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SUMMARY

DataFest 2025, organized by the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics on 11–12 November 2025 at the Pak-China Friendship Centre, Islamabad, showcased Pakistan’s ongoing progress toward AI-driven governance, innovation, and data-driven decision-making under the “URAAN Pakistan” vision for a digitally empowered future. The two-day festival brought together policymakers, statisticians, researchers, academicians, and students through six thematic panel discussions, 78 specialized workshops, and inter-university quiz and poster competitions, providing a platform to exchange ideas, demonstrate technical skills, and explore innovative solutions for national development challenges. During the event, PBS formalized partnerships through MoUs with 13 leading organizations and launched two advanced digital dashboards designed to provide real-time analytics, spatial insights, and interactive visualization tools to aid effective planning and policy formulation. Several major surveys and approvals marked the period, including the Labour Force Survey (LFS) 2024–25, which reported a 46.3% participation rate, a 7.1% unemployment rate, and first-time estimates on the gig economy and unpaid domestic work, highlighting evolving employment patterns. The Household Integrated Economic Survey (HIES) 2024–25, approved in December 2025, revealed significant improvements in digital access, educational attainment, household incomes, and declining infant and neonatal mortality rates, reflecting social development gains. The National Accounts Committee (NAC) also approved revised GDP growth rates of 2.58% for FY 2024 and 3.04% for FY 2025, providing a reliable basis for economic policy and fiscal planning.

Strategic and institutional initiatives were further highlighted, including the ongoing review of the National Strategy for the Development of Statistics (NSDS) 2025–2030, aimed at integrating artificial intelligence, big data, and modern data technologies into Pakistan’s statistical system while ensuring practical, locally implementable solutions. International collaboration was strengthened through a five-day FAO training on agricultural SDG indicators and the finalization of questionnaire modules for the upcoming Pakistan Demographic and Health Survey (PDHS) 2026, underscoring PBS’s commitment to building a globally aligned, modern statistical framework. Awareness and outreach initiatives included nationwide walks marking International Statistics Day, emphasizing the critical role of reliable, high-quality data in evidence-based policymaking and sustainable national development.

Economic and social statistics were also highlighted, with general inflation for July–December 2025 reported at approximately 5.15%. Efforts toward social equity continued, focusing on gender data standardization and the upcoming release of socio-economic indicators for the districts of Sindh, further supporting data-driven regional planning. Overall, DataFest 2025 reinforced PBS’s commitment to modern, evidence-based policymaking, international collaboration, and the development of a robust, high-quality statistical system capable of supporting sustainable development, inclusive growth, and effective governance in Pakistan.



DATAFEST 2025 “From Numbers To Lives”

DataFest 2025 was a flagship national event organized by the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) to promote AI Based data-driven governance, innovation, and collaboration in Pakistan. Held at the Pak-China Friendship Centre, Islamabad, the two-day festival brought together policymakers, international organizations, academia, private sector leaders, researchers, and students under one dynamic platform.

Aligned with the national vision of URAAN Pakistan, DataFest 2025 focused on strengthening the country’s data ecosystem through panel discussions, technical workshops, academic competitions, innovation showcases, and institutional partnerships. The event emphasized the role of data, artificial intelligence, and digital transformation in driving inclusive growth, climate resilience, and social equity. With strong national and international participation, the signing of key MoUs, and vibrant youth engagement activities, DataFest 2025 reaffirmed Pakistan’s commitment to evidence-based policymaking and a digitally empowered future. Following the resounding success of last year’s edition, DataFest 2025 emerged as Pakistan’s largest and most dynamic data and innovation festival.

Grand Inauguration by Federal Minister PD&SI Prof. Ahsan Iqbal.

The First day of festival commenced on 11th November 2025, with a formal inauguration by Professor Ahsan Iqbal, Federal Minister for Planning, Development & Special Initiatives (PD&SI). Addressing a distinguished gathering of government officials, development partners, academia, and youth, the Minister highlighted the transformative role of data in shaping Pakistan’s economic and social future.



He praised PBS for spearheading initiatives such as the Digital Census 2023, Agricultural Census and Economic Census and emphasized that data literacy and innovation are central to the vision of “URAAN Pakistan.” He encouraged young professionals and students to harness the power of analytics, artificial intelligence, and research to drive national progress.

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On the second day on 12th November 2025, Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra, Secretary PD&SI, inaugurated the GIS Dashboard and Pakistan Spatial Insight Dashboard—milestones in strengthening real-time analytics and digital governance.



During his visit, he toured thematic stalls and interactive workshops, commending PBS and partners for building a cohesive national data ecosystem. The launch symbolized Pakistan's steady transition toward technology-driven planning and transparent governance.

Six High-Impact Panel Discussions

A total of six thematic panel discussions were held, aligned with national priorities and the URAAN Pakistan vision. Experts from government, academia, private sector, and international organizations deliberated on:

The following themes along with the topic of panel discussion were conducted.

THEME 1: Social Equity: Data for equity governance and resource allocation

PANEL DISCUSSION 1:

Rethinking NFC for equity and balanced development

The Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) hosted a high-level panel discussion on "Rethinking NFC for Equity and Balanced Development: Population,

Resources and Representation" during DataFest 2025. The session, focused on Social Equity – Health, Education & Resource Distribution, brought together policymakers, economists, statisticians, and development partners to discuss modernizing and strengthening Pakistan's fiscal allocation system.



Shields of appreciation were presented to key contributors, including Dr. Naeem Zafar, Mr. Sakib Sheerani, Mr. Vaqar Ahmed, and Dr. Ashfaq Hasan Khan, with special recognition for the continued support of UNFPA, Canada, and the Netherlands.



The session concluded that data-driven NFC reform is essential for equitable provincial development, improved governance, and sustainable socio-economic growth in Pakistan, ensuring balanced resource distribution across regions.

PANEL DISCUSSION 2:

Education: From enrollment to learning

The Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) hosted a high-level panel discussion titled "From Enrollment to Learning: Ensuring Quality Education for All in Pakistan" as part of Data Fest 2025. The session focused on addressing the nation's education crisis, with over 25 million children out of school and widespread learning poverty among enrolled students.



Ms. Rabia Awan (DDG, PBS) Moderator: Prof. Dr. Iqar Ahmed (HI), Chairperson, Punjab Higher Education Commission

Ms. Sharmeela Rassool, Deputy Representative Programmes, UNICEF stressed that reliable, disaggregated, and timely data is crucial for monitoring progress and guiding interventions.

Dr. Shahid Soroya (PIE) and Mr. Aftab Alam (Sindh SEMIS/GIS) highlighted the importance of integrating national assessments, EMIS, and citizen-led surveys like ASER to track learning outcomes and support targeted resource allocation.

The panel concluded with a strong consensus that data-driven, equity-focused reforms are essential to ensure quality education for all. Participants emphasized the need for stronger federal-provincial

coordination, digitization of education systems, improved accountability mechanisms, and targeted interventions to reduce learning poverty and strengthen Pakistan's human capital.

Shields of appreciation were presented to the panelists, recognizing their valuable contributions and insights in advancing evidence-based education reform and policy dialogue.

The session highlighted that through coordinated action, innovative strategies, and data-led decision-making, Pakistan can achieve meaningful progress toward SDG 4: Quality Education and promote inclusive and sustainable development.

THEME 2: Economy: Data for Growth, Productivity, Trade & Investment

PANEL DISCUSSION 3:

From Data to Evidence for job creation

A panel discussion titled "From Data to Evidence for Job Creation" was held in November 2025 under the thematic area Data for Growth and Investment. The session highlighted how robust labour market data and innovative analytical tools can support evidence-based policymaking for employment generation in Pakistan's evolving and largely informal economy. Key findings from the Labour Force Survey 2024–25, conducted by the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics, were presented, providing an updated overview of labour market dynamics.



The discussion also emphasized the use of complementary data sources such as the World Bank Enterprise Surveys and the Global Labour Force Database, highlighting the importance of data

integration and public-private collaboration to identify emerging job opportunities and inform strategies for employment and entrepreneurship.

The discussion concludes with a summary emphasizing the need for continued dialogue and collaboration among all stakeholders to leverage data for effective job creation policies in Pakistan.

PANEL DISCUSSION 4. Strengthening Pakistan's Agriculture: Boosting productivity and competitiveness in crops and livestock through technology, policy and Innovation.

The Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) hosted an insightful panel discussion on "Strengthening Pakistan's Agriculture: Boosting Productivity and Competitiveness in Crops and Livestock through Technology, Policy, and Innovation" as part of Data Fest 2025. The session was chaired by Mr. Attiq Ur Rehman (DDG, National Accounts, PBS) and brought together experts from government, academia, and international organizations.



Agriculture remains the backbone of Pakistan's economy, contributing 23% to GDP and supporting millions of rural livelihoods. Yet low productivity, climate-related stress, livestock diseases, and weak market linkages continue to challenge the sector. Panelists highlighted the urgent need to improve wheat productivity, reduce post-harvest losses, strengthen storage infrastructure, and enhance livestock and crop competitiveness to ensure national food security and sustainable growth.

Ms. Amina Bajwa, Head of Programmes, FAO-Pakistan,

emphasized the importance of integrating technology, policy reforms, and grassroots innovation to build a climate-resilient agriculture sector. She noted that modern tools, such as satellite-based monitoring, digital traceability systems, and predictive analytics, are essential to optimize water usage, improve yields, and stabilize markets.



The discussion highlighted the pivotal role of local-level data and evidence-driven decision-making. Strengthening institutions to collect socio-economic and environmental information allows for real-time interventions, better credit and insurance access for smallholders, and targeted support to vulnerable communities. Dr. Naveed Iqbal from JACC, PBS, presented findings from the 7th Agriculture Census 2024, underscoring gaps in production data and areas for capacity building.

The panel concluded that technology, data, and policy innovation are essential to modernize Pakistan's agriculture sector. Coordinated efforts can boost productivity, stabilize markets, enhance livelihoods, and ensure food security. Panelists emphasized that evidence-based planning and digital empowerment at the grassroots level are critical for building a resilient and competitive agricultural economy.

THEME 3: Environment: Disaster risk, climate change & adaptation

PANEL DISCUSSION 5:

Strengthening disaster risk, preparedness and insurance mechanism in Pakistan

This panel will bring together government institutions, development partners, financial bodies, academia,

and humanitarian actors to explore practical solutions for strengthening Pakistan's climate resilience through preparedness, effective response systems, resilient growth, improved data systems, and climate-smart agriculture.

- Review Pakistan's current disaster risk assessment and preparedness mechanisms.
- Examine operational systems activated during and after disasters.
- Identify pathways for rapid and resilient recovery, including insurance and climate finance.
- Improve data accessibility and cross-sectoral coordination.
- Highlight resilience needs in agriculture and agricultural insurance.

The panel discussion concluded with a strong consensus that Pakistan must urgently strengthen its communication systems, enhance institutional coordination, and adopt long-term preparedness strategies to effectively respond to rising climate and disaster risks. Experts emphasized the importance of making early warnings accessible to communities, improving governance structures particularly at the district level and integrating climate adaptation and risk-financing mechanisms, including insurance, into national planning frameworks.



Panelists noted that while Pakistan possesses adequate data, technical tools, and institutional structures, the key challenge lies in effective implementation, stronger accountability, and timely decision-making. Echoing the keynote speaker's observation that "climate change is a risk multiplier," the session concluded with a collective call for

coordinated action, evidence-based policymaking, and sustained collaboration among government institutions, development partners, and local communities to build a more resilient and climate-ready Pakistan.



THEME 4: E-Pakistan: NSS, Communication, big data and artificial intelligence (AI)

PANEL DISCUSSION 6:

Data to decisions by integrating AI and big data for Pakistan's Statistical future.

The panels fostered cross-sector collaboration and offered practical insights for bridging policy gaps through reliable data systems.

The Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) hosted a high-level and thought-provoking panel discussion titled "Data to Decisions: Integrating AI & Big Data

for Pakistan’s Statistical Future” during Data Fest 2025 at its headquarters in Islamabad. The session brought together leading experts, policymakers, and data professionals to deliberate on how Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Big Data can transform Pakistan’s statistical ecosystem and strengthen evidence-based policymaking.



The discussion commenced with welcoming remarks by Mr. Syed Abdul Qader Shah, Director General (Economic Statistics), PBS, who also served as the focal person for the session. He warmly welcomed the distinguished panelists, experts, and participants, highlighting the significance of innovation, technology, and institutional collaboration in strengthening Pakistan’s data governance framework. He also appreciated the participation of experts and stakeholders who contributed their knowledge and experience to the important national dialogue.

Setting the tone for the discussion, the moderator reflected on the unprecedented expansion of global data generation and the increasing need for AI-driven tools to manage and analyze this vast volume of information. The moderator noted that the scale and speed of modern data production now far exceed the limits of traditional human-driven analysis, making advanced technologies such as Artificial Intelligence

and Big Data analytics essential for modern statistical systems.

The discussion underscored the need for Pakistan to move beyond traditional data systems toward AI-enabled platforms capable of real-time analysis and decision support. Experts highlighted the

emerging concept of “Agentic AI,” where intelligent systems can autonomously analyze data, interact through digital platforms, and support timely governance decisions.

Panelists stressed the importance of integrating diverse datasets, promoting ethical and transparent AI governance, strengthening national capacity in data science and AI, and fostering collaboration among government, academic partners, development partners,

and the private sector. Overall, the session concluded that the effective integration of AI and Big Data is essential for modernizing Pakistan’s statistical system and enabling data-driven governance.



Workshops

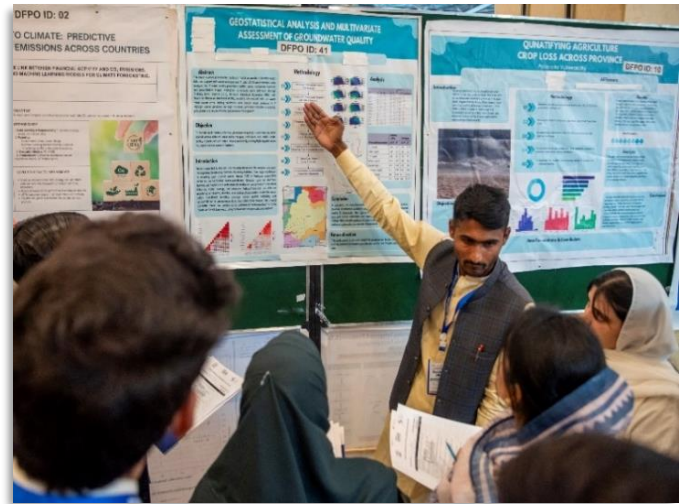
The Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) organized a series of specialized workshops during DataFest 2025, highlighting the role of data, artificial intelligence, and evidence-based decision making in Pakistan's development.

A total of 78 workshops were conducted across key themes including economy, climate resilience, social equity, governance, and digital transformation.

Experts from government institutions, universities, and international organizations shared research findings and practical solutions aimed at improving public services, economic planning, health, education, and disaster risk management.

facilitation, ensuring seamless discussions and fostering an environment conducive to knowledge sharing.

On Day 2, a total of 43 workshops were conducted across multiple thematic areas, providing participants with an interactive platform for knowledge sharing and technical discussions. enabling structured and efficient conduct of the workshops.



On the first day, twenty-four (35) renowned experts from different walks of life presented their latest data-related work, captivating the audience at their respective workstations. The respected chairpersons, maintaining the collaborative trend, provided expert

Inter-University Quiz Competition: NDU Wins Inter University Quiz

The Inter University Quiz Competition at DataFest 2025 brought together the brightest minds from universities across Pakistan, testing participants' skills in statistics, AI, and data-driven problem solving. The event provided a dynamic platform for students to demonstrate their knowledge, analytical abilities, and teamwork in the rapidly evolving field of data science.

National Defence University (NDU) clinched first place, with Air University as runner-up and Lahore University of Management Sciences securing third position. Teams competed fiercely across rapid-fire rounds and scenario-based challenges, impressing judges with their analytical thinking, quick responses, and collaborative problem-solving skills.

"This competition pushed us to apply data concepts to real problems," said Sara Ahmed, captain of the NDU team, highlighting the value of practical learning and teamwork in tackling complex data challenges.



Poster Competition Promotes Data Driven Innovation at DataFest 2025

The Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) successfully organized the Inter-University Poster Competition during DataFest 2025, providing a vibrant platform for students to showcase research and innovative ideas through visual data presentations. The competition formed a key component of the national event held under the slogan "From Numbers to Lives."

