

KEY FINDINGS OF SURVEY FOR EVALUATING THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC IMPACT OF COVID-19

To access the impact of COVID-19 and its future implications, governments do not have any updated and representative nationwide data. Pakistan Bureau of Statistics as the key government agency responsible for providing official statistics for Pakistan, has taken initiative to conduct special survey for evaluating impact of COVID-19 on wellbeing of people to provide representative results at national/provincial level to inform government on the magnitude/level of effects of this crises on **Employment, Food security and general wellbeing of the population** for informed decision making. Questionnaire & methodology was finalized with consultation of all relevant stake holders like FAO, World Bank, UNDP, WHO, independent renowned researches and M/O Planning Development & Special Initiatives (PD&SI).

Main Sector Covered

- Employment
- Income
- Remittances
- Food Insecurity
- Access/use to Health Facilities
- Housing Characteristics Water, Sanitation & Hygiene
- Assistance obtained from Organizations

Sample size of COVID -19

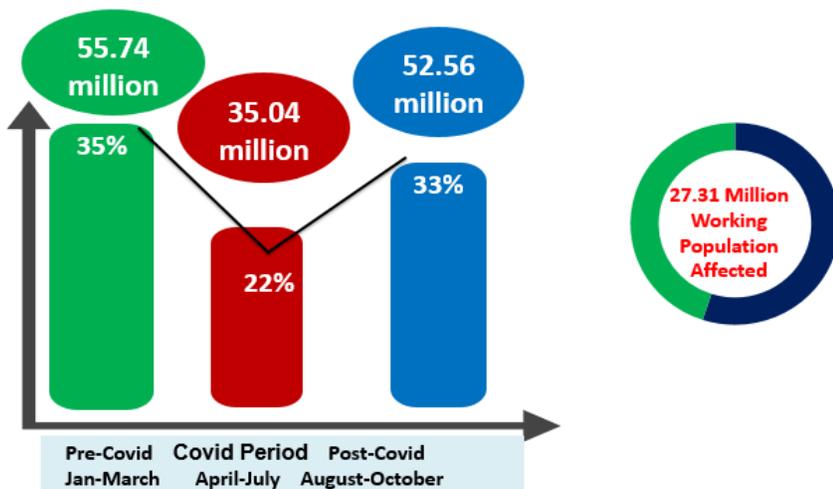
PROVINCE	URBAN	RURAL	TOTAL
PUNJAB	125	54	179
SINDH	114	49	163
KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA	47	20	67
BALUCHISTAN	35	15	50
AJK	17	7	24
GILIT-BALTISTAN	11	6	17
PAKISTAN	349	151	500

Sample Design

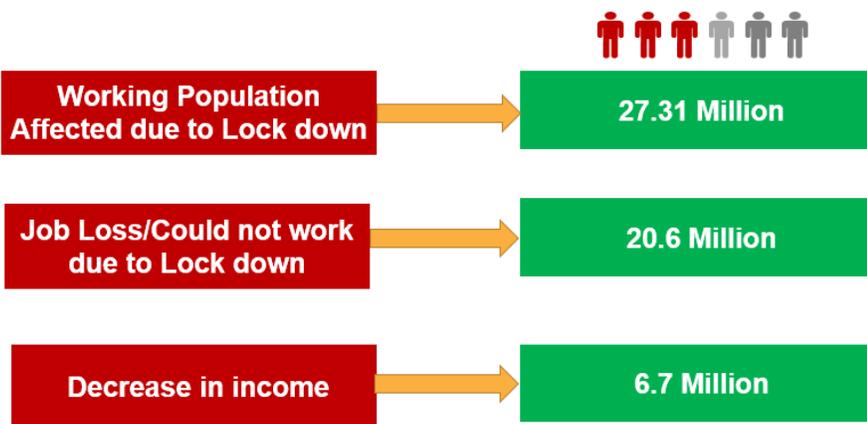
Data of 500 blocks comprising of 6000 households was collected from all over Pakistan during 20th October 2020 to 5th November 2020 electronically through tablets. As impact of crises was more in Urban areas therefore 70 percent sample taken from Urban and 30 percent from rural areas. Reference period for survey was **January to March 2020 for Pre Covid**, **April to July 2020 during Covid** and **August to 5th November 2020 for after First wave of Covid**

Economic impact on wellbeing of Population

Impact of Lock down on Working Population--10 years & above (160 million)



