director	11	51	13	73	20	64	15	54
Head of Marketing, Equity, Operation, Research	5	57	-	67	11	41	8	57
Senior Accounts Officer	-	13	-	48	2	36	1	35
Senior Dealer/Trader	-	36	-	35	1	25	2	36
Senior Investment Analyst	-	39	-	38	-	26	-	39
Software Engineer	-	30	-	18	2	31	4	25
Officer	48	107	28	95	19	97	27	91
Network Administrator, Engineer	-	5	-	30	-	16	-	5
Trade/Dealer	-	11	-	7	-	9	-	10
Junior Staff	-	11	-	20	-	16	-	21
Management Associate, Trainee	-	3	1	12	5	5	1	15
Senior Assistant	1	9	1	9	-	10	1	17
Assistant	-	4	-	4	-	5	-	9
Receptionist	11	2	9	2	10	11	10	9
Clerk	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	14
Electrician	-	4	-	3	-	14	-	6
Graphic Designer	-	1	1	1	1	4	1	19
Non Clerical	-	10	-	10	-	36	-	29
Operator, KATS/LOTS/CDC/System	-	2	-	2	-	13	-	3
Driver	-	14	-	17	-	15	-	25
Non-Management Staff	-	10	10	-	9	1	9	2
Other Staff	-	21	1	22	-	28	-	22
Peon/Office Boy/Security Guard/ Sweeper	-	47	-	53	-	49	-	53
Rider	-	21	-	23	-	21	-	25
Contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Count.....

Table 7.27: Number of Employed Persons in Management by Grade and Sex Pakistan

Designation	2023		2024		2025	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Chief Executive Officer	4	27	4	26	2	20
Company Secretary	6	27	9	20	6	17
Senior Executive Officer	3	17	2	15	-	13
Senior/Executive Vice President	2	46	2	20	1	7
Vice President/Chairman	2	39	3	33	3	14
Assistant Vice President	7	45	3	28	1	19
Executive Director/Secretary/Officer	12	28	9	23	8	22
Junior Executive, Officer	6	15	4	19	-	17
Senior Manager	4	67	6	72	-	30
General Manager	4	23	6	20	4	3
Deputy General Manager	2	19	3	26	-	5
Manager	19	127	18	125	16	58
Assistant/Deputy Manager	21	136	47	166	28	88
Advisor/Consultant/Analyst	15	88	21	84	2	6
Director	17	40	10	67	6	31
Head of Marketing, Equity, Operation, Research	6	53	10	43	5	15
Senior Accounts Officer	2	23	6	35	-	7
Senior Dealer/Trader	1	35	5	35	-	1
Senior Investment Analyst	5	51	1	38	-	2
Software Engineer	4	37	3	48	1	3
Officer	44	100	42	172	12	34
Network Administrator, Engineer	1	26	-	36	-	4
Trade/Dealer	9	18	2	20	1	7
Junior Staff	1	12	3	26	-	12
Management Associate, Trainee	1	15	11	7	-	-
Senior Assistant	2	13	3	7	1	5
Assistant	-	13	13	29	-	2
Receptionist	11	11	11	7	8	1
Clerk	-	12	13	21	-	1
Electrician	-	19	2	16	-	4
Graphic Designer	-	11	1	14	-	2
Non Clerical	-	22	2	21	-	-
Operator, KATS/LOTS/CDC/System	-	21	-	38	-	2
Driver	-	16	-	18	-	14
Non-Management Staff	9	17	-	21	-	11
Other Staff	-	22	-	22	-	19
Peon/Office Boy/Security Guard/ Sweeper	-	49	-	37	-	49
Rider	-	24	-	25	-	26
Contract	-	5	3	-	-	-

Source:- 1.Vision Capital Ltd.

1. Punjab Modaraba Services (Pvt.) Ltd.
2. Sindh Modaraba Management Limited.
3. Popular Islamic Modaraba Management Company (Pvt.) Ltd.
4. National Investment Trust Ltd.
5. Ar Management Services (Pvt.) Ltd.
6. Niida Venture Capital Management Limited.
7. National Investment Trust Limited.
8. Al-Meezan Investment Management Ltd.
9. Sarmuz Investments Ltd.
10. Hbl Asset Management Ltd.
11. Lakson Investments Ltd.
12. Akd Investment Management Ltd.
13. Ise Towers Reit Management Ltd.
14. Rockville Reit Management Company Limited.
15. Awt Investments Ltd.
16. Orix Services Pakistan (Pvt.) Ltd.
17. Ijara Capital Partners Ltd.
18. Pak Omen Asset Management Co. Ltd
19. Js Investments Ltd.
20. Veritas Reit Management Co. Ltd.
21. Imm Reit Management Company Limited.
22. Zameen Reit Management Company Limited.
23. Abl Asset Management Co. Ltd.
24. Crescent Modaraba Management Company Limited.
25. Ibl Modaraba Management (Pvt.) Ltd.
26. First Capital Investments Ltd.
27. First Capital Management (Pvt) Limited.
28. Providential Reit Management Company Limited
29. Atlas Asset Management Ltd

Table 7.28: Number of Employed Persons in Banks by Grade and Sex Pakistan

Designation	2019		2020		2021		2022	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Chairman	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	3
Chief Executive Officer	-	14	-	20	1	20	1	21
Executive Manager	1	11	1	5	6	65	4	23
General Manager	12	134	15	151	14	238	28	194
President	1	92	1	82	1	37	97	38
Senior Executive Vice President	4	51	3	336	3	517	9	136
Senior Vice President	23	293	24	385	46	396	34	750
Executive Vice President	17	404	17	332	21	410	62	480
Asst. Vice President	165	3205	207	3216	161	1484	218	1895
Vice President	230	2637	433	2342	271	2515	292	3171
Executive Director	174	2	-	177	197	18	68	1431
Managing Director	471	1328	510	1340	538	1550	888	1775
Director	39	570	-	2	47	78	8	938
Assistant Director	480	2457	575	2621	620	3423	706	2732
Chief Executive Office	94	1036	-	166	81	852	9	754
Chief Manager	266	2872	357	2622	265	1603	257	1593
Company Secretary	28	2	27	2	46	54	44	396
Deputy General Manager/Dy. Manager	284	1954	305	2965	406	3296	848	2553
Executive Secretary	658	2199	638	1989	574	1952	489	1486
Heads/Incharge	3	138	98	807	10	107	14	53
Senior Manager	179	1634	197	1625	225	1854	233	2220
Manager	556	31634	754	5469	698	5877	912	6373
Assistant Manager	1555	8825	1609	8904	1815	9233	2007	10045
Account	-	81	-	33	3	9	-	29
Advisor/Consultant/Analyst/Associate	135	931	165	1014	192	1191	219	1189
Officer	3313	11661	3393	11537	3564	12056	2886	13175
Junior Officer	452	2027	445	2353	485	2371	565	2063
Assistant	108	580	125	671	105	554	157	535
Junior Assistant/Care Taker	2	301	23	167	20	98	1	241
Cashier	60	205	69	30	74	133	61	65
Clerical	15	1570	21	1391	12	1248	7	415
Receptionist	-	73	-	82	-	190	-	57
Rider/Runner	-	51	2	126	2	35	1	17
Stenographer/Stenotypist/Typist	-	59	-	206	8	21	17	79
Contract Employees	347	410	341	619	363	463	127	280
Authorized Signer	-	-	41	-	-	21	-	-
Driver	-	321	-	252	-	198	-	185
Computer/Telephone Operator	8	1	-	-	-	9	-	-
Electrician/Carpenter/Mechanic/Loader/	-	25	-	3	-	55	-	2
Helper	5	11	4	19	4	184	3	210
Miscellaneous/Non-Clerical	109	880	106	843	91	726	76	556
Supervisor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Naib Qasid/Chowkidar/Guard/Mali/ Sweeper	4	1295	4	1242	2	1073	3	1280
Janitorial	-	713	-	737	-	719	-	753

Count.....