The competition themes were aligned with the URAAN Pakistan Vision and structured around the 5Es framework—Economy, Environment, Equity, Energy, and E-Pakistan. These themes encouraged students to explore critical issues such as climate resilience, economic productivity, social equity, renewable energy, and the development of a modern digital data ecosystem.

The poster competition was conducted in three rounds over two days. On the first day, two rounds

were held, while the third round took place on the second day of DataFest. A panel of expert jurors from leading universities and institutions evaluated the posters using predefined criteria including research relevance, data quality, analytical methodology, innovation, visualization, and policy implications.

In total, 87 posters were displayed, including 36 posters in the main competition and 51 posters for general exhibition, reflecting the growing interest of students in data science and applied analytics. Participants presented research addressing real-world challenges in areas such as agriculture, healthcare, climate change, artificial intelligence, and economic development.

Among the undergraduate submissions, the following students secured top positions:

- 1st Position: Muhammad Yousaf – “Reality Vision Detect Fake & AI Content Instantly” (UET Mardan)
- 2nd Position: Ali Raza – “Mapping the Nexus Between Digital Development, Human Development, and Multidimensional Poverty in Pakistan” (PIDE).
- 3rd Position: Fatima Binte Faisal – “Tiny Lives, Silent Voice: The Untold Story of Childhood Loss” (Kinnaird College for Women)



The poster competition helped enhance students’ data literacy, analytical skills, and research communication abilities, while also motivating young researchers to contribute to Pakistan’s emerging data ecosystem. Participants gained valuable exposure through interaction with experts and feedback from the judging panel.

Project Competition

Innovative Minds Shine at DataFest 2025 Project Competition

The Project Competition, held at the Incubation Centre as part of DataFest 2025, showcased groundbreaking student projects that applied data analytics, AI, and technology solutions to real-world challenges.

Teams from universities across Pakistan presented projects ranging from smart city solutions, predictive analytics, climate monitoring tools, to digital education platforms. Judges evaluated entries on innovation, feasibility, and social impact, recognizing teams that combined technical expertise with practical applications.

- First Position – Ms. Shazmeen Nasir
- Project Title: Distract Alert
- University: COMSATS University Islamabad
- Prize Money: Rs. 50,000



Ms. Shazmeen Nasir earned the first position for her

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innovative project Distract Alert; Distract Alert is a smart road safety solution using Deep Learning and Computer Vision that detects driver drowsiness or distraction in real time and instantly alerts them to stay focused.

It also provides fleet managers with valuable safety insights and performance statistics, helping organizations monitor driver behavior, reduce accident risks, improve productivity, and promote a culture of responsible driving.

Second Position – Ms. Alizah Nirmal

Project Title: Wisegen

University: Islamic International University Islamabad

Prize Money: Rs. 30,000



Securing the second position, Ms. Alizah Nirmal impressed the judges with her project titled Wisegen.

Third Position – Mr. Mahmood Iqbal

Project Title: Understanding the Relationship Between Climate Factors and Food Commodities Prices in Pakistan

University: Air University Islamabad

Prize Money: Rs. 20,000



National & International Organization & Government Department Stalls

More than 60 stalls were established by national and international organizations. Prominent participants included:

- UNICEF
- World Bank
- UNFPA
- FAO
- NADRA
- SUPARCO

Other Organizations including Universities, NGOs, Ministries, BOS, IT Boards and Private Organizations. These stalls facilitated networking, product demonstrations, research exhibitions, and collaborative dialogue across sectors including IT, telecom, finance, academia, and civil society.



Participation of International Delegates

The presence of international delegates, including representatives from State Statistical Committee of the Republic of Azerbaijan, SESRIC, and global research institutions, further underscored the growing international stature of DataFest 2025. Their participation strengthened global collaboration, encouraged knowledge sharing, and promoted meaningful exchange of experiences in the areas of data governance, official statistics, and digital transformation.



DataFest 2025 concluded with a closing ceremony attended by senior PBS leadership, recognizing organizers, partners, and participants for their invaluable contributions.

The event successfully:

- Strengthened Pakistan's national data ecosystem & Promoted youth engagement and innovation
- Fostered public-private-academic collaboration
- Reinforced the importance of evidence-based policymaking

With record participation, international engagement, and groundbreaking initiatives, DataFest 2025 has set a new benchmark for data-driven collaboration in Pakistan—leaving behind a powerful legacy of innovation, inclusivity, and progress toward a digitally empowered future.

Awareness Walks Mark International Statistics Day Across Pakistan

The Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) organized awareness walks across the country on the occasion of International Statistics Day to highlight the importance of data literacy and the role of statistics in informed decision-making.

At the PBS Headquarters in Islamabad, the main walk was led by the Honorable Federal Minister for Ministry of Planning, Development and Special Initiatives. PBS officials and staff participated enthusiastically, carrying banners emphasizing the importance of reliable data for national planning and development. Similar awareness activities were also organized at PBS Regional and Field Offices.



Signing of MoUs

A key highlight was the signing of multiple Memorandums of Understanding (MoUs) to strengthen data sharing, research collaboration, and innovation. PBS formalized partnerships with 13 Organization/ Departments including universities, development institutions, and government departments, marking a significant step toward an integrated national data framework.



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Labor Force Survey 2024-25

The Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) officially released the Labour Force Survey 2024-25, on 25 November 2025. The launch was widely covered by national media and government press releases. At the launch ceremony in Islamabad, the Federal Minister for Planning, Development & Special Initiatives, Prof. Ahsan Iqbal, highlighted the significance of the survey and its role in providing updated labour market insights for policymakers, researchers, and development partners.

The survey provides updated and nationally representative information on Pakistan's labour market, covering the period July 2024 to June 2025. A key highlight of this round is that, for the first time, the LFS has been conducted in line with the 19th International Conference of Labour Statisticians (ICLS) standards, bringing Pakistan's labor statistics in line with updated international definitions.

To support continuity and comparison with past data, PBS also released selected indicators based on the earlier framework. The LFS 2024–25 serves as an important evidence base for policymakers, researchers, and development partners to better understand employment, unemployment, labor force participation, gig work, unpaid care work and other critical labor market dynamics in the country.

Key Findings and Innovations

- The survey reports a Labour Force Participation Rate of 46.3% and an Unemployment Rate of 7.1%, providing an updated picture of national labor market conditions.
- For the first time, the LFS presents dedicated estimates on the gig economy, indicating 2.9% of workers engaged primarily in gig work and 10.6% involved as secondary gig workers.
- New data on unpaid domestic and care work reveal that women continue to shoulder a significantly larger share of care responsibilities.

- Sectoral analysis shows a decline in agriculture's share of employment (33.1%) and continued growth in the services sector (41.2%), reflecting structural changes in the economy.

During the meeting, the Chief Statistician of the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics presented an overview of the survey, while Ms. Rabia Awan, Deputy Director General (PSLM), highlighted key findings.



The survey shows improvements in several socio-economic indicators, including digital access, education, health outcomes, declining fertility rates, increased use of clean fuels, and rising household incomes. It also recorded a decline in neonatal and infant mortality rates, indicating progress in health and welfare.



HIES 2024–25 Results Approved by Minister for Planning, Development & Special Initiatives

The results of the Household Integrated Economic Survey 2024–25 have been approved by the Honorable Minister for Planning, Development & Special Initiatives (PD&SI) following a briefing held on 22 December 2025.

Earlier, the survey findings were reviewed and endorsed by the Technical Committee and submitted to the competent authority for approval prior to dissemination. In line with the approved timeline, the HIES 2024–25 report and microdata were finalized in December 2025.

NAC Approves Revised GDP Estimates for FY 2024–25

The National Accounts Committee (NAC) approved the revised quarterly GDP estimates and updated annual national accounts for FY 2024–25 during its 114th meeting held on 8 October 2025 at the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS), Islamabad. The meeting was chaired by the Secretary, Ministry of Planning, Development and Special Initiatives.



Revised Quarterly Performance

The committee approved upward revisions in GDP growth for the first three quarters of FY 2024–25. Q1 growth was revised to 1.80% from 1.37%, Q2 to 1.94% from 1.53%, and Q3 to 2.79% from 2.40%. These revisions largely reflect updated annual benchmarks, particularly in the Agriculture and Industry sectors.

Agriculture growth improved across the first three quarters due to revised benchmarks, while Industry moved from negative to positive growth. Services showed modest improvement in Q1, though slight downward adjustments were recorded in Q2 and Q3.