Effected Population in Million

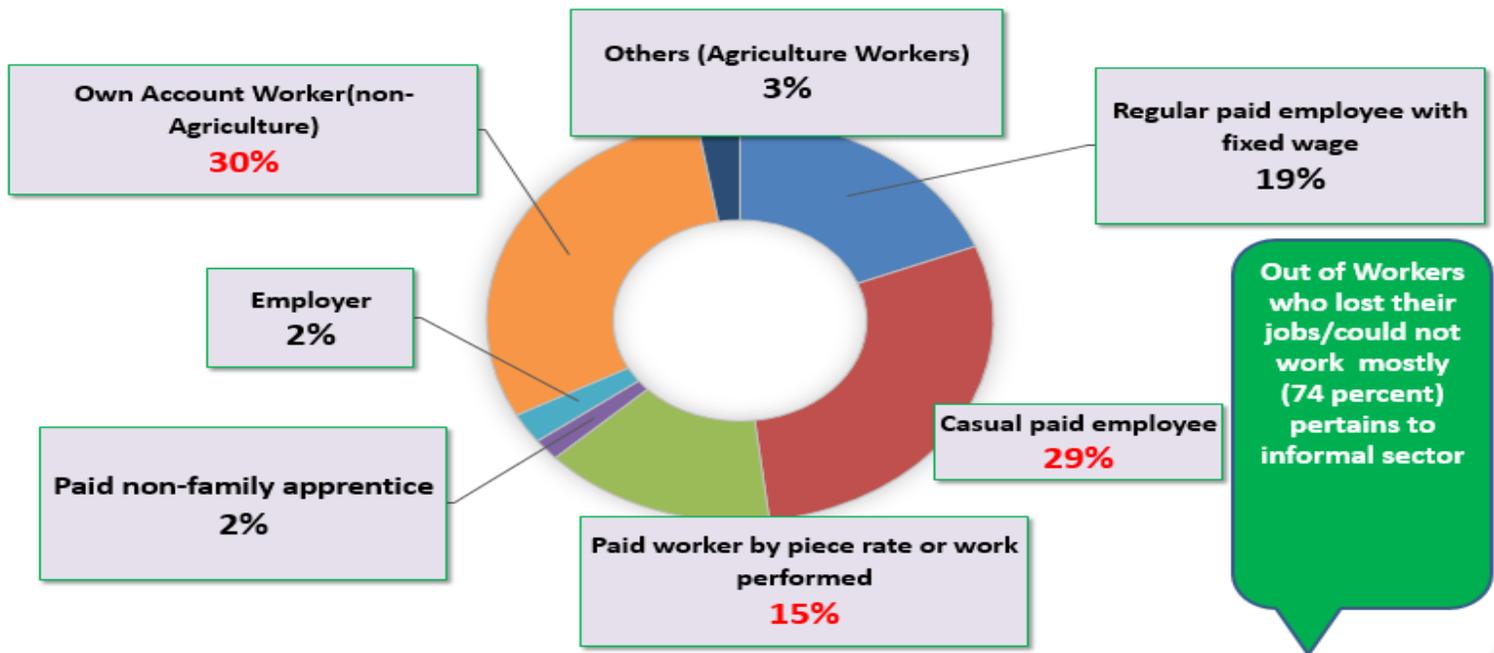


In Pakistan **55.74 Million Population** was economically active that was around **35 percent** of population age 10 years and older before Covid-19. But due to the Shock of Pandemic, It is observed that that the economically active population decline to **22 percent** (35.04 Million Population approx).