Table 7.28: Number of Employed Persons in Banks by Grade and Sex Pakistan

Designation	2023		2024		2025	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Chairman	-	10	-	6	-	2
Chief Executive Officer	2	47	1	45	2	17
Executive Manager	-	24	3	53	1	9
General Manager	19	244	28	279	-	19
President	4	58	-	19	2	24
Senior Executive Vice President	15	143	3	521	-	4
Senior Vice President	90	362	154	433	-	74
Executive Vice President	125	729	84	564	1	18
Asst. Vice President	224	2,731	265	2,600	70	605
Vice President	365	1,408	396	3,462	13	184
Executive Director	85	3,127	75	1,018	5	42
Managing Director	991	2,101	1,444	3,144	1,235	2,166
Director	74	1,049	27	166	23	163
Assistant Director	940	3,401	1,168	3,807	972	3,008
Chief Executive Office	25	480	12	892	-	22
Chief Manager	278	1,662	297	1,603	293	1,601
Company Secretary	38	18	30	129	-	-
Deputy General Manager/Dy. Manager	417	2,448	683	2,252	91	733
Executive Secretary	335	1,224	359	885	368	794
Heads/Incharge	29	122	52	680	19	58
Senior Manager	357	2,407	210	2,103	6	56
Manager	958	6,574	1,087	7,242	165	1,199
Assistant Manager	1,981	9,767	2,129	10,244	407	2,343
Account	-	15	-	11	-	-
Advisor/Consultant/Analyst/Associate	301	1,410	253	1,308	-	-
Officer	4,666	11,909	5,228	12,783	373	1,516
Junior Officer	784	2,210	908	2,084	494	1,362
Assistant	335	814	350	691	417	702
Junior Assistant/Care Taker	-	115	-	34	-	7
Cashier	-	115	46	83	-	-
Clerical	6	268	11	199	4	45
Receptionist	1	40	-	11	-	-
Rider/Runner	-	76	-	115	1	2
Stenographer/Stenotypist/Typist	-	41	-	56	-	19
Contract Employees	60	395	55	391	96	252
Authorized Signer	-	-	-	47	-	-
Driver	-	173	-	199	-	-
Computer/Telephone Operator	-	-	-	13	-	-
Electrician/Carpenter/Mechanic/Loader/	-	28	-	3	-	-
Helper	3	7	-	6	-	-
Miscellaneous/Non-Clerical	11	406	5	335	9	258
Supervisor	-	-	-	-	-	-
Naib Qasid/Chowkidar/Guard/Mali/ Sweeper	3	1,188	2	2,205	-	538
Janitorial	-	899	-	-	-	-

Source:-

1. The Punjab provincial co-operative Bank LTD.
2. Zaria Taraqiati Bank.
3. Bank Al-Falah LTD.
4. First Female Bank LTD.
5. City Bank.
6. Allied Bank LTD.
7. Askri Bank LTD
8. Samba Bank
9. Soneri Bank.
10. Habib Bank LTD.
11. MCB Islamic Bank LTD.
12. The Bank of Khyber
13. Habib Metro Bank.
14. Al-Barka Bank.

Table 7.29: Number of Employed Persons in Insurance Company Limited by Grade and Sex Pakistan

Designation	2019		2020		2021		2022	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Chief Executive	21	186	23	141	19	136	32	27
Executive	44	209	18	306	31	160	25	306
Head Of Branch Officer	4	292	33	445	37	406	30	391
Chief Manager	19	240	43	377	56	305	47	350
Manager	91	838	64	804	193	598	86	674
Deputy Manager	48	473	82	681	380	535	76	477
Assistant Manager	62	721	52	632	329	690	144	772
Senior Officer	88	656	232	1192	217	744	93	557
Junior Officer	90	570	140	871	109	1095	156	764
Senior Assistant	23	348	49	537	133	451	57	450
Assistant	257	752	415	749	550	636	474	1022
Clerk	5	111	53	603	7	435	8	273
Class IV	2	222	19	252	6	161	9	409
Designation	2023		2024		2025			
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male		
Chief Executive	33	132	38	154	11		24	
Executive	54	207	39	216	36		118	
Head Of Branch Officer	33	293	62	252	49		176	
Chief Manager	69	303	66	401	48		259	
Manager	104	663	88	662	66		469	
Deputy Manager	77	527	65	571	55		500	
Assistant Manager	118	606	71	682	53		606	
Senior Officer	60	713	81	503	55		400	
Junior Officer	178	717	107	545	85		514	
Senior Assistant	58	402	161	623	160		531	
Assistant	575	792	529	709	549		353	
Clerk	9	403	7	291	2		350	
Class IV	8	414	9	447	5		360	

Source:-

1. The Universal Insurance Company Limited.
2. East West Insurance Co. Limited.
3. Sindh Insurance Limited.
4. Chubb Insurance Pakistan Limited.
5. Alpha Insurance Company Limited.
6. Adamjee Insurance Company Limited.
7. Adamjee Life Assurance Company Limited.
8. Security General Insurance Company Limited.
9. National Insurance Company Limited.
10. TRAFICO Insurance Company Limited.
11. Alfalah Insurance Company Limited.
12. The Pakistan General Insurance Company Limited.
13. Askari General Insurance Co. Limited.
14. Atlas Insurance Limited
15. Dawood Family Takaful Limited.
16. EFU General Insurance Limited
17. The Asian Mutual Insurance Company (Guarantee) Limited.
18. The Cooperative Insurance Society of Pakistan Limited.
19. The United Insurance Company of Pakistan Ltd.

Table 7.30: Vulnerable employment by age group and sex (Percent & million)

	2005-06	2007-08	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
Percent											
15 years & above											
Both sexes	61.9	61.9	62.2	61.6	59.0	59.0	59.2	55.6	58.2	56.3	54.1
Male	58.2	58.0	57.7	57.0	54.6	55.0	54.7	51.5	52.6	51.0	48.1
Female	77.1	77.3	79.0	78.3	75.0	72.8	74.6	70.9	77.6	74.5	74.1
15-24 years											
Both sexes	60.3	60.9	61.4	61.0	57.1	57.4	58.0	52.9	56.7	54.4	53.6
Male	57.4	57.7	56.8	56.1	52.8	53.0	52.8	48.5	50.1	48.0	47.8
Female	71.5	72.5	77.6	77.1	71.5	70.8	73.9	67.6	76.8	75.1	72.4
25 years & above											
Both sexes	62.6	62.2	62.5	61.9	59.7	59.6	59.6	56.5	58.7	56.9	54.3
Male	58.5	58.1	58.0	57.3	55.2	55.7	55.3	52.4	53.3	52.0	48.2
Female	79.5	76.4	79.6	78.8	76.4	73.6	74.9	72.1	77.9	74.3	74.6
Million											
15 years & above											
Both sexes	28.7	29.9	30.7	31.6	31.7	31.2	32.7	33.3	36.3	34.8	40.8
Male	21.7	22.2	22.5	22.8	22.9	22.5	23.4	24.2	25.4	24.4	27.9
Female	7.0	7.7	8.2	8.8	8.8	8.7	9.3	9.1	10.9	10.3	12.9
15-24 years											
Both sexes	7.9	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.3	8.0	8.2	7.8	8.5	9.5	9.6
Male	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.6	6.4	6.6
Female	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.8	3.1	3.0
25 years & above											
Both sexes	20.7	21.5	22.1	23.0	23.4	23.2	24.5	25.5	27.8	26.5	31.2
Male	15.6	16.0	16.2	16.8	17.0	16.9	17.8	18.7	19.8	18.9	21.4
Female	5.1	5.5	5.9	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.7	6.8	8.1	7.6	9.8

Source: PBS, various years, Pakistan Labour Force Survey

Table 7.31: Percentage distribution of employed by sector and sex

Sector	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
Agriculture						
Both sexes	42.0	40.8	37.3	38.1	36.9	32.2
Male	33.1	31.7	29.5	29.1	28.0	23.7
Female	72.8	71.5	66.1	69.1	67.6	60.9
Fishing						
Both sexes	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3
Male	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4
Female	0.0	-	-	-	0.0	0.1
Mining & Quarrying						
Both sexes	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Male	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Female	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing						
Both sexes	14.4	15.5	16.2	15.1	14.9	14.9
Male	14.9	15.9	16.2	15.5	15.1	14.9
Female	12.7	14.4	16.4	13.6	14.1	14.8
Electricity, gas and water						
Both sexes	0.3	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.7
Male	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.9
Female	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Construction						
Both sexes	7.5	7.5	7.8	8.2	9.6	10.0
Male	9.7	9.6	9.8	10.5	12.2	13.0
Female	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.1
Wholesale and retail trade						
Both sexes	14.9	14.9	15.1	14.6	14.4	16.0
Male	18.8	18.9	18.8	18.5	18.3	20.2
Female	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.2	1.2	2.3
Hotels and restaurants						
Both sexes	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.3
Male	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.4	2.8
Female	0.2	-	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4
Transport and communication						
Both sexes	5.2	5.6	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.7
Male	6.7	7.2	8.1	8.2	8.1	8.5
Female	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.6
Finance						
Both sexes	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6
Male	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.7
Female	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.5
Real estate and business activities						
Both sexes	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.9	2.0
Male	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	2.3	2.5
Female	0.1	-	-	-	0.3	0.3
Public administration						
Both sexes	2.4	2.5	3.7	2.7	3.0	3.1
Male	3.1	3.2	4.6	3.3	3.6	3.6
Female	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.8	1.4
Education						
Both sexes	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.0	3.8	4.4
Male	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.0	2.6	2.9
Female	3.0	6.6	7.6	7.3	8.1	9.6
Health and social work						
Both sexes	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.9
Male	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.6
Female	1.7	1.4	2.3	2.0	1.7	3.2
Other community, social and personal services activities						
Both sexes	5.2	4.1	2.3	3.4	2.6	2.8
Male	4.0	4.2	2.6	4.1	3.2	3.2
Female	1.0	2.1	1.3	1.0	0.8	1.4
Activities households as employers^{1.5}						
Both sexes	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6
Male	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8
Female	3.0	2.7	3.6	4.7	4.3	4.5