Strong Momentum in Q4

The economy recorded robust growth of 5.66% in Q4 FY 2024–25, reflecting a strong recovery momentum. Sector-wise growth during the quarter was 0.18% in Agriculture, 19.95% in Industry, and 3.72% in Services.

Agriculture performance was boosted by strong growth in green fodder, onion, and mangoes, despite declines in some major crops. Livestock, forestry, and fishing also posted positive growth.

Industry registered exceptional performance, driven by a sharp increase in Electricity, Gas, and Water Supply, aided by subsidies, favorable price effects, and a low base. Construction activity remained strong, supported by higher cement production and increased public sector development spending.

Services maintained steady growth, with all major components contributing positively, including Wholesale and Retail Trade, Transport and Storage, Information and Communication, Finance and Insurance, Public Administration, Education, Health, and Other Private Services.

Updated Annual Estimates

The NAC approved revised annual GDP growth of 2.58% for FY 2024, up from 2.51% previously. For FY 2025, the updated GDP growth was set at 3.04%, compared to 2.68% estimated earlier. Sector-wise growth for FY 2025 was 1.51% in Agriculture, 5.26% in Industry, and 3.0% in Services.

Based on the latest aggregates, the size of the economy for FY 2025 was estimated at Rs. 113.7 trillion (US\$ 407.2 billion), while per capita income stood at Rs. 506,188 (US\$ 1,812).



Visit of the Secretary, Ministry of Poverty Alleviation and Social Safety

A delegation led by the Secretary of the Ministry of Poverty Alleviation and Social Safety visited the GIS Laboratory of the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) to gain insights into the organization's geospatial data initiatives and statistical mapping systems.

The delegation was received by Khawaja Asif Majeed, Chief Statistical Officer at the GIS Lab, who welcomed the visitors and briefed them on the facility's role in supporting national statistical operations.

During the visit, the Member (SS/RM) provided a

detailed overview of the internal functioning of the GIS Section, highlighting the systematic development of the Area Frame and the advanced methodologies adopted by the GIS Lab to enhance spatial data utilization. The briefing emphasized how geospatial technologies are being integrated into statistical processes to improve data accuracy, sampling frameworks, and evidence-based policymaking.

The visit served as an opportunity to strengthen institutional collaboration and explore the use of geospatial data in designing and implementing social protection and poverty alleviation programs.



On October 2nd, 2025, a delegation visited the GIS Lab. The delegation was welcomed by Khawaja Asif Majeed, CSA, GIS Lab. The Member (SS/RM) explained the internal functioning of the GIS Section, the systematic development of the Area Frame, and the various methodologies adopted by the GIS Lab to enhance spatial data utilization.

Visit of Chairman, NADRA to GIS Lab

The Chairman of the National Database and Registration Authority visited the GIS Laboratory at the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics to review the organization's geospatial and statistical mapping initiatives and assess their contributions to national planning and development.

During the visit, the Chairman was warmly received by PBS officials, reflecting strong institutional ties and ongoing collaboration between the two organizations. The Chief Statistician of Pakistan provided a detailed briefing on the GIS Lab's activities, emphasizing

its role in developing spatial data frameworks, integrating geographic information with statistical operations, and enhancing the quality and reliability of national datasets.

The briefing also highlighted GIS applications in improving data collection, designing accurate sampling methodologies, and supporting evidence-based policymaking across sectors such as health, education, population, and resource management. Officials discussed how geospatial analysis can aid targeted interventions, policy evaluation, and monitoring of development programs at national and subnational levels. The visit offered a valuable opportunity to strengthen collaboration between PBS and NADRA, explore innovative approaches to geospatial data utilization, and promote the integration of administrative and statistical datasets for enhanced decision-making, planning, and governance in Pakistan.



Advances Key Reports and Engagements on Social Statistics

The Social Statistics Section of the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) continued its efforts to strengthen evidence-based policymaking through the preparation of key statistical reports and active participation in knowledge-sharing activities during the reporting period. These initiatives aimed to enhance the availability and effective use of social statistics for planning and policy formulation.

Among the major developments, the report on Socio-Economic Indicators at District Level of Sindh has reached the approval stage and is expected to provide valuable insights for regional planning, resource allocation, and development initiatives in Sindh.

In addition, the Annual Contraceptive Report 2022–23 is also under approval, which will contribute to a better understanding of trends in family planning, reproductive health indicators, and population dynamics across the country.

The section also actively supported the successful organization of workshops during DataFest 2025, demonstrating its commitment to promoting data literacy, public awareness, and the effective use of statistics among policymakers, researchers, and students.

Furthermore, Shazia Begum, Director of the Social Statistics Section, participated in the 39th meeting of the Country Engagement Working Group (CEWG) held online on December 9, 2025.

The webinar provided a platform for international collaboration, knowledge exchange, and discussion on strengthening national statistical systems and data engagement initiatives. These activities reflect the continued efforts of the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics to enhance the production, dissemination, and effective use of social statistics, supporting informed decision-making, improved governance, and sustainable development in Pakistan.

PBS Hosts 3rd Meeting of National Steering Committee on Gender Data Standardization

The 3rd Meeting of the National Steering Committee for Gender Data Standardization was held on 17 December 2025 at the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS), Islamabad, in compliance with the directives of the Parliamentary Special Committee on Gender Mainstreaming.

The meeting was jointly organized by PBS and the

National Commission on the Status of Women (NCSW) and was chaired by the Chief Statistician, PBS, while the Chairperson NCSW served as Co-Chair. The session was conducted in a hybrid format (in-person and via Zoom) at the National Data Coordination Centre (N3C), PBS, enabling participation from stakeholders across various institutions. Key agenda items included reviewing gender-disaggregated data on inheritance and land ownership, vehicle ownership, and financial inclusion.



Participants also highlighted the importance of improving coordination among relevant institutions to ensure comprehensive and reliable gender data.

The meeting reaffirmed the commitment of the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) and the National Commission on the Status of Women (NCSW) to strengthening gender statistics and enhancing collaboration for inclusive, data-driven policymaking and promote gender-inclusive development across sectors..

PBS Hosts Training on SDG Indicators for Agriculture

A five-day training on Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) indicators related to agriculture was conducted from 17–21 November 2025 at the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) Office, Islamabad, in collaboration with the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).

The training focused on strengthening technical understanding and reporting mechanisms for key agriculture-related SDG indicators, including 2.3.1,

2.3.2, 2.a.1, 2.4.1, and 5.a.1. Ms. Madiha Amjad, Chief Statistical Officer (CSO), was nominated by PBS to participate in the capacity-building program. The primary objective of the training was to enhance the technical capacity of PBS in analyzing, interpreting, and reporting agriculture-related SDG indicators, particularly through the effective use of data generated from the Integrated Agriculture Census.



The program also aimed to improve institutional understanding of the SDG indicator framework, including methodologies, metadata requirements, and reporting protocols aligned with international statistical standards and global best practices.

Officials noted that the training would contribute to strengthening Pakistan's statistical capacity for monitoring agricultural development and progress toward the Sustainable Development Goals, while supporting evidence-based policymaking in the agriculture sector.

Pakistan Demographic & Health Survey (PDHS) 2025: Questionnaire Finalization Underway

The Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) is actively undertaking comprehensive preparatory activities for the Pakistan Demographic and Health Survey 2026 (PDHS). This nationally significant survey is aimed at generating reliable and up-to-date indicators on key demographic and health dimensions, including population dynamics, maternal and child health, mortality rates, fertility patterns, and nutritional status across the country. The PDHS 2026 is expected to play a

pivotal role in informing evidence-based policymaking, supporting national development priorities, and tracking progress toward international commitments such as the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). In order to ensure the highest level of technical accuracy and methodological soundness, PBS constituted a high-level Technical Committee comprising experienced demographers, representatives from relevant ministries, and international experts with extensive experience in conducting Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).