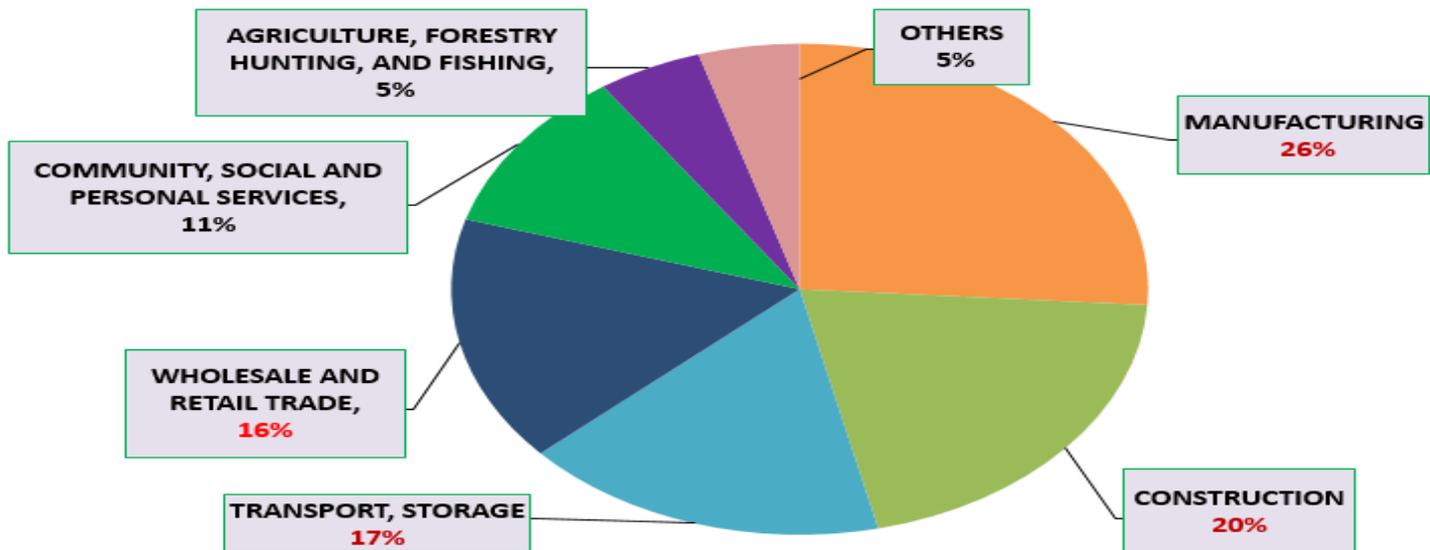
Most Affected province was Sindh for which the working population has been reduced to 23 percent during COVID Period (April-July) as compared to 38 percent before the shock followed by Punjab with 14 percent decline and Balochistan with 11 percent.

However, its worth mentioning that economy of country shown almost V shape recovery from August to October 2020.

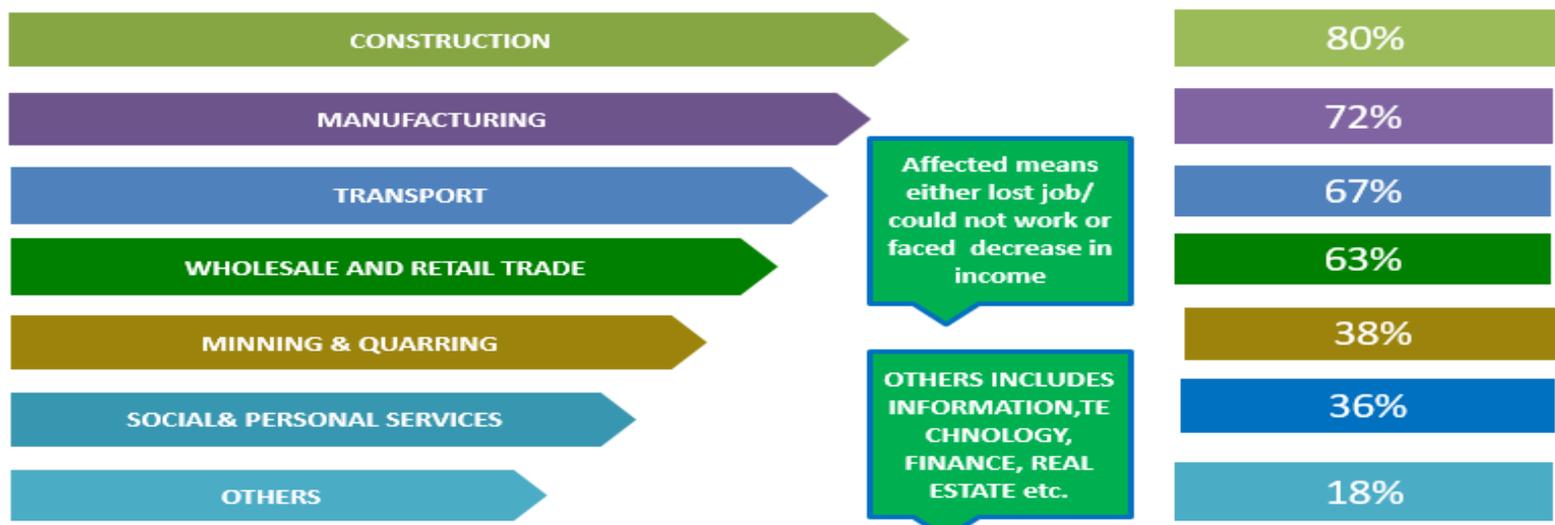
Distribution of Effected Workers by Job Status