Source: PBS, various years, Pakistan Labour Force Survey

Table 7.32: Percentage distribution of employed by employment status, sector and sex

Sector	2018-19		2020-21		2024-25	
	Wage and salaried workers and employers	Own account and contributing family workers	Wage and salaried workers and employers	Own account and contributing family workers	Wage and salaried workers and employers	Own account and contributing family workers
Agriculture						
Both sexes	9.5	90.5	8.4	91.6	14.7	85.3
Male	11.4	88.6	9.9	90.1	18.7	81.3
Female	6.8	93.2	6.3	93.7	9.5	90.5
Fishing						
Both sexes	70.0	30.0	79.2	20.8	59.1	40.9
Male	69.9	30.1	79.0	21.0	59.4	40.6
Female	100.0	-	100.0	0.0	-	47.8
Mining						
Both sexes	92.9	7.1	93.2	6.8	92.5	7.5
Male	92.9	7.1	93.2	6.8	92.5	7.5
Female	-	-	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Manufacturing						
Both sexes	61.0	38.4	65.9	34.1	55.8	44.2
Male	67.9	32.1	71.9	28.1	68.3	31.7
Female	36.7	63.3	43.5	56.5	13.8	86.2
Electricity, gas and water						
Both sexes	99.2	0.8	90.5	9.5	95.5	4.5
Male	99.2	0.8	90.3	9.7	95.5	4.5
Female	97.7	2.3	96.3	3.7	0.0	0.0
Construction						
Both sexes	92.4	7.6	93.7	6.3	94.1	5.9
Male	92.5	7.5	94.1	5.9	94.1	5.9
Female	79.9	20.1	58.9	41.1	90.7	9.3
Wholesale and retail trade						
Both sexes	24.1	75.9	30.6	69.4	24.5	75.5
Male	24.5	75.5	30.9	69.1	25.1	74.9
Female	4.9	95.1	11.6	88.4	8.1	91.9
Hotels and restaurants						
Both sexes	47.5	52.5	62.0	38.0	55.0	45.0
Male	47.9	52.1	62.6	37.4	56.7	43.3
Female	19.6	80.4	20.0	80.0	15.9	84.1
Transport and communication						
Both sexes	47.9	52.1	49.5	50.5	56.1	43.9
Male	47.7	52.3	49.2	50.8	56.3	43.7
Female	87.4	12.6	93.8	6.2	46.4	53.6
Finance						
Both sexes	99.6	0.4	98.6	1.4	99.6	0.4
Male	99.6	0.4	98.4	1.6	99.5	0.5
Female	100.0	-	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Real estate and business activities						
Both sexes	24.0	76.0	57.9	42.1	57.5	42.5
Male	23.6	76.4	56.7	43.3	56.9	43.1
Female	100.0	-	85.0	15.0	76.5	23.5

Contd..

Table 7.32: Percentage distribution of employed by employment status, sector and sex

Sector	2018-19		2020-21		2024-25	
	Wage and salaried workers and employers	Own account and contributing family workers	Wage and salaried workers and employers	Own account and contributing family workers	Wage and salaried workers and employers	Own account and contributing family workers
Public administration						
Both sexes	100.0	-	100.0	0.0	99.8	0.2
Male	100.0	-	100.0	0.0	99.7	0.3
Female	100.0	-	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Education						
Both sexes	95.5	4.5	94.9	6.9	87.6	12.4
Male	96.1	3.9	96.5	3.5	93.8	6.2
Female	94.7	5.3	93.1	5.1	81.3	18.7
Health and social work						
Both sexes	81.7	18.3	84.2	15.8	83.8	16.2
Male	77.1	22.9	80.3	19.7	80.1	19.9
Female	92.7	7.3	94.0	6.0	89.8	10.2
Other community, social and personal services activities						
Both sexes	46.7	53.3	49.6	50.4	52.5	47.5
Male	47.3	52.7	49.5	50.5	53.6	46.4
Female	38.3	61.7	51.4	48.6	43.8	56.2
Activities of private households						
Both sexes	65.5	34.5	85.8	14.2	91.5	8.5
Male	96.0	4.0	92.7	7.3	95.0	5.0
Female	52.6	47.4	81.6	18.4	89.5	10.5
All sectors						
Both sexes	40.3	59.7	43.7	56.3	45.9	54.1
Male	45.5	54.5	49.0	51.0	51.9	48.1
Female	40.3	59.7	25.5	74.5	25.9	74.1

Source: PBS, various years, Pakistan Labour Force Survey

Table 7.33: Percentage distribution of employed by hours of work and sex

Hours worked	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
Less than 20 hours											
Both sexes	2.9	3.2	3.1	3.4	4.6	2.5	3.2	3.6	5.0	3.6	2.7
Male	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.5	0.8	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.8
Female	10.2	11.4	10.4	10.8	15.6	8.0	9.8	11.1	18.1	12.1	5.7
20-29 hours											
Both sexes	6.6	7.0	6.3	6.5	6.4	5.5	5.7	5.7	6.8	6.8	6.9
Male	2.7	3.2	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.6
Female	22.7	21.8	20.1	20.3	19.7	17.5	18.5	19.3	22.8	21.7	21.1
30-34 hours											
Both sexes	3.2	3.7	3.3	3.8	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.6	2.5
Male	2.3	2.7	2.3	2.6	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.3	1.5
Female	7.1	7.8	7.2	8.2	7.6	8.2	8.8	8.7	7.9	8.4	5.7
35-39 hours											
Both sexes	13.2	13.4	13.8	13.9	12.4	13.3	13.5	13.5	12.6	11.2	12.1
Male	9.5	9.2	9.3	9.2	8.4	7.7	8.3	8.8	8.3	6.8	7.2
Female	28.4	29.7	30.5	30.7	26.9	32.2	31.5	30.7	27.3	26.3	28.5
40-44 hours											
Both sexes	14.3	14.3	13.7	13.5	14.8	13.7	13.5	13.6	13.1	13.0	13.7
Male	13.7	13.9	13.1	13.3	14.9	12.9	13.0	13.4	13.5	12.5	13.0
Female	16.4	15.8	15.7	14.4	14.6	16.3	15.3	14.3	11.4	14.7	16.2
45-49 hours											
Both sexes	20.2	20.1	20.1	20.1	21.6	21.7	21.3	22.3	21.3	22.0	22.3
Male	23.3	23.3	23.3	23.8	25.5	25.4	25.1	26.0	25.6	25.6	24.8
Female	7.4	7.4	8.1	7.1	7.6	8.8	8.2	8.5	6.2	9.4	13.9
50-59 hours											
Both sexes	18.0	16.9	17.9	17.4	16.8	18.0	17.6	16.9	17.7	20.7	20.4
Male	21.1	20.3	21.5	20.8	20.1	21.6	21.3	20.3	21.8	25.2	24.6
Female	5.2	3.7	4.6	5.3	4.7	5.8	4.6	4.4	3.3	5.2	6.3
60 hours and more											
Both sexes	21.5	21.3	21.8	21.3	19.5	21.4	21.5	20.8	20.3	19.0	19.4
Male	26.2	26.2	26.8	26.4	24.3	26.8	26.8	25.7	25.4	23.8	24.4
Female	2.5	2.3	3.2	3.2	2.7	2.9	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.1	2.7

Source: PBS, various years, Pakistan Labour Force Survey

Table 7.34: Share of the employed persons working excessive hours by sector (%)