This committee has been instrumental in guiding the overall design and content of the survey. On 30 October 2025, a meeting of the Main Committee was convened under the chairmanship of Dr. Naeem uz Zafar. During this session, detailed deliberations were held on the questionnaire modules, which were thoroughly reviewed, refined, and finalized after incorporating valuable feedback from both national and international experts to ensure alignment with global DHS standards and best practices. To further enhance the quality and relevance of the survey instruments, three specialized sub-committees were established, each tasked with refining specific thematic modules such as health, population, and nutrition. These sub-committees conducted in-depth technical reviews and consultations, ensuring that each component of the questionnaire meets the required standards of accuracy, clarity, and comprehensiveness. The finalized modules were then consolidated into a unified questionnaire, which has been submitted to the competent authority for final approval. The entire review and development process was initiated with an in-house consultative meeting held on 16 September 2025, marking the beginning of a systematic and collaborative effort to design a robust survey framework. According to PBS, "The PDHS 2026 will provide reliable, evidence-based data essential for policy planning in health, population, and social development." Overall, the PDHS 2026 represents a significant step forward in strengthening Pakistan's statistical system. By ensuring the production of high-quality,

timely, and internationally comparable data, the survey will greatly contribute to informed decision-making, effective resource allocation, and continuous monitoring of development indicators at both national and global levels.

National Strategy for the Development of Statistics (NSDS) 2025–2030:

PBS Reviews and Updates Strategy

The Pakistan Bureau of Statistics, in collaboration with the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), is reviewing the National Strategy for the Development of Statistics (NSDS) 2021–2030 to update it in line with evolving realities, including digital technologies and artificial intelligence. The review aims to ensure Pakistan's statistical system is modern, efficient, and aligned with international best practices while remaining practical for local implementation.



To advance this effort, the Population Census Section organized a Technical Committee meeting on NSDS, chaired by Dr. Naeem-uz-Zafar at the National Census Coordination Center (N3C), PBS Headquarters, Islamabad. The main agenda was to discuss the implementation plan of the revised NSDS 2025–2030. During the meeting, Mr. Sufian Abu Harb, UNFPA International Consultant, presented Pakistan's current data culture, highlighting challenges in data governance, accessibility, capacity gaps, and the

digital divide. He emphasized that rapid developments in big data and AI reduce the suitability of traditional statistics, reinforcing the need to revise the NSDS. He outlined the six pillars of the revised Strategy, proposed implementation approaches, and budget allocations by pillar and year.

Dr. Naeem-uz-Zafar (SI) noted that while the Strategy provides clear direction, it remains largely top-down; operational realities require a practical, bottom-up approach. Micro-level implementation steps need further detail, and international practices must be adapted to Pakistan's institutional context. Ms. Rabia, DDG (PCS/HIES), explained that the proposed Coordination Committee and Working Groups will refine practical implementation pathways to achieve the Strategy's objectives.

The Committee identified the National Quality Assurance Framework (NQAF) as a priority, discussing phased implementation starting with PBS and later extending to other institutions. Data utilization indicators and user feedback surveys were recognized as practical tools to identify gaps and improve performance. The meeting concluded that the Committee will continue reviewing the implementation plan and communicate any changes to the consultant for incorporation into the final NSDS document. This initiative reflects PBS's commitment to building a modern, high-quality statistical system to support evidence-based policymaking and sustainable development in Pakistan.



Inflation Situation During Oct-Dec, 2025

Pakistan Bureau of Statistics is the National Statistical Office, responsible for collection, compilation and dissemination of Wholesale & Retail prices and indices to measure inflation in the country. National Consumer Price Index (NCPI), Urban Consumer Price Index (UCPI), Rural Consumer Price Index (RPI) and Wholesale Price Index (WPI) are computed regularly on monthly and Sensitive Price Indicator (SPI) on

weekly basis. The monthly review on price indices and report on weekly SPI are also published on PBS official website <http://www.pbs.gov.pk>.

The monthly inflationary situation in Pakistan during Oct-Dec, 2025 is given in Table-1, the Core Inflation in Table-2, quarterly inflationary situation in Table-3.

Table-1 gives the snapshot of yearly (YoY) and monthly inflation rates (MoM) for General, Food and Non-Food Groups at National, Urban and Rural domains along with SPI and WPI.

Table-1: Average General Inflation trend (%) (Base 2015-16)

Monthly	CPI														SPI		WPI	
	General						Food				Non-food							
	National		Urban		Rural		Urban		Rural		Urban		Rural		YoY	MoM	YoY	MoM
	YoY	MoM	YoY	MoM	YoY	MoM	YoY	MoM	YoY	MoM	YoY	MoM	YoY	MoM				
25-Oct	6.24	1.68	6.00	1.38	6.59	2.14	4.49	1.73	6.81	3.02	7.00	1.14	6.37	1.30	4.79	0.90	1.10	0.51
25-Nov	6.15	0.40	6.05	0.54	6.29	0.20	5.03	0.28	5.91	-0.66	6.72	0.71	6.65	1.03	4.16	0.44	1.06	-0.16
25-Dec	5.61	-0.45	5.77	-0.36	5.38	-0.57	3.19	-1.68	3.81	-1.88	7.48	0.50	6.89	0.69	2.55	-0.79	0.57	-0.86
Change(%) (Oct-Dec, 2025)	6.00	7.44	5.94	7.09	6.08	2.87	4.24	2.68	5.51	7.82	7.07	8.05	6.64	8.08	3.83	5.68	0.91	0.10

The yearly General (YoY) and monthly (MoM) inflation rates are also graphically shown in Figures 1 and 2 for National, Urban and Rural level.

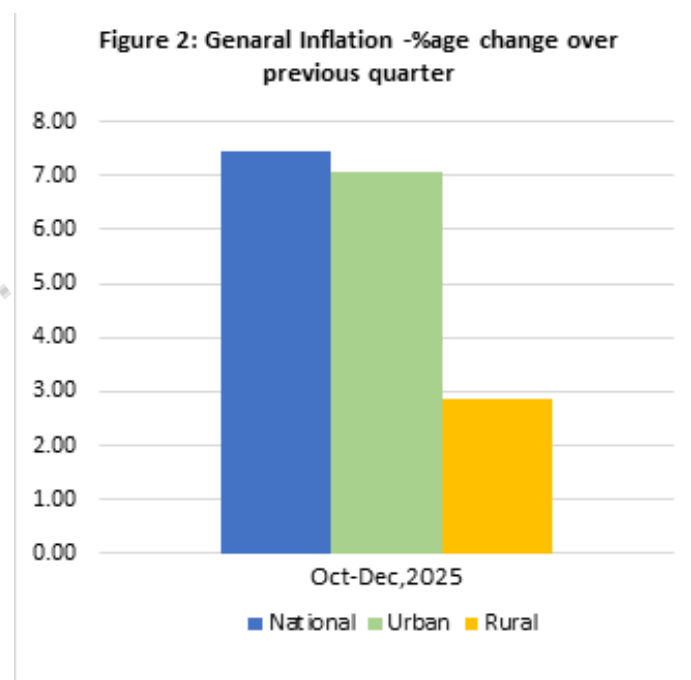
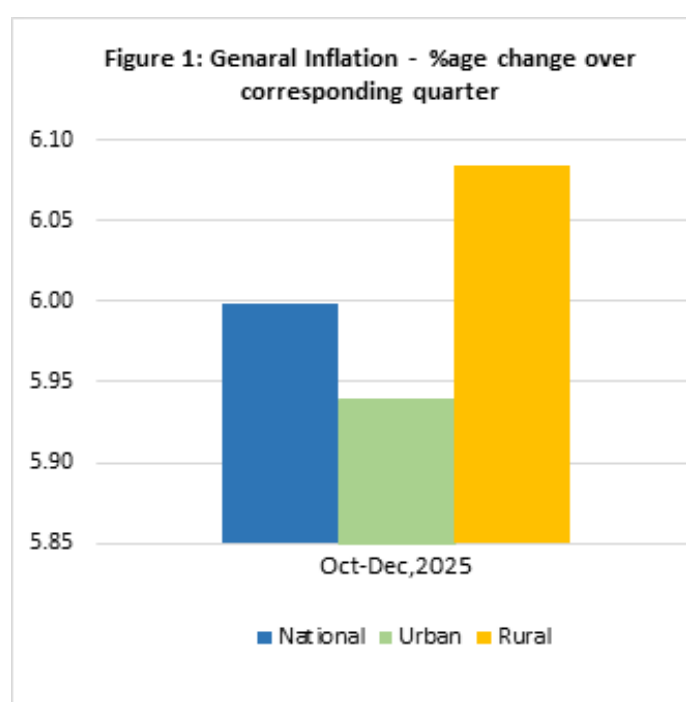


Table-2 gives the glimpse of yearly (YoY) and monthly (MoM) Core Inflation rates of Urban & Rural domains.