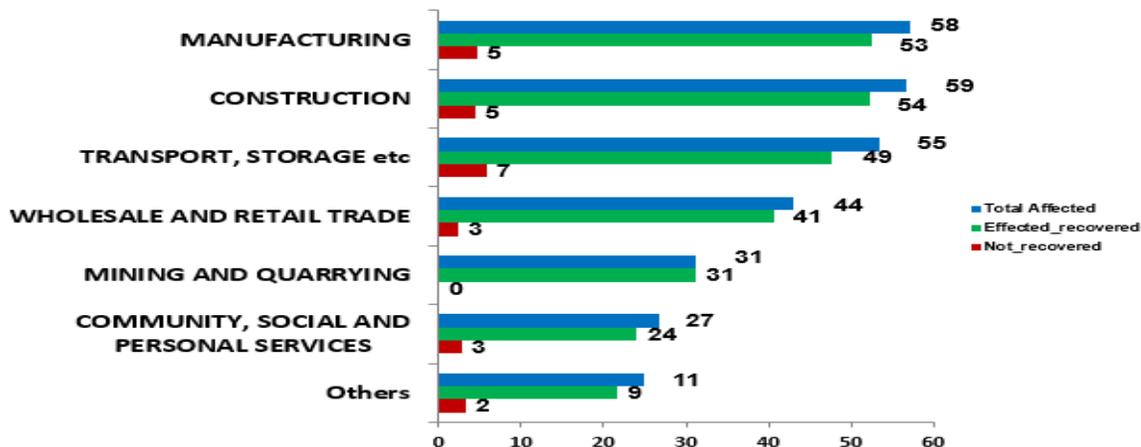
Distribution of Affected Working Population -by Industry(%)



Affected Working Population by Industry(Incidence)



Recovery of Working Population (Job Lost/ Could not work) by Industry (incidence%) (August -5th November 2020)

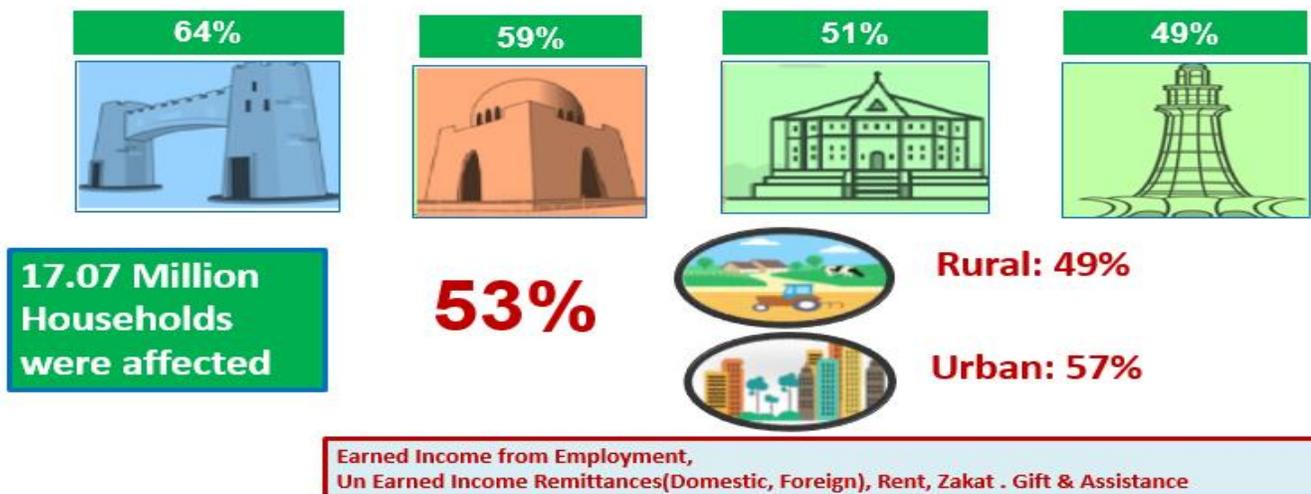


Affected Working Population/ Job lost/could not work
20.6 Million
 (April-July 2020)