Sector *	2009-10	2010-11	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
All sectors	39.5	38.5	36.3	39.4	39.1	37.1	37.9	39.7	39.8
Agriculture	28.5	28.4	24.3	29.3	26.5	22.7	23.1	26.7	23.1
Fishing	69.2	71.6	62.9	72.0	-	77.8	72.6	74.2	53.5
Mining	28.4	43.4	16.2	21.8	27.8	26.3	43.8	44.2	45.7
Manufacturing	44.3	42.9	41.1	42.6	44.3	42.3	42.3	42.5	44.4
Electricity, gas and water	15.7	16.7	17.5	20.3	-	18.8	20.6	29.5	31.6
Construction	21.8	20.1	19.7	19.5	23.8	24.2	22.7	25.7	35.5
Wholesale and retail trade	69.6	66.9	67.1	69.2	69.8	66.6	73.6	68.7	67.8
Hotels and restaurants	77.7	76.7	72.0	74.6	75.7	72.0	72.7	81.0	57.5
Transport and communication	69.2	68.7	63.3	66.5	-	44.7	66.4	67.3	59.7
Finance	23.7	29.6	27.2	27.7	29.5	21.8	24.8	25.0	38.8
Real estate and business activities	50.9	46.4	48.7	56.8	59.1	50.7	55.1	48.4	45.6
Public administration	21.3	22.5	23.7	24.8	23.8	28.6	21.0	26.2	32.5
Education	14.0	11.3	12.5	12.2	12.3	10.1	9.6	9.4	17.7
Health and social work	31.3	32.3	32.1	32.8	30.5	30.3	25.9	35.6	37.1
Other community, social and personal services activities	50.5	49.2	46.6	50.1	-	48.4	50.4	58.6	46.3
Activities of private households	27.0	7.8	45.0	45.1	9.3	38.0	27.9	37.6	30.5
Extraterritorial organizations and bodies	14.9	12.0	10.3	12.0	-	64.3	-	0.0	16.5

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics various year, Pakistan Labour Force Survey

Table 7.35: Percentage distribution of the enrolled population of age 15 years and above by education attainment level

Level of education	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
Middle but below matric											
Both sexes	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.4
Male	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.8	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.2	0.4
Female	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.5	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.3
Matric but below intermediate											
Both sexes	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.2	3.9	4.2	3.4	3.5
Male	4.8	5.0	4.8	5.0	4.9	2.4	5.1	4.7	5.0	4.1	3.6
Female	3.0	3.3	3.1	3.3	3.2	1.5	3.4	3.1	3.3	2.7	3.3
Intermediate but below degree											
Both sexes	2.7	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.4	3.3	3.7	2.6	3.6
Male	3.2	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.8	1.9	3.8	3.9	4.4	2.8	3.7
Female	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.6	1.3	2.9	2.7	3.0	2.3	3.6
Degree											
Both sexes	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.0	4.1
Male	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.6	3.0	1.6	3.1	2.9	3.0	1.9	4.4
Female	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.2	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.0	3.9
All education levels											
Both sexes	10.0	10.5	10.4	10.7	11.2	11.3	11.5	11.1	11.6	9.0	11.6
Male	11.9	12.4	12.1	12.6	13.3	6.7	13.3	13.0	13.7	10.0	12.0
Female	8.0	8.6	8.5	8.7	9.1	4.6	9.7	9.2	9.5	7.9	11.2

Source: PBS, various years, Pakistan Labour Force Survey

Table 7.36: Unemployment rate by educational attainment (%)

Level of education	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
Less than one year of education*											
Both sexes	5.3	3.4	5.1	3.8	3.0	0.2	0.3	2.9	3.3	5.1	3.8
Male	5.3	3.0	5.2	3.8	2.8	0.2	0.3	2.9	3.9	3.0	3.5
Female	5.8	5.6	4.3	3.5	4.0	0.2	0.3	2.9	2.4	10.2	4.5
Pre-primary education**											
Both sexes	4.3	3.6	4.3	4.0	5.0	2.3	1.2	4.7	4.3	3.5	4.8
Male	4.3	2.5	4.3	3.8	4.9	2.2	1.8	5.0	4.6	3.4	4.0
Female	4.0	11.9	4.1	5.4	5.2	0.7	0.3	3.3	3.3	3.8	8.5
Primary but below middle											
Both sexes	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.9	5.2	15.8	10.1	3.7	4.8	3.9	6.0
Male	3.7	3.9	3.7	4.1	4.5	18.4	13.5	3.5	4.7	3.5	5.2
Female	11.6	10.2	9.5	10.3	10.0	11.4	4.3	4.8	5.1	5.8	9.8
Middle but below matric											
Both sexes	4.7	5.5	5.0	5.9	6.4	13.2	12.9	5.1	6.9	6.4	6.9
Male	4.2	5.2	4.5	5.2	7.6	16.0	15.5	5.0	6.8	5.7	6.2
Female	12.5	10.9	12.1	14.8	15.1	7.2	8.7	6.9	8.9	13.0	11.3
Matric but below intermediate											
Both sexes	6.5	6.3	6.2	7.9	8.2	15.2	11.1	6.4	8.0	8.6	8.6
Male	5.3	5.0	5.0	6.4	6.7	16.9	14.7	6.2	7.4	7.6	7.3
Female	20.9	21.3	18.0	22.2	20.7	12.1	8.7	8.7	13.8	19.6	16.6
Intermediate but below degree											
Both sexes	6.8	7.3	8.0	10.8	9.5	9.1	15.2	11.7	16.9	11.7	12.6
Male	5.5	5.7	5.8	8.3	7.5	8.9	10.1	10.6	8.1	9.1	9.7
Female	18.3	19.6	23.9	26.8	24.3	9.4	14.0	20.6	57.9	31.0	24.0
Degree											
Both sexes	4.9	6.2	8.3	8.7	10.6	12.6	20.1	16.3	15.7	16.1	11.2
Male	3.5	4.2	5.8	6.3	7.6	10.9	12.9	7.3	7.4	8.8	6.8
Female	12.9	15.1	19.5	19.3	22.1	15.5	21.1	41.1	44.7	33.8	24.1

Source: PBS, various years, Pakistan Labour Force Survey

* Includes "No formal education"

** Includes "Nursery but below K.G." and "K.G. but below primary".

Table 7.37: Selected Key Indicators of the Labour Market (Percent)

Pakistan	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2017-18	2018-19	2020-21	2024-25
Labour Force participation rate											
Both sex	52.5	53.1	53.5	53.4	53.1	53.1	53.3	51.9	52.7	52.8	53.9
Male	82.4	82.0	81.7	81.9	81.1	81.0	81.4	81.1	80.9	80.7	80.4
Female	21.8	23.1	24.1	24.4	24.3	25.0	25.0	22.8	24.6	24.6	26.3
Employment-to-population ratio											
Both sex	49.9	50.3	50.7	50.4	49.9	50.1	50.2	48.9	49.1	49.4	50.0
Male	79.1	78.5	78.3	78.0	77.0	77.3	77.5	77.2	76.3	76.3	75.6
Female	19.9	21.0	21.9	22.2	22.1	22.8	22.7	20.9	22.1	22.3	23.5
Unemployment rate											
Both sex	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.7	6.0	5.6	5.8	5.7	6.7	6.3	7.2
Male	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.8	5.1	4.6	4.7	4.9	5.7	5.5	6.0
Female	8.7	9.0	9.2	9.0	9.1	8.9	9.2	8.5	10.3	9.2	10.7
Share of industry in total EMP											
Both sexes	20.6	21.0	21.4	21.8	22.8	22.9	23.2	24.0	23.3	25.4	25.9
Male	22.7	23.1	24.1	24.6	26.2	25.8	25.7	26.0	26.0	28.6	29.2
Female	12.2	12.7	11.6	11.5	11.3	13.1	14.6	16.6	13.8	14.6	14.9
Share of agriculture in total EMP											
Both sexes	42.8	43.3	43.4	43.5	42.2	42.2	41.0	37.4	38.3	37.1	32.5
Male	35.2	35.7	35.2	34.9	33.1	33.2	32.0	29.6	29.3	28.3	24.0
Female	73.8	72.7	73.9	74.2	74.9	72.9	71.8	66.1	69.1	67.6	60.9
Share of services in total EMP											
Both sexes	36.6	35.7	35.2	34.7	35.0	34.9	35.8	38.6	38.1	37.5	41.6
Male	42.2	41.2	40.7	40.5	40.7	41.0	42.3	44.4	44.7	43.2	46.8
Female	13.9	14.6	14.5	14.2	13.8	14.0	13.6	17.3	17.0	17.8	24.2
Share of wage and salaried workers in total EMP											
Both sexes	37.1	36.8	36.5	36.9	39.7	39.8	39.4	42.9	40.3	42.2	43.7
Male	40.6	40.5	40.7	41.2	43.8	43.5	43.5	46.8	42.5	47.1	49.2
Female	22.9	22.6	20.8	21.6	24.9	27.0	25.3	29.0	22.3	25.4	25.4
Share of own account workers in total EMP											
Both sexes	35.9	34.8	35.6	36.3	34.9	36.6	37.2	35.7	36.6	36.0	36.6
Male	41.2	40.1	41.3	41.8	40.1	41.6	41.8	39.9	40.9	40.8	39.9
Female	13.9	14.0	14.5	16.6	15.9	19.6	21.5	20.6	22.0	19.5	25.7
Share of EMP in the informal economy											
Both sexes	72.4	73.0	72.9	73.5	73.3	73.3	72.3	71.4	72.1	72.2	80.4
Male	72.4	73.1	73.0	73.9	73.6	73.4	72.2	71.5	72.4	73.2	78.7
Female	71.7	71.6	72.7	70.6	70.9	72.5	72.9	70.7	69.9	64.9	86.1
Share of EMP working 50 hours or more											
Both sexes	39.3	38.0	39.5	38.5	36.3	39.3	39.1	37.8	37.9	39.7	39.8
Male	47.0	46.3	48.0	46.9	44.4	48.4	48.1	46.0	47.2	49.0	49.0
Female	7.6	6.0	7.8	8.4	7.3	8.7	8.1	7.4	5.9	7.3	9.0
Share of EMP in agriculture working 50 hours or more*											
Both sexes	28.5	26.6	28.7	28.6	24.3	29.4	26.5	23.7	23.3	26.7	23.4
Male	40.0	38.5	41.3	41.0	36.0	43.5	40.0	34.3	36.0	41.2	37.1
Female	6.1	4.0	6.4	7.7	5.9	7.5	5.9	6.3	4.8	6.0	5.2
Share of EMP in trade working 50 hours or more*											
Both sexes	69.5	68.8	70.1	67.7	67.1	69.2	69.8	68.0	74.3	68.7	67.8
Male	70.5	69.5	71.1	68.4	67.8	69.7	70.5	68.7	75.6	69.2	68.8
Female	32.6	32.9	35.7	35.3	38.2	39.6	39.2	37.9	45.5	39.7	38.3