**Table-2: Average Core Inflation (%) (Base 2015-16)
Non-Food & Non Energy**

Monthly	Urban		Rural	
	YoY	MoM	YoY	MoM
2025 Oct	7.52	1.12	8.40	1.27
2025 Nov	6.63	0.32	8.20	0.53
2025 Dec	6.94	0.45	8.10	0.56
Change (%) (Oct-Dec,2025)	7.03	8.86	8.23	10.34

The yearly (YoY) and monthly (MoM) Core Inflation rates of Urban & Rural are also graphically shown in Figures 3 and 4.

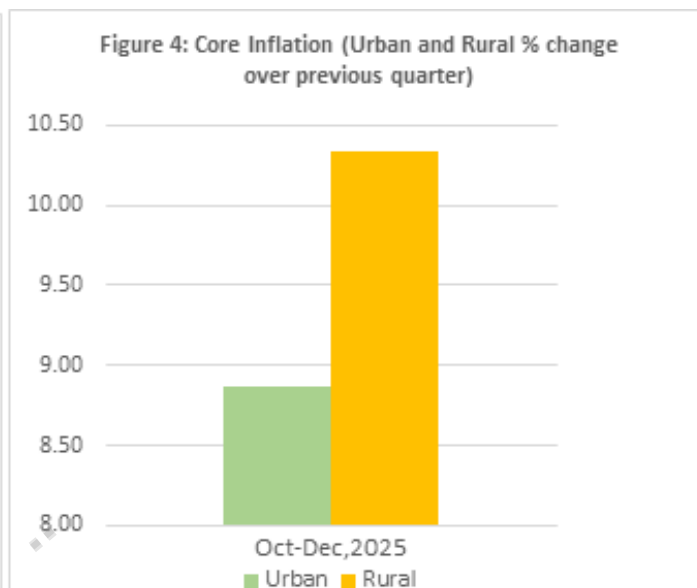
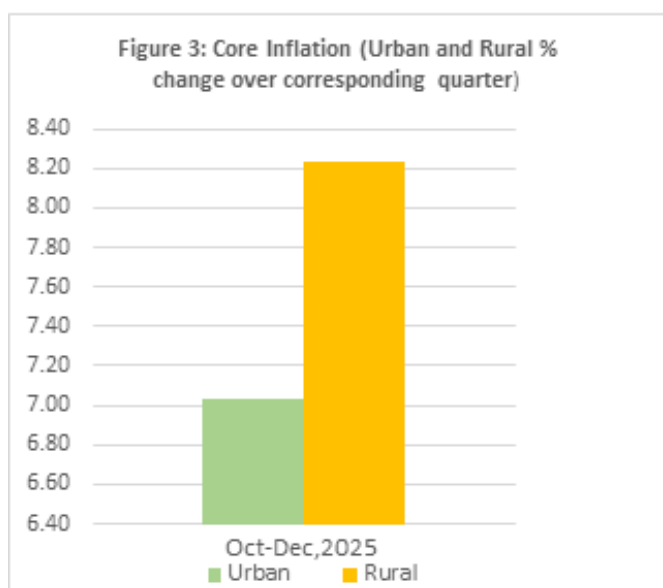
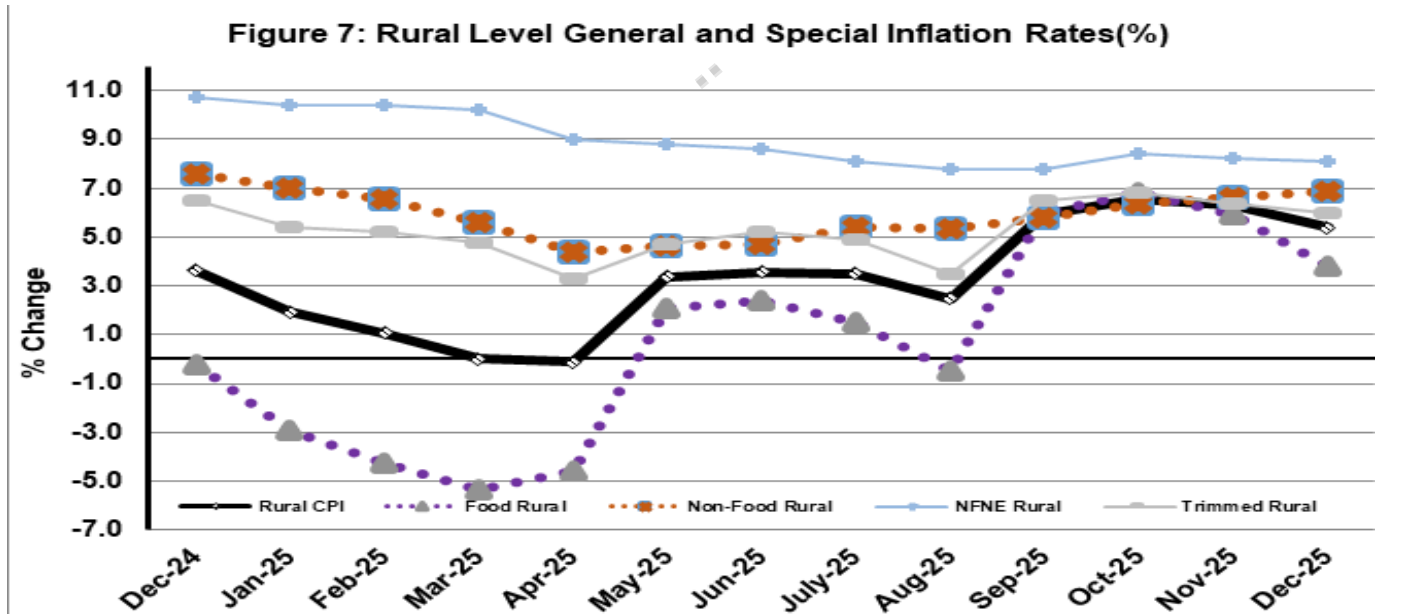
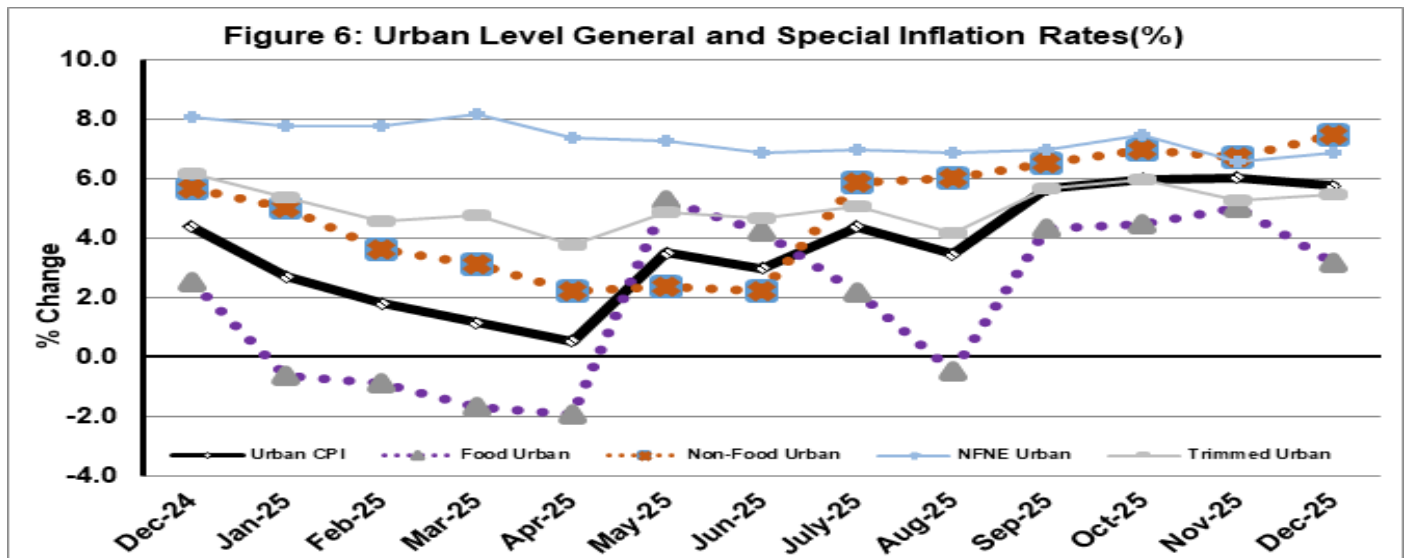
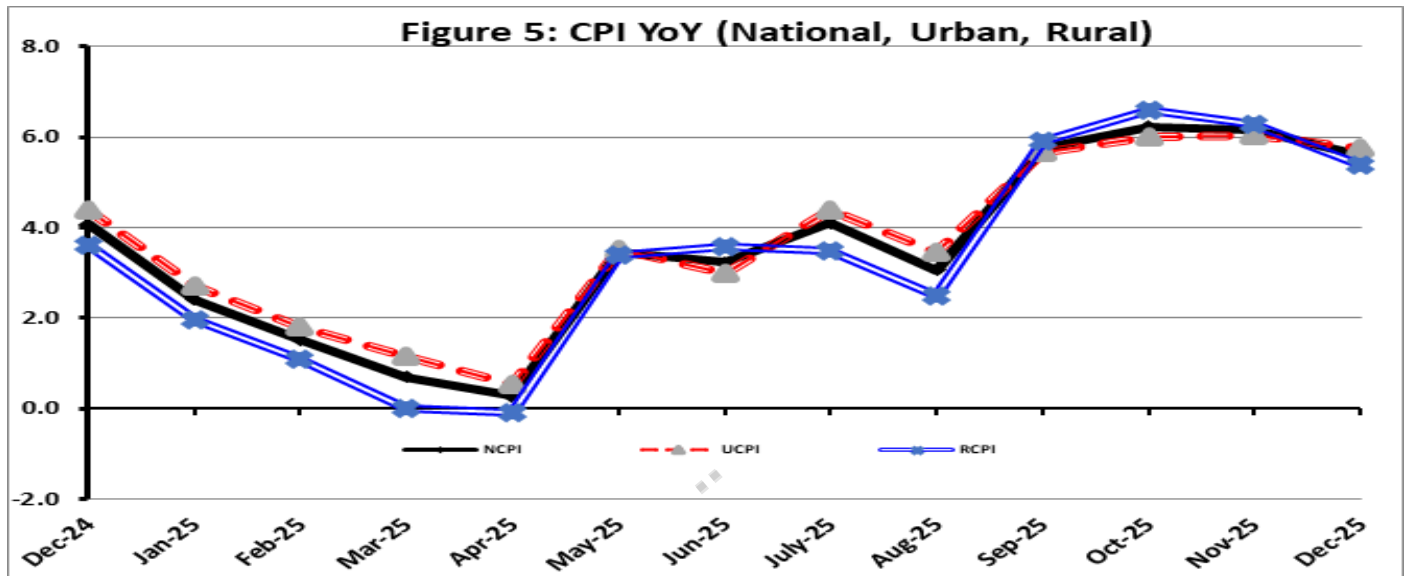