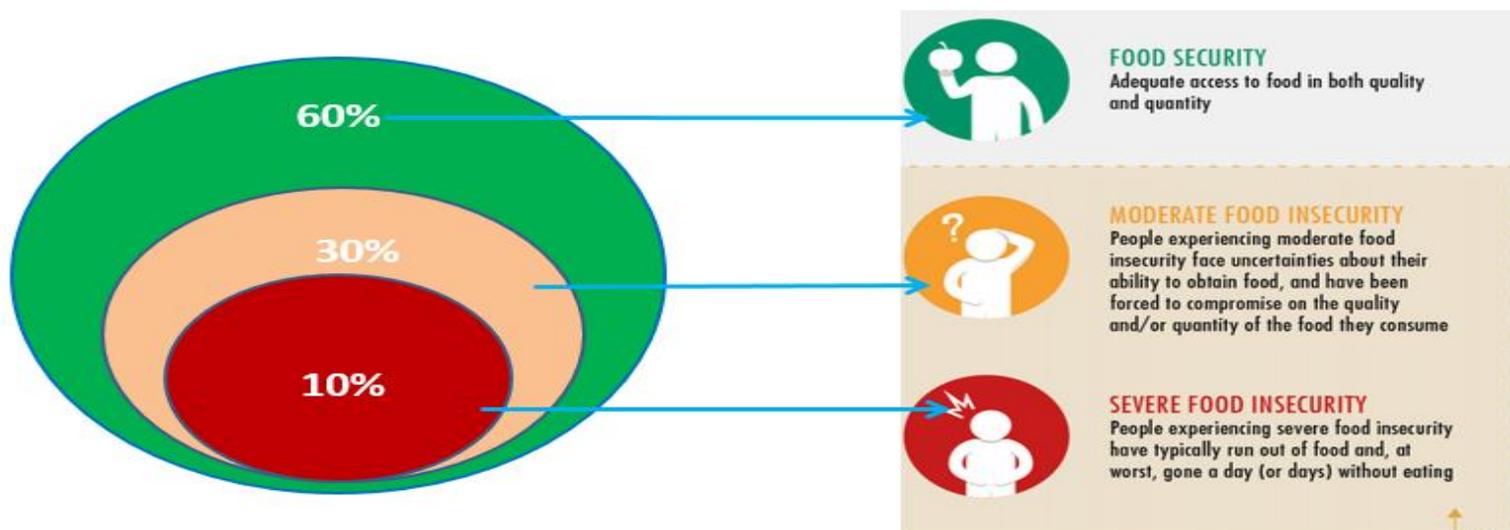
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Recovered(on job/ started working)
18.4 Million
 (August to 5th November 2020)

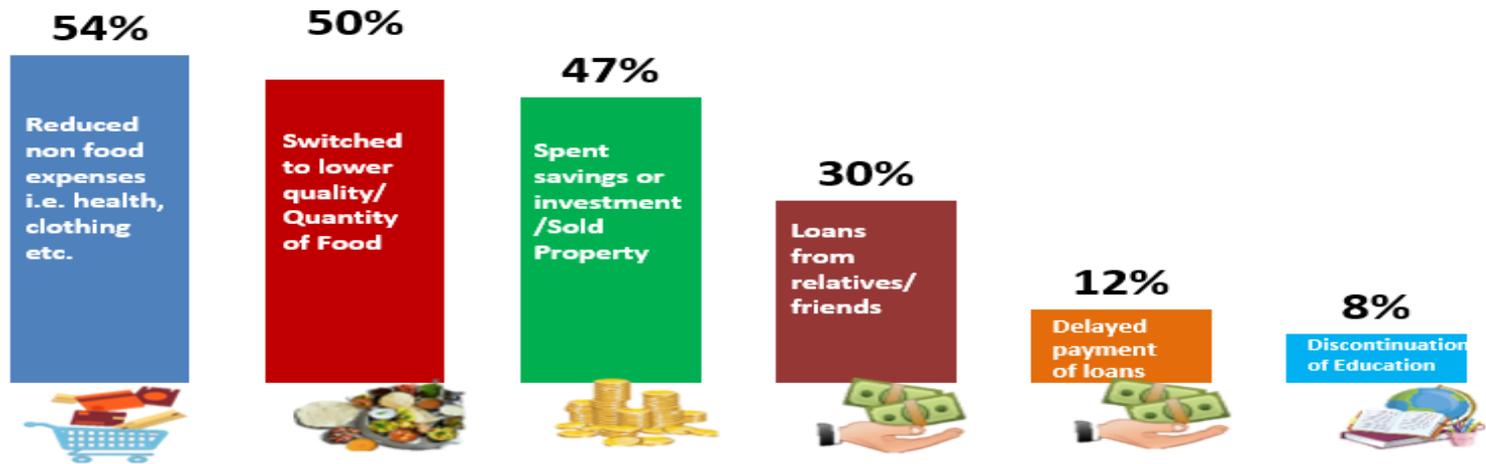
Affect on Households Income (Earned Or Un Earned)(%)