Source: PBS, various years, Pakistan Labour Force Survey

Table 8.1: Male and Female Voters of Pakistan (As on 30th June, 2023)

Province/Area	Number of Voters		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan	57967259	68099615	126066874
Percent	46%	54%	100.0
Islamabad	491714	543673	1035387
Percent	47%	53%	100%
Punjab	33196131	38410248	71606379
Percent	46%	54%	100%
Sindh	12143045	14386091	26529136
Percent	46%	54%	100%
KP	9824193	11797018	21621211
Percent	45%	55%	100%
Balochistan	2312176	2962585	5274761
Percent	44%	56%	100%

Source: Election Commission of Pakistan.

Table 8.2: Registered Voters, Votes Polled and Turnout of Voters in the National Assembly Election of Pakistan, 1985-2024

Year	Registered Voters (In million)			
	Male	Female	Total	Votes polled
1985	18.99	15.40	34.40	17.89
Percent	55	45	100	52
1988	25.70	22.17	47.87	20.35
Percent	54	46	100	43
1990	26.21	22.44	48.65	21.88
Percent	54	46	100	45
1993	28.51	23.81	52.33	20.76
Percent	54	46	100	40
1997	31.45	25.17	56.62	19.94
Percent	56	44	100	35
2002	38.75	33.16	71.91	29.97
Percent	54	46	100	42
2008	45.39	35.64	81.03	35.64
Percent	56	44	100	44
2013	48.59	37.60	86.19	46.22
Percent	56	44	100	54
2018	59.22	46.73	105.96	54.83
Percent	56	44	100	52
2024	69.26	59.32	128.59	61.28
Percent	54	46	100	48

Source: Election Commission of Pakistan

Table 8.3: Number of Elected Senators to the Senate by Gender

<i>Election Year</i>	<i>Total Number of Elected Senators</i>	<i>Number of Elected Senators</i>			
		<i>Female</i>		<i>Male</i>	
		<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>
1990	87	1	1.1	86	98.9
1993	87	1	1.1	86	98.9
1997	87	2	2.3	85	97.7
1998	87	2	2.3	85	97.7
1999*	87	2	2.3	85	97.7
2003	100	18	18.0	82	82.0
2006	100	18	18.0	82	82.0
2009	100	17	17.0	83	83.0
2012	104	17	16.3	87	83.7
2013	104	17	16.3	87	83.7
2014	104	17	16.3	87	83.7
2015	104	19	18.3	85	81.7
2016	104	19	18.3	85	81.7
2017	104	19	18.3	85	81.7
2018	104	19	18.3	85	81.7
2024	96*	17	17.7	79	82.3

Note:

* The Senate of Pakistan currently consists of **96 total seats**. Following the merger of FATA with Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, the number of senators was reduced from 104 to 96 after the March 2024 elections. Each province elects 23 members, and 4 members are elected from the Federal Capital

Source: Senate Secretariat, Parliament House, Islamabad

Table 8.4: Number of Elected Members to the National Assembly by Gender

Election Year	Total Number of Members	Number of Elected Members			
		Female		Male	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1990	217	2	0.9	215	99.1
1993	217	4	1.8	213	98.2
1997	217	7	3.2	210	96.8
2002	342	72	21.1	270	78.9
2004	342	75	21.9	267	78.1
2013	342	68	19.9	274	80.1
2018	342	69	20.2	273	79.8
2024	336	73	21.7	263	78.3

Source: Election Commission of Pakistan.

Table 8.5: Number of Elected Members to the Provincials Assemblies in G.E. -2024 by Gender

Province	Total Number of Members	Number of Elected Members			
		Female		Male	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Punjab	371	78	21 %	292	79 %
Sindh	168	31	18 %	137	82 %
KP	145	27	19 %	118	81 %
Balochistan	65	11	17 %	52	80 %

Source: Election Commission of Pakistan.

Table 8.6: Number of Ministers/State Ministers/Advisors to Prime Minister and Special Assistant to Prime Minister by Gender and Years in the Federal Cabinet of Pakistan

Year	Ministers			State Ministers		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
2014	-	20	20	2	8	10
2015*	-	22	22	2	9	11
2016*	-	22	22	3	7	10
2017**	3	32	35	3	17	20
2018***	3	22	25	1	4	5
2019	3	24	27	1	4	5
2020	3	27	30	1	4	5
2021	3	27	30	1	3	4
2022	6	57	63	3	8	11
2023	3	31	34	2	5	7
2024	0	18	18	1	1	2
Year	Advisors to P.M			Special Assistants to P.M		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
2014	-	3	3	-	7	7
2015*	-	4	4	-	11	11
2016*	-	4	4	-	12	12
2017**	-	4	4	-	9	9
2018***	-	5	5	-	9	9
2019	-	5	5	3	13	16
2020	-	7	7	3	20	23
2021	-	7	7	1	24	25
2022	-	10	10	5	41	46
2023	-	5	5	4	36	40
2024	-	1	1	0	4	4

Source: Cabinet Division, Government of Pakistan, Islamabad

*: During Premiership of **Mr. Muhammad Nawaz Sharif**.

:- During Premiership of **Mr. Shahid Khaqan Abbasi.

***:- During Premiership of **Mr. Imran Ahmed Khan Niazi**.

Table 8.7: Number of Ministers/ Advisors and Special Assistants to Chief Minister by Gender and Years in the Provincial Cabinet

Year	Ministers			Advisors			Special Assistants to Chief Minister		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Punjab									
2014	2	18	20	-	2	2	-	5	5
2015	3	31	34	-	5	5	-	5	5
2016	3	31	34	-	5	5	-	5	5
2017	3	31	34	-	5	5	-	5	5
2018	3	31	34	-	5	5	-	5	5
2019	3	31	34	-	5	5	-	5	5
2020	3	31	34	-	5	5	-	5	5
2021	3	31	34	-	5	5	-	5	5
2022	1	22	23	-	1	1	-	3	3
2023	1	22	23	-	1	1	-	3	3
2024	2	17	19	-	1	1	2	2	4
Sindh									
2014	2	18	20	-	2	2	-	5	5
2015	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	5	5
2016	-	18	18	-	4	4	-	17	17
2017	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	-
2018	1	15	16	-	3	3	-	6	6
2019	1	15	16	-	3	3	-	6	6
2020	1	15	16	-	3	3	-	6	6
2021	1	15	16	-	3	3	-	6	6
2022	2	16	18	-	2	2	-	2	2
2023	2	16	18	-	2	2	-	2	2
2024	2	16	18	-	2	2	-	2	2
KP									
2014	-	12	12	-	5	5	1	5	6
2015	1	13	14	-	5	5	1	7	8
2016	1	13	14	-	5	5	1	7	8
2017	1	13	14	-	5	5	1	7	8
2018(Previ)	-	14	14	-	4	4	-	4	4
2018 (prest)	-	12	12	-	2	2	-	2	2
2019	-	13	13	-	3	3	-	2	2
2020	-	14	14	-	3	3	-	10	10
2021	-	12	12	-	1	1	-	9	9
2022	-	15	15	-	5	5	-	6	6
2023	-	15	15	-	5	5	-	5	5
2024	-	15	15	-	5	5	-	11	11
Balochistan									
2014	-	14	14	-	5	5	-	-	-
2015	-	14	14	-	5	5	-	-	-
2016	-	12	12	-	5	5	-	4	4
2017	1	13	14	-	5	5	2	1	3
2018	-	14	14	1	4	5	1	9	10
2019	-	14	14	-	5	5	-	-	-
2020	-	14	14	-	5	5	-	-	-
2021	-	14	14	-	5	5	-	-	-
2022	-	14	14	-	5	5	-	-	-
2023	-	14	14	-	5	5	-	-	-
2024	1	12	13	2	3	5	-	-	-

Source: Provincial Services and General Admn. Departments.