Table-3 indicates the cumulative indices along with percentage change for the Twelve (12) major groups at National, Urban and Rural level.

Table-3: Cumulative Indices and Inflation rates (%) [Jul-Dec, 2025] (Base 2015-16)

Group	NATIONAL				URBAN				RURAL			
	Weight (%)	Jul-Dec 2025-26	Jul-Dec 2024-25	Weight (%)	Weight (%)	Jul-Dec 2025-26	Jul-Dec 2024-25	Weight (%)	Weight (%)	Jul-Dec 2025-26	Jul-Dec 2024-25	Change (%)
General	100.00	276.88	263.31	5.15	100.00	273.61	260.01	5.23	100.00	281.81	268.30	5.04
Food & non-alcoholic Beverages	34.58	288.92	280.29	3.08	30.42	286.32	278.96	2.64	40.87	291.85	281.78	3.58
Non-perishable food items	29.60	291.48	276.64	5.36	25.97	289.21	275.77	4.88	35.08	294.01	277.62	5.90
Perishable food items	4.99	273.77	301.93	-9.33	4.46	269.48	297.59	-9.45	5.79	278.75	306.97	-9.19
Alcoholic Beverages, Tobacco	1.02	398.50	384.24	3.71	0.85	421.24	406.61	3.60	1.28	375.57	361.68	3.84
Clothing and footwear	8.60	266.52	247.85	7.53	8.01	256.68	239.28	7.27	9.48	279.06	258.78	7.84
Housing, Water, Elec., Gas & other fuels	23.63	249.71	238.46	4.72	27.03	259.36	244.75	5.97	18.49	228.41	224.59	1.70
Furnishing & HH equipment maintenance	4.10	281.12	271.24	3.64	4.09	270.94	261.08	3.78	4.10	296.43	286.55	3.45
Health	2.79	280.54	256.00	9.59	2.31	281.68	259.88	8.39	3.51	279.41	252.14	10.81
Transport	5.91	319.34	305.57	4.51	6.14	314.30	300.70	4.52	5.56	327.75	313.69	4.48
Communication	2.21	135.50	134.79	0.52	2.35	138.86	138.35	0.37	1.99	129.51	128.45	0.82
Recreation and culture	1.59	265.68	274.14	-3.09	1.73	249.93	259.29	-3.61	1.38	295.57	302.32	-2.23
Education	3.79	223.22	202.52	10.22	4.88	216.01	196.91	9.70	2.13	248.13	221.91	11.81
Restaurants and hotels	6.92	292.95	275.56	6.31	7.41	287.18	271.77	5.67	6.19	303.38	282.42	7.42
Misc. goods and services	4.87	345.37	296.11	16.64	4.77	334.20	287.55	16.22	5.02	361.42	308.40	17.19

The yearly General and Special inflation rates (YoY) are also graphically sketched in Figures 5-7 for National, Urban and Rural level.



Summary of Provisional Quantum Index Numbers of Large-Scale Manufacturing Industries (QIM)

The provisional quantum indices of Large-Scale Manufacturing Industries (LSMI) for November 2025 with base year 2015-16 have been developed on the basis of latest data supplied by the source agencies. The indices for November 2025 and July-November 2025-26 along with growth are as follows: -

- QIM estimated for November 2025 is 118.28.
- The LSMI output increased by 10.37% for November 2025 when compared with November, 2024 and 0.16% when compared with October, 2025.
- QIM estimated for July-November, 2025-26 is 115.72.
- Overall Large-Scale Manufacturing Sector has shown a growth of 6.01% during July- November 2025-26 when compared with the same period of last year.

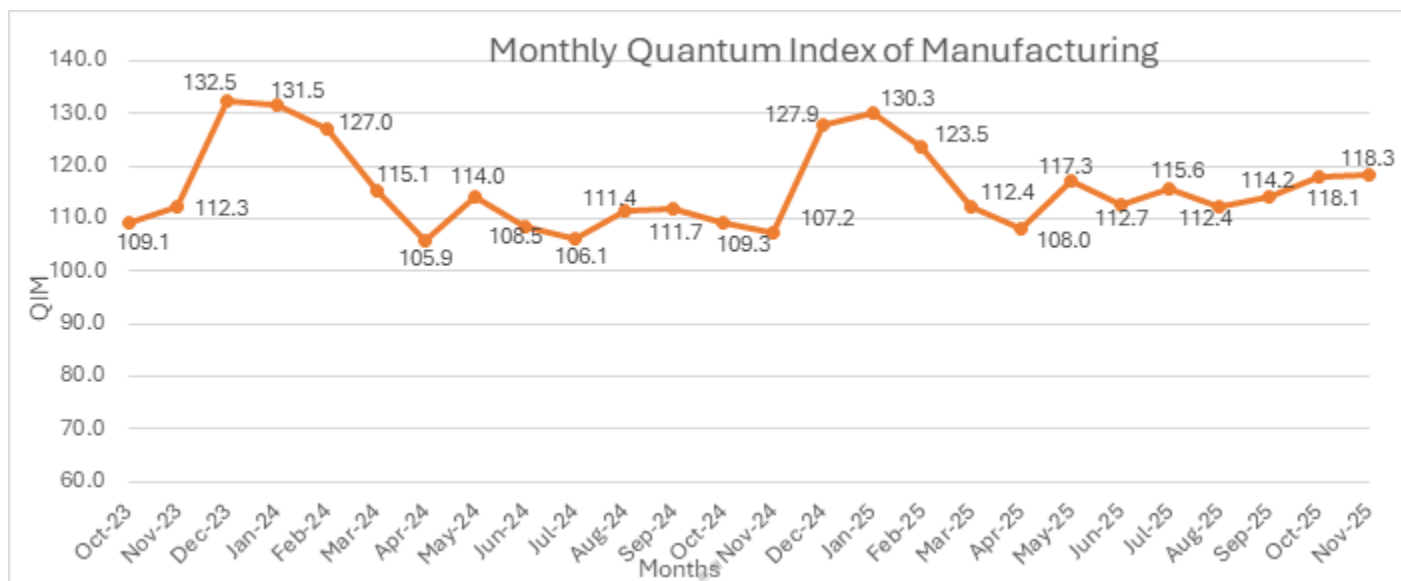
Monthly Indices and Growth					Jul-Nov 2025-26		
Index for			Growth		Index for		Growth
Nov-25	Nov-24	Oct-25	MOM	YOY	2025-26	2024-25	2025-26
118.28	107.17	118.09	0.16	10.37	115.72	109.65	6.01