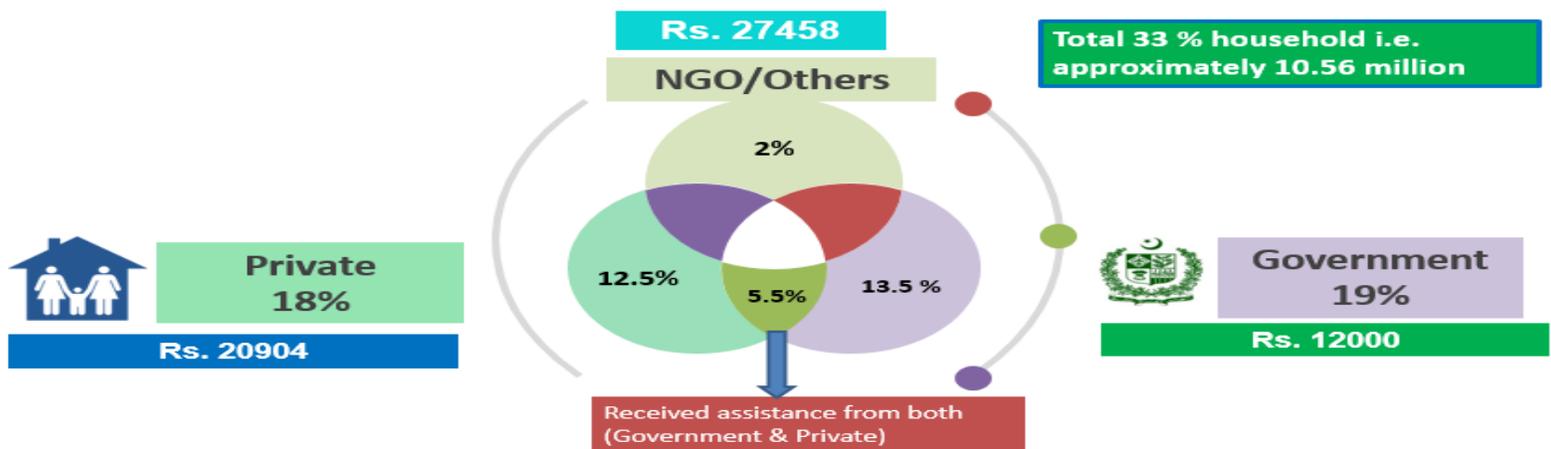
Experience of Household Regarding Food Insecurity During COVID Period (APRIL TO JULY)



Coping Strategies adopted by Households

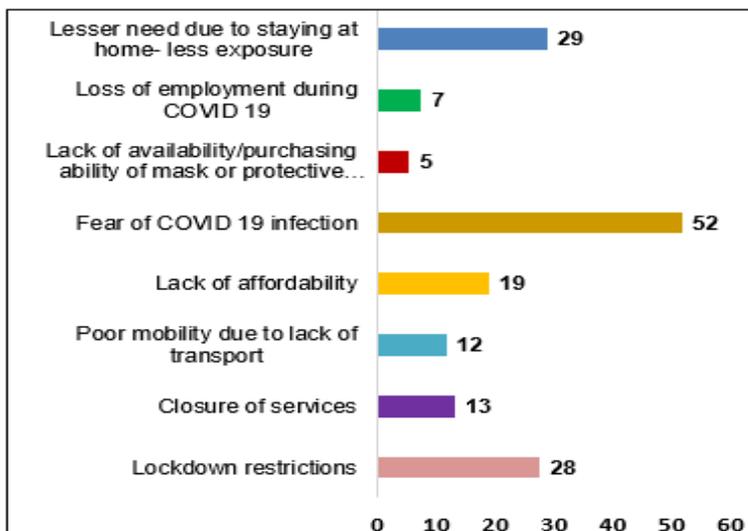


Financial Assistance- (%) Households



Health Facility Usage & Problems Faced

Reasons for not using the Health facilities during Covid-19 Period(%)



Households Faced Problem If Used Any Health Facility During Covid-19 Period (%)