Table 8.8: Composition of National Assembly of Pakistan (Party Wise Allocation) 2023

Party	Votes	%	Seats			
			General	Female	Minority	Total
Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf independents	18,457,567	31.17	93	0	0	93
Pakistan Muslim League (N)	13,999,656	23.64	75	19	4	98
Pakistan People's Party	8,244,944	13.92	54	12	2	68
Tehreek-e-Labbaik Pakistan	2,888,619	4.88	0	0	0	0
Jamiat Ulema-e-Islam (F)	2,163,160	3.65	5	2	0	7
Jamaat-e-Islami Pakistan	1,336,698	2.26	0	0	0	0
Grand Democratic Alliance	1,180,866	1.99	0	0	0	0
Muttahida Qaumi Movement – Pakistan	1,119,962	1.89	18	4	0	22
Istehkam-e-Pakistan Party	648,827	1.10	3	1	0	4
Awami National Party	622,115	1.05	1	0	0	1
Pakistan Muslim League (Q)	339,518	0.57	3	1	0	4
Pakistan Markazi Muslim League	205,768	0.35	0	0	0	0
Pashtunkhwa National Awami Party	166,640	0.28	1	0	0	1
Balochistan National Party (Mangal)	162,988	0.28	1	0	0	1
Pakistan Rah-e-Haq Party	119,864	0.2	0	0	0	0
Pakistan Muslim League (Z)	109,570	0.19	1	0	0	1
Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf Parliamentarians	96,089	0.16	0	0	0	0
Balochistan Awami Party	90,985	0.15	1	0	0	1
National Party	68,741	0.12	1	0	0	1
Pashtunkhwa Milli Awami Party	64,544	0.11	1	0	0	1
Majlis Wahdat-e-Muslimeen	61,899	0.10	1	0	0	1
Others	507,571	0.86	0	0	0	0
Independents	6,564,486	11.08	7	0	0	7
Total	59,221,077	100.00	266	39	6	311

Source: Election Commission of Pakistan, Islamabad

Table 8.9: Composition of National Assembly of Pakistan (Province Wise Allocation)

Province/Area	General Seats	Female	Non-Muslims	Total
Punjab	141	32	-	173
Sindh	61	14	-	75
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	45	10	-	55
Balochistan	16	4	-	20
Federal Capital	3	-	-	3
At-large	-	10	-	10
Total	266	60	10	336

Source: Election Commission of Pakistan, Islamabad

Table 9.1: Cyber Crime Complaint for Year 2025

Crime Type	Male	Female	Transgender	Both Sexes
Fake Profile	1,442	254	-	1,696
Hacking	3,969	925	1	4,895
Online Harassment	4,153	2,246	2	6,401
Pornography	24	6	-	30
Online Threats	1,786	289	1	2,076
Online Financial Frauds	24,828	2,602	2	27,432
Identity theft	790	121	-	911
Online Blackmailing	3,014	1,589	3	4,606
Blasphemous Contents	289	6	-	295
Anti- Religion	71	2	-	73
Anti - Army	158	2	-	160
Anti- Govt.	277	2	-	279
Online Defamation	8,026	1,273	3	9,302
Illegal SIMs	275	18	-	293
Lottery Frauds	52	11	-	63
Online Banking Frauds	414	53	-	467
Online Job Frauds	295	43	-	338
Online Shopping	718	95	1	814
Phishing	20	1	-	21
Spamming	97	13	-	110
Spoofing	93	10	-	103
Stakling	384	137	-	521
Un-authorized Access	1,329	186	-	1,515
Invalid Complaint	212	15	-	227
Misc.	20	11	-	31
Digital Currency	14	-	-	14
Child Pornography	241	12	-	253
Sectarianism	68	-	-	68
BISP	44	6	-	50
Ransomware	1	-	-	1
Irrelevant Complaint	64	3	-	67
Anti- Judiciary	2	-	-	2
Ehsaas Program	2	1	-	3
Online Loan Fraud/ Loan Apps.	200	24	-	224
Fraud/ Forgery	31	6	-	37
Fraud in Bank	3	-	-	3
Spurious Drugs	1	-	-	1
Visa Fraud	3	1	-	4
Fraud/ Forgery in Banks	2	-	-	2
Other Cyber Crimes	67,333	26,710	-	94,043
Other AML/ CFT related crimes	3	-	-	3
Other Corporate Crime related crimes	1	-	-	1
Other Counter Terrorism Related Crime	1	-	-	1
Illegal installation of GSM Amplifier/ Booster	1	1	-	2
Anti- State	345	2	-	347
Operating on unauthorized radio frequencies	9	-	-	9
N/A	63	28	-	91
Crime Intimidation /Threats	-	1	-	1
Total	121,168	36,705	13	157,886

Source: National Cyber Crime Investigation Agency, Islamabad

Table 9.2: Deposits Distributed by Type of Accounts and Gender

Type of Account	No. of Accounts		
	Males	Females	Joint Males & Females
I. Current Deposits	99,919,148	42,716,472	717,283
Of which: Basic Banking Accounts	4,695,394	429,007	7,320
II. Call Deposits	207,641	9,821	8,977
III. Other Deposit Accounts	76,803	17,877	1,698
IV. Saving Deposits	19,333,717	5,144,557	693,042
V. Fixed or Term Deposits	229,748	128,994	132,762
1) Less Than Three Months	27,608	10,587	8,045
2) For Three Months and Over but Less Than Six Months	11,728	6,026	2,187
3) For Six Months and Over but Less Than One Year	6,105	3,082	1,556
4) For One Year & Over but Less Than Two Years	133,815	85,392	85,533
5) For Two Years & Over but Less Than Three Years	2,743	1,254	496
6) For Three Years & Over but Less Than Four Years	7,071	3,389	2,313
7) For Four Years & Over but Less Than Five Years	5,212	410	341
8) For Five Years and Over but Less Than Ten Years	35,154	18,665	32,202
9) For ten years and over	312	189	89
Total	119,767,057	48,017,721	1,553,762

Source: State Bank of Pakistan

Table 9.3: Year-wise Branchless Accounts by Gender

Year	Branchless Accounts (In Million)		
	Male	Female	Total
2020-21	55.8	18.9	74.7
2021-22	63.7	24.8	88.5
2022-23	74.5	32.4	106.9
2023-24	83.7	36.5	120.2
2024-25	93.5	42.3	135.8

Source: i. Pakistan Telecommunication Authority ii. State Bank of Pakistan

Note: * Male / Female CNIC based subscriptions (No. of Active SIMs). Mostly females in Pakistan use mobile service subscribed / registered on the CNICs of their male family members, therefore, female subscriptions are downward biased

Table 9.4: Year-wise Mobile Broadband/Cellular Subscribers by Gender

Year	MBB Subscribers-Million			Cellular Subscribers-Million		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
2020-21	79.0	21.0	100.0	133.7	48.8	182.5
2021-22	88.0	26.4	114.4	140.8	52.1	192.9
2022-23	93.1	29.8	122.9	141.1	48.2	189.3
2023-24	100.0	33.0	133.0	141.5	49.2	190.7
2024-25	109.9	36.2	146.1	147.7	50.1	197.8
March-26	113.9	42.8	156.7	148.7	56.0	204.7

Note:*Male/female CNIC-based subscriptions (No. of active SIMs). Mostly, females in Pakistan use mobile services subscribed or registered on the CNICs of their male family members. As such, female subscriptions are downward-biased. *SCO MBB figures are included in 2025 only.

Source: Pakistan Telecommunication Authority, Islamabad.

Table 9.5: Share of Social Media Users (March 2025)

Social Media	Total Users (In Million)	Male (Percentage)	Female (Percentage)	Gender Gap (Percentage)
*Facebook	63.6	76	24	67
**YouTube	55.9	60	40	30
**Tik Tok	66.9	71	29	56
**Instagram	18.8	65	35	42

Note: *Napoleon cat; **Data Reportal Gender gap is calculated as $[(\text{Male user/male pop} - \text{Female user/female pop})] / (\text{Male user/male pop})$.