2. The growth of important items/group of items is as follows.

Manufacturing Sector	Weight	% Change	
		November-25	Jul-Nov2025-26
Cotton Yarn	8.88	0.68	1.92
Cotton Cloth	7.29	0.15	0.24
Garments	6.08	18.43	7.14
Petroleum Products	6.66	43.66	18.06
Fertilizers	3.93	1.22	0.43
Cement	4.65	8.74	13.47
Iron & Steel	3.45	-5.99	-3.80
Automobile	3.10	61.35	75.15

3. The main contributors towards overall growth of 6.01% are Food (0.47), Tobacco (0.06), Textile (0.32) Garments (1.24), Paper & Board (0.07), Petroleum Products (1.29), Chemicals (-0.12), Pharmaceuticals (-0.34), Cement (0.78), Iron & Steel Products (-0.17), Electrical Equipment (0.22), Machinery and Equipment (-0.05), Automobiles (1.77), Other transport Equipment (0.24), and Furniture (-0.19).

4. Month-wise trend of QIM from October, 2023 to November, 2025 is given in the following graph:



5. The sectors showing growth during July-November 2025-26 compared to July-November 2024-25 are given below: -

Manufacturing Sector	Weight	(%) Change 2024-25		(%) Change 2025-26		YOY Growth Impact 2025-26	
		Nov	Jul-Nov	Nov	Jul-Nov	Monthly	Cumulative
Food	10.69	(0.26)	1.65	0.70	3.43	0.11	0.47
Beverages	3.84	(4.76)	(1.47)	32.61	5.88	1.13	0.27
Tobacco	2.07	22.58	30.85	8.56	3.44	0.14	0.06
Textile	18.16	1.04	2.29	2.52	1.77	0.46	0.32
Wearing Apparel	6.08	(5.67)	11.49	18.43	7.14	2.91	1.24
Paper & Board	1.63	1.51	2.70	(1.37)	2.96	(0.04)	0.07
Coke & Petroleum Products	6.66	(-16.03)	(2.34)	43.66	18.06	2.94	1.29
Rubber Products	0.24	4.96	(1.76)	6.10	10.79	0.01	0.02
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	5.01	(9.91)	(14.00)	7.30	12.26	0.50	0.77
Fabricated Metal	0.42	(17.51)	(23.20)	13.37	9.88	0.05	0.03
Computer, electronics and Optical products	0.03	1.72	0.37	0.94	1.45	0.00	0.00
Electrical Equipment	2.05	(13.96)	(20.02)	16.66	8.32	0.44	0.22
Automobiles	3.10	89.06	50.17	61.35	75.15	1.57	1.77
Other transport Equipment	0.69	46.27	29.21	42.81	39.16	0.28	0.24
Other Manufacturing (Footwear)	0.32	(13.33)	(8.60)	17.39	25.94	0.07	0.11

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6. The sectors showing Decline during July-November 2025-26 compared to July-November 2024-25 are given below: -

Manufacturing Sector	Weight	(% Change 2024-25)		(% Change 2025-26)		YOY Growth Impact 2025-26	
		Nov	Jul-Nov	Nov	Jul-Nov	Monthly	Cumulative
Leather Products	1.23	1.23	0.09	(2.35)	0.23	(0.02)	0.00
Wood Products	0.18	(7.68)	(0.61)	0.17	(1.13)	0.00	(0.00)
Chemicals	6.48	(7.04)	(1.36)	0.60	(1.35)	0.05	(0.12)
Chemicals Products	2.55	(9.82)	(6.78)	(0.49)	(4.54)	(0.01)	(0.14)
Fertilizers	3.93	(5.38)	1.94	1.22	0.43	0.06	0.02
Pharmaceuticals	5.15	1.21	1.88	0.33	(5.31)	0.02	(0.34)
Iron & Steel Products	3.45	(11.25)	(12.19)	(5.99)	(3.80)	(0.28)	(0.17)
Machinery and Equipment	0.39	(5.40)	(43.09)	(16.37)	(13.30)	(0.09)	(0.05)
Furniture	0.51	(53.25)	(59.14)	6.33	(12.04)	0.10	(0.19)
Fabricated Metal	0.42	(17.51)	(23.20)	13.37	9.88	0.05	0.03
Computer, electronics and Optical products	0.03	1.72	0.37	0.94	1.45	0.00	0.00
Electrical Equipment	2.05	(13.96)	(20.02)	16.66	8.32	0.44	0.22
Automobiles	3.10	89.06	50.17	61.35	75.15	1.57	1.77
Other transport Equipment	0.69	46.27	29.21	42.81	39.16	0.28	0.24
Other Manufacturing (Football)	0.32	(13.33)	(8.60)	17.39	25.94	0.07	0.11

7. The production in July-November 2025-26 as compared to July-November 2024-25 has increased in Food, Beverages, Tobacco, Textile, wearing apparel, Paper & Board, Coke & Petroleum Products, Rubber Products, Non Metallic Mineral Products, Fabricated Metal, Computer, electronics and Optical Products, Electrical Equipment, Automobiles and Other Transport Equipment while it Decreased in Leather Products, Wood Products, Chemical Products, Pharmaceuticals, Iron & Steel Products, Machinery and Equipment, and Furniture.

LIST OF RETIRED EMPLOYEES (OCTOBER TO DECEMBER 2025)

S No	NAME	DESIGNATION	BS	DATED OF RETIRMENT	STATION
1	MUHAMMAD KHAN	Lower Division Clerk	11	01.10.2025	Islamabad
2	MUHAMMAD TARIQ	Statistical Officer	17	03.10.2025	Sargodha
3	NISAR AHMED LARIK	Lower Division Clerk	11	08.10.2025	Karachi
4	AZIZ AHMAD	Upper Division Clerk	13	10.10.2025	Islamabad
5	MUNAZA PERVEEN	Data Entry Operator	15	10.10.2025	Lahore
6	SYED SHAFIQ HUSSAIN	Assistant Private Secretary	17	11.10.2025	Karachi
7	GHULAM YASIN	Data Entry Operator	15	25.10.2025	Lahore
8	MUHAMMAD MUNIR	Statistical Officer	17	01.11.2025	Islamabad
9	ZULFIQAR AHMED	Statistical Officer	17	12.11.2025	Faisalabad
10	ZAFAR IQBAL	Upper Division Clerk	13	15.11.2025	Lahore
11	NASEER AHMED	Chowkidar	5	18.11.2025	Khuzdar
12	MUHAMMAD ZUBAIR	Deputy Census Commissioner	18	23.11.2025	Vehari
13	ABDUL SALAM	Assistant Supervisor (DP)	15	01.12.2025	Lahore
14	MUHAMMAD AKBAR	Assistant Ministerial	16	05.12.2025	Quetta
15	SYED LAL HUSSAIN SHAH	Upper Division Clerk	13	07.12.2025	Lahore
16	GULFRAZ KHAN	Daftary	5	15.12.2025	Islamabad
17	MUHAMMAD YOUNUS	Statistical Officer	17	15.12.2025	Karachi
18	MUHAMMAD SIDDIQUE	Assistant Private Secretary	16	15.12.2025	Karachi
19	GEORGE MASIH	Sanitary Worker	5	20.12.2025	Lahore
20	ASHIR BASHIR JOHN	Cartographer	15	27.12.2025	Lahore
21	ATTIQ-UR-REHMAN	Deputy Director General	20	30.12.2025	Islamabad

LIST OF DECEASED EMPLOYEES (OCTOBER TO DECEMBER 2025)

S No	NAME	DESIGNATION	BS	DIED ON DATED	STATION
1	SAFDAR ABBAS	Junior Draftsman	12	30.11.2025	Multan
2	MUHAMMAD NAVEED AHMED	Chief Statistical Officer	18	28.12.2025	Gujranwala



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