Source: Pakistan Telecommunication Authority, Islamabad.

Table 9.6: Percentage of Individuals Own Mobile Phone/Smart Phone in last three months(Age>= 10)

Province/ Region	2024-25			2018-19		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes
Pakistan	69	31	50	65	26	45
Urban	73	43	58	72	38	55
Rural	66	24	44	61	19	39
Punjab	69	32	50	66	28	46
Urban	73	43	58	72	39	55
Rural	66	25	45	62	21	41
Sindh	70	30	50	65	25	46
Urban	75	44	60	73	40	57
Rural	63	11	38	57	7	32
Kpk	67	36	51	63	28	45
Urban	72	44	58	71	37	54
Rural	66	34	49	62	26	43
Balochistan	65	17	42	59	14	38
Urban	69	26	48	65	22	44
Rural	63	13	39	59	11	35

Population aged 10 years and older who own Mobile Phone and used it with one active sim card in last three months as a percentage of the total population aged 10 years and older.

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES), Ibd.

Table 9.7: Percentage of Individuals Used Mobile Phone/Smart Phone in last three months (Age>= 10)

Province/ Region	2024-25			2018-19		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan	94	89	92	93	90	91
Urban	95	92	94	95	93	94
Rural	94	86	90	92	88	90
Punjab	95	92	94	96	92	94
Urban	96	94	95	97	94	96
Rural	95	91	93	96	91	93
Sindh	93	88	91	93	88	90
Urban	94	92	93	93	92	93
Rural	93	82	87	93	83	88
Kpk	95	83	89	89	87	88
Urban	97	86	91	91	92	91
Rural	95	83	88	89	85	87
Balochistan	91	72	82	81	80	81
Urban	92	77	85	83	85	84
Rural	90	69	80	80	79	79

Notes:- 1. Population aged 10 years and older who own Mobile Phone and used it with one active sim card in last three months as a percentage of the total population aged 10 years and older.

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES), Ibd.

Table 9.8: Percentage of Individuals Used Internet in the last three months (Age>= 10)

Province/ Region	2024-25			2018-19		
	Female	Male	Both Sexes	Female	Male	Both Sexes
Pakistan	57	57	57	21	13	17
Urban	67	71	69	33	24	29
Rural	51	48	49	14	6	10
Punjab	57	62	60	22	15	18
Urban	66	73	70	33	24	29
Rural	50	54	52	14	9	11
Sindh	56	56	56	23	16	19
Urban	67	74	70	34	28	31
Rural	42	34	38	9	2	6
Kpk	64	49	56	22	6	14
Urban	74	59	67	34	14	24
Rural	62	47	54	19	5	12
Balochistan	52	35	44	10	3	7
Urban	66	48	57	18	6	12
Rural	45	29	37	7	2	5

Notes:- 1. Population aged 10 years and older who used Internet in last three months as a percentage of the total population aged 10 years and older.

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES), Ibd.

Table 9.9: Percentage of Individuals (Using Computer/Laptop/Tablet) by type of ICT skills (Age >= 10)

Province/ Region	2024-25		
	Male	Female	Both Bexes
PAKISTAN			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	49	33	41
Sending messages	43	38	41
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	28	10	19
Connecting and installing new devices	34	24	29
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	12	4	8
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	30	16	23
Transferring files or application	16	11	13
Setting up effective security measures	10	4	7
Changing privacy settings	13	4	9
Verifying the reliability of information found online	4	1	3
Computer programming	2	1	1
URBAN			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	58	47	53
Sending messages	51	50	50
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	36	15	26
Connecting and installing new devices	39	33	36
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	14	7	11
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	32	21	27
Transferring files or application	20	15	18
Setting up effective security measures	15	8	11
Changing privacy settings	16	7	11
Verifying the reliability of information found online	6	2	4
Computer programming	2	2	2
RURAL			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	42	23	32
Sending messages	38	31	34
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	23	7	15
Connecting and installing new devices	31	19	25
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	10	2	6
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	29	13	20
Transferring files or application	12	8	10
Setting up effective security measures	6	2	4
Changing privacy settings	11	3	7
Verifying the reliability of information found online	2	1	2
Computer programming	1	1	1

Contd..

Table 9.9: Percentage of Individuals (Using Computer/Laptop/Tablet) by type of ICT skills (Age >= 10)

Province/ Region	2024-25		
	Male	Female	Both Bexes
Punjab			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	48	38	43
Sending messages	42	43	43
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	27	12	19
Connecting and installing new devices	32	26	29
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	11	4	7
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	30	17	24
Transferring files or application	14	10	12
Setting up effective security measures	10	4	7
Changing privacy settings	11	5	8
Verifying the reliability of information found online	3	1	2
Computer programming	1	1	1
URBAN			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	57	50	53
Sending messages	50	52	51
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	36	16	26
Connecting and installing new devices	37	31	34
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	14	7	10
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	35	22	28
Transferring files or application	19	13	16
Setting up effective security measures	14	7	11
Changing privacy settings	14	7	10
Verifying the reliability of information found online	4	2	3
Computer programming	2	2	2
RURAL			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	41	30	35
Sending messages	36	36	36
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	21	9	15
Connecting and installing new devices	29	23	26
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	9	3	5
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	27	14	20
Transferring files or application	11	8	9
Setting up effective security measures	6	2	4
Changing privacy settings	9	3	6
Verifying the reliability of information found online	2	1	1
Computer programming	1	1	1

Contd..

Table 9.9: Percentage of Individuals (Using Computer/Laptop/Tablet) by type of ICT skills (Age>= 10)

Province/ Region	2024-25		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
Sindh			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	49	33	41
Sending messages	42	36	39
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	27	10	19
Connecting and installing new devices	35	29	32
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	10	5	8
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	22	17	20
Transferring files or application	17	14	15
Setting up effective security measures	12	6	9
Changing privacy settings	14	5	10
Verifying the reliability of information found online	7	2	5
Computer programming	3	1	2
URBAN			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	60	49	55
Sending messages	50	49	49
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	37	15	26
Connecting and installing new devices	39	40	40
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	12	7	10
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	25	22	23
Transferring files or application	21	19	20
Setting up effective security measures	16	9	13
Changing privacy settings	16	7	12
Verifying the reliability of information found online	10	3	7
Computer programming	4	2	3
RURAL			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	34	13	24
Sending messages	31	20	26
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	15	3	10
Connecting and installing new devices	29	15	22
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	8	1	5
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	19	11	15
Transferring files or application	10	8	9
Setting up effective security measures	7	1	4
Changing privacy settings	11	2	7
Verifying the reliability of information found online	3	1	2
Computer programming	2	<1	1

Contd..

Table 9.9: Percentage of Individuals (Using Computer/Laptop/Tablet) by type of ICT skills (Age >= 10)

Province/ Region	2024-25		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
KP			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	55	20	37
Sending messages	48	30	39
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	34	6	20
Connecting and installing new devices	38	14	25
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	10	3	6
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	40	10	24
Transferring files or application	18	9	13
Setting up effective security measures	6	3	4
Changing privacy settings	12	2	7
Verifying the reliability of information found online	3	1	2
Computer programming	2	<1	1
URBAN			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	65	32	48
Sending messages	58	39	48
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	41	12	26
Connecting and installing new devices	43	22	32
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	12	6	9
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	43	15	29
Transferring files or application	24	12	18
Setting up effective security measures	9	7	8
Changing privacy settings	15	4	10
Verifying the reliability of information found online	4	2	3
Computer programming	4	1	2
RURAL			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	53	18	35
Sending messages	46	28	37
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	33	5	18
Connecting and installing new devices	37	13	24
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	10	2	6
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	39	9	23
Transferring files or application	17	9	13
Setting up effective security measures	5	2	3
Changing privacy settings	12	2	7
Verifying the reliability of information found online	2	1	2
Computer programming	2	0	1

Contd..

Table 9.9: Percentage of Individuals (Using Computer/Laptop/Tablet) by type of ICT skills (Age >= 10)

Province/ Region	2024-25		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
Balochistan			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	42	15	29
Sending messages	43	22	33
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	24	5	15
Connecting and installing new devices	35	19	28
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	29	3	17
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	36	16	27
Transferring files or application	17	14	15
Setting up effective security measures	11	3	7
Changing privacy settings	29	4	17
Verifying the reliability of information found online	3	2	2
Computer programming	1	<1	1
URBAN			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	54	27	41
Sending messages	54	31	43
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	32	9	21
Connecting and installing new devices	45	27	36
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	37	5	21
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	43	21	32
Transferring files or application	21	18	20
Setting up effective security measures	15	6	11
Changing privacy settings	36	5	21
Verifying the reliability of information found online	5	3	4
Computer programming	2	1	1
RURAL			
Copy and paste tools/duplicate or move data/information and content in digital environments	36	10	24
Sending messages	39	18	29
Using basic arithmetic formula in a spreadsheet	21	3	12
Connecting and installing new devices	31	16	24
Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software	25	3	14
Creating electronic presentations with presentation software	32	14	24
Transferring files or application	14	13	13
Setting up effective security measures	10	1	6
Changing privacy settings	26	3	15
Verifying the reliability of information found online	2	1	2
Computer programming	1	<1	1

Notes:- 1. Population aged 10 years and older using Computer, Laptop, Tablet by type of skill in last three months as a percentage of the total population aged 10 years and older.

Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (HIES), Ibid.

Table 9.10: Harassment cases from 2020 - 2025 (Head Office, FOSPAH, Islamabad)

Year	Total	Federal	Punjab	Sindh	KPK	Balochistan	AJK
2020	301	125	123	29	19	5	
2021	353	110	151	52	31	9	-
2022	589	167	277	57	74	14	-
2023	534	173	192	124	39	6	
2024	576	276	269	79	44	8	
2025	727	273	327	66	46	5	10
Total	3180	1124	1339	407	253	47	10

Source: Federal Ombudsperson Secretariat for Protection Against Harassment (FOSPAH), Ibd.

Table 9.11: Gender-wise Harassment cases from 2020 - 2025 (Head Office, FOSPAH, Islamabad)

Year	Female	Male	Transgender	Government	Private
2020	213	88		97	204
2021	226	127		105	248
2022	402	186	1	120	469
2023	418	116		97	437
2024	465	211		124	552
2025	496	231		109	618

Source: Federal Ombudsperson Secretariat for Protection Against Harassment (FOSPAH), Ibd.

Table 9.12: Province wise Property cases from 2020-2025 (females)

Year	Total	Federal	Punjab	Sindh	KPK	Balochistan	AJK
2020	44	18	20	4	2		
2021	139	55	51	24	8	1	
2022	270	130	104	26	9		1
2023	148	98	33	13	4		
2024	223	136	68	7	12		
2025	390	252	111	13	12	1	1
Total	1214	689	387	87	47	2	2

Source: Federal Ombudsperson Secretariat for Protection Against Harassment (FOSPAH), Ibd.

Table 9.13: Land and Property Ownership Data by Gender in Pakistan

Provinces	Male		Female	
	Ownership	Area(Acres)	Ownership	Area(Acres)
Punjab	23,803,976	27,511,726	10,788,157	5,128,984
Sindh	68,498	-	4,466	-

Source: Provincial Revenue Departments

Table 9.14: Data from Excise & Taxation Department regarding moveable Assets

Type of Vehicles	Provinces	Male	Female	Total
Cars	Punjab	2,190,716	243,787	2,434,503
Motorbikes/Scotty/Other	Punjab	23,464,150	585,931	24,050,081
	KP	1,786,685	3,604	1,790,289

Source: Provincial Excise and Taxation Departments

Table 9.15: Number of Companies Having Female CEO (July2021 to June 2026)

Province	Number of Companies	
	Female CEO	Female Shareholders
Pakistan	14,559	33,792
Punjab	5,845	14,582
Sindh	2,946	6,569
KP	646	1,455
Balochistan	180	280
Gilgit	291	621
Islamabad	4,651	10,285

Source: Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Islamabad

Table 9.16: Sector-wise Number of Companies Having Female CEO (July2021 to June 2026)

Sector	Number of Companies
Services	2,110
Information Technology	1,857
Trading	1,685
Education	1,144
Textile	731
E-Commerce	643
Tourism	603
Food and Beverages	561
Construction	496
HealthCare	442
Real Estate Development	401
Marketing and Advertisement	389
Cosmetics and Toiletries	344
Section 42	286
Miscellaneous	253
Corporate Agricultural Farming	273
Pharmaceutical	230
Engineering	197
Parlor and other related services	185
Transport	164
Art and Culture	140
Chemical	138
Paper and Board	137
Mining and Quarrying	129
Lodging	128
Communications	113
Broadcasting and Telecasting	100
Fuel and Energy	97
Power Generation	95
Auto and Allied	90
Cables and Electric Goods	71
Wood and Wood Products	60
Sports	49
Leather and Tanneries	38
Vanaspati and Allied	31
Steel and Allied	22
Courler Services	20
Capital Markets	16
Insurance	16
Non-Banking Finance Companies	16
Footwear	14
Carpets and Rugs	12
Sugar and Allied	9
Ginning	7
Glass and Ceramics	7
Finance and Banking	4
Cement	3
Tobacco	3
Total	14,559

Source: Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Islamabad

Table 9.17: Number of Female Shareholders in Companies (July2021 to June 2026)

Province	Number o Companies
Pakistan	33,792
Punjab	14,582
Sindh	6,569
KP	1,455
Balochistan	280
Gilgit	621
Islamabad	10,285

Source: Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Islamabad

Table 9.18: Province & Gender Wise Registration With NADRA (2022-2026)

Year	Province	Adults			Minors			Grand total
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
2022	Balochistan	68,541	102,165	170,706	130,930	111,129	242,059	412,765
	Islamabad	3,944	7,018	10,962	40,623	39,093	79,716	90,678
	Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa	343,375	520,683	864,058	1,185,223	1,113,902	2,299,125	3,163,183
	Punjab	432,261	1,025,497	1,457,758	1,465,430	1,380,825	2,846,255	4,304,013
	Sindh	421,661	537,415	959,076	870,833	775,075	1,645,908	2,604,984
2023	Balochistan	56,484	71,231	127,715	510,929	485,083	996,012	1,123,727
	Islamabad	2,416	4,882	7,298	53,547	51,243	104,790	112,088
	Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa	207,069	306,225	513,294	1,813,237	1,793,324	3,606,561	4,119,855
	Punjab	293,108	616,424	909,532	2,230,081	2,103,427	4,333,508	5,243,040
	Sindh	286,447	348,260	634,707	2,127,180	2,003,203	4,130,383	4,765,090
2024	Balochistan	36,555	48,229	84,784	421,198	406,912	828,110	912,894
	Islamabad	1,456	3,304	4,760	46,763	45,396	92,159	96,919
	Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa	129,557	185,760	315,317	1,400,541	1,411,880	2,812,421	3,127,738
	Punjab	167,973	323,511	491,484	2,319,291	2,220,722	4,540,013	5,031,497
	Sindh	205,940	230,982	436,922	1,877,711	1,826,570	3,704,281	4,141,203
2025	Balochistan	47,029	54,087	101,116	239,047	227,821	466,868	567,984
	Islamabad	1,324	3,127	4,451	39,967	37,932	77,899	82,350
	Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa	112,348	187,129	299,477	856,316	823,443	1,679,759	1,979,236
	Punjab	166,233	300,220	466,453	1,725,475	1,655,395	3,380,870	3,847,323
	Sindh	187,728	230,837	418,565	1,141,951	1,094,690	2,236,641	2,655,206
2026	Balochistan	27,489	31,975	59,464	131,351	124,002	255,353	314,817
	Islamabad	746	2,031	2,777	21,945	20,880	42,825	45,602
	Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa	51,049	97,138	148,187	403,374	379,863	783,237	931,424
	Punjab	102,643	243,158	345,801	980,835	943,744	1,924,579	2,270,380
	Sindh	96,042	140,378	236,420	525,336	502,661	1,027,997	1,264,417
Grand Total		3,449,418	5,621,666	9,071,084	22,559,114	21,578,215	44,137,329	53,208,413

Source: National Database and Registration Authority (NADRA), Islamabad

Table 9.19: Violations Against Women Data Pakistan (2021 To 2025)

Type of Violence	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Domestic Violence						
Acid Attack	55	34	26	29	55	199
Amputation	0	0	0	0	1	1
Beating/Torture	84	73	62	15	113	347
Setting on Fire	24	26	14	18	46	128
Gender Based violence						
Attempt of murder	136	131	124	122	122	635
Sexual Violence	5	0	0	1	0	6
Forced Marriage	14	5	3	2	1	25
Wani/Sawara	20	8	5	0	1	34
Marriage with Holy Quran	0	0	0	0	0	0
Karo Kari/Honor Killings	139	308	300	276	287	1310
Dowry Related Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trafficking of Women for Prostitution	0	1	0	0	0	1
Harassment at Public Places						
Sexual Comments	12	28	19	4	7	70
Request for Sexual Favor	8	15	20	12	12	67
Rape	572	456	268	336	613	2245
Gang Rape	110	91	60	84	145	490
Custodial Rape	1	0	0	0	0	1
Total	1180	1176	901	899	1403	5559

Source: Ministry of Human Rights, Islamabad